Huntingdon Journal.

WILLIAM BREWSTER, SAM. G. WHITTAKER. } EDITORS.

Wednesday Morning, April 8, 1857.

"Once more our glorious banner out
Unto the breeze we throw;
Beneath its folds with song and shout
We'll charge upon the foe."

FOR GOVERNOR,
DAVID WILMOT,
OF BRADFORD COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
WILLIAM MILLWARD,
OF PHILADELPHIA.

FOR SUPREME JUDGES,
JAMES VEECH,
OF FAYETTE COUNTY.
JOSEPH J. LEWIS,
OF CHESTER COUNTY.

David Wilmot, our Candidate.

We rejoice at the hearty response with which the nomination of Mr. Wilmot is met, by the American Republican press of the State. It argues a glorious victory.—It is true a few uninfluential and unimportant journals, such as the Daily News, Lancaster Citizen, and one or two other Locofoco sheets, in disguise, are "kicking against the pricks," but their opposition amounts to nothing;—they have no influence; the people have found out that they are always in the market, and like Hessian soldiers, always ready to fight for the highest bidder, Principle with such a set of men is a secondary consideration. The N. Y. Tribune speaking of our nominee, says that his nomination is a bold step on the part of the Republicans, Mr. Wilmot's name is a landmark in the history of our age. It was he who in 1846 moved in the House the famous Proviso, that the blood and treasure of the American People, should not be poured out to add to the Slave Territory of this Republic. It was he who in 1848 led in Pennsylvania the Democratic revolt under the standard of Van Buren and Free Soil.—His speeches for Free Labor and Fremont were among the most cogent and effective of the many good ones which irradiated the late Presidential canvass. An earnest and tenacious Democrat, he did not hesitate to renounce the party organization to which he was devoted when he found its further support irreconcilable with his allegiance to vital Democratic principle. Mr. Wilmot ought to be the next Governor of Pennsylvania, and his election would redound to her enduring honor. It would show that the indignities heaped on Reeder and on Geary by the Slave Power are not unresented—that she is not unmindful of her sons who have been subjected to outrage and spoliation in Kansas for merely seeking to make her a Free State. The election of David Wilmot would be the proper response of the Free States to the atrocious Dred Scott decision.

If Pennsylvania is to be carried next October for the principles of the American Revolution, the work must be commenced now—not by mass meetings and by exciting speeches, but by quiet organization and the systematic diffusion of important truth. We trust the favorable season will not be suffered to pass unimproved.

The Late Elections.

The elections which have been held since the Presidential contest closed show very favorably for the Republican cause. To the result in New York and New Hampshire we have alluded before. Rhode Island has just come forth thoroughly revolutionized. The figures we give in our telegraphic columns conclusively attest this; but to render the matter plain to the reader, we give below a comparison of the vote for Lieut. Governor last year, as compared with the same this year:

1856.			1857.	
Brown, Am.,	7990	Mason, Am.,		3339
Robinson, Rep.,	1828	Turner, Rep.,		5947
Pell, Dem.,	7146	Hall, Dem.,		4652

This was the test vote on both occasions, as the rest of the State ticket was the same. The reduction of the American vote from 7990 to 3339, and the increase of the Republican vote from 1828 to 5947, must be considered as indicative of the general decay of the former party, and the rapid spread of the latter. Up to the Presidential canvass the Republican party was a mere shadow. Everywhere throughout the North a sympathy was felt in its main principles, but the masses did not seem ready to join in the organization itself and desert all other political ties. The nomination of a distinct Republican ticket for President and Vice President, produced an immediate effect on public affairs, which was increased and continually stimulated by the relative positions of the American and Democratic parties. They are in a great measure responsible for the present enormous size and influence of the new movement. It has eaten largely into both. Since November the Democratic party has been making vigorous efforts to recover its losses, while the American party seems to be practically in a state of dissolution. This explains the result in Rhode Island and New Hampshire.

Glad to Hear It.

The Philadelphia *Daily News* takes the nomination of the Union Convention terribly to heart, and scolds like a very drab. After pitching into them like "a thousand of bricks," the "side-door" operators say: In speaking thus freely, and making known our determination not to support these candidates, *we wish to be understood to speak only for ourselves.*" Now, this we call eminently selfish, and entirely of a piece with its operations last year. It desires others to help it to kick up a muss, but it is not willing to share with them the price which it hopes to get for holding itself quiet. As to the fact stated, that the *News* will not support the nominations, we are really glad to hear it. Popular as our candidates are, we do not think they could bear up under the odium which such a support would inflict on them, and it is kind of the *News* thus early to relieve them of any suspicion on that score.

Governor of Kansas.

