

Huntingdon Journal.



WILLIAM BREWSTER, EDITORS. SAM. G. WHITTAKER.

Wednesday Morning, July 15, 1857.

"Once more our glorious banner out Unto the breeze we throw; Beneath its folds with song and shout We'll charge upon the foe."

FOR GOVERNOR, DAVID WILMOT, OF BRADFORD COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER, WILLIAM HILLWARD, OF PHILADELPHIA.

FOR SUPREME JUDGES, JAMES VEECH, OF FAYETTE COUNTY. JOSEPH J. LEWIS, OF CHESTER COUNTY.

Union County Convention.

The members of the American and Republican parties of the county of Huntingdon, are requested to meet in the several townships, boroughs and separate election districts...

Chairman Republican County Committee. DAVID BLAIR, Chairman American County Committee. July 15th, 1857.

Why Should Americans Divide?

Under the above caption, the Philadelphia Sun—the oldest American journal in Pennsylvania—holds the following language, which we commend to the serious attention of such of our readers, if there be such, as are likely to be misled by some of the papers in the State professedly American, but so wavering in their course...

"One of the most singular features in the present campaign is that men of the same political faith, and striving for the same political ends, should oppose each other in selecting their support to the candidates selected for official positions in the battle which is about to take place in Pennsylvania politics."

MORE OF THAT "SPLIT"

Our honest, truth-telling neighbor up street denies in toto the assertion we made a week ago, to the effect that the Locofoco party of this county are badly split on the "roose" or Main Line question. Of course it is natural that our Democratic neighbor should endeavor to hide the awful rent in his political "trousers"; but like the little boy's dicker, it will stick out. We repeat it again, and do it without a fear of successful contradiction, that the division in the Democratic ranks in this county is not and if we may believe Democratic leaders, men who are high in their party's estimation will not be satisfactorily settled. We have heard old line Democrats assert and in the most positive manner, that they will vote for David Wilmot.

In this connection we might say that the utmost harmony prevails in the American and Republican ranks here. There is but one desire and that is to defeat the Sham Democracy.

Fine.—The large frame dwelling house, familiarly known as the "old yellow house," on Allegheny street, opposite Jackson's Hotel, was burned to the ground on last Sunday morning. The building was the property of Dr. B. E. McMurtre, and was unoccupied at the time. This was undoubtedly the work of incendiaries, and it is said the perpetrators are known and will be dealt with according to their just deserts. Our citizens worked manfully and succeeded in rescuing the surrounding buildings from the devouring element. We have been requested to publish the following:

Cant.—The undersigned, property holders, and residents of the immediate vicinity of the conflagration of Sunday morning last, on Allegheny street, take this method of expressing their gratitude to the persons—both citizens and strangers, male and female—by whose noble exertions the flames were confined to the building in which the fire originated—thereby saving our property from the devouring element. W. B. ZEIGLER, DANIEL AFRICA, JAMES STEEL, GEO. JACKSON, W. E. McMURTRIE, T. K. SIMONTON, FISHER McMURTRIE, G. A. STEEL.

We willingly give a place to the following in our editorial columns. It comes from one who was a constituent of General Packer while he was State Senator:

"Keep it before the people—that the leading Locofocos of Bellefonte refused to support General William F. Packer for the State Senate, in 1849, for the reason, as they said, that 'he was a rascal, and had cheated the State.'"

"Keep it before the people—that the editor of the Centre Democrat, (then a Locofoco paper) would not hoist the name of William F. Packer to the head of his paper, as a candidate for State Senator, until he was forced to do so by some of his patrons threatening to discontinue their papers."

"Keep it before the people—that when General W. F. Packer ran for the State Senate, in 1849, he received but about fifty votes, out of two hundred, in the borough of Bellefonte, the Locofocos generally refusing to support him for the reason that he had robbed the State. The average Locofoco majority in the borough at that time was about twenty."

"We give the above facts for the benefit of honest voters throughout the State, which facts we are ready to prove at any time. If Locofoco refused to support Mr. Packer for State Senator, in 1849, because he cheated the State, can they now consistently support him for Governor? We think not."

