Huntingdon Journal.

WILLIAM BREWSTER, SAM. G. WHITTAKER. } EDITORS.

Wednesday Morning, Nov. 26, 1856.

"BLEEDING KANSAS."

Such is the mocking, sneering term applied by the Pro-Slavery, Border-Ruffian Press, both North and South, to suffering, chain-bound, ravished Kansas. They tell us the cry was got up by "Black Republicans" to carry the Presidential election! They assert in the face of fact, that Kansas outrages are "bugbears" manufactured to order and in "quantities to suit the occasion." Poor, miserable, naked hypocrisy! Have not these damning outrages, been proven to have been committed by the very men who uphold them as right—by the evidence of impartial witnesses—and by a Congressional Committee. And yet, with all this overwhelming proof—with the very death groans of men, women and innocent children striking on the ear, and the smoke and flames of their burning dwellings arising before their very eyes, there are men (!) to be found, who can calmly look on, and in a mocking, brutal manner, cry "Bleeding Kansas."

We have several times been shown letters from persons in Kansas to their friends in this county, corroborating all the statements made relative to the shocking condition of that territory, but refrained from making such letters public, from fear of bringing the ire of border ruffians upon the writers, by such accounts coming to their ears. But for the purpose of proving the fact we publish a short paragraph of a letter received on Saturday the 15th inst., from a brother now in Kansas:

———, November 1, 1856.

——— ——It is the richest and most productive soil I have ever seen, and the very spot of all God's beautiful earth that I would select as a freeman's home. And yet, boasting as we do of living in "the land of the free," and under a free government, which recognizes and secures freedom of thought, word and action—what is a freeman's privilege in Kansas? Why simply the only privilege we have, is *of holding our tongues*. As any one [illegible] simply says that slavery does not or should not exist in Kansas, he is a doomed man, and the terrible "ball and chain" his portion. Where I live, is the most quiet part of the territory, and yet even here is no security. Some two weeks ago, having occasion to go to Doniphan, it happened that in conversing there with several men I used *treasonable language*; that means I declared my intention of doing all in my power to prevent Kansas becoming a slave state; this was sufficient. Five days after a company of some seventy border ruffians were encamped near —— and fearing they might pay me a visit, I secreted myself, and remained hid three days. These Missourians are not unlike wolves: too cowardly to attack a man evenly, they prowl about in gangs, and overcome by numbers. My precaution was well-timed, as they did make a move to capture me but mistaking the "claim" carried off to their camp my nearest neighbor, an excellent old Norwegian. They afterwards released him, finding him to be the wrong man. I do not fear them; and shall defend myself as becomes a Pennsylvanian, &c., &c.

"Bleeding Kansas!" Shame on the heartless, soul-less wretch, who can find no other balm for a crushed and bleeding country than mockery; cursed be the inhuman heart that can mock at the sufferings and sneer at the bloody wounds of a helpless territory. The justice of an Omnipotent God will not slumber forever, and the out-stretched arm of Divine wrath will yet be seen and felt. The soul-less monsters who put out the eyes of human reason by their cry of "peace, peace; when there is no peace," shall yet reap the whirlwind of wrath of an insulted God and a crushed and ruined country.

A Few Facts.

We regard the large vote given to Fremont in New England as the very best evidence of the grandeur and magnitude of the Republican movement. In New England, New York and the enlightened Western States, Fremont has received large majorities, and if we come down to Pennsylvania we will find the most enlightened portions of our State have gone for Fremont, and the dark regions and the besotted cities have given majorities for Buchanan. There is a meaning in this, which it would be well for the Democracy to understand. We want but LIGHT, and the blackness of despotism will disappear for ever. Let the people of Pennsylvania but comprehend the diabolical designs of the slave power, and they will rise up and rebuke it as they did in Massachusetts, in New York, in Maine, in Vermont, in Ohio, in Michigan! The Shamocracy succeeded in pulling WOOL and COTTON over the eyes of their deluded followers here because of their ignorance, but when they see clearly the real purposes of the Black Power, they will crush the tyrants into the dust. When Pennsylvania becomes as enlightened as Massachusetts the reign of despotism is over.

SEEING THEIR FOLLY.