The Telegraph informs us that Robert J. Walker, Secretary of the Treasury under President Polk, and of late fancy financier and Railroad speculator, has been appointed Governor of Kansas, with F. P. Stanton, of Tennessee, as Secretary. Both of these appointments coming from the South, we may fairly conclude that we are reaching the last act in the drama of outrage, blood and murder, which has been enacted in that territory. Mr. Buchanan has been completely subdued by the Slave Power, and the fair promises that were made for him by his friends during the late Presidential contest, have vanished into thin air.—"Buchanan, Breckenridge and free Kansas" like "Polk, Dallas and the Tariff of 1842," has now passed into an historical and political lie, and the issue has again been thrown upon the people where it must be encountered and finally decided.

The Dred Scott Case.

☞ Some of the Locofoco Editors refer "to the decision of the U. S. Supreme Court in Prigg vs. the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and also to the opinion of the same tribunal recently delivered in the "Dred Scott case," as setting forth the law on the subject of Slavery. These editors are sly dogs, and decidedly facetious. The joke in this case consists in the fact that the law laid down in one of these cases is exactly contradictory to that laid down in the other. In Prigg vs. the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania it is decided, as it always had been decided, that slavery is the creature of the local or State law, and coterminous with the boundaries of the States in which it is established; while, on the contrary, in the Dred Scott case, Judge Taney decides that the right of property in a slave is expressly conferred in the Constitution; that the Constitution recognizes the right of master and slave, and makes no difference between slaves and other property; and that, consequently, slaves may be held as property outside of the Slave States, as well as within them, like any other property.

This nationalizing of Slavery in a Democratic Republic, by a government founded "to establish justice promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty," appears to us a sorry subject for a joke, even by the "nigger worshipping" Democracy. According to the decision, of Judge Taney, Slaves may be held, and bought and sold, as well in Pennsylvania as in South Carolina, in as much as the Constitution is superior to any State laws, and the Constitution guarantees to citizens the protection of their rights and property.

STUMPING THE STATE.—It is stated that Judge Wilmot, our candidate for Governor, has addressed a note to Gen. Packer, the Democratic candidate, requesting him to name a convenient time and place to begin the canvass of the State, in company. Should Packer decline, it is the intention of Judge W. to commence the canvass alone some time in May, to be continued until the election.

☞ The Norristown Olive Branch has been succeeded by the Norristown Republican, one of the neatest looking and ably conducted papers in the State. It is a staunch friend of freedom, and deserves success. Long may you wave, Mr. Republican.

☞ The Antiphlogistic Salt advertised in another column, is recommended as one of the very best remedies for inflammatory diseases, ever offered to the public. It is for sale at the "Journal" Office.

General News.

☞ A man named Samuel H. White, aged 25 years, was brutally murdered, in Washington county, Pa., last week. His head was broken in six places, and the axe, with which the deed was perpetrated, was standing by his bedside. The murderers were instigated to the committal of the act under the supposition that he had a great amount of money in the house. The villains have not yet been arrested.

Withdrawal of Public Lands.—In accordance with the provisions of the act approved March 3, 1857, granting lands to various railroads in the Territory of Minnesota, the Commissioner of the General Land Office has withdrawn from sale and location, until further notice, all the lands now in market west, together with a strip about thirty miles broad, east of the Mississippi River, with the exception of several townships north of the half-breed Sioux Indian tract.—*Washington Union.*

ANOTHER PUTNUM ADVENTURE.—A few weeks ago, Thomas Evans, of Chest Creek, Clearfield county, Pa., while out on a hunting excursion, observed a ledge of rocks, which his experienced eye detected as being the haunt of a bear. It being late in the evening, he went home, but returned next morning accompanied by his brother. They soon found a narrow passage between the rocks that led into a dark and dismal cave. On arriving at the mouth of the cavern, Thomas, after throwing down his gun, and divesting himself of hunting accoutrements, crawled in through the narrow entrance, and after groping about in the dark for some time, had the pleasure of laying his hand upon brain's back. Having ascertained the position of the animal he returned to the entrance of the cave, and got his gun, then went back into the cavern to visit his new acquaintance, while his brother remained outside to act as sentry, provided the animal attempted to escape. Having come up to the beat again he placed the muzzle of his gun against the animal and fired. A furious growl from the the beast accompanied the report of the gun, and young Evans hurried out of the cave as soon as possible. He however, put another load into his gun and scrambled back into the cave again. This time he succeeded in putting a ball through the vital part of the animal's body. It was dragged out and weighed over three hundred pounds.

MR. NORCROSS.—An uncle of Mr. Norcross, the young man murdered at Altoona, and for which M'Kim is now arrested, gives some very interesting facts.