"Magnificent, 'gal-lorious' and generally sublime—That picnic at the Cottage."

UNION COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Chairmen of the Republican and American County Committees of this county, have issued a call, which appears under our editorial head, for a Union County Convention, to meet in this borough, on Tuesday, the 11th day of August next, for the purpose of nominating a county ticket, and "doing such other business as the interest of the party may require."

It is perhaps unnecessary for us to make any further remarks at this time, on the proposed Convention, but we shall venture a suggestion, which we hope may be fully considered and acted upon, relative to the selection of delegates. It is this—to prevent any unfair dealings in the Convention, we propose that each township, borough, and separate election district be represented, in the same by one Republican and one American delegate. We think this would be the means of putting down any feelings of ill treatment which otherwise might arise to disturb the harmony of the two parties. Another suggestion we have to make is that great care be taken in the selection of proper candidates. Men should be selected whose nomination will tend more towards healing past difficulties, than in irritating old sores. Good and true men we want and must have nominated. With a good ticket and a clear field, with the present distracted state of the Locofoco party in our county, our majority this fall will be unprecedented.

The Crops.

The crops, all over the country, says the Germantown Telegraph, are, beyond question, as abundant as they have been within twenty years, and yet the amount of croaking kept up to within a couple of weeks, has been particularly loud and impertinent. We told our readers in early Spring what we then honestly believed would be the state of the crops as the season progressed; and now it turns out that all we said and predicted is coming to pass. It is time enough when there are substantial reasons to alarm the country on sumptuary matters and thus strengthen the hands of speculators; but to do so permanently, and ignorantly of the real condition of the crops, is inflicting upon the community a very serious injury. Even in Virginia, where the wheat crop was, according to the croakers, a total failure, the news now is, that it is "very fine," and the harvesting has commenced favorably. The truth is, when a person, in traveling half a dozen miles from home, sees a few unpromising fields of grain; or a farmer here and there fails in his crop, he at once proclaims a general failure! We have even heard farmers, observing men and not easily misled, insist that the wheat crop, as they knew, would fall very far short of an average, and they even now contend that present appearances are deceptive, and the crop is not a full one. As an offset, we have noticed that they held the same opinion pretty generally every year. The crops never exactly come up to their ideas of what they ought to be.

OUR HONEST, TRUTH-TELLING NEIGHBOR UP STREET

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THE "SKIES BRIGHT."

Day after day we become more satisfied that David Wilmot will be our next Governor; it is admitted by all his opponents that he is one of the first men of the State, and that he possesses rare faculties of self-reliance—he refused to bow subserviently to the sinister and corrupt demands of party and to sacrifice his own independence, when it was clearly wrong. Whilst speaking of David Wilmot the West Chester Republican remarks, "Judge Wilmot has a powerful and persuasive eloquence, and upon the question of Slavery he occupies the position of the Democratic party of Pennsylvania from the days of Jefferson down, until it assumed that Slavery was national and freedom a mere sectional institution. He occupies the position on the subject which had been uniformly held by the great majority of the Democracy. He has not swerved from the ancient landmarks. His sole and only fault, it is to be feared, is that he forgets the convictions of conscience; to forget the traditions of his fathers—the doctrines of Penn—at the demands of those who desire more slave Territory—more slave States—more slave Senators in Congress, instead of foolishly abandoning any principle because his party was drifting away from it; he chooses rather to embody it in the laws of the land; and hence the famous 'Wilmot Proviso.'"

"The separation of the question involved in the coming election, from party trammels—their consideration from another and independent stand-point, is a consummation devoutly to be wished. The tyranny of party aims to shut out the light of truth from the horizon—to mislead the judgment, to fetter men who boast of freedom. As the conductor of an independent newspaper, aiming only to build up the prosperity of the country, and to foster the institution of our fathers in their purity, we shall solicit the attention of our readers, as we shall venture from time to time to discuss the questions in the canvass. The cry of "Democracy" and "Abolition" will doubtless be heard; and men who are controlled by prejudice will be governed thereby; but the reasoner, the true patriot and the good citizen, will treat them as an imposture practiced upon his understanding and regard them with deserved contempt.—Tel.