We publish in this number a letter, or rather as we should call it, a complaint from one of the Straight-Fillmorites. The facts given by our correspondent as to the votes of this State cannot be denied, for they are supported by figures. Undoubtedly if the Straights had acted like honest and sensible men, Buchanan would not have been elected, and the three candidates must have all gone into the house, on equal terms. Buchanan certainly owns his election to the Straights of Pennsylvania, But we have all along believed and yet believe that Sanderson of Philadelphia, and some of the other leaders of the Straights were in immediate combination and concert with Fillmore himself, who has been all the while the mere cat's paw and implement of Buchanan; though had Fillmore been able to perceive beforehand the issues of the election in the several States, we opine that he would have deserted Buchanan and instructed Sanderson and his other tools in Pennsylvania to go heartily into the Union Ticket. Had this been done, Buchanan would have been beaten in this State and in the Electoral College. The election must have gone to the House and no one can tell what might have happened there. If gratitude forms any part of Buchanan's nature, he would confer signal favors on the Pennsylvania Straights. No doubt he has made their leaders large promises; but to these promises the old adage of pie-crusts, may well be applied.

The poor rank and file of the Straights, are left to shift for themselves, without being made acquainted with the price for which they have been sold.

The Presbyterian Church on the Side of Freedom.

In 1787, the Synod of New York and Philadelphia, then the highest body in the Presbyterian Church, recommended, "in the warmest terms, to every member of their body, and to all the churches and families under their care, to do everthing in their power, consistent with the rights of civil society, *to promote the Abolition of Slavery*, and the instruction of negroes, whether bond or free."

Again, in 1818, the General Assembly took unanimous action on the merits of the Slavery question; and a resolution offered, that any person selling a Slave who should be a member of the church, should be debarred from the communion of the church, a long report was presented, written by the late venerable and distinguished Dr. Ashbel Greene, of Princeton, from which we extract the following conclusions:

"From this view of the consequences resulting from the practice into which Christian people have most inconsistently fallen, of enslaving a portion of their brethren of mankind—for God hath made of one blood all nations of men to dwell on the earth—it is manifestly the duty of all Christians who enjoy the light of the present day, when the inconsistency of Slavery, both with the dictates of humanity and religion has been demonstrated, to use their honest, earnest and unwearied endeavors to correct the errors of former times, and as speedily as possible to efface this blot on our holy religion, and to obtain the complete abolition of Slavery throughout Christendom, and, if possible, throughout the world.

"We rejoice that the church to which we belong commenced as early as others the good work of endeavoring to put an end to Slavery, and that in the same work many of its members have ever since been, and now are, among the most active, vigorous and efficient laborers."

This report was unanimously adopted, has never since been rescinded, and still remains as the recorded opinion of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church on the Slavery question,

Kansas.

Gov. Geary the United States army, and the Missouri militia have succeeded at length it appears, in establishing "order in Warsaw," after a fashion, by the law and order expediment. Everything on behalf of Kansas as a slave State works beautifully. The free State colonists have been, at a great extent, destroyed, or starved out; and under the benign dispensation of Mr. Pierce, his man Geary his Missouri code, his dragoons and the border volunteers; another Missouri pro-slavery Legislature has been elected, with Gen. Whitfield returned as their delegate to Congress. The next step will be a State Convention for Kansas framed by Missouri delegates under the protection of the United States troops; and the next, a bill by the next Congress for the admission into the Union of Kansas as a slave State by force of arms. The whole issue for the fourth of November now turns upon the man who is to sign or veto the bill.—All the rest is settled—fixed as fate.

Intelligent Voters.

In 18 counties of Southern Illinois, forming a large part of what is familiarly known as "Egypt"—the land of darkness—there are 11,186 males over 21 years of age who can neither read nor write. These counties give Buchanan over 10,000 majority. Of course. The ignorant and degraded are just the men to be made tools of by such demagogues as Douglas. It seems to us but natural and right that such fellows should vote the Democratic ticket. A party that thrives on passion and prejudice ought to succeed best where the people are the most ignorant. Take up the census of any State, and find any county in which there are large numbers of adults who can neither read or write, then turn to the election returns, and you will see in that county a large majority for Buchanan. The majority, too, will be found proportioned to the sum total of such voters.

