Huntingdon Journal.

THE UNION OF STATES & FREEDOM OF THE PEOPLE — PROTECTION

WM. BREWSTER,
Editor and Proprietor.

Wednesday Morning March 17, 1858.

The Circulation of the Huntingdon Journal, is greater than the Globe and American combined.

CLUBBING WITH MAGAZINES.

The Huntingdon JOURNAL for one year, and either of the Magazines for the same period will be sent to the address of any subscriber to be paid in advance as follows:

The Journal and Godey's Lady's Book, for one year, $3 50
The Journal and Graham's Magazine, for one year, $3 50
The Journal and Emerson's Magazine and Putnam's Monthly, for one year, $3 50
The Journal and Frank Leslie's Family Magazine and Gazette of Fashion, for one year $3 50
The Journal and Lady's Home Magazine, for one year, $2 75
The Journal and Peterson's Magazine, for one year, $2 75
The Journal and Atlantic Monthly, for one year, $3 50

"THE HOLLIDAYSBURG REGISTER."

In his last issue, the *sly* editor of the Janus-faced, eight-by-ten squirms and wriggles, and attempts to be severe, witty and profound, all in one breath, in replying to an article which appeared in the *Journal* of the previous week. We wish to assure Mr. Jones that all his eloquence is in vain whilst damning *facts* expose his true position in the campaign of 1856, *and ever since*

Every man that remembers any thing about that campaign, remembers that the platforms of the Locofocos and *so called* Americans were alike on the subject of Slavery. Every intelligent man knows that Mr. Fillmore and Mr. Buchanan occupied precisely the same position *on that question*, and were equally acceptable to the Slave interest. Though *you* may have sufficient impudence to *deny* this, we challenge you to the proof. Both were nominated in obedience to the South and Mr. Fillmore had the bad pre-eminence of *exclusive* slavery support, and that of the most ultra character. The friends of freedom left the convention that nominated him, in disgust and spat upon their platform. And is it not *a truth* that *protestant* free-state delegates were thrown out of that convention *because* they were the friends of freedom, and *Catholics* admitted because they favored Fillmore and Slavery? Yes, truth that excites the scorn of an *honest* American as often as he thinks of it; and which *should* cover with confusion and condemn to silence every *editor* who endorsed the infamy, and who yet *pretends* to be an American and freeman! We give the fact. Mr. Jones may draw the inference, and the reader apply it.

But this is not all. Not only was Fillmore nominated by a portion of a convention which *ignored* the *vital principle* of the American and Republican parties both; but his political acts, while President, and his letter of acceptance, and public speeches afterwards, *left no room to doubt* his complete subservency to the Slave power—that power that controls the government, before which Religion bow, with hushed lips, and which is fast crushing the spirit of Liberty in this land of its birth. No man in his senses if properly informed, could doubt Fillmore's position. Nor could the most bigoted partisan *editor*, if at all qualified for the office, doubt the position and integrity of the Republican candidate. The one had unconditionally crouched to the nod of a master; the other bore aloft the traveling banner of liberty. *Even you*, Mr. Jones, knew perfectly well that the election of Fremont would be a triumph for freedom. We will not suppose you so stupid as *not* to know that the only *possible* chance of defeating Fremont and electing Buchanan, was to support that arch traitor to liberty and the rights of free labor—*Millard Fillmore*. You did support him, and together with a number of other presses—all, from the *Daily News* down to the *Huntingdon American*, paid for the crime—succeeded in striking down the dearest rights of your *white* fellow citizens—free territory, free labor and free speech—and condemning the fair soil of *Kansas* to the rule of tyranny, the dominion of man-stealers, the shame and *curse* of human bondage! This *you did*, or helped to do; and you are still striving to uphold the hypocritical faction of South Americans who have been bought in every free State, *and paid their price*, for strangling freedom in its sanctuary—for doing the base and infamous work from which many a highwayman would recoil with disgust and loathing! And, yet, you profess to be an American and a friend of freedom! If you have as much sense of *shame* as an oyster has of editing a newspaper, we would advise you to *blush*, and then move South and serve your masters by grooming their negroes. We have more to say at another time.

