

The "JOURNAL" has 300 subscribers more, than any other paper in this county.

Agents for the Journal. The following persons have appointed Agents for the HUNTINGDON JOURNAL, who are authorized to receive and receipt for money paid on subscription, and to take the names of new subscribers at our published prices.

WANTED. A few leads of WOOD at the Journal Office.

No attention paid to Letters unless post-paid, nor to Communications unaccompanied with the author's name.

See New Advertisements. We direct the attention of our readers to the New Advertisements in to-day's Journal.

Sundry advertisements by J. & W. Saxton.

J. R. Hewit, surgeon dentist. Notice by Couch and Dun.

Administrator's Notice, estate of Henry Laughlin, dec'd.

Grape Vines for sale, by Messrs Taylor & Cremer.

Dissolution of Partnership existing between Bell, Robinson & Co.

25,000 volumes of new and popular books, just received and for sale at Colon's book store.

Mountain Academy, the summer term of this Institute will commence on the 25th instant.

Dr. Hagues great work. Geo. Gwin has just received a fine assortment of spring and summer Goods.

Removal of Mrs. Sarah A. Kulp. Removal of Mr. Enos H. Kulp.

J. & W. Saxton have just received a fine assortment of spring and summer Goods.

J. & W. Saxton and George Gwin, have just received and opened an extensive assortment of Dry Goods, at their old stands in market square. Give them a call.

Mr. Clark is in town, and can be found in his room, in the station house, up stairs, at any time, between the hours of 8 o'clock A. M. and 5 P. M.

Mr. Clark is a gentleman and a good artist, and those wanting daguerotypes, should call on him. Nuf ced.

We have just received that excellent periodical, the Pennsylvania School Journal. It is one of the best publications on the subject of education in the State of Pennsylvania, and should be in the hands of every teacher in the State.

It is an excellent Essay on the Law of success by A. W. Benedict, Esq., of Huntingdon, Pa.

The April number of the Pennsylvania Farm Journal has been received. This is one of the best agricultural productions that is published in the State of Pennsylvania, and should be in the possession of every Farmer who wishes to till the soil to the best advantage.

It is now published in Philadelphia, No. 33 1/2 North 7th St. by J. M. Miridith & Co.

"Shirleysburg Herald." This trifling little trashy concern, is almost entirely filled, week after week, with vile language towards ourselves.

Our readers may form an idea of the filthiness of these communications, when even the editor of the Huntingdon "Globe" absolutely refuses publishing one of them!

Now we would politely inform Mr. John Lutz, that he has made himself liable to prosecution for libel; we cannot condescend to take up any of our space in noticing so miserable a concern.

We would give Mr. Lutz a kind word of advice,—it is this. Suppose you devote your attention and space to something other than vilifying your neighbors.

Suppose for instance if you can find nothing better to insert you had better try to ferret out the person who lately robbed the mail in your village. Such items might be of some service to your readers, and be the means of saving money to Uncle Sam.

Something of this sort, we feel satisfied, would be of infinitely greater value to the citizens of Shirleysburg than vile and foolish communications from persons of insane minds. Suppose you would try the experiment.

"THE NEW PARTY."

Under the above caption, the last Democratic paper of this borough, devotes a considerable portion of its space to a tirade of abuse of those persons who have embraced the American Party's principles. We care not what societies may be formed in our country, or how numerous they may become, so long as they do not conflict with our liberties or come in contact with our constitution. Indeed, it is a great, if not a fundamental principle of our government, to allow to the citizens of our free and happy land the privilege of expressing themselves in relation to whatever subject they may see proper: in other words, to allow them the liberty of speech.

The Globe asserts that "thousands"—mark that generosity—"become the willing members of this iniquitous order." If thousands of our fellow-citizens "freely and voluntarily" subscribe to the doctrines of Know Nothingism, without any compulsory efforts on the part of any one to force them to do it, is it in all conscience any matter to the Huntingdon Globe, or any other prying, peering, Romish newspaper? We believe that our fellow-citizens have a right to form any society they may deem proper, if it does not conflict with our governmental arrangements, and that without the consent of foreigners, Catholics, Popes, Archbishops, Jesuits or the tools of any of the above named abominations.

Now will the Globe permit us to attempt to answer its objections to the "New Party" and its principles.

First.—Do you object on account of secrecy? Why then does the editor of the Globe encourage secret organizations? Why then does he uphold the principles of a politico-religious party, as secret and deadly in its purposes, actions and designs, as secrecy can be made? A party, which but wants the time to effect the complete overthrow of our civil and religious institutions, or prostitute them to the same base level with those of the ruined countries, where the contaminating and demoralizing doctrines of papacy are preached and sustained.

Our answer to this objection would be—to overcome popery requires that it should be fought with its own weapons, and one of the most powerful weapons used by Roman Catholicism, is—secrecy.

Or, is it because it would exclude foreigners from the offices of our country? Is it just that we should, after clothing the beggar, the pauper, the convict, or the adventurer, and after having done everything for such characters that humanity or Christianity teaches us to do, would it be justice to our country to elevate them to those stations which should only be filled by those who are at heart and soul the lovers of the doctrines they would expound to others? Common Sense, will answer no. Foreigners can never become fully Americanized. Their proclivities are for the land of their birth.

Hence, they cannot become impartial republicans; and cannot—for which we cannot consistently blame them—become wholly, truly, sincerely and devotedly American in principle.