The Banner County.

It was often asserted during the Presidential contest that in certain counties in Pennsylvania and New York the Republican party would almost entirely absorb all other parties. This was stoutly denied by the Buchanan and Fillmore men.—The election returns show that the absorption of the old Democratic party is greater than anticipated by the most zealous Fremont man. In Wilmot's district, composed of the counties of Bradford, Tioga and Susquehanna, heretofore strongly democratic, Fremont has a majority of upwards of 9,000! Crawford county, once Democratic by 1,000, gives Fremont 2,000 majority. In some other of the western counties in this State, the change is equally as great. In some counties in New York the revolution in politics is even greater than in Pennsylvania. Witness the following:

ST. LAWRENCE COUNTY.

Correspondence of the Even ing Journal.

OGDENSBURG, Nov. 10, 1856.

We have returns from 25 of the 28 towns of glorious old St. Lawrence county, and the result is as follows:

Fremont,	9,649	Buchanan,	1,170
Fillmore,			1,483

Fremont over Buchanan, 7,769; over Fillmore, 8,146: over both, 6,479. The two towns to hear from have about 230 votes. They will increase Fremont's majority 100. You see we are the banner county of the State. The town of Stockholm of this county, is the banner town of the banner county; and is also the banner town of the State, we opine. Her vote is: Fremont, 779; Buchanan, 24; Fillmore, 24. If not, on the next occasion we will vote all Republican. John Van Buren's mission here was of great value to us.

A DIRECT VOTE.

The time has manifestly arrived when the present mode of electing the Chief Magistrate of the Union should be so changed as to secure a more fair and explicit expression of the public sentiment. To this end the Constitution should be amended so as to give the election directly to the people, and then the majority would rule, as they should do. Under the present system a minority may elect, as is seen in the recent election, in which the States casting their votes against Mr. Buchanan gave probably not less than several hundred thousand majority for the majority for the other candidates, and yet by the system of choosing by States Mr. Buchanan is made President.

Each State has, in the electoral colleges, one vote for every Representative and Senator in Congress, by which method the lesser States cast as many Senatorial votes as the larger States. Delaware for example, with but one Representative, has 2 Senatorial votes, whilst New York, with 33 Representatives, has but two Senatorial votes, the same as Delaware. The unfairness of this system is too obvious to require elucidation. Other good reasons might be given in favor of popular suffrage—whereby a candidate receiving the highest number of votes should be elected—but we shall let these suffice for the present and will only add that we hope Congress may take action on this subject at an early day, and that State Legislatures will sustain, by resolves, such of the National Senators and Representatives as may move in the matter.

Massachusetts.

Every man of sense and information in the civilized world will say the Commonwealth of Massachusetts is the most perfect specimen of Republican civilization. Massachusetts comes tolerably near realizing the dreams and hopes of John Milton, Algernon Sidney and Thomas Jefferson. Massachusetts, is, by universal consent, absolutely unequalled for her universal intelligence, theoretical and active Democracy and general virtue. Massachusetts furnishes a principal part of the brains, books, teachers, poets, historians, orators, savans, inventors, thinkers, preachers, philanthropists, missionaries, great minds, and great men of this whole country. The abuse of Massachusetts by such fellows as Brooks, (Preston S.) Forney & Co., is like the yelping of fiste curs at the bright stars. She was loved by Edmund Burke, in earlier days, and she is admired and revered by every good and true man now. Massachusetts is so overwhelmingly Republican, that Buchanan is hardly a spot on the sun's face. It looks as if Charles Sumner will be unanimously re-elected to that seat in the Senate which he fills so splendidly and virtuously.

A Free Soil Stratum.

The Northern tier of counties in Pennsylvania all gave majorities for the Union ticket. Erie gives 2572, Warren 850, M'Kean 293, Tioga 3152, Bradford 4655, Susquehanna 1323, Wayne 89, and Potter 601. Here is an aggregate of 13,535 majority against Buchanan in this range of counties. Taking in Crawford county, which really formed part of what was formerly the Connecticut Reserve, the aggregate would be 15,508. The southern tier of counties in New York State, go for Fremont in the same style as our northern tiers including a majority for every county from the Cattskill to Lake Erie.