He states that the parents of the young man, although of high respectability, are in very moderate circumstances, and were so at the time the son Norcross, departed for his Western tour. At the date of that departure, great commotion existed in his family, and among his friends, for his demeanor had won universal favor, and they were loth to part with one so universally esteemed. His two sisters were school teachers in East Lexington, and helped to support the family. When their brother expressed his intention of going west, they gave him all the money they had been enabled to save, by a long course of labor.—He received $500 from each, and bid his home farewell. At Dunleith, so well did young Norcross improve his opportunities, that in his short stay he obtained no less than $3,500 in money, and the two bonds for $800 each. But an abcess in the side troubled him, and he determined to return home to give some account of his success, and to restore to his kind sisters their earnings. He wrote home just before leaving Dunleith, to this effect: "I have found a friend, (M'Kim) who is to be my traveling companion homeward, and whom I believe to be a friend indeed. He dresses my wound and attends to me like a kind brother." When the murder was committed near Altoona, it was about eight o'clock in the morning. After being struck, the victim did not instantly die, but until noon reposed in his blood, with the thermometer at 12 degrees below zero.

A New Expedition to Central America.

It is rumored that an expedition is fitting out at New Orleans for some point in Central America. It is supposed to be the intention to make the first demonstration on Veragua, a Province of New Granada, between Costa Rica and Panama. The expedition is said to be friendly to General Walker, and that it is to act in concert with him. It is also reported that provisional Government has been formed, and that there are considerable funds raised.

A New Political Movement at Harrisburg—Another Candidate for Governor Proposed.

HARRISBURG, April 3.

A new political movement is on the tapis in this city. Strange as it may appear, there are strong indications that a third candidate for Governor is about being brought out. A strong conservative element is strongly at work in the eastern part of the State looking towards this object.

Senator Straub has been strongly urged to give his consent to the use of his name as candidate, but up to this time he has refused to give his assent. He may yet yield to the solicitations of his friends, however. The whole movement will soon be developed.

From Nicaragua.

The steamship Texas has arrived at New York from Aspinwall, with later news from Nicaragua. Walker is said to have attacked the allies at San George and retreated to Rivas, where Gen. Henningsen and his men had meantime repulsed an attack made by the allies. The latter were met retreating, by Walker, and being thus placed between two fires, suffered a loss of 327 killed and 300 wounded, while Walker lost 2 killed and 21 wounded. There were reports that President Rivas had been assassinated, General Canas arrested for making overtures to Walker, the allies retreated to Massaya, General Chillen had raised a force in Leon to join Walker, Col. Lockridge had received reinforcements, and that the Costa Ricans had opened the transit route to the English.

Rhode Island Election.

PROVIDENCE, April 2.

The following is the whole vote for Governor cast yesterday,—Dyer, Republican, 9600; Potter, Democrat, 4300.

There were three candidates for Lieutenant-Governor, and there has been no election by the people. Turner, Republican, will be elected by Assembly.

The State Senate is composed of 26 Republicans, 5 Democrats, and no choice in two districts. The House, Republicans 61, Democrats, 8; two districts no choice. In the first Congressional N. B. Benfees' majority is nearly 3,500. In the Second District Wm. D. Brayten has 800 majority. Both are Republicans.

Correspondence.

A VOICE FROM MISSOURI.

Editors of the Huntingdon Journal:

With the close of the Presidential campaign, we thought would cease the barbarious and nefarious plottings of the Missourians, Kansas squatters, and Northerners. But in this we have been disappointed. The spirit of discord, which appeared so threatening to the perpetuity of the Union, prior to the November election, still exists over our country—and in Kansas designing and unprincipled men have been busily at work laboring to overthrow the privileges granted to American freemen. The Kansas Legislature, so-called, closed on the 21st ult., and with it closed a dark and arrogative scene. Doubtless you have already been apprised of the *immaculate* body passing a law conflicting with all notions of justice; making *murder* a bailable offence!

The farcical enactments imposed upon the people of Kansas by the legal (?) Legislative power, have even been rebuked by the people of Missouri.

The *hot-heads* of Kansas have been usurping the power vested within them, and are trying to make it appear that Governor Geary has been acting partially in the discharge of his executive duties. Continually complaints are rife in our own State, (Missouri,) that Gov. Geary has been favoring unjustly the Free State party of the Territory; but the mature judgment of many of our citizens will not give any credit to such rumors, inasmuch as they are only put in circulation to rouse and give impetus to the already existing sectional feeling. We repose sufficient confidence in the Governor to rest assured that he will do no injustice and not be guided or prompted to measures not conforming with our republican system of Government. As there has been much said relative to Gov. Geary, and as there have been meetings held in the Territory denouncing his official course, I will here append the resolutions passed at a meeting held in Lecompton; and here, perhaps, it would be proper to remark, that *pro* and *anti*-Slavery voters took part in this meeting:*

We, the citizens of Lecompton, without distinction of party, in view of the recent personal assault upon our worthy executive, for an act done in his official capacity, and fully justified by all circumstances, and necessary to preserve the peace of the Territory, and the rights of the people in public meeting assembled, do hereby

Resolve, That we express our unqualified approbation of Governor Geary's official action; that to his impartial and vigorous administration, we are pleased to attribute the present peace and prosperity of the Territory; and that we believe he has not only saved us from unfortunate and destructive domestic feuds, but has also preserved the Union from a bloody civil war.