An Incident of the Sale of the Main Line. In the editorial correspondence of the Pittsburg Journal, dated Philadelphia, June 27th, occurs the following:—

Everybody of course knows Bill P., of Columbia, who has long been a favored beneficiary of State law in the way of coal contracts. The late superintendent, Mr. Baker, favored Bill P. with a contract for the delivery of fifteen thousand tons of coal, which was sealed but a few days before Mr. Baker resigned the office. As another matter of course, Bill P. was active in efforts to prevent the sale of the Main Line. He was useful in procuring "subscriptions," from employees of the State works, to cover the expenses of Henry S. Mott's—the late Mott's—application for an injunction to prevent the sale. But the sale was not to be prevented, and Bill P. was "in at the death," indulging the fugitive hope, doubtless something would turn up to preserve the Main Line to the Democracy. But the inexorable Auctioneer proceeded with the tender of his goods, and after a long pause obtained the bid of seven millions five hundred thousand dollars. He dwelt long on the single bid, asking for more. He begged for another hundred thousand, failing in that he asked for even fifty thousand more. At length the hammer fell, an attaché of the State road who stood beside dejected Bill P., plucked the skirt of an unaffected anguish, "My God Bill, she's gone!" Bill ejaculated an assenting groan, and "she" was gone, sure enough. The benignant mother of a thousand rich schemes of plunder was "gone" at last, and why should not the fattened recipients of her bounty mourn over that memorable going out? And so prolific a parent of good things was fittedly classed in the feminine gender—"My God Bill, she's gone!" was but an appropriate form of affectionate regard wrung from the grateful sense of many benefactors old Mother Main Line had showered upon Democratic children.

Amendments the Constitution. At the election in October next, the citizens of this State will be called upon to vote in reference to some important amendments to the Constitution. There are four alterations proposed, which will be voted upon separately. They are:

1. In relation to the creation of Public Debts.

2. In reference to the erection of new counties.

3. In relation to Legislative Appointment and proposes the election of Representatives by single districts.

4. In relation to charters of incorporation, proposing to give the Legislature power to alter or revoke any charter when deemed necessary.

These amendments will be found advertised on our fourth page.

Effect of Grief. The Pittsburg Dispatch learns from Washington county, Pa., that Mrs. White, whose husband was murdered on the 20th of March, is now very sick, and all hopes of her recovery are given over. He ascribes her sickness to the grief she feels at a loss of her husband and her arrest for his murder, an arrest based upon no worthy grounds, and as it is believed made through eagerness, to claim the reward for the apprehension of the murderers of Samuel H. White.

The Difficulties Between U. S. and Ohio State Officers. Cincinnati, July 10. Judge Leavitt, of the United States District Court, yesterday discharged the United States Deputy Marshal and his assistants from the custody of the sheriff of Clark county. The latter official held the parties on the charge of resisting him in the discharge of his duties while serving a writ of habeas corpus, obtained by prisoners in the custody of the United States officials.

Pencil Notes.

A chief's among ye takin' notes, And faith, he'll print it.

Died.—In Pennsylvania, on Tuesday the 13th of October, 1857, of weakness in the "ranks," the "Democratic Party," aged 57 years.

A lady in Carlisle, Ind., left her infant, about a month old, in its cradle, while she went out in the field where her husband was at work. When she returned, what was her horror to find that her child had been stolen, and a negro baby left in its place! No clue, whatever, can be found to the kidnapper.

A Man Slung to Death by Bees.—We learn through a letter that on Thursday evening, while a farmer named Hays, was about to hive a swarm of bees, a great portion of them swarmed upon his head, and stung him in such a fearful manner that he died on the following day.