☞ The vote for President at the Five Points, New York, stood:

Buchanan,	510
Fremont,	17
Fillmore,	12

THE RESULTS—THE FUTURE.

There is now no doubt of the election of James Buchanan to the Presidency. The result is a sore disappointment to the friends of freedom; but it should not and will not dishearten them. To them it is not a defeat, but a victory, for it gives assurance of an ultimate triumph which is only postponed. They have condemned the iniquities of the Slave-Democracy by heavy majorities in all but three of the Northern States, and have only failed of *executing* the sentence, by the interposition of a third party. The election of Buchanan could never have been accomplished by his own adherents. He owes his success to Fillmoreism in Pennsylvania.

Look at the result in Illinois, the home of Douglas! Look at the result in Michigan, the home of Cass!—at the result in New Hampshire, the home of Pierce!—at the result in New York, the home of Fillmore! These are among the substantial triumphs of the Republicans—an earnest of what is in store in the future, for *all* the enemies of freedom!

Never was a contest more gallantly fought, against stronger odds. Republicanism is still but an infant Hercules; scarcely two years of age. Another four years and in the maturity of vigorous manhood, it will cleanse the Augean stables, as did its prototype, with scarcely an effort.

In the vote of Massachusetts, of Maine and New York, and of all the New England States representing the extreme Eastern section of the confederacy; in the vote of Iowa, Illinois and Wisconsin on the West, and of Ohio and Michigan in the great central region, the condemnation of more than one half of the nation, is recorded against the sectional policy of the Slave Democracy. Nothing but concealment and evasion of the true issue by the Buchanan leaders in the North and the Fillmore diversion in Pennsylvania and Indiana prevented that condemnation from being universal and final. More than half of the votes cast for Mr. Buchanan in the Northern States were given in the belief that he would reverse the policy of Mr. Pierce, and that Kansas would be admitted into the Union as a free State. The future will show how utterly false are such hopes—and then will come the triumph of truth and freedom! Those who have been deceived now, will not again listen to the voice of the tempter.

The Republican party has entered upon a glorious career, whose first repulse has only nerved it for future triumphs. It is based upon indestructible principles—*Freedom, Justice* and *Truth*. It is supported by the intelligence, the religion and the true conservative patriotism of the land. It is fortified by the teachings of the patriots who achieved our National Independence and framed our Constitution, It has attained a more rapid, and more vigorous growth than any former party since the organization of the government, and combines within itself more substantial and enduring elements of strength than any political combination since the day when Patrick Henry proclaimed the immortal sentiment, which would now be treason in Virginia, "Give me Liberty or give me Death!" It is not only the party of Freedom, but of Progress; and until its object is accomplished, its permanency is as well assured as the imperishability of the principles upon which it is based.

Its nominal defeat in the contest just closed, will, as we have said at the outset, prove an ultimate victory. Even James Buchanan subservient and truckling as he has always been, dares not entirely disregard the thunder toned protest of an overwhelming majority of the Northern people. The Fillmore faction has by its own act been crushed by the pillars of political Dagon, which with suicidal hand it has pulled down upon its own head, Fillmore is dead, *dead*—and buried in an ignominious grave, beyond the hope of resurrection. Thus every obstacle to the unobstructed triumph of Republicanism in the next national contest is removed. Third partyism has died the usual death of the traitor and the spy, riddled with the bullets of the contending armies of Slavery and Freedom.

The two remain masters of the field—the one of the North, the other of the South. Let Republicans, therefore, rejoice at the noble results they *have* achieved, rather than mourn over those they have failed to accomplish. In future contests, they will have but one enemy—instead of two—to combat, and their remaining foe will then no longer be able to fight from its ambush of false professions, and false issues. Mr. Buchanan will be compelled to carry on the pro-Slavery war opened by Pierce, and there will then be no room to doubt under which banner his forces are marshalled, that of freedom or slavery. The people of the North will never again rally to the support of the latter. It has won, after a hard contest, its last meagre victory.