Resolved, That we hereby tender Governor Geary, the people's friend—our earnest sympathy in the discharge of his responsible duties, and we pledge him the support of all the actual *bona fide* settlers of Kansas, without distinction of party so long as he shall continue to administer the government upon the principles above declared.

After the reading of the above, a man by the name of Sherrard, rose and denounced every individual who approved of the resolutions and the course taken by the Governor, as a d——d set of scoundrels, liars and cowards. These epithets were baffled by a man of the name of Shepherd and an extraordinary melee shortly ensued, terminating by a pistol shot from J. A. W. Jones, which killed instantly the intrepid Sherrard. More anon. INDEX.

Savannah, Mo., March 15, '57.

*We have no room for the resolutions, and hence omit all but one or two.

Communication.

(*Steamer Emigrant.*)
ST. LOUIS, March 31st, 1857.

Dear Journal:—My last letter was from Fort Wayne, a most beautifully situated city in the north-western part of Indiana. Fifteen years ago there were but four or five houses there, now there are 15000 of a population, and some beautiful residences and business houses. Every religious denomination appears to be well represented with fine churches. We rested on the Sabbath, and on Monday morning we took the cars for St. Louis, via Logansport, Lafayette and many smaller and quite respectable towns in Indiana. From Fort Wayne to Springfield, Illinois, the railroad passes through all kinds of country, from swamps to lakes, from lakes to water and timber land and then as we near the State line, we come into the meadow land, a dead level all along as far as the eye can see. The country is well improved and shows great richness and signs of progression, and especially in Illinois, where most of the fences are made of willow or wire.

The transition from the Heaven-towering mountains and beautiful valleys of the Keystone State, to the slues and marshes of Indiana and the broad, rolling prairie of Illinois, is so rapid and the contrast so very great, that I can scarce realize the fact that the distance is only about fifty hours ride.

From the State Line, after we come into Illinois, the timber becomes very scarce, which is not the case in Indiana—there they have too much, in Illinois not enough. But so it is in this world, everything appears so unequally divided. From the railroad, passing through Illinois, on neither side can you see timber,—but one vast and boundless flat piece of meadow land, with here and there an occasional marshy tract full of wild ducks and geese.

Night overtook us at Springfield. This is a beautiful town with a population of 12000. It has, almost by magic arisen to be an important and good business point. A few years ago several citizens from your place, in passing through the west, stopped at this place, and were then offered land in the central portion of the town for $50 per acre; now the same land is in lots, compactly built upon, and could not be purchased for any prices this side of—a pretty big sum. The reason those old gentlemen from Huntingdon did not purchase was, that timber was so scarce they were afraid they would freeze to death in the winter. But, notwithstanding all those early objections, Springfield is now one of the largest and most important towns in this State, or the West. From Springfield to St. Louis, it being night, I can say nothing of that portion of the country, only what I glean from passengers who got on by the way. The land for 10 miles along the Wabash & St. Louis Railroad, ranges from $15 to $50 per acre, according to improvement; before the completion of the Railroad such was not the case.

Then, the farmer could scarcely make a living by raising produce; now he gets the highest market price for everything he can raise. One old gentleman told me that a few days ago he sold fifty head of fat cattle, for 4¼ on the hoof So you see these railroads are not only a blessing to contractors and Irish, but also to the farmer.

In passing through this vast and beautiful country we are astonished that your Ridge farmers do not sell out and come to this country, or some other part of the west, where they can make a living easier than on the rough peaks of the Keystone State. Perhaps it is because they are afraid of the ague. Well, it is enough to be frightened at; for it is really sickening to look at the poor, emaciated creatures along through Indiana and Illinois. An Illinois gentleman, who got on the cars at Springfield, told me that he did not think there were ten in one hundred men, who had been in that State two years, but whose lungs were deceased. I could not help believing it, for he and all of them looked quite spare. Indeed, I felt quite corpulent when I looked upon them.

Arrived in this city last night, and took this boat this morning; it is the only one we could get berths in. Fare to St. Joseph, $15,00. All well. Good bye. FRANK.

