

Huntingdon Journal.



WILLIAM BREWSTER, EDITORS. AM. G. WHITTAKER.

Wednesday Morning, August 20, 1856.

Forever front that standard shod. Where breathes the foe but falls before us. With Freedom's soil beneath our feet, And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us!

FOR PRESIDENT, JOHN C. FREMONT, OF CALIFORNIA.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT, WM. L. DAYTON, OF NEW JERSEY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER, THOMAS E. COCHRAN, OF YORK COUNTY.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL, DARWIN PHELPS, OF ARMYSTRONG COUNTY.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL, BARTHOLOMEW LAPORTE, OF BRADFORD COUNTY.

FREMONT AMERICAN REPUBLICAN COUNTY COMMITTEE.

- Isaac Neff, John A. Hall, John Laport, Wm. Brewster, David Stever, Joseph Curfman, Henry Hudson, Isaac Taylor, Jonathan McWilliams, Samuel Thompson, John A. Doyle, S. L. Glasgow, Henry Robinson, Wm. Wigton, Abraham Renner, Dr. J. A. Shade, J. W. Marten, Aaron Eves, Alexander Ewing, Daniel Teague, John Long, Jr., David Mountain, Samuel Gregory, Wm. Rothrock, James Morrow, Peter Swooper, E. B. Wilson, Ralph Crostley, Robert Baird, Charles Mickle, S. Wigton, John G. Grassius, Wm. M. Lloyd, Peter Shaver, Jr., Robert R. Andrews, Benjamin F. Glasgow, Daniel Neff, Sen., Lorenzo Tate, John N. Blair, John Barn, Isaac Smith, Wm. Smith, George Wilson, S. Miles Green, Andrew Myton, John Baker.

DELEGATE MEETING.

The delegate meetings will be held in the different places of holding the same on Saturday the 30th day of August.

COUNTY CONVENTION.

The County Convention will be held in this borough, at 2 o'clock P.M., of Tuesday, the 2d day of September.

CALL FOR A REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

At a meeting of the members of the Republican County Committee, held in Huntingdon on 12th August 1856, in pursuance of the published call, to take into consideration the action of the American County Convention of the previous day, and to decide whether the course of that Convention is such as to entitle it to receive the support of the friends of Fremont and Free Kansas, at the October election, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, Notwithstanding the declaration made at the former meeting of this Committee, that it was not the design nor the wish of the friends of free Kansas and Fremont in our county to build up an exclusive party at the expense of distracting and dividing the forces of the opposition to Buchanan, unless forced to that course by the friends of Mr. Fillmore; accompanied by the humble request that in its deliberations the American Convention should pursue a conciliatory course and agreeably to the call published for the election of delegates to that Convention addressed to "all the opposition of the present National Administration," should not admit readily to precede any individual belonging to that "opposition" from taking part either in the delegate elections or in the action of the Convention, by reason of any difference of opinion existing amongst us on the great national question; it appears that an entire different course than we asked for and had a right to expect, was pursued by the American party, and not only were the friends of Mr. Fremont excluded from participating in the election of delegates in the several districts where Mr. Fillmore's friends seemed to be in the majority, but where delegates were elected by Fremont men, and they were known to be such, they were ejected from the Convention, and the declaration openly made and carried out, that no candidate should be put on nomination by the Convention unless pledged to support Mr. Fillmore. Not content with this gross and open insult to a large portion of the citizens of the county, who were willing to act as heretofore with the State election, the adherents of Mr. Fillmore, in their desperation over the waning cause of their candidate, on the adjournment of their Convention, to show their feelings in reference to free speech and free discussion, even carried out opposition so far as to interrupt and disturb the peaceable meeting of our friends assembled in the public square by previous notice, by endeavoring to drown the voices of our speakers in boisterous shouting and music from a hired band. Truly was it well said "That whom the gods wish to destroy they first make mad."