MR. FOWLER IN PHILADELPHIA.—A course of scientific and popular Lectures on Phrenology and Physiology is announced by Mr. Fowler of New York, to be given in Philadelphia, commencing early in December. All who are interested will find the present opportunity most favorable to obtain full and accurate information on these interesting and important subjects. Mr. Fowler stands at the head of his profession, and will instruct and interest his hearers.

The Thirty-Fifth Congress of the United States.

The next Congress will contain a Democratic majority in both branches. It will date its existence on the 4th of March 1857, when the new President will enter upon the duties of his office. The Senate, when full, comprises sixty-two members, or two from each of the thirty-one States. The recapitulations is as follows:

Democrats,	34
Opposition,	25
Vacancies and doubtful,	3
Total,	62

The House consists of 234 members in all, and thus far the opposition majority is 24. There are 84 yet to be elected or ascertained, including the two who were elected in California on the 4th inst. The results to the present time are as follows:

Democrats,	63
Opposition,	87

The chances are, that at least 49 more Democrats will be elected, or will be heard from, while the Journal of Commerce gives 23 more, as likely to act with that party. This however, is yet to be ascertained. That paper makes this recapitulation:

Democrats in the above list,	63
Democrats in States yet to elect or heard from	49
Southern Know-Nothings, including two in Missouri, embraced in the above list,	28
Total conservative members,	140
All other members,	94
Conservative majority in a full House,	46

It should be remembered, however, that the Journal is a Buchanan print, and it speaks of the Democrats as "Conservatives"—a singular misnomer!

All but Pennsylvania and Indiana have gone over to the Abolitionists of the North—and Pennsylvania and Indiana were only saved from thus going by the resolute action in those States of the friends of Mr. Fillmore, New Jersey goes for Buchanan only because of the like resolute action of Mr. Fillmore's friends. But for the American party Abolitionism would have swept every Northern State, and elected a 'sectional and geographical' President.—*N. Y. Express.*

This is a confession which should receive the attention of the American party, What we charged before the election is here boastfully admitted, that Fillmore was only kept in the field to secure the election of the Democratic Pro-Slavery candidate for the Presidency.

☞ Among the counties in this State deserving special mention and commendation, Somerset is not the least. The Buchaniers confidently counted on a majority there. Wm. B. Reed was imported from Philadelphia to win over its old-line Whigs; Balaam Black was let loose upon it to take it by storm; Judge Black and Judge Kimmel prophesied wondrous things concerning it; and yet in the face of all the efforts to change it, it has given 1100 majority against Buchanan. Her sturdy yeomanry could not be won from their old allegiance. Her gallantry in the well contested fight challenges our admiration.

☞ The other day we dropped in Prettyman's Ambrotype and Daguerreotype Gallery, up stairs in the Station House, and were shown some of the neatest and best executed pictures we have ever seen. They cannot be beat.—We would suggest to all our friends that if they want a superb likeness, now is the time, for Prettyman can do it better, cheaper and quicker than any other man. And that's so too.

Married,

White.—Mountain.—In this borough on Thursday, the 20th inst., by Rev. R. Fletcher, Mr. Nathan White to Miss Mary J. Mountain; all of Hunt. co.

Musselman.—Fleck.—On the 19th inst., by the Rev. P. M. Rightmyer, Mr. Daniel Musselman to Miss Eliza C. Fleck, both of Sinking Valley.

Speck.—Brennaman.—On the 20th inst, by the same, Mr. William Speck of Hunt. co., to Miss Jane Brennaman of Raystown Branch.

Hollidays burg papers please copy.

Teacher's Institute.

The teachers and friends of education throughout the county are hereby notified that the next annual meeting of the Huntingdon County Teacher's Institute, will be held in Huntingdon on Wednesday the 22d of December, 1856, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

By order of the Board of Managers
R. McDIVITT, Sec.

Huntingdon Nov. 24 1856.

Prof. DeGrath's Great Electric Oil.

DEAFNESS CURED.

NEW HAVEN, May 19th, 1856.

Prof. DeGrath—My brother has been deaf three years. After trying many things, he used your Oil a few times and it cured him entirely.
CLIFFORD R. SCRANTON.

Ask Mr. Scranton, who *afterwards* bought $50 worth to sell. My *Electric Oil* removes all pain at once, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, &c.

Afflicted 13 years and Cured in one week! Read letter from Rev. James Temple:

PHILADA., June 9th, 1856.