THE POOR HOUSE OFFICIALS.

The unavoidable delay of our notice of these *worthies*, has enabled us to examine the subject of their malfeasance more closely, and to fully satisfy ourself that the *Herald's* recent strictures are just and merited. The county is, indeed, being heavily taxed for the benefit of the *chief* Director, the *accommodating* Steward, and a *few* colluding favorites. This is abundantly evident on the face of their own Report.—Here, what first takes our attention is ten or a dozen charges against the county, amounting in the aggregate to nearly SEVENTEEN HUNDRED DOLLARS—all entered under the convenient name of "Sundries." More than *a thousand dollars* of these mysterious charges are by *William L Glasgow!* Now the tax-payers, the men who have to "foot the bill," would like to know what *he* furnished for this large sum. It is not enough that the *Directors* should know what the county got from Mr. Glasgow for this money,—*They* are not competent vouchers for Mr. Glasgow's "sundries." *They* wanted to fleece the county and line their pockets, and needed *his* complicity. Sheep, wheat, cloverseed, &c., were to be sold to the county by Kenzie L. Green, the virtuous Chief of the board; and the accommodating Steward, in defiance of law purchased the Chief's commodities, and attempted to conceal *the price* from the public. W. L. Glasgow is just the man to expect an equivalent, and to claim a suitable return for *such* a favor; and the shrewd *Kenzie*, with an eye to *future* speculations would deal charitably with the slippery steward's "sundries." He would not scrutinize them very closely. This was *not* "Baptist help Baptist," but steward help Directors, Directors help Stewart; Locofoco favor Straightouts and straightout recompense Locofoco—*at the public expense.*—We ask our readers to examine these "sundries," and say whether they will again favor the election, or tolerate the appointment of these, *or any other effite* of the old Whig and modern Locofoco parties to places of trust and responsibility. We think not. We believe the people are beginning to understand that *class* of politicians, and will henceforth guard the interests of the county against their corrupt and corrupting influence. As for us, we are bound by our duty as a public Journalist, to denounce and oppose *all mongrel* office-seekers and dishonest office *holders*, their political aiders, abettors and sympathizers, "to the better end." For the last two or three years these Jesuitical hybrids have been the sculliions of the Locofoco party. Under the *assumed* title of Americans they have disgraced America; in the name of Freedom they have strangled Liberty; and, wearing the cloak of religion, they have outraged every virtue. Though there are but few of them left in this county, there are enough to perpetuate the misrule they have, in part, established; and it therefore behooves every good man and upright citizen to wage against them, not a war of mere conquest, but of utter extermination. But to return to the subject in hand.

Another proof of the corruption, or criminal mismanagement of the poor officials derived from their Report, is the enormous cost of the institution under their control. According to the Herald's facts and figures each inmate—including children—costs two dollars a week! Had this estimate been erroneous, Messrs. Green and Glasgow, both ready writers, would doubtless have promptly corrected it through the columns of their respective organs, the American and Globe. As three weeks have elapsed since the Herald's charges appeared, at the very door of the accused, and no denial or explanation has yet been attempted it is just to think that *guilt* is for once ashamed and the *truth* admitted without argument. Now, what do the honest, hard-working farmers of the county think of this rate of living? Two dollars a week for feeding and clothing children and infirm persons who do very little labor! Farmers, we know that you enjoy all the necessaries, many of the conveniencies, and some af the luxuries of life. Your families are comfortably clothed and bountifully fed on the most wholesome and nutritious food. Tell us how your family expenses compare with those at the poor house under its present management. There is a *tenant* farmer. His family consists of ten or twelve persons. He gives one-half of all his crops to his landlord, and perhaps pays the taxes. How much would he have left to buy sundry clothes and pay for tuition and books for his family, if the boarding and every-day clothing of each one should cost a hundred or more dollars a year? Do you think such a farmer could "make both ends meet," as the saying is; or would he soon find himself "coming out at the little end of the horn?" But the county is not a tenant. It owns the farm it devotes to the unfortunate poor. That farm cost $8000.00. It is a good farm, reasonably well stocked, and *ought to be*, if it is not, in a good state of cultivation. It pays no dividend to a landlord and is free, we believe, of taxes, and every other incumbrance. And, yet, the subsistence of the poor family on this *public* farm, costs the owners twice, if not three times as much per individual as the family on that *tenant* farm, or any farm in the same neighborhood Farmers of Huntingdon county, how is this? Is there not some mystery about this? Something rotten in Denmark?—We leave you to ponder the subject, promising to call your attention, hereafter, to the "pipe-laying," pill-administering, and other items of the poor-house account.