We held the olive branch out to them, and almost too humbly asked for a conciliating feeling in reference to the fusion on the national question, and no other course now remains, but to organize in every township in the county and form a distinct and separate party, and form a ticket to be supported by the friends of free Kansas, free speech and Fremont.

Therefore be it resolved, That our friends be requested to meet in their several townships and districts, at the usual places of electing delegates and at the usual hour on Saturday, the 30th day of August inst, and elect two delegates each, who will meet at the Court House, in the borough of Huntingdon, on Tuesday the 2d day of September next, and proceed to form a county ticket composed of our friends to be supported at our next October election, and elect Senatorial and Congressional conferees to meet the Republican Conferees of Blair and Cambria counties at Altoona and Johnstown, at such time as may be hereafter fixed on, to nominate a Senator and Member of Congress, and do such other things as may be required.

Resolved, That we earnestly request the friends of our cause in Blair and Cambria counties to have Senatorial Conferees appointed in their respective counties, on or before the meeting of our Convention, that no delay may be had in forming a ticket.

Resolved, That in starting out with a new and distinct Republican organization, it is necessary that our ticket should be formed of the best of material, and our friends are requested to select their best men as delegates.

Resolved, That it is the duty of the friends of our cause to organize clubs in the different townships and boroughs in the county, whose duty it shall be to distribute proper information amongst the people and see that every friend of free Kansas attends the polls in October and November, armed with the proper ballot.

Signed by the Committee, and two hundred citizens of the county.

We omit the names for want of room.

SIGNS, PORTENTOUS SIGNS.

THE RECENT ELECTIONS.

Elections have been held this month in Kentucky, Missouri, Arkansas, North Carolina, Alabama and Iowa. The following is the result: KENTUCKY.—We have returns from sixty-nine counties of the State, and they show a Democratic gain of about 10,000. The remaining counties will show additional gains for the same party. Last year the Americans carried the State by 4,500 majority. MISSOURI.—In this State three candidates were run for Governor—Benton, anti-Benton, and American. The contest was between the two latter, and Polk, the anti-Benton Democrat is elected. F. P. Blair, Jr., Republican, has been elected to Congress from the St. Louis district. The Democrats have a majority of the other offices.

ARKANSAS.—The Democrats have carried this State by 5000 majority, and both Congressmen.

NORTH CAROLINA.—There is a Democratic majority of 8000 for Governor, and the Legislature is also strongly the same way. This gain is about 6000 from the last year.

ALABAMA.—The returns received indicate that this State has gone largely Democratic.

IOWA.—The Republican majority will reach 8000. Every county going for the Republicans but one. All the Congressmen and members of the Legislature are Republicans.

Before the election, the Fillmore men confidently claimed that they would carry Kentucky, Arkansas, North Carolina, and perhaps Alabama. In each of them they have been routed "horse, foot and dragons," and we cannot see where they have a foothold left to stand upon. In this faith they appealed to the voters of the North to stand by their candidate, and hundreds of them did so in the belief of the representations thus made. The result is now before them, and instead of success, they have been overwhelmed by a crushing defeat. There is no use shutting our eyes to this thing. The fact is, Mr. Fillmore is no where as a candidate, and his continuance in the field can only injure to the benefit of Buchanan. Thousands of voters regard his position in this light, and as their first purpose is to defeat Buchanan, they will rally to the standard of FREE KANSAS and FREMONT. Every day witnesses such accessions as these, and before the election day comes round we will see a universal popular sentiment going up from the whole North in support of the People's Candidates, and in condemnation of the aggressive policy of the Slave Power of the country. The contest in the nation is between Freedom and Slavery, as represented by Fremont and Buchanan, and the voters of the country must choose between the two. There is no neutral ground in the contest—no half-way house where the timid may take their ease and temporize upon the subject. We want MEN and we want ACTION.—Men who have warm blood in their veins, and such Action as will lead to results. Be wise in time and heed the portentous signs that are before us.

FIRST GUN FOR FREEDOM.

HUZZA FOR IOWA!