A Promising Theologian.—A young man, a student in the Theological Seminary at Fairfax, Virginia, shot and killed with a revolver a young man on Sunday last in a fracas at a Sunday School. When theological students go armed with revolvers it is not surprising that all rowdies should wear them.

Death of Wm. L. Marcy.—The Hon. William L. Marcy, Ex-Secretary of State, died suddenly at his residence at Ballston, N. Y., on Saturday last. In the morning he was in the enjoyment of his usual health. At noon he was found dead in his room. Mr. Marcy was the master-piece of the Pierce Cabinet, and managed our foreign affairs with a great deal of ability.

Two inconsiderate young girls in Patterson (N. J.) were arrested on Monday, convicted and fined for stealing flowers from a cemetery. Much pains had been taken by a mother to ornament the grave of her son, and as the flowers were blooming most beautifully they were taken away.

Two candidates for Congress in the 9th District of Kentucky, Mason, Democrat, and Cox, American, got into a quarrel lately in Morgan county, Ky., and Mason shot and killed his antagonist. Both have represented the District in Congress.

A mob in Cedar county, Iowa, on the night of the 3d, broke into the jail, and notwithstanding the desperate resistance of the Sheriff and guard, took two prisoners named Gleason and Soper, charged with horse-stealing and hung them.

The recent election in Leavenworth, Kansas, was for members of the City Council in place of those pro-slavery members, who elected by fraud and violence during the reign of terror, now find public odium too strong to be withstood. They voluntarily resigned, and the free State ticket was elected without opposition.

Senator Sumner's Account of Himself.—We are furnished, says the Traveller, the following extract from a letter from Senator Sumner, dated at Paris:

"I should have acknowledged your letter at an earlier date, but I have not been well, and had no heart to write. Out of my short stay here I have lost four weeks, during which I have most of the time been confined to the house. But I am better now, and I believe am in the way to complete recovery, though I feel that many months must elapse before I regain my old strength."

RECIPE FOR DYSENTERY.—As the season is at hand when all classes are liable to be afflicted with dysentery, diarrhoea, &c., we deem it our duty to make public the following simple and efficacious remedy, which has been known to us for several years, and which we have repeatedly used with complete success:

It is simply to take a tumbler of cold water, thicken it with wheat flour, to about the consistency of cream, and drink it. This is to be repeated several times in the course of the day, or as often as you are thirsty, and it is not likely you will need it on the second day. We have not only used it ourselves, but have recommended it to our friends in many cases, and we never knew it to fail in effecting a sure and speedy cure.—Ex.

BYARD TAYLOR'S SAKON BRIDE.—Byard Taylor, who, since his return from Lapland, has been sojourning in the town of Gotha—the capitol of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha—left there on the 9th ult., in company with his two sisters and a younger brother, for England, where the latter were to embark for the United States. From England Taylor and his fellow-traveller, Braisted, intended to set out for a summer tour in Norway, whence they would return in the autumn to Gotha, and, after wintering there, proceed to Moscow, Southern Russia, the Caucasus and the Crimea. From this tour the travellers will return to Gotha, toward which place Byard Taylor is now attracted by an attachment stronger than the ties of friendship which have hitherto drawn him thither. He is in fact, betrothed to a daughter of the astronomer Hansen.—N. Y. Post.

OUR BOOK TABLE.

The August No. of that incomparable magazine, "Godey's Lady's Book," is before us. The engravings, fashion plates, &c., are magnificent. This splendid book costs but three dollars per year, and surely three dollars could not be better spent.

"Graham's Magazine" for August, one of the handsomest and most entertaining Nos. we have yet seen, is on our table. If persons who do not take this magazine knew what they are missing they would subscribe at once. "Peterson's Magazine" for August, comes to hand in all its interest and beauty. It is the cheapest book published, being but two dollars per year. It should be in the possession of every one of our readers.