☞ Various members and movers of the recent Harrisburg Convention in New York are getting their rewards in the shape of contracts for the Mormon war and valuable offices. Popular sovereignty pays well. The Departments and members of Congress are crowded with Pennsylvania applications for furnishing mules, wagons and other outfits for the military expedition. These fortunate men will yet be immortalized in print to verify their disinterested patriotism.

Advertising and Job Work.

We would remind the Advertising community and all others who wish to bring their business extensively before the public, that the *Journal* has the *largest* circulation of any paper in the county—that it is constantly increasing;—and that it goes into the hands of our wealthiest citizens.

We would also state that our facilities for executing all kinds of JOB PRINTING are equal to those of any other office in the county; and all Job Work entrusted to our hands will be done neatly promptly, and at prices which will be satisfactory.

☞ In our last issue we stated that the Messrs. Fisher & McMurtrie would remove to their new location about the first of April.

We now make a correction and state that they have already opened out in the Store room recently occupied by the Messrs. Saxton, where they will be pleased to sell goods on the most liberal terms. Give them a call and try them.

☞ We owe a double apology to "X." We have mislaid his communication, and were not able to find it for this week's paper We hope, however, to recover it. If we fail, we would be obliged to our correspondent if he would re-write the lost article, and continue the subject We promise to be more careful hereafter.

☞ A Democratic Administration and the Democratic party has never yet done anything wrong!—*Doylestown Democrat.*

Then on what grounds do Douglas, Forney, R. J. Walker, Stanton, George Bancroft and others of similar reputation oppose the Administration, if it is not for wrong and outrage? The belief of the people in the infallibility of the "democratic" party is rapidly passing away, and should it persevere in its present course, it will soon be but a name without substance. "*The king can do no wrong,*" is the maxim of despotism, and we see in the above how nearly the slaves of a party can approach the abjectness of those of a tyrant. A revolution is at hand which will set to another tune the whine of adulation that now distinguishes the organs of the Administration.

Hark! from the Tomb a Doleful Sound Proceeds."

Col. Forney, in yesterday's Press, opens his battery upon the Harrisburg Democratic Convention, with this remarkable style:

"The darkest chapter in the history of the Democracy of Pennsylvania, has just been written."

So dark, indeed, that Ethiop would pale before it, and might be seen as one eternal day.

He further declares, that "the Convention was a mockery upon public opinion so far as its Kansas action was concerned, and its declarations on this subject at the hands of the people."

CORRECTION.

In publishing the proceeding of the Broad Top Celebration in our last weeks issue we inadvertently overlooked the names of several persons giving volunteer toasts. Instead of all being given by J. D. Gill as therein stated, the last eight were as follows:

To our friends and neighbors of foreign birth—By David Fluke, Esq.

Lemuel Evans Esq.—By Capt. J. A. Osborn.

Capt. Jno. A. Osborn—By Jonathan B Edwards Esq.

John Taylor Esq—By Lemuel Evans Esq.

The Miner— " " "

J. D. Gill Esq.—By John Taylor Esq.

The Ladies—By Alex. Taylor Esq.

Business Operations—By John Mitchell Esq.