Prof. DeGrath—I have been afflicted 13 years with Neuralgia and other very painful complaints, and I have been unable to sleep soundly or walk any distance for many years past. Last week I got a bottle of your "Electric Oil." The first night I slept soundly and well, and to-day I am like a new man. My wife could not believe her eyes. Your Electric Oil has done in one week what the physician of Philadelphia failed to do in 13 years.

Gratefully, yours, REV. JAMES TEMPLE.

310 South st.

Call and see other certificates and names of thousands I have cured for three years past.—The public for safety, must not believe impostors and imitators of my oil. My Depot is at the same old place 39, South Eighth street, and not removed, as a base scamp advertised, who is afraid to publish his real name.

I refer to 3,000 Philadelphians who have used my Oil—and all *real Electric Oil* ever sold has my name blown in every bottle. All others are cheats. All orders must be addressed to PROF. CHAS. DEGRATH,
Philadelphia.

John Read Agent, Huntingdon.
Nov. 26, 1856—3m.

DR. D. R. GOOD,

Having located in Petersburg, Huntingdon co., Pa., respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of that place, and surrounding country.

November 19, 1856.-m.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

M. GRAFF. T. R. GRAFF

GRAFF & CO.
WESTERN FOUNDRY,
No. 124 Wood Street,
PITTSBURG, PA.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Cooking Stoves, Coal and Wood Stoves, Parlor Stoves, Box Stoves, Hollow Ware, Plain and Fancy Grates & Fenders, Sad and Dog Irons, Portable Forges, Sugar, Tea and Stove Kettles, Wagon Boxes, &c.

Nov. 26, 1856.-1y.*

Commissioners' Sale.

The following tracts of land will be exposed to public sale by the Commissioners of Hunt. County, on Tuesday, the 13th of January, 1857, according to the several acts of Assembly in such case made and provided, viz:

Walker Township.

John Carson, 446 Acres.

Franklin Township.

Mary Jorden, 60 Acres.

Springfield Township.

Stacey Young, 414 Acres.

By Order of Commissioners.
HENRY W. MILLER, Clerk.
Nov.26,'56.-6t.

[*Estate of Nancy Neff, dec'd.*]

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon County, to distribute the balance in the hands of Jacob Herncame, Executor of the last will and testament of Nancy Neff, late of West township, dec'd, in discharge of Trust for selling real estate of said deceased, and also to distribute the balance in the hands of said Executor in the administration of the personal estate of said deceased, hereby gives notice to all persons interested that he will attend to the duties of his appointment at the office of Messrs. Scott & Brown, in the borough of Huntingdon, on *Saturday, the 27th day of December next*, at 3 o'clock, p. m., when and where all persons must present their claims to the undersigned auditor, or be debarred from coming in upon said fund.

THEO. H. CREMER, Auditor.
Hunt., Nov26,'56.-4t.

[*Estate of John Bradley, dec'd.*]

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon County to distribute the balance in the hands of Jonas J. Reed and Thomas G. Stapleton, administrators of John Bradley, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will attend to the duties of his appointment at the office of Messrs. Scott & Brown, in the borough of Huntingdon, on *Saturday, the 27th day of December next*, at 2 o'clock, p. m., when and where all persons interested must present their claims before the undersigned auditor, or be debarred from coming in upon said fund. THEO. H. CREMER,
Hunt., Nov.26,'56.-4t. Auditor.

STRAY HORSE.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber about the 10th day of October, a Gray Horse, said to be about 20 years of age, having a halter on. The horse is a little sprung in the knees. The owner will please come forward prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be disposed of according to law. ABM. CRAIN.

Franklin tp., Nov.26,'56.-4t.*

ASSESSORS, TAKE NOTICE

You are required to make immediate return to the Commissioners' Office, of the two lists of taxable inhabitants in your township, with the occupation of each person, required of you by the circular you lately received. The law is imperative, and a failure to comply may involve you in a penalty of one hundred dollars. The return must be made by Saturday the 29th inst.

By order of Commissioners,
HENRY W. MILLER, Clerk.
Nov.26'56.

[Real Estate of Dawson C. Smawley, Dec'd.]