☞ There is an article selling throughout the country that has attained the widest celebrity ever known as a remedy for Liver Complaints. We have reference to Dr. Sanford's Invigorator, or Liver Remedy, that has performed cures almost too great to believe, were it not for the undoubted evidence that accompany the testimonials. It is, in truth, the best remedy known for Dyspepsia, Jaundice, or a general debility that so often baffles the skill of our most eminent physicians.

Dr. Sanford has been for a long time one of the eminent physicians of New York, and it is said, most of his cases were treated with the Invigorator with such invariable success that he has induced to offer it as a family medicine, and let the world have the benefit of his discovery. If those who are troubled with debility, headache languor, or slow lingering fever will try a bottle, we think they might save physicians' bills, and days, perhaps years of suffering.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.—Prof. Wood, the renowned discoverer of the invaluable Hair Restorative, still continues to labor in behalf of the afflicted.

His medicines are universally admitted by the American press to be far superior to all others for causing the hair on the head of the aged that has been silvered for many years, to grow forth with as much vigor and luxuriance as when blessed with the advantages of youth.

There can be no doubt that it is one of the greatest discoveries in the medical world. It restores permanently gray hair to its original color, and makes it assume a beautiful texture which has been desirable in all ages of the world.—[St. Louis Morning Herald.

"WOODLAND CREAM"—*A Pomade for beautifying Hair*—highly perfumed, superior to any French article imported, and for half the price. For dressing Ladies' Hair it has no equal, giving it a bright glossy appearance.—It causes Gentlemen's Hair to curl in the most natural manner. It removes dandriff, always giving the Hair the appearance of being fresh shampooned. Price only fifty cents. None genuine unless signed

FETRIDGE & CO. N. Y. Proprietors of the "*Balm of a Thousand Flowers.*"

For sale by all Druggists.
Feb.25,'57.–6m.

HUNTINGDON GAS COMPANY.

A meeting of the "Huntingdon Gas Company" will be held at the Court House, on Saturday, the 25th day of April, inst., at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing five managers for said Company, who are to serve until the first Monday of January, 1858.

The stockholders will be entitled to one vote for each share of stock, bona fide held by him, her or them at the time of holding said election. James Gwin, James Saxton, A. P. Wilson, David Blair, Wm. Lewis, John Scott, Alex. Port, B. E. McMurtrie J. S. Africa, W. P. Orbison, Wm. Dorris, Jr., David Black.

April 8, 1857.–2t. *Corporators.*

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

The School Directors of the Huntingdon Borough District will elect six teachers for the three male and three female schools, in said district, on Saturday evening, 25th April, inst.

Teachers wishing to apply must present their applications by that time. Good teachers are desired and good salaries will be given. The schools will be kept open ten months, commencing on the 1st of May.

M. F. CAMPBELL, Pres't.
A. W. BENEDICT, Sec'y.
April 8, 1857.–3t.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FRUIT TREES!

A large assortment of Fruit trees, such as Apple, Peach, Pear, Quince, Cherry, Plum, Nectarine, Apricot and Almond, of the choicest varieties. Also Isabella and Catawba GRAPE VINES; Currant, Raspberry and Strawberry plants. Also Shade and Ornamental trees—Evergreens, and Osage Orange for hedging

At the Huntingdon Nurseries of
TAYLOR & CREMER.
Huntingdon, April 8, 1857.–3t.

THE
SHIRLEYSBURG FEMALE SEMINARY

Will commence its summer session of five months, on *Monday, May* 4th. The same extended course of instruction, which has been pursued by the present principal during the past two years, is offered to young ladies, who, while profited by their studies, will nowhere find a more healthful or delightful location.

The building is spacious and convenient, and the means of instruction in useful and ornamental branches is on a liberal scale. Shirleysburg has daily communication by stage with the eastern and western mail trains of the Pennsylvania R. R., and three times per week with the southern part of the State.

TERMS—

For Board, light, &c. with English tuition, per session,	$62,50
Music, with use of Piano, extra,	20,00
French,	10,00
Day English Tuition, from $5 to	12,00

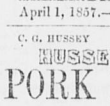
Apply to J. B. KIDDER, Principal, Shirleysburg Huntingdon Co., Pa.
Apr.8,'57.–6t.

Porcelain Boilers and Pans, of every description, for sale at the Hardware Store of
J. A. BROWN & CO.
Apr.8,'57.–1y.

300 KEGS PAINTS.

White Lead, (pure)	$2 50 per keg.
" " (extra)	2 75 " "
Philadelphia Zinc Paint,	2 40 " "
Best Snow White,	2 68 " "

Oils, &c., and all kinds of HARDWARE and building materials in proportion, at the "Hardware Store" of J. A. BROWN & CO.
Huntingdon, Apr.8,'57.–tf,



DR. J R. HUYETT,
DENTIST;
ALEXANDRIA, HUNT. CO., PA.
April 1, 1857.—1y.