☞ The Lady's Book, which is before us, for the month of April is a superb one—it will be difficult for any of the monthlies to excel it.

Godey gives us express orders to not lend the magazine, he says let them subscribe for it.

See our clubbing rates.

☞ Read the Poor-House article.

"INDIANS ABOUT."

A delegation of Sioux Indians, from Minnesota, passed through this place, in the cars, on last Friday, from the West, on their way to Washington. They numbered some twenty eight. Chiefs, Braves, and Warriors of the tribe, accompanied by interpreters and attendants. The Sioux have always been regarded as one of the most powerful and warlike tribes of the West, and have figured considerably in the startling events which marked the earlier history of the western territory.

From a Special Correspondent.
March 10, 1858.

Mr. Keitt made a speech yesterday, declaring that the Kansas State Legislature would have no power to change the Constitution before 1864, which has produced a fluttering among the Democrats inclined to recede, and a good effect otherwise.

☞ Graham's Magazine for the month of April, is now before us, and any one who will look through it cannot help being charmed with it. It has a beautiful tint engraving, five colored fashion plates, together with a variety of the most choice literature. Price $3 per annum. See our club rates.

☞ We have two communications on education, which, for want of room, we must postpone until next week.

A SUSPECTED PARAMOUR MURDERED.—The Wheeling Intelligencer says: "We are reliably informed that a murder was committed at Lyttleton Station, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, last Sunday night. Mrs. Manly, a widow woman resides with her two sons near Lyttleton. For a long time the sons have suspected that an improper intimacy existed between the widow and a man of rather bad character living in the neighborhood. On Sunday night the two boys left home intending to remain away over night, but something occurred which induced them to return sooner than they expected. Upon entering the house they discovered the suspected man, and, maddened by the thought of their disgrace, they fell upon him with a terrible ferocity, stabbing him so severely that death resulted a short time afterwards. One of the boys is about ten and the other fifteen years old. Shortly after committing the desperate deed, they made their escape, one taking an eastern bound train and the other coming west. The man was stabbed three times through the heart, and is supposed to have died almost instantly. The boys had frequently warned him to discontinue his visits to the house, threatening to kill him if he did not.

Destructive Fire in Kittaning.

To day, March 10, at about half past twelve o'clock, just as the Court adjourned, fire was discovered between the ceiling and roof of the Court House, but when seen had made such progress that any effort to extinguish it proved abortive. As quickly as possible, water was procured, but from the location of the fire nothing could be done, and but a few moments sufficed for the flames to drive away those who were to suppress it.

The efforts of the officers were directed to saving the books and papers, which was accomplished without any material loss, in a very short time.

For a short time there was danger of the Jail and the Sheriff's house taking fire from the burning building, but a plentiful supply of water thrown upon matting spread upon the roof prevented the catastrophe.

The fire is supposed to have originated from a defect near the roof, in the flue of one of the furnaces. It originated immediately over the court room.

The building is now, at three o'clok, P. M., a mass of smouldering ruins. The loss will be about 35,000. There was no insurance on the building.

DREADFUL ACCIDENT.—A dreadful and heart-rending accident occurred in Bedford township one day last week. It appears that the father, Reuben Gates (colored) had left his family of three children, to attend to his work in this town. In the evening the oldest child, aged about eight years, commenced cooking the supper, and when her father came home he found her in the yard burned to a crisp, her clothes having caught fire, and he having run out there in her fright and efforts to extinguish it. When discovered, the other two younger children were laying across her endeavoring to put out the fire. They were also slightly burned. The little girl died in a few minutes after being taken into the house. What will be the feelings of the wretched mother, who ran away with another man a few months since, when she learns of this dreadful accident, cause by her criminality.—*Bedford Inquirer.*

From Mexico.

NEW ORLEANS, March 11.

The steamship Tennessee, with dates from Vera Cruz to the 7th and from the City of Mexico to the 5th inst., has arrived here

The papers are filled with the details of civil war in the States of Guerrero, Michaocan, Queretaro and Guanajuato, which display the strongest disaffection to the new Government

Generals Doblado, Parrodi and Arteaga are fortified at Celaya in the State of Guanajuato.