"The Inventor for July, is before us. It is as usual very interesting. Published by Low, Haskell & Co., New York, at \$1 per year.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

Flour, standard, is held at \$7.12 per bbl., Common and good, \$7.12, 7.50 per bbl. Extra, \$7.62, 8.50, fancy lots, \$8.75, 9.50. Corn Meal sells at \$4 for Penna. Rye Flour remains quiet at \$4.75 per bbl. Wheat, red, at 185c for good. White, 195c. Rye, Penna., at 103c. Corn, southern yellow, 85 ct. Oats, sold at 56 ct. Very good Penna. 58c.

Nominations.

Westmoreland County.—The following Union County Ticket has been put in nomination: Senator—R. B. Marchand, N. Huntingdon; Assembly—Wm. A. Cook, Greensburg; Register and Recorder—A. C. Moorehead, Greensburg; Treasurer—Dr. J. Stewart, Franklin; Commissioner—John P. Miller, Adamsburg District. For Poor House Director—Wm. Ruff, East Huntingdon. Auditor—George Hudson, Hempfield.

Allegheny County.—The Republicans have nominated the following ticket: Assembly—Nicholas Voghtley, Jr., Allegheny; James B. Backhouse, Ohio; Daniel Negley, Peebles; J. Heron Foster, Pittsburg; Thomas Kiddon, Snowden. Associate Judge—Gabriel Adams, L. St. Clair. Treasurer—John J. Muse, Versailles. Recorder—Nathaniel Patterson, Birmingham. Register—John G. Curtis, Ross. Commissioner—Wm. M. Burchfield, Peebles.

Auditor—A. B. Stevenson, Lower St. Clair. Clerk of the Courts—T. A. Bowler, Pittsburg. Director of the Poor—J. M. K. Snodgrass, Mifflin.

Venango County.—The Republicans have nominated the following ticket: Senate—S. P. Malcolm. Prothonotary—John A. Dale. Register and Recorder—Josiah Adams. Treasurer—G. W. Brigham. Commissioner—Isaac Griffin. Auditor—James M. Martin.

Somerset County.—The Republicans and Americans have nominated Henry C. Stewart for Assembly. Edward Scull, Editor of the Whig, for Prothonotary. Robert R. Marshall for Recorder and Register, and N. B. Snyder for Treasurer. Wm. R. Koontz has been recommended by Somerset as a candidate for Senator.

Col. S. S. Wharton, from Huntingdon is also a candidate for the Senate in the same district, composed of Huntingdon, Bedford and Somerset.

Mercer County.—The Republicans have nominated John S. King for the Senate, and W. G. Rose for Assembly. Butler County.—Dr. A. W. Crawford & W. W. Woods have been nominated for Assembly by the Republicans of this county. Dr. Crawford has been a member for the last two years, and was one of the best men in the last House.

Washington County.—The Republicans have nominated Messrs. J. N. McDonald and Job Johnson, as candidates for the Legislature.

THE DEAN CASE AGAIN.—The New York Sunday Courier says that John Dean, not being of a studious turn of mind, found it rather dull studying grammar down among the Long Islanders, and sighed to return. So he took a run up to the city, and suddenly appeared to the fair and constant lady-love. The Courier adds, "being a true hearted and high minded lady, was rather shocked by her husband's lack of honor in not keeping his parole. She positively refused to have anything to say to him, and commanded him to return and keep his engagement, or she would never see him again. He went, but unwillingly."

No Doubt of It.

People dispute about religion, business, and even trifles light as air, but there is one fact on which all are unanimous, and that is—Haley's Sarsaparilla is the only reliable and honest preparation before the public. It is almost indispensable at this season of the year, and will find the best remedial agent for scrofula, general debility, various chronic diseases, and all cutaneous eruptions originating from an impure condition of the blood. Try a bottle.