The little State of Iowa held her elections for members of Congress and Legislature, on the 5th inst. In 1852, General Pierce had the electoral vote of the State over General Scott, by something like a thousand majority. Now the tables are turned—the flood has broken loose, and the administration party are swept away completely. The majority for the Republicans in the State will be near 8000! Iowa elects but two members of Congress,—this is equal to fifty thousand majority in Pennsylvania!

The State of Iowa adjoins Nebraska Territory, and is the nearest free State to Kansas. Buchanan men have claimed the states nearer to "Kansas outrages." If this be true, the advocates of Slavery Extension and "Missouri Sovereignty," will make but a poor show in Pennsylvania and New England.

"How brightly breaks the Morn."

FREMONT.

We have received many lists of names, from different parts of the county, approving of the call for a Republican county convention. We have only room to give a few.

From Cass township, a call with 40 names attached.

From Cromwell, a call with 30 names headed by R. B. Wigton, Daniel Teague, J. E. Thompson, T. Anderson, F. Herman, &c.

From Mt. Union, 20, headed by John Baker, J. A. Doyle, P. S. Shaver, Wm. Morrison, &c.

Shade Gap, 15 names, headed by B. X. Blair, Dr. Shade, F. Todhunter, Rev. W. H. Woods, G. Rouse, James Shoop, D. Jeffries, &c.

Shirley, 35 names, headed by P. Myers, S. L. Glasgow, John Brewster, John Lutz, &c.

A Fremont club has been formed in Cassville, Shirleyburg, &c.

Communication.

We have received a copy of a very excellent address delivered on the occasion of a Sabbath School celebration on the 7th inst., at Blair's Mills, Tell, by Col. Geo. Noss. We are sorry that our space will not permit us to publish it at present. The communication accompanying it shall appear in our next.

MASS MEETING, Of the Friends of FREMONT & DAYTON.

Our flag was there!—the starry flag Our stout forefathers gave, O'er Freedom's home—Free soil—Free men, In triumph long to wave.

One of the largest and most enthusiastic meetings ever held in Huntingdon, convened in the public square on Tuesday, the 12th inst. The meeting organized by the appointment of Judge McWilliams as President, and Dr. John Shade, B. X. Blair, Alex. Steel, Wm. E. McMurtrie, Major James Steel, John Laport, Gen. S. Miles Green, S. L. Glasgow, Vice Presidents and John Mattern, J. A. Hall, and E. Wilson, Secretaries.

John G. Miles, Esq., being loudly called for mounted the stand and delivered a telling address. He said it was now for us to say whether our country should stand or we should drift away without chart or compass. The Fremont party presented a platform that no exceptions could be taken by any northern men. He was greeted with great applause, and on concluding introduced Gov. Thomas Ford of Ohio, who was greeted with three hearty cheers.

Gov. Ford, made an eloquent speech. He denied that the Republican party was sectional or attempted to abolish slavery where it now exists. He wanted to stop the hole up, and confine the "peculiar institution," to its present limits. He denied the allegation that John C. Fremont was a Catholic. He said the talk of secession was all nonsense, for in the event of the election of Mr. Fremont, he would do as General Jackson had done, put his foot down and say you shall not secede.

Gov. Ford was so frequently interrupted by a procession of Americans, with a Brass Band, that he was compelled to close his remarks, being unable to have his voice heard.

Il. McAllister, Esq., of Centre Co., next followed; he told those before him they had an equal right to migrate to Kansas with any other man in the country, but could they do so if the blighting curse of slavery existed there? The poor Northern man must go to the West and take up a quarter section of land, but the Southern could go and take up his 1000 acres, and feed his negroes on corn, which the Pennsylvania would starve on.

Mr. McAllister's address was listened to with great attention, and elicited great applause.

Alex. King, Esq., of Bedford, next spoke, he endorsed all that had been said, and concluded by proposing three cheers for FREMONT & DAYTON, which were given with the "spirit and understanding," and made the enemies of Free Speech, Free Press and Free Kansas "shake in their boots."