Six thousand men and twenty-seven pieces of artillery, belonging to the Government forces, were near Celaya, awaiting reinforcements, where it was supposed an action would take place.

Robbery after robbery was reported.

Gen. Alvarez was in the field, with three thousand cavalry, against the new Government.

The downfall of Zulooga was considered certain. It was rumored that the New Government has already been pronounced for at Guadalajara, and Garcia has possession of Tampico which was in the Federal interest.

The whole country was in a lamentable condition.

☞ Yesterday, at noon, the thermometer stood in the shade at 70°.

New Hampshire

Sends greeting to the champions of Lecompton! It was perfectly notorious to all parties that the Republicans were to have as much as they could do to maintain their ascendency at this Election, and they had prepared for a desperate struggle accordingly, when the President broke the pledges given in his Inaugural that no Constitution should be imposed on Kansas in defiance of the will of her people, broke his faith plighted to Walker and Stanton that they should be supported to the end in the line of policy they had chalked out, broke the promise implied in his telegraphic dispatch to our State on the eve of our last election, contradicting the rumor that Walker had been superseded, and resolved, (as Henry S. Lane has well said,) 'to get off the Cincinnati Platform and take his stand on the Cincinnati Directory'—and thus at once blasted the hopes of his own party and rendered effort on our side superfluous. Promptly, but vainly, the Democratic State Committee and the leading journals of that party repudiated the Lecompton fraud and took their stand by the side of Douglas; the People would be satisfied with nothing less than an emphatic and unequivocal condemnation of the policy which had cursed Kansas with Slavery and all who had been its abettors The Republicans have carried the State by Five Thousand majority, electing Governor, Council (all five Districts,) Senate (three-fourths,) and House (more than two to one,) so as to render certain the choice as United States Senator of John P. Hale or some other equally decided and reliable Republican. All hail, Freedom-loving New Hampshire!

The Popular Vote is rather heavier than last year, and the Republican gain general and decided.

Kansas.

If there be any man out of office, or not hoping for office under Buchanan, who really believes the admission of Kansas under the Lecompton Constitution a wise, just or pacifying measure, we wish to ask that man just this question:

Sir, suppose Slavery had nothing to do with this business, and Politics were not at all mixed up with it, and that it was simply a strife between two local factions, one of which charged upon the other the frauds, the forgeries, foul voting and false returns, now charged by the Free State on the Pro Slavery men, and there had been two several submissions of the proposed Constitution, at one of which it was claimed to have been adopted by Six Thousand majority, and at the other rejected by Ten Thousand—with all manner of charges and legally established proofs of wholesale and systematic frauds in the former case, and, if you please, in the latter also—would you then think it wise or well to admit the State under that Constitution? Would you consider that the way to end the strife and tranquilize the nation? Would you not rather say, Let us have a new Convention or a fresh Submission, under auspices which shall do justice to all parties, and so determine what is truly the will of the People of Kansas, and admit her in accordance therewith? Who says No?

Candid reader! all we ask is that Slavery and Anti-Slavery, this party and that, shall be forgotten, and the Admission of Kansas effected in accordance with the wishes of her People, and not otherwise.

We want this question settled exactly as though no negro had ever existed. How else should it be?

☞ Two decided Lecomptonites, one the Hon. Mr. Keitt of South Carolina, and the other the Hon. Mr. Phillips of Pennsylvania, followed each other in quick succession yesterday, singing pæens to the Administration, and glorifying especially the handiwork of John Calhoun's Convention. They agreed very happily until they reached the turning point, and then they agreed to disagree. For members of the same happy and harmonious family, they were a little unfortunate in their differences as expounders of the same Constitution. Let us see how these Democratic doctors look side by side, for it is only by such parallels that their respective merits can be fully appreciated:

Dr. Keitt's Version.	*Dr. Phillip's Version.*
"The Lecompton Constitution *prohibited* the assembling of a Convention *prior* to 1864, and that prohibition was binding."	"The Legislature was *not* restricted from proposing amendment or from calling a Convention till the year 1864."