We cannot refrain from calling the attention of our readers to an advertisement in this day's paper of the "Hair Restorative" of Prof. O. J. Wood & Co., of St. Louis. It will be seen there are numerous certificates from persons of the highest character, to the merits of his Restorative. From positive knowledge we are also enabled to say, that it is in every sense what it professes to be, and we do not hesitate to pronounce it the finest preparation for the hair, and hair which has so far been devised by human ingenuity. We have seen it arrest threatened baldness, and restore to the head its original profusion of natural and glossy hair, and when the latter has been prematurely tinged with gray, we have seen it, like magic, restore the colors of youth and health. The distinguished property of this, we might truly say, miraculous "Restorative" is that it gives to the persons who use it, the same head of hair that they were in youth, thus acting in strict compliance with the rules of the first and greatest of all toilet makers—Nature. No one who has used it will hesitate to unite with us in testimony to its peculiar merit.—Covington (La.) People's Friend.

If all our readers who are troubled with Liver Complaint, Jaundice or Dyspepsia, will read the advertisement in another column of Dr. Sanford's Invigorator, and then do as we have done—get a bottle, we should not see so many sickly, half-died despairing people as now meet our gaze at almost every corner, for there never was a remedy of which so much is said, and that performs so nearly what its proprietors say it will do. It came to us so highly recommended that we could not fail to try it and a trial has convinced us, without a doubt that it is the best family medicine in use. We take it for Headache, Sour Stomach, Biliousness, and any of the little biliary ills that are common, and it does produce a pleasant state of feeling to the sick, and what is better after using it a few times, these little ills grow less and less, and there is a prospect of being entirely free from them by a continuance in the use of the Invigorator. Now we wish to impress our readers with this, that the Invigorator is a medicine particularly adapted to family use, and where there are children subject to little diseases, as all children are, it is invaluable, and saves physicians' bills, and an untold amount of anguish both to mothers and their little ones.

WHITE TEETH, PERFUMED BREATH AND BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION—can be acquired by using the "Balm of a Thousand Flowers."—What lady or gentleman would remain under the curse of a disagreeable breath, when by using "Balm of a Thousand Flowers" as a dentifrice, would not only render it sweet, but leave the teeth white as alabaster? Many persons do not know their breath is bad, and the subject is so delicate their friends will never mention it. Beware of counterfeits. Be sure each bottle is signed, FRETIDGE & Co., N. Y. For sale by all Druggists. Feb. 18, '57.—6m.

Lands of the Ridgway Farm and Land Co., in Elk Co., Pa.

The following is a copy of the proceedings of the Boston Society of Natural History. It shows to great advantage the immense mineral and agricultural wealth of the country. It is in the midst of flourishing settlements, where a large business is now done, and where there is a cash market. It is not difficult to perceive the immense wealth and business importance to which this district is destined to arrive. It will supply the vast trade of the Lakes with coal, and a large lumbering district of country east of it with agricultural produce. In the settlement over 20,000 acres are now in a high state of cultivation.

Here is solid ground for future progress and increase. This is an unavoidable consequence of its resources and location. How people can be so infatuated as to go to the hard-worked and unwholesome regions of the West, whilst such great advantages are at their doors, we are at a loss to conjecture.

Boston Society of Natural History.

[Reported for the Traveller by the Secretary.] The President in the Chair.—Professor Agassiz opened the meeting by some highly interesting remarks upon a new family of fishes and their habits.

Dr. Charles T. Jackson, gave a brief description of the bituminous coal formation of Elk county, Pennsylvania, which he had been exploring during the month of June last. He observed that the great bituminous coal basin or trough extends from the north-western border of Pennsylvania to Tuscaloosa, Alabama, as indicated on Mr. Jules Marcou's Geological map of the United States. The northern portion of this basin is of great economical value on account of its being the nearest to Lake Erie, one of the greatest markets for coals, which are required for navigation on all the great lakes, and for the furnaces and gas-works, as well as domestic use for fuel on both the U. S. and Canada sides of these lakes. He remarked that statistics showed a larger amount of tonnage on the lakes than exists on the Atlantic coast of this country, and that steam navigation would certainly greatly increase upon the lakes where coal could be obtained at a reasonable cost, as will soon be the case when the western portion of the Sunbury and Erie Railroad, now under contract, is completed, which would be done in the course of two years.

Since the recent explorations were made in the extensive coal formation of Elk county, Pa., the Directors of this important Railroad have ordered the road to be laid amid these coal-fields, and the consequence of this movement will be felt in the augmented price of the coal lands.