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon County, will be exposed to sale by way of public vendue or outcry, on the premises on

Tuesday, 23d of December next,

a tract of land situate in Shirley township, Huntingdon county, bounded by Juniata river on the east and north-east; by land of Swisheart heirs on the north; by Aughwick Creek on the north-west; by lands of James M. Bell, on the south, and by lands of Bell's heirs and Oliver Etnier on the south-east, containing about two hundred and forty-four (244) acres, more or less; about one hundred acres of which are cleared and under cultivation; having thereon erected a two story dwelling house, with stone kitchen attached. A stone bank barn, stone spring house, stone tenant house, &c. Also on said premises is an Iron Ore Bank, &c., &c.

TERMS OF SALE:

One-third the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, and the residue in two equal annual payments, with interest, to be secured by the Bonds and Mortgages of the purchaser. By the Court,

HENRY GLAZIER, *Clerk.*

N. B.—Any person wishing to view the premises can do so by calling on Mr. Geo. Smith, the present occupant. Those desirous of further information can call with the undersigned residing in the borough of Shirleysburg, and who will give due attendance on the day of sale.

HENRY BREWSTER,
Administrator of Dawson C. Smawley, dec'd.

Shirleysburg, Nov. 19th, '56.-3t. *Admr.*

Lewistown Gazette, York Republican, and Lancaster Whig, publish until sale, and send bill to this office.

[Real Estate of Samuel Williamson, Dec'd.]

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, will be exposed to sale by way of public vendue or outcry, on the premises, on

Thursday, 18th of December next,

a tract of land situate in Shirley township, Huntingdon county, bounded by land of Rev. B. E. Collins on the south; by lands of James Clark and Abm. L. Funk on the east; by land of Grabill Myers on the north, and by Chesnut Ridge on the west; containing about one hundred and thirty acres, more or less; about seventy acres of which are cleared and under fence. Having thereon erected a two story log dwelling house, log barn, &c.

TERMS OF SALE:

One-third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, and the residue in two equal annual payments, with interest, to be secured by the bonds and mortgages of the purchaser. By the Court.

HENRY GLAZIER, *Clerk.*

Any person desirous of further particulars, can be informed by calling with the undersigned residing in Shirleysburg, and who will give due attendance on day of sale.

HENRY BREWSTER,
Administrator of Samuel Williamson, dec'd.

Shirleysburg, Nov. 19, 1856.-3t.

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

ORPHANS' COURT SALES,

In pursuance of orders of the Orphans Court of the county of Huntingdon, the tracts of land &c., hereinafter described, situate in said county, and near the borough of Huntingdon, will be exposed to public sale on the premises on Friday the 19th day of December next, as the property of John Ker, late of said county, dec'd., by his administrator, to wit:

1. All that tract marked (A) in the Diagram annexed to the Return of the Inquest, containing 237 acres and 130 perches—it being the "Mansion Farm" of said deceased. About one-half of this tract is cleared and under cultivation about 40 acres of which is meadow. Running water for Cattle &c may be readily introduced into almost every field upon this farm. There are upon it a two story frame dwelling House, a large brick barn and other buildings also a good apple Orchard.

2. All that Tract marked (C) in said Diagram containing 237 acres and 68 perches and called the "Moore Farm." Somewhat more than half of this Tract is cleared and under cultivation a fair proportion of which is meadow—On account of the nearness of these two farms to the borough of Huntingdon and the large quantity of meadow upon each they would be well suited for grazing or Stock farms.

3. All that Tract marked (D) in said Diagram containing 185 acres 132 perches about the one-half of this Tract is cleared and under cultivation and has thereon erected two tenant houses.

4. All that tract marked (E) in said Diagram containing 214 acres 87 perches; about 100 acres of this tract are cleared and under cultivation No buildings thereon.

5. All that tract marked (G) in said Diagram containing 119 acres. Woodland.

6. All that tract marked (K) in said Diagram containing 87 acres 131 perches. Woodland.

7. All that tract marked (L) in said Diagram, containing 148 acres, 83 perches. Woodland.

8. All that tract marked (M) in said Diagram containing 117 acres, 147 perches. Woodland.

9. A lot of ground in the village of Smithfield, marked (N) in said Diagram. Upon this lot there is erected a two story log house.