In almost the same number of words these distinguished Doctors contradict each other point blank, and they are doubtless both right after the Democratic fashion—that is to say, Keitt is right for his constituents in South Carolina, and Phillips for his in Pennsylvania. Though both free traders, they both concur in protecting this sort of American industry.

Later from Kansas.

ST. LOUIS, Thursday, March 11, 1858.

Advices from Kansas state that Gov. Denver has issued a proclamation pronouncing a circular purporting to be instructions for enrolling the Kansas militia, and signed J. H. Lane, to be illegal, and a usurpation of power.

The New Hampshire Election.

CONCORD, Thursday, March 11, 1858.

Two hundred and twelve towns give Haile, 4,976 majority.

The House stands so far, 191 Republicans to 80 Democrats.

☞ Orders for the march from Fort Leavenworth of the first battalion of re-enforcements for the Utah army were telegraphed to St. Louis yesterday—the battalion to consist of two companies of infantry and cavalry. The process of exporting troops from Kansas has therefore begun.

ARRIVAL OF U. S. TROOPS.—SINKING OF THE ARKANSAS.—The steamer Lady Walton arrived at Jefferson Barracks on the 11th inst., with seven hundred troops for Port Smith.

The steamer Arkansas, with two hundred additional troops for the same post, has been sunk about one hundred and sixty miles below Cairo. It has not been ascertained whether any lives were lost. The troops belonged to the 7th regiment of infantry, and were destined for Utah.

☞ The Hon. Maxwell M'Caslin, now in Kansas, but for several years Speaker of the Pennsylvania Senate, and a leading Democrat from Greene county, writes to his Democratic friends in Pennsylvania not to favor the Lecompton Constitution, and declares from his personal knowledge, and upon his honor, that the army of the United States, multiplied by ten, could not for a single month enforce the Lecompton Constitution upon the people of Kansas, so repugnant is it in itself, and such a stench in their nostrils are its authors.

☞ From Utah we have important intelligence down to January 25, by way of council Bluffs. The mormons were manufacturing cannon, revolvers and gunpowder against time of need A slight skirmish between a party of them and a picket guard of troops had taken place, in which two of the former, and it was said, four of the latter had been killed.—Brigham Young's sermons had assumed a more fiery tone, and an audiance of 9,000 people has pronounced, by rising, in favor of war to death. The person who brings this news tells a pretty large story about a mountain pass, known only to the Mormons. Capt. Marcy, writing from Taos, say that he had a terrible journey thither from Fort Bridger.

☞ The small State of Maryland is said to contain a greater free negro population than the mighty Empire of New York by over 25,000; and exceeds Pennsylvania by over 21,000.

Died,

On the 11th, inst., at her residence in Sinking Valley, Blair Co., Mrs. Mary Ellen Catt; aged 27 years.

☞ She leaves four small children, a devoted husband, and a large circle of relatives and friends, to mourn her sudden departure.

"Blessed are the dead, who die in the Lord."

In Porter township, on the 9th inst. after an illness of a few days, Mr. Peter Stryker, in the 39th year of his age.

☞ In the death of Mr. Stryker, the community have lost a respected and eminently useful citizen; the church has been deprived of an efficient officer, a liberal supporter, and a most worthy and consistent member; his companion mourns the loss of an affectionate husband, and five small children are left without the protecting care of one of the kindest and best of parents.

We have rarely, if ever, witnessed an occasion that cast so deep a gloom over the minds of a very large concourse of people, as the death of our lamented friend. But we sorrow not as those who have no hope, for we have much encouragement to believe that our loss is his eternal gain. F.