C. G. HUSSEY C. WELLS.
HUSSEY & WELLS,
PORK PACKERS,
AND
Wholesale Dealers in Provisions,
No. 325 LIBERTY STREET,
COMMERCIAL ROW,
PITTSBURG, PA.
☞ Agents for Fairbanks' Scales.
Apr.1,'57.

JACKSON'S HOTEL,
HUNTINGDON, PA.,

On Allegheny Street, between Pa. R. R. & H. & B. T. R. R. Depots.
WM. B. ZEIGLER, Proprietor.
March 25, 1857.—6m*

[*ESTATE OF JENNET STEWART DEC.*]
Administrator's Notice.

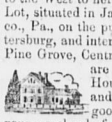
Notice is hereby given, that letters of administration on the estate of Jennet Stewart, late of West township, dec'd., have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement to WM. STEWART,
April 1, 1857.—6t* *Adm'r.*

[*ESTATE OF GEORGE BORST, DEC'D.*]
Administrators' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that Letters of Administration on the estate of George Borst, late of West township, dec'd., have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement, to W. B JOHNSTON, B. HARTMAN, } Adm'rs*
March 25, 1857.—6t*

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The undersigned being desirous of removing to the West to her children, offers for sale her Lot, situated in Jackson township, Huntingdon co., Pa., on the public road leading from Petersburg, and intersecting the road leading from Pine Grove, Centre co. to Lewistown. There are erected good two story frame House, Kitchen, Smoke House and Stable. There is a Well of good water at the door. Also a young orchard of choice fruit, consisting of apple, peach, plum, and cherry trees. The Lot contains ten acres; about seven cleared and the balance in good timber. Persons wanting a neat home should call before purchasing elsewhere. Proposals received until April 20th.—For further particulars address.



RACHEL WILSON.
March 25, 1857.—3t* Jackson tp.

WHISKERANDO.
La Salle's Original.
ONE DOLLAR A BOX.
TRY IT. TRY IT.

Prof. Geo. H. De Bar has recently returned from Europe, and while there obtained from the celebrated French chemist, La Salle, at an enormous outlay, the receipt and exclusive right of the United States and Canadas, to manufacture and sell this celebrated preparation called "whiskerando," which has never been known to fail to cause Whiskers and Moustaches to grow luxuriantly and heavy, even on beardless faces in two months after first application. To those persons whose beards are light and wiry it recommends itself. A few applications will render it soft, thick and pliable. Frenchmen are noted for their beautiful Whiskers and Moustaches, which many of them attribute to the excellence of La Salle's Whiskerando. Price $1 per box; sent to any part of the United States or Canadas per mail, upon the receipt of $1.

Address, Prof. Geo. H. De Bar,
April 1, 1857.—3m. New York.

[*ESTATE OF JOHN WILSON, DEC'D.*]
Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that letters of administration on the estate of John Wilson, late of Cass township, Huntingdon county, dec'd., have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

LEWIS STEVER, RACHEL WILSON } Adm'r's.
Cass tp., March 18, '57.—6t*

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

ONLY ONE BOTTLE
OF
DR. SANFORD'S
INVIGORATOR,
OR LIVER REMEDY

IS REQUIRED TO CURE ANY ONE troubled with Liver Complaints, unless the most desperate of cases, when the SECOND bottle will, with scarce a single failure, restore the patient to vigor and health. We wish to call the attention of all to these facts, that the Invigorator is compounded by a physician who has used it in his practice for the past twenty years with a success most credulous, and that it is entirely vegetable, being composed wholly of gums.

Some idea of the strength of these gums may be formed when it is known one bottle of the Invigorator contains as much strength as one hundred doses of Calomel without any of its deleterious effects.

One bottle is the surest thing known to carry away the bad effects of mineral poison of any kind.

Only one bottle is needed to throw out of the system the effects of medicine after a long sickness.

One bottle taken for Jaundice removes all yellowness or unnatural color from the skin.

One dose after eating is sufficient to relieve the stomach and prevent the victuals from rising and souring.

Only one dose taken before retiring prevents nightmare.

One dose taken at night loosens the bowels gently, and cures costiveness.

One dose taken after each meal will cure Dyspepsia.

One dose of two tea-spoonsful will always relieve Sick Headache.

One bottle taken for female obstruction removes the cause of the disease, and makes a perfect cure.

Only one dose immediately relieves Cholic, while

One dose often repeated is a sure cure for Cholera Morbus, and a sure preventative of Cholera.

One dose taken often will prevent the recurrence of bilious attacks, while it relieves all painful feelings.

☞ One or two doses taken occasionally is one of the best remedies for a cold ever known.