Mr. Hall, from the Committee, then offered the following preamble and resolutions which were rapturously received and unanimously adopted by the vast assemblage, after which the meeting adjourned:

WHEREAS, Negro Slavery, an anomaly in our system of free government, a reproach on our professed principles of "liberty and equality" to a people, and a foul stain on our otherwise glorious civil and religious institutions, has of late years become a peculiar and alarming source of political power and corruption; and whereas this power, always insidious, has become insolent and arrogant, and is no longer satisfied with the pecuniary enjoyment of the slave states, but seeks unlimited extension over the free states, thus trampling on every past compromise of national legislation on the subject, violating the plain letter of the Declaration of Independence and the obvious spirit of the Constitution; and whereas the most sacred rights of free labor; despising the solemn teachings of Washington, Jefferson, Franklin, Hamilton, Madison, and our early patriots; and defying the combined exertion and loathing of the whole civilized world; and whereas one of the great political parties of the country, yielding its patriotism to a love of public plunder, is freely lending the prestige of its much abused name and the power of its aristocratic organization to crush liberty and enslave slavery; and whereas another party, religiously organized to oppose oppression civil and religious, has been bullied from its proper position and betrayed into the ranks of the oppressor; and whereas a large portion of the Christian Church has ignorantly "bowed the knee to the dark spirit of slavery," transforming its ministers, one by one, into evil-doers, into "dumb dogs" who dare not open their mouths against the most daring "wickedness in high places." Therefore

Resolved, That a crisis has arisen in the politics of our country which should arrest the serious attention, and call forth the most determined ACTION of every patriot and freeman in the land.

Resolved, That the great issue now before the American people—the question which absorbs all other questions, is—shall slavery or freedom triumph in the coming presidential election? Shall the fair plains of KANSAS, and the millions of acres once destined to freedom by solemn compact, be ruthlessly torn from the WHITE LABORERS of the North and West, and covered with the curse of Negro bondage? Shall our kindred and brethren of the present generation and our posterity hereafter, be permitted to plant in the western wilderness, the Church and School, and other appliances of christian civilization, to enjoy a virtuous life and rear virtuous offspring under the genial light of free thought, free speech, free labor, and free institutions, or shall they be surrounded by the blighting moral and social curse, and blasted by the burning shame of ignorance and serfdom? Shall we, our sons, our wives and our daughters labor side by side with our retards, or shall we and they be compelled to compete with the unpaid, untaught, uneducated and degraded bondman? This is the question. Let freemen answer.

Resolved, That every feeling of humanity, every sentiment of religion, and every instinct of self preservation, prompts and impels us to oppose the extension of human bondage and to strike for freedom while freedom yet has hope.

Resolved, That we hold slavery to be sectional and freedom national; that we seek no interference with the "institution" where it is; but that we will resist with all the energies of our nature and all the talents which God has given us, its tyrannical aggressions upon the unpolished soil of our free territories—the blood-bought birthright of freemen!

Resolved, That in this righteous contest for LIBERTY, our chosen leaders are JOHN C. FREMONT, of California, and WILLIAM L. DAYTON, of New Jersey, patriots true and tried, statesmen who have never bowed the knee to the tyrannical Oligarchy of the South, freemen who have no sympathy with the "border ruffians" of Missouri and Washington, or their supporters or apologists of any name, party or creed.

Resolved, That the friends of freedom in the several election districts of Huntingdon county are hereby requested to meet at their usual places of holding township elections, on Saturday the 30th inst., at 4 o'clock, P. M., and elect in

each district two delegates, pledged to Fremont and Freedom, to meet in county convention in the borough of Huntingdon, at 2 o'clock P. M., on Tuesday the 2d day of September, to nominate a county Republican ticket, and transact such other business as the exigencies of the times and the interests of the cause may require.

"DEMOCRATIC" MEETING.