UNDETECTABLE WIGS AND TOUPEES

IN spite of the washes and nostrums which are puffed upon a credulous public, baldness, especially in this country, appears to be one of the evils which flesh is heir to. When this unfortunate occurrence takes place, the only thing to be done is to remedy it by some artificial contrivance, which shall resemble nature as closely as possible. The most natural and elegant coverings for the head that we have ever seen are the wigs and toupees manufactured by Mr. George Thurgland, No. 29 South Sixth street. The hair is fastened to a net of such fine texture that the natural skin is visible through it and consequently the artifice cannot be detected. We advise our readers who are in want of any such articles to examine these, and we feel certain that they will be pleased with them.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—We would call your attention to the advertisement of Prof. O. J. Wood's Hair Restorative, which appears in the columns of our present number.

From our long acquaintance with the proprietor, and with numerous individuals who have used his preparation with perfect success for the last two years, we feel no hesitation in recommending the article as superior to any of the preparations now in use for the same purpose, viz: for restoring gray hair to its original color, a sure and perfect cure for baldness, and a never-failing preventive for the falling of the hair.

It is decidedly the best and most popular in use for beautifying, preserving, restoring and strengthening the hair, relieving diseases of the skin, and removing scurff, dandruff, and all eruptions and feverish heat from the scalp.

We speak in relation to the above from what we know, having been personally acquainted with numerous persons who have used the restorative for the above purposes, with the most gratifying results. It is not often we notice a patent medicine. Indeed, we think we have never puffed one before; but Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative is something so superior to most of the preparations of the day, that we cannot forbear asking the attention of our readers to it.—*Catholic Vindicator.*

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

FLOUR.—There is no change to notice in the Flour market; $4,50.

CLOVER SEED.—There is a steady business to notice; 4,00a$4,50 per bush.

RYE FLOUR.—Is dull.

WHEAT.—Continues limited; 123c. per. bush.

GROVER & BAKER'S
CELEBRATED
FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.
495 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,
730 CHESTNUT ST., PHILADELPHIA

☞ No application for AGENCIES need be made, except by persons of integrity, reliability, and having excellent facilities for doing business. They must be addressed to GROVER & BAKER S. M. Co., 495 Broadway, New York.
Feb.17,'58.-3m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

(ESTATE OF MARY WALKER, DEC'D.)
ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that letters of administration on the estate of Mary Walker, late of Dublin township, dec'd., have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement to DAVID WELCH.
Burnt Cabins, March 19, 1858.-6t.

Dried Beef, Hams, Shoulders and Flitch, for sale at the cheap Grocery Store of
LOVE & McDIVITT.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL persons interested that the following named persons have settled their accounts in the Register's Office at Huntingdon, and that the said accounts will be presented for confirmation and allowance, at an Orphans' Court to be held at Huntingdon, in and for the County of Huntingdon, on Wednesday the 14th day of April next, to wit:

1. George W. Owens, Administrator of the estate of Thomas M. Owens, late of the borough of Birmingham, dec'd.
2. Account of Wm. M. Jackson and Robert A. McMurtrie, Esq., Administrators of Thomas Jackson, late of Blair county, dec'd., who was the surviving Assignee of Jonathan Leslie, of Huntingdon county, having survived Jas Entriken, Esq., dec'd., and Jas. M. Bell, Co-assignee who was kischarged by the Court.
3. Final account of Wm. S. Lyons, Esq., Administrator of Thos. Love, late of Tell township, dec'd.
4. Jomes Cree, Guardian of J. Elliot Walker, son of James Walker, late of Dublin township, dec'd.
5. Final account of James Kelly and Jamison Kelly, Executors of Nathaniel Kelly, who was Executor of the last will and testament of David Bowman, late of Dublin twp., dec'd., and Testamentary Guardian of the minor children of the said David Rowman, dec'd.
6. Account of John Rung, Guardian of Reuben Lightner, son of Henry Lightner, late of West twp., dec'd.
7. John Scott, Guardian of David, Catharine, and Elizabeth Courter, minor children of Philip Courter.
8. John S. Miller, Administrator of the estate of Isabella McMonigal, late of Barree twp., dec'd.
9. Account of David H. Campbell, Executor of the last will and testament of Isaac Climer, late of Penn twp., dec'd.
10. Samuel Bell, Administrator of the estate of Wilhelmima Hays,, late of Shirley twp., dec'd.
11, Barnetz Early, Administrator of the estate of Susannah Smoker, late of Brady twp., dec'd.
12. Wm. S. Lyons, Executor of the last will anp testament of Rev. Thos. Askins, late of Shirleysburg, dec'd.
13. Wm. S. Lyons, and John Morrison, Esqs., Executors of the last will and testament of Geo. Askins, late of Shirleysburg borough dec'd.
14. Daniel Teague, Esq., Administrator of the estate of John Appelby, late of Dublin twp., ded'd.