Thousands of cases of inflammation and weakness of the lungs have been cured by the Invigorator.

One dose taken a short time before eating gives vigor to the appetite and makes food digest well.

One dose often repeated cures Chronic Diarrhœa in its worst forms, while summer and bowel complaints yield almost to the first dose.

One or two doses cure attacks caused by worms, while for worms in children, there is no surer, safer and speedier remedy in the world, as it never fails.

There is no exaggeration in these statements, they are plain and sober facts, that we can give evidence to prove, while all who use it are giving their unanimous testimony in its favor.

We wish all who are sick and debilitated to try this remedy, and test it thoroughly, and any who are not benefitted by its use we should like to hear from, as we have yet to hear from the first person who has used a bottle of Invigorator without receiving benefit, for there are such astonishing medicinal virtues in it, that all, no matter how long they have been affected, if their complaint arises from a deranged liver, will be benefitted, if not entirely cured.

SANFORD & CO., Proprietors, 345 Broadway New York. Sold in Huntingdon by HENRY MCMANIGILL, and Druggists everywhere.

Dr. Geo. H. Keyser, Wholesale Druggist. No. 140, Wood st., Pittsburg, Wholesale Agent.
Mar.25,'57.–3m.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!
HARDWARE DEPOT!

The subscribers have again returned from the East with an enlarged stock of HARDWARE, CUTLERY, PAINTS, &c., which they will sell at such prices as shall make it the interest of Housekeepers, Builders, Mechanics, and all the rest of mankind," to give them a call. Our stock comprises Building material, such as Locks, Hinges, Screws, Nails, Bolts, Glass of all sizes, Putty, Oils, Varnishes, White Lead and Zinc Paints.

MECHANICS' TOOLS.

Planes, Handsaws, Mill & Crosscut Saws, Chisels, Mann's Axes, Hatchets, Spirit Levels, Files, Stocks and Dies, Monkey Wrenches, with an endless variety of modern inventions and improvements.

Saddlers and Coach-Makers are invited to call and examine our extensive stock of Harness Mountings and Coach Trimmings, Patent and Common Hames, 30 varieties; Girthing, Hog Skins, Patent Leather, Enamelled Leather, Oil Cloth for Carriages, Coach Laces and Linings Hubs, Spokes, Felloes, Shafts, Springs, Axles, &c., &c.

TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,

Knives and Forks from 37½ cents to $5 per set. Silver forks, Silver and common spoons, Ladies' Fruit knives, Carriers' knives, razors, &c., &c.

HOLLOW-WARE,

Porcelaine, Tinned and Plain Boilers, Teakettles, Sauce, Frying and Baking Pans, Steak Griddles, Dish Covers, &c., &c., at manufacturers' prices.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Ice Hammers, Lemon Squeezers, Butter Prints, Butter Ladles, Port Monaies, Bells of all kinds, Guns, Pistols and Revolvers, Paint Brushes, Wall Brushes, Traces and Chains of various kinds, Chain Pumps and Metallic Pumps for cisterns, Picks, Sledges, &c., &c.

☞ Having purchased many of our goods at wholesale prices from manufacturers, we are enabled to sell both wholesale and retail—extremely low. A liberal share of public patronage is solicited.

☞ All orders from abroad promptly attended to. JAS. A. BROWN & Co.
Apr.1,'57.

FALL AND WINTER
CLOTHING!
A New Assortment Just Opened!
And will be sold 30 per cent. CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST!

H. ROMAN respectfully informs his customers and the public generally, that he has just opened at his store-room in Market Square Huntingdon, a splendid new stock of Ready-made

Clothing for Fall and Winter.

which he will sell cheaper than the same quality of Goods can be purchased at retail in Philadelphia or any other establishment in the country.

Persons wishing to buy Clothing would do well to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere. Also,

Hats, Caps, Boots, and Shoes,

which will be sold lower than at any other establishment in the county.

Huntingdon Oct. 8. 1856.

(*ESTATE OF JOHN McCAHAN, DEC'D.*)
EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

All persons interested are hereby notified that Letters Testamentary have been granted to the undersigned, Executors of the last will and testament of *John McCahan*, late of Walker tp., Huntingdon county, dec'd., and all persons having claims or demands against said estate are requested to present them without delay,—and those indebted to said estate, will pay the same to *John K. McCahan*, Birmingham, or *Jas. A. McCahan*, Hollidaysburg.

JOHN K. McCAHAN, Birmingham,
JAS. A. McCAHAN, Hollidaysburg,
JAS. K. MOREHEAD, Pittsburg,
JOHN CRESSWELL, Petersburg.
March 31, 1857.–6t. *Executors.*

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

ANTIPHLOGISTIC SALT.
A PERFECT SUBSTITUTE
For the Lancet, Leeches and Blisters!
OF ITS INTRINSIC VALUE THE ENLIGHTENED COMMUNITY AND NOT THE DISCOVERER MUST BE THE JUDGE!