On Wednesday evening of last week, the "unterrified" held a "Buck and Breck" demonstration in the Court House. After a great deal of "noise and confusion" M-jor Tom Campbell was called upon, and addressed the meeting at some length. He spoke of his recent trip through the West, of the grandeur and sublimity of the granite hills of the Keystone State, but neglected to tell his Democratic brethren of the "strong" avalanche of public opinion which he declared on his arrival home, was sweeping the great West in favor of free speech, free press, Fremont & Dayton. The Major, no doubt is a good man, but in the Locofoco sense, but he evidently feels that he has the wrong side of the question; hence his effort was a complete failure. Major Campbell was followed by John Scott, Esq., a gentleman not unknown to our readers as a strenuous politician. He endeavored to inculcate the doctrine that slavery was a blessing, which ought to be extended wherever slave owners desired to take it, and that upon the election of Buchanan depended the salvation of the Union. The conduct of the Missouri ruffians, sent into Kansas by the slaveholders of the South, to subdue and overawe those who desire to preserve that territory from the curse of slavery, found a ready apologist in the speaker. He labored hard to convince his listeners that the advocates of Fremont were abolitionists, who desired the dissolution of the Union; and dealt in many similar and extravagant charges against the opponents of the present Administration. The speaker evidently felt that he was advocating a forcible cause, but tried to make the best of it.

Next followed the patrioteer, John Ashman, of Clay tp. Mr. Ashman's speech was a sarcastic one, and the Spire convinced his hearers that he was laboring under an aberrated mind, by denouncing Methodism and Methodists in general. A great effort was made to get the old man to sit down, but like Banquo's Ghost, he "would not down."

There was much cheering at the close of the meeting for Buchanan, Breckenridge, &c., assisted by heavy blows on wind instruments, to keep the spirit up. When the Democratic bander had subsided, three hearty cheers were also given by the outsiders for Fremont and Freedom, which must have convinced every one that at least one half of the people present did not coincide with the views advanced by the speakers. The Excelsior Brass Band performed on the occasion and assisted much to stir up the necessary enthusiasm by their enlivening music. On the whole, we do not think they made many converts on the occasion.

American County Convention

This Convention has placed in nomination the following ticket: Assembly, Dr. Wintrede; Associate Judges, B. F. Patton, Benedict Stevens; Sheriff, Nath. Lytle; Pros. Attorney, T. H. Cramer; Commissioner, John Flenner; Director of the Poor, Henry Hudson; Auditor, J. Gibbony.

The Congressional Conferees appointed were instructed to support David Blair, Esq., for Congress. This convention was the most "lame and impotent" one ever convened here. It was not the expression of untrammelled voters, but the offspring of designing politicians, which has in its turn, given birth to an illegitimate.

Notwithstanding the assertion of the American party, as proclaimed in the resolutions unanimously adopted by its executive committee a month ago, that it was to be a union convention, no sooner had it met than every man who would not consent to endorse the Philadelphia Platform, and Millard Fillmore, was expelled from the Convention, and other delegates appointed instead! Thus they have basely trampled on the vital sentiment of Americanism, and proved recreant to their protestations of a desire for union. Surely, "they whom the Gods wish to destroy they first make mad." This being the state of affairs, the Republicans have issued a call for another Convention, to meet in Huntingdon on the 2d day of September.

We call upon every free-borne American citizen of Huntingdon county, who loves his freedom, his God, his Country and her Institutions, to rally. Elect delegates in every township, and let us as a band of freemen, as brethren in the great cause of humanity, use our every effort to deliver our country and our county from the slave-driver and his ally.

Locofoco Convention.

The Locofoco County Convention which met in this place on Wednesday last placed in nomination the following ticket: Assn. Judge—Nicholas Creswell, of Porter. Ass. Judge—John Creswell of West. " John Long of Shirley. Sheriff—Grassius Miller, Huntingdon. County Commissioner—Henry Zimmerman, Hopewell. Auditor—A. L. Grim, Huntingdon.