10. A lot of ground in the village of Smithfield, marked (O) in said Diagram, and having thereon erected a small log stable.

11. The one undivided fourth part of five adjoining tracts of land, situate in Henderson & Porter townships, containing together about seven hundred acres, be the same more or less. Upon these tracts or within their boundaries, there is a large amount of water power, for any kind of works; inexhaustable quaries of limestone and other stone, for building. A dwelling house and other buildings have been erected thereon. Upon these tracts there is also a large amount of valuable timber.

12. An undivided interest in Milnwood Academy, in Dublin township, the extent of which interest will be made known upon the day of sale.

All these lands excepting the last mentioned, lie within a short distance of the borough of Huntingdon.

TERMS OF SALE.

One third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of the sale,—one-third thereof, within one year thereafter with the interest;—the remaining one-third at and immediately after the decease of Mary C. Ker, widow of said deceased. The purchaser paying to the said widow, annually and regularly, during her natural life, the legal interest of the said one-third part, to be secured by the bonds and mortgages of the purchasers respectively. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock of said day.

HENRY M. KER,
Huntingdon, Nov. 19, 1856.-3t. TRUSTEE.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon County, I will offer at public sale on the premises on

FRIDAY, 12th of December, 1856,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following described real estate, late of David Graham, dec'd., viz:

One tract situate in Dublin township, Huntingdon county, adjoining land of William Mills, land of the heirs of John Appleby, dec'd., and the tract hereinafter mentioned, containing

79 ACRES, 113 PERCHES,

and allowance, be it more or less, having thereon a log house, log barn, orchard, &c.; about one half of this tract is cleared and cultivated.

Another tract situate in the same township, adjoining that above mentioned, lands of Joseph Nelson, and Dr. J. A. Shade, containing

Fifty-Five Acres,

and allowance, more or less, having thereon a log house, log barn, some out buildings, and a variety of choice fruit trees. At least three-fourths of this tract is cleared and cultivated.

TERMS OF SALE:—One third of the purchase money upon confirmation of sale, the residue in two equal annual payments, with interest to be secured by bonds and mortgage.

DANIEL TEAGUE,
Adm'r., *de bonis non*, of D. Graham, dec'd.
Nov.19,'56.-3t.

VALUABLE

FARM FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offers at private sale, his farm in West township, Huntingdon county, 5 miles from Huntingdon borough, containing about 200 acres, 100 of which is cleared and in a good state of cultivation; 30 acres excellent bottom land and the most of it in timothy; the remainder of the 100 acres is well timbered with white pine, oak and hickory, and is within half a mile of a saw mile. The improvements consist of a two story log house, a large bank barn, and other necessary out-buildings. A never-failing spring of excellent water convenient to the house. Also a good apple orchard of fall and winter fruit. The land is patented and an undisputed title will be given. Any further information desired, will be given by the subscriber.

ADOLPHUS P. WHITE.
November 19, 1856.-3t.*

Orphans' Court Sale.

By virtue of an order of Orphans' Court the undersigned will expose to public sale on the premises, late of the estate of Thomas Enyeart, Esq., dec'd., on Saturday, the 20th day of December next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., all that certain parcel and

Tract of Land

(part of the mansion farm) situate in Penn tp., Huntingdon county, adjoining lands of Jacob and Andrew Grove, and others, containing 61 acres, and 102 perches, nett measure, about 45 acres cleared. The lands are all the best river bottom on Raystown Branch, and would suit any one wanting a small farm. About one mile from station of Huntingdon & Broad Top Railroad.

TERMS:—One-half of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, and the balance in one year with interest, to be secured by the bond and mortgage of purchaser.

JAMES E. GLASGOW,
DAVID H. CAMPBELL,
November 19, 1856.-3t. ADM'RS.

BELL HANGING.

The subscriber offers his services to the citizens of Huntingdon, as a Bell-hanger. I will furnish all the material and complete the job of putting up door bells at private residences, hotels, &c., for $5 each. Repairing also done.

Orders left at the office of the Huntingdon Journal, will be promptly attended to by

Nov. 19, 1856.-1t. ANDREW CROSS.