MANY medicines offered for sale are accompanied by doubtful certificates (their chief value) and claim to be universal remedies, curing all maladies—a burlesque on common sense. As the discoverer of this Salt solemnly protests against having it placed on the category of frauds and impositions, he has resolved that it shall go forth to the world like the pure gold dollar, wit' no other *passport* than its own true value. If the public find it genuine they will receive it—if spurious they will reject and condemn it. Instead of its being a panacea for all ills it has control over but one ill—has but one aim and accomplishes but one thing, to wit; *subdues inflammatory diseases*—whatever be their form or locality, whether in the head, throat, chest, abdomen, extremities or skin.

When the discoverer, after a long series of laborious and costly experiments, became fully confirmed in his conviction that the Antiphlogistic Salt, which he now has the happiness to present to the American public, was a

PERFECT SUBSTITUTE

for Blood-letting, Leeches and Blisters, his mind was so agitated that he could not sleep for many nights. The cause of his agitation was the striking fact that the manner of its operation, like that of the virus in vaccination, could not be explained upon any known principle. How, *in what way*, it so effectually subdues inflammatory diseases and *no others*, was at first wholly inexplicable; but on further experiment it was proved that by its power over the veins, arteries and glands, *it equalizes the fluids of the body*, the want of an equilibrium in which is the sole *cause* of inflammation. It exerts like the vaccine matter, an extraordinary influence over the circulation—resulting in a gradual decline of inflammation as indicated by the pulse which soon resumes its natural state, as the pain and heat disappear. Such is its potency, that like the virus just mentioned, it requires merely what adheres to the point of a quill dipped in a solution of it to affect the entire system—but must be *instantly* used to prevent decomposition, and secure its full virtue. Three quills in acute, and two in chronic disease every 24 hours, till the heat and fever have subsided and a perfect cure is effected.—When it takes the place of leeches, stimulating ointments and blisters in local inflammation, as Brain Fever, Croup, Toothache, Pleurisy, &c., its mode of administration is two-fold. (See directions for dissolving, &c.)

☞ The peculiar excellence of this Salt is, that without the useless loss of blood and strength, it effectually cures inflammatory diseases (no others) by producing an equilibrium of all the fluids of the body and a consequent uninterrupted circulation. The following different *forms* which the unbalanced fluids assume and many not here mentioned, that have more or less fever and pain, are as perfectly subdued by the Antiphlogistic Salt, as fire is extinguished by water.

1—Cases where the unbalanced fluids affect the Head and Throat—to wit: Brain Fever, Headache, Fits, inflamed Eyes, Ears and Nose Canker, Neuralgia, Erysipelas, Bronchitis, &c.

2—Cases where the unbalanced fluids affect the Chest and Abdomen—to wit: Pleurisy, Asthma, Inflamed Lungs and Liver, Colic, Heartburn, Coughs, Dyspepsia, Gravel, Gonorrhea, Venereal, &c.

3—Cases where the unbalanced fluids affect the Extremeties and Skin—to wit: Rheumatism Gout, Scrofula, Chicken and Small Pox, Salt Rheum, and all Itching and other Cutaneous Eruptions.

This Salt greatly alleviates the inflammatory pains peculiar to married ladies (before and at the time of confinement) and many Female Complaints; and is very efficacious in Fevers, Ague, Wounds, Nervous and Spinal affections, and any other forms of (mark this) *inflammatory disease*, attended with heat or febrile symptoms.

Persons who have a tendency of blood to the head and heart, and who lead inactive lives, or breathe the impure air of manufactories and the poisonous fumes of metals and minerals, or live in unhealthy climates are exposed to a peculiar *vitiation of the fluids of the body*, which one dose, without interfering with diet or business, *once in three months*, would invariably prevent. It is believed to afford protection against infectious diseases; and therefore, it is recommended to travellers, sailors and soldiers.

To protect the community from imposition by *counterfeits*, the proprietor will employ *no Agent*, and has made such arrangements that he can send the medicine in any quantity, by mail or express, to any part of the United States or foreign countries. Its prime cost to the discoverer is $1,50 per drachm—price $2 per drachm—and is put up up in drachm packages for acute disease (with directions, &c.) at $1; three drachms do., for chronic cases, $5; and 5 drachms do. for families, $8—a net profit of *fifty cents* on each package.

While many nostrum makers victimize the good-natured and pill-ridden public by ordering from six to a dozen boxes or bottles to cure any malady, no matter what, the undersigned is happy in being able to state that the severest forms of recent inflammatory disease are overcome by *one* acute package, and the most obstinate and long standing c