Mr. Nicholas Creswell, is a gentleman of weight. We refrain from any comments. He will understand our motive after the election.

Mr. John Creswell is well we dont know anything about John, except that he is a dyed-in-the-wool Locofoco, and wears gold spectacles.

Mr. John Long, will live a long time before he is elected to a Judgeship. His recommendation is Locofocism.

Mr. Graf, Miller is a very tall man, and would no doubt be very happy to be elected.

Mr. Henry Zimmerman.—This gentleman's bad health, would no doubt be a serious obstacle towards a proper discharge of his duties.

Mr. Augustus Grim, is favorably known as the "learned blacksmith."

For a large, neatly bound volume of the Kansas Investigating Committee's Report we are indebted to somebody in Washington; who, we can't tell, as our postmaster here has had the impudence to tear off the wrapper.—A mighty small way of venting spite, that.

READ THE FACTS! SOMERSETS. DEMOCRACY '48 TREASON '56!

Read the following Resolution adopted by the Democratic State Convention which met at Pittsburg, in 1848.

Resolved, That the Democratic party adheres now, as it ever has done, to the Constitution of the country. Its letter and spirit they will neither weaken or destroy, and they re-declare that Slavery is a domestic local institution of the South, subject to State legislation alone, and with which the general government has nothing to do. Wherever the State law extends its jurisdiction, the local institution can continue to exist. Esteeming it a violation of State Rights to carry it beyond State limits, we deny the power of any citizen to extend the area of bondage beyond its present dominion. NOR DO WE CONSIDER IT A PART OF THE COMPROMISE OF THE CONSTITUTION THAT SLAVERY SHOULD FOREVER TRAVEL WITH THE ADVANCING COLUMNS OF OUR TERRITORIAL PROGRESS!

In 1848-9 this was Democracy, but the very same principle now advocated by the great Republican party is denounced by these very same men as treasonable. In 1848-9 it was good Democracy to exclude Slavery in the Territories by direct enactment of Congress, but now, alas, the advocates of the same principle are denounced as traitors, sectionalists, and dissolutionists! All this, and the outrages committed in Kansas, taken in connection with the fact that the Democratic Party in Congress almost unanimously repealed the law prohibiting Slavery in Kansas and Nebraska, shows clearly the true position of that party—that it is a slavery extension party. Comments not needed; facts are stubborn things and speak in tones of terror to the political gamblers. Will our fellow-citizens, the Jeffersonian Democrats of the District who supported these measures of Freedom in 1848-9, turn the somerset with their leaders and vote for the extension of this infernal institution over the Free Territories?—You will answer at the ballot box.

HEAR A MAN SPEAK.

For the Journal. AUGUST MILLS, Aug. 11, 1856.

Messrs. Editors of the Journal.—I wish you to place my name on your books as a subscriber. I have discontinued my subscription to the paper called the Huntingdon American, because it is utterly void of all the principles of the true American school. I have been a member of the Pennsylvania American order, and have had the honor of being Chairman of the Convention at which I belonged, and yet belong.—In 1855, when the whole north seceded in the general Council at Philadelphia, on account of the disgraceful pro-slavery platform which the Southern slaveholders forced upon the Council, the action of the members of the Order from the free States who so seceded, met my entire approbation, and I adhered the more closely to the principles of the American Order, as I believed that the Order was founded to support and sustain Freedom and not Slavery. But when I saw at the close of the miscalled National Nominating Convention, which met in Philadelphia, in February 1856, that the slave power of all the Southern States voted to exclude from the sitting of the Convention, the entire delegation of Pennsylvania, because it was believed to be hostile to Slavery, and at the same time voted to admit and did admit the entire delegation of Louisiana, composed altogether of Roman Catholics, I no longer doubted and no sensible man could doubt, that the Convention was wholly controlled by the interests of Slavery, and that all the fundamental landmarks of the American Party were to be sacrificed to gratify the slaveholders, and secure the ascendancy of slavery. And when I further saw that the representatives of the Slave States had chosen for their candidate for the Presidency, Millard Fillmore, a man odious to every friend of Liberty; a man who had betrayed and sold his friends to the slaveocracy, when he was accidentally invested with the power of President of the United States, I ceased to have any respect for the action of that Convention. When I perceived that the true friends of freedom, and antagonists of slavery, who were in that Convention from the Free States, felt themselves bound to retire from the Convention. I no longer had the slightest confidence in the doings of the Convention. I believed then and I believe now, that Millard Fillmore, having long before that time, satisfied the slaveocracy that he was morally and politically their slave, they had come from the cotton, sugar, hemp, tobacco, or rice fields of the far South, to set up their slave to be voted the votes of friends of freedom in Kansas, and secure the election of a man ready to aid in the murders, ravages and ruin of the free settlers in Kansas—I believe Buchanan to be as bad as Fillmore, and Fillmore, if possible, worse than Pierce. I shall therefore support John Charles Fremont, of California, and William L. Dayton, of New Jersey, as candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency of the United States. JOHN BAKER.