The particular region explored by Dr. Jackson is known as the Ridgway Land and Coal Company's property, some 27,000 acres of land all situated in the coal region. Five or six beds of coal underlie this soil, and they generally dip only from two to five degrees below the horizon, and are from two to six feet in thickness. Most of the large beds are undisturbed, and only the small ones are here and there denuded by valleys of excavation.

The deep ravines, or runs, expose some of the out crops of the larger beds on the south-east sides of the hills. On the north-west they are still deeply covered with rocks, the sandstones and bituminous shales.

Each of these coal beds is overlaid with a stratum of 8 or 10 inches of slaty canal coal, and they all rest on fire clays. Iron ores, namely, carbonate of iron and brown hematite, abound, the former in the fire clays and the latter in the superincumbent shales. But few fossil plants are found in these shales, and only the scales, fins, and tails of fishes in the lower beds, which appear to have been a fine aqueous sediment of water-logged vegetable matter.

A bed of buff colored limestone occurs beneath the principal bed of coal, and is nine or ten feet thick. This limestone contains small fossil shells, but not yet named. The Ridgway land, thus contains coals, iron ores, limestone and sandstone, with an abundance of clay suitable for fire proof bricks. All the facilities for the reduction of iron exists on the spot, and soon the means of transportation of the coals and metal to market will be supplied. The country is elevated about 1600 feet above the level of the ocean, and is a lat. 41.25 N. and long. 1.40 W. of Washington, and is remarkably healthy.

The following analysis of the coals, iron ore and limestone have been made by Dr. Jackson since his return to Boston. Specimen from the 6 feet bed:

Table with 2 columns: Item and Amount. Fixed carbon, 82.58; Gas expelled by heat, 40.90; Ashes of coke, 7.62; Total, 100.00.

The ashes analyzed yielded: Silica, 6.20; Alumina and oxide of iron, 1.12; Lime, 0.20. The slaty canal gives: Fixed carbon, 32.44; Earthy matter, 44.14; Total, 100.00.

The limestone yielded: Carbonate of lime, 95.75; Insoluble silica, 3.60; Peroxide of iron, 1.25; Total, 100.00.

Analysis of the balls of carbonate iron. 100 grains of this ore yielded: Peroxide of iron, 61.50=iron, 43; Carbonic acid, 31.50; Silica, 7.60; Total, 100.00.

In smelting iron ores with these coals it will be necessary to convert the coal into coke, and the small coals may thus be disposed of on the spot. No better gas-making coals are found in the United States, but one better variety in the British province of New Brunswick—namely, that of Albert county.

Harvesting has commenced in portions of our county. The grain crop in many parts of the county promises to be unusually large.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

M. ROWE, CONVEYANCER.

Agent for the purchase and sale of Real Estate Farms and City Property bought, sold and exchanged. Also money invested and procured on mortgage. Those having Farms or Land for Sale will do well to call or send description. No. 63, Dock Street, Philadelphia. July 15th, 1857.—3m.

ESTATE OF MICHAEL MIERLY, DEC'D. EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

I, letters testamentary on the estate of Michael Mierly, late of Cass township, Huntingdon county, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement, on the subscribers.

JOHN MIERLY, SOL. MIERLY, } Execs. July 15, 1857.—6m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ESTATE OF JAC. BUMGARTNER DEC'D. EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

I, letters testamentary on the estate of Jacob Bumgartner, late of Union township, Huntingdon county, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement, on the subscribers.

DAVID CLARKSON, Executor. July 15, 1857.—6m.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL persons interested that the following named persons have settled their accounts in the Register's Office at Huntingdon, and that the said accounts will be presented for confirmation and allowance, at an Orphan's Court to be held at Huntingdon, in and for the County of Huntingdon, on Wednesday the 12th day of August next to wit:

- 1. Jacob S. Hunt, Administrator of the Estate of David Hudson, late of Dublin township, dec'd.