HENRY GLAZIER, Register.

Register's Office.
Huntingdon, Mar. 12 1857.

JOHN STONE & SONS.
805 Chestnut steet above eighth,
(*Late of No. 45 South Second Street*)
PHILADELPHIA,
ARE NOW RECEIVING
SPRING IMPORTATION OF SILK & MILINERY GOODS.
CONSISTING IN PART OF
FANCY BONNET AND CAP RIBBONS,
SATIN AND TAFFETAS RIBBONS,
CROS DE NAPLES, (Glace and Plain,)
MARCELINES AND FLORENCES,
BLACK MODES,
FRENCH CRAPES,
BLACK AND COLORED VELVETS,
ENGLISH CRAPES,
BONNET SATINS,
TARLATANNES,
MALINE AND ILLUSION LACES, ETC.
ALSO, A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
FRENCH AND AMERICAN FLOWERS.

As the above consist mostly of our own importation, we are enabled to offer them on favorable terms,
March 10th, 1858.—2m.

Estate of Jacob Patt, dec'd.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of Jacob Patt, late of Hopewell township, dec'd have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate, are requested to immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement, to
DAVID MOUNTAIN, Admr.
Hopewell tp. March 10, '58.

PREMIUMS
AWARDED THE JOURNAL JOB OFFICE
AT THE LATE FAIR, FOR
THE BEST
BLANK AND FANCY PRINTING.

NOTICE.

I, PETER M. BARE, hereby give notice, that I bought at Constable's sale, as the property of Amon Pheasant, the following goods and chattels, vix:—One bay Horse, one Cow, one Heifer, and ten acres of wheat, etc., which I have left in his possession without relinquishing my ownership. Therefore all persons are hereby notified not to purchase or disturb the said property without my consent.
March 3, 58.-3t. P. M. BARE.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Letters Testamentary on the estate of Hugh McMullein; late of Tell township, Huntingdon county, dec'd., have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them properly authenticated for settlement to
GEORGE WILSON, Executor.
March 3, '58:—6t.*

STORE HOUSE FOR SALE OR RENT.

THE subscriber will sell at private Sale his large Store House in the village of SHADE GAP, Huntingdon co., Pa.

This stand is one of the best stands for a good Store in the county. The building is 20 x 40 feet painted and plastered. Complete with Ware house, office and Cellar attached.

TERMS.—One thousand dollars, one half cash, and balance will be taken out in goods, as wanted at a fair price. If not sold it will then be for rent.

Address B. X. BLAIR,
Gap Tannery.
March 3, '58:—3t.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN LAWYER.

ONE of the most convenient and useful books published this season is the one with the above title, which is published by Messrs. D. Kimball & Co. of Providence, R. I. It is a complete guide in all matters of law and business negotiations for every State in the Union, and contains information upon every possible form of business which may arise in the course of a man's experience. It is prepared by an association of lawyers of well known standing and ability. Such a book is almost invaluable to the business man. It can be had of the enterprising publishers, and may be had at the office.
March 3, '58:—3t.

(ESTATE OF SUSANNAH WALKER, DEC'D.)
ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that letters of administration on the estate of Susannah Walker, late of Dublin township, dec'd., have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement to DAVID WELCH.
Burnt Cabins, March 10, 1858.-6t.