Outrageous Conduct.

Let it be remembered that whilst Gov. Ford of Ohio, a stranger in our midst and a perfect gentleman, was addressing the Republicans in the public square of this place, a procession of Americans headed by some respectable gentlemen of this borough and the editors of the Huntingdon American newspaper, James S. Barr and John A. Nash, three times marched by and with drums, and horns, and shouting, and yelling, endeavored to break up the Fremont meeting. But this is not all; although the Republicans gave up to them the Court House, and held their meeting in the street, yet these men were so ungenerous as to organize another meeting not one hundred yards from the spot where Gov. Ford was speaking, after adjourning at the Court House!

American citizens, is FREE SPEECH to be muzzled in Huntingdon County? Speak.

Blair County Court.

The case of Hoeker, indicted for the murder of Davis, of Williamsburg, occupied almost the entire second week of Court. On Friday afternoon it was submitted to the jury, who, in a few minutes returned a verdict of "murder in the second degree." A motion was made for a new trial, which the Court held over until Saturday morning the counsel for the prisoner waived their objections to the verdict of the jury, and the Court sentenced Hoeker to undergo imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary for the term of ten years.

The Court then proceeded to sentence those who had previously been tried and found guilty of the charges on which they were indicted:

James Daniel Davis, convicted of the murder of James R. Johnston—sentenced to imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary for the term of eleven years.

John Finney, convicted of Larceny—sentenced to imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary for the term of one year.

Alexander Murdoch, colored, convicted of Larceny—sentenced to imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary for the term of one year.

The Altoona Tribune says "the five prisoners above named, and Josh. Dennis, the colored barber of this place, who was previously sentenced to four years in the penitentiary passed through this place on Monday morning last, in charge of the Sheriff of the county, on their way to Western Penitentiary at Pittsburg."

Blair County Ticket.

The American County Convention which met in Hollidaysburg on last week nominated the following ticket:

Assembly—John M. Gibbony. Register and Recorder—H. A. Caldwell. Treasurer—Samuel Hoover. Commissioner—David Conifer. County Surveyor—James L. Gwinn. Directors of Poor—Samuel Shiver, 3 years. Michael Wilks, 1 " Auditor—Samuel Morrow.

The committee on Resolutions reported John K. Neff, J. Penn Jones and Jas. Hutchison, as Congressional Conferees instructed to recommend John Brotherton for Congress, and J. Walters, Jas. Burleigh and Jos. Baldrige Senatorial Conferees.

American Ratification Meeting.

The Americans held a ratification meeting in the Court House on Tuesday eve, 12th inst. The principal proceeding was the singing of Fillmore songs by one Bell.

They formed a procession after the meeting and with music and shouting, three times marched by the Republican meeting, and done everything in their power to disturb Gov. Ford when speaking. This, to say the best of it, was outrageous, and we have heard honest Americans say it disgusted them with their party and will add scores of votes to Fremont, of those who favor FREEDOM OF SPEECH.

To the credit of the Republican party it is remembered, that not a single disrespectful word was returned to them. It is not the policy of the Republicans to carry on the campaign by bullying blackguardism, but by solid arguments and honest appeals to Christian patriots.

Samuel Coen.

This gentleman of Barree tp., states through the last Huntingdon Globe that he has paid for the Journal until next April, and that although he ordered it otherwise he "still keep his name in our paper as an agent." Now this latter assertion is a consummate falsehood and Mr. Coen has established his reputation as a falsifier in proclaiming it. Believing it to add nothing to the character of the Journal to have his name appear in its columns as its agent, we weeks ago struck his name out of our columns. Mr. Coen must certainly have had a great desire to see his name in print that he could thus unblushingly assert so positively a downright falsehood. Shame on him.

Poor Old Man.

The last Globe bears the name of one John Ashman, of Clay tp., before its readers, as a converted Whig who now supports Buchanan. This is cruel to Mr. Ashman, who is now as Shakespeare says in "second childhood." Besides this, Mr. Ashman is a native of a Slave State and his prejudices therefore would naturally be for the "peculiar institutions" of his native State. The Globe's party is welcome to all such accessions. On the other hand, scores of the honest Democrats of this county have avowed their determination to support Fremont for President.

Bully Brooks in Huntingdon.

Mr. Lewis, publisher of the Huntingdon Globe, in his last issue, intimates that he intends inflicting sundry contusions, bruises, scratches, &c., &c., &c., upon our fair proportions with bludgeons, &c. We are happy that our chivalrous neighbor has given us notice, as we shall be prepared to defend ourself; and should it become a necessity, we are able to save our neighbor's neck a dreadful "wrench."

"EVEN GOOD CAN COME FROM NAZARETH."—The American State Convention of Pennsylvania assembled at Harrisburg 5th inst. Hon. Andrew Stewart, was appointed president. The Convention rejected the proposition for forming a fusion electoral ticket by a large majority—the vote being 72 to 181! This gives "Old Buck" Pennsylvania by at least forty thousand majority.

We clip the above from the last issue of the Tyrone Independent Democrat. Americans does it not prove that the Fillmore organs which discontinued a union are sold to Locofocism? We need make no comments.

It is universally acknowledged that G. H. Auser is taking the most life-like pictures that has ever been taken in Huntingdon. Therefore we would advise all our readers to go and get their likeness taken as such another opportunity may not be had. His pictures are equal to any taken in the cities. Rooms in the Court House.

The Republican meeting last night adjourned with three cheers for Fillmore.—Huntingdon American.

To prove this a falsehood, we have only to remind our readers it was written by the editors of the Huntingdon American.

AGRICULTURAL.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Huntingdon County Agricultural Society, held August 14th, 1856, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That this Society hold a County Agricultural Fair on the 8th, 9th, and 10th of October next.

Resolved, That a committee of seven be appointed as a Committee of Arrangements, and that said Committee shall have authority to make all the necessary contracts to complete the arrangements for an annual fair; and that said Committee have full authority to audit all bills of their contractors and to draw orders on the Treasurer for payment of the same. Whereupon A. W. Benedict, Geo. Jackson, Christian Couts, John S. Isett, Jacob Miller (Creek), and Wm. Dorris, Jr., were appointed said Committee.

On motion it was resolved that T. H. Cramer, Hon. George Taylor and Theo. Fisher be a Committee to report a list of premiums and the names of the several judges to award the same, to the Executive Committee at a meeting to be held on Wednesday next, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

Resolved, That the Treasurer be directed to pay John Lutz, Esq., late editor of the Shirleyburg Herald, \$9 for printing.

The Huntingdon County Agricultural Society met at the Court House on Thursday evening the 14th of August, and was called to order by the President. The minutes of the last meeting of the society were read and adopted.