Perhaps our neighbor objects to the "New Party" on account of its hostility to Catholicism. If such be the case, we deplore his judgment. We had heretofore not a word to say against Roman Catholicism as a religion, but opposed it solely on account of its political character or tendencies. We done this, because we considered it in a political point of view as antagonistic to that portion of our constitution which forbids the unity of church and state, and, consequently pernicious. But, since the late high-handed and outrageous proceedings of the Grand Council of Bishops, &c., at Rome, under the sanction and by order of the Pope—the avowed head of the Catholic Church over the world—by which, the doctrine of the Immaculate Conception is announced to the Christian world as the leading principle of Catholicism, hereafter, we deem it the duty of every true believer in the first commandment of Almighty God, to discountenance and war against the so-called religion itself. The doctrine now held by Catholics, is that the Virgin Mary should receive equal if not greater praise than the Son of God! This is the doctrine of the so-called Immaculate Conception. Is it a wholesome one? Is it one you as an American Protestant can consistently with your profession permit to gain a foothold on this fair land, consecrated by the blood of patriots, worshippers of the true God? Can you, consistently with the duty you owe to that God and Country remain inactive, and by that inactivity lend encouragement and assistance to the promulgators of this outrage upon reason? You discountenance infidelity and what is the religion of those who profess a belief in the Immaculate Conception but infidelity idolatry and superstition? You believe in God—the Trinity—and yet seek to discountenance the very movement which reason and justice tell you is for the removal of every vestige of false worship which exists in our midst. We doubt your sincerity—yea, we have no faith in your profession if you can refuse to cooperate with those who verily believe have for their sole object the destruction of Babel Rome, whose cup of iniquity is now running over.

Already we do hear following in the footsteps of this American Protestant Movement, the joyous shout, that "Babel, the great is fallen, is fallen." So moans it be.

"THAT INTELLECTUAL EUNUCH."

If we may judge of matter by the mind, we cannot or need not ask why so many individuals are their own heirs. The Eunuch of the Globe, because his efforts to answer our statements have proven complete failures, endeavors to cast opprobrium upon a gentleman of this borough, in no way connected with the public press, and who is thus debarred the privilege of answering his insinuations. This is not only ungentlemanly but it is cowardly conduct. Therefore, to this scribbling, self-sold, soul hired, second Iscariot, we will only confer a passing notice. It will no doubt be recollected that the editor of the Globe had kindly given notice that he intended to keep us in employment for some time to come. By this expression, we presume, the editor intended to convey the idea that we were to be entirely "kilt" by his powerful leaders. But his tune has somewhat changed in "these latter days," and now, he shows an evident disposition to "cave in," "acknowledge the corn," and "gub it up," as a bad job. He now endeavors to flee from the snares which his ignorance and folly have placed around him, and which threaten most assuredly to "slink him up." Alack! alas! poor Billy. Don't give up the ship, but

"Immortal hero! all thy foes overcome. For ever reign—the rival of Tom Thumb!" The laurels won by ancient braves, critics or reviewers, fade into utter insignificance and lose their beauty or worth contrasted with the chaplet of glory, which Billy's editorial career promises to place upon his brow. Oh the worth, the depth, and the glory of the Immaculate Conception! the glory of the Globe. Will not some one hold him, for if he still continues his mighty efforts,

"The babe unborn thy dread intent may rue; God help thee! silly one! thy readers too!"

In the last Globe the editor accuses us of denouncing "some of our best citizens, in a vile and uncalled for manner."—This is simply untrue. We never have and never will say, a single word of disrespect publicly of any of our citizens,—and further, we will never attack an individual who has not an opportunity of answering us in the same manner we attack him. God forbid that we should in our present disagreement with the Globe,

"Despatch a courier to a wizard's grave. And fight with honest men to shield a knave." But, when we are attacked by individuals whose names are veiled from the public sight, and who cowardly refuse to use the weapons of honesty and truth, could we be blamed or held responsible if we would give these conquerors of common sense the reward due their iniquitous and villainous behaviour?

The Globe has embraced the doctrine of those who do not fear to lie because it seems a sharper hit, and do not shrink from blasphemy because it may appear smart. The weekly leader of the Globe, remind us very much of smooth, garnished monuments of mental agony, or the petrifications of a plodding brain. Oh, wonder working Lewis! Hail conjurer of ten thousand visions. Health to thee, great Mogul. But indeed we cannot but think that this race which you have begun in your folly, will end in your disgrace.—You must know that ere we have finished and completed the work of reformation we have begun upon you, you must feel the lash that virtue must apply.

We do not seek neither would we wish to enter into controversy with every "Monthly scribbler of some low lampoon," who is sought to furnish falsehood for every eight by-tenner in our country. We do, however, sincerely desire that ere the editor of the Globe shall be gathered to his grandmothers he shall have shared in the promise of one who has said, somewhere, that he would

"Make bad men better, or at least ashamed." In conclusion, as we have most undoubtedly proven that the editor of the Globe, or his minions, are made of "penetrable stuff," having torn the veil away which hid them from the public gaze, we can only say

"Cheer on the pack." The editor of the Globe verily should talk of training. He physically, a libel on mankind, intellectually a eunuch; with just enough of learning to misquote. Out upon such graceless, senseless and contemptible whelpism. We would advise Billy to never venture beyond a "puff" for some "doggerly," or "cobbling" at three-line items, or tinkering at copper bottomed worms for Bacchus.

A scoundrel named J. C. Horning, living in the upper end of the county, last week imposed on us an advertisement which inadvertently found its way into our columns. Having since learned that the article referred to does gross injustice to one of our most respected citizens, we can hardly find terms properly to express our indignation of the miserable whose malice prompted him to malign the upright and good, by imposing on our credulity. We will have something further to say on the subject next week.

Will not our farmers and all others who have a "spot of ground" avail themselves of the opportunity afforded them by our enterprising citizens, Messrs. TAYLOR and CREMER, of procuring and planting grape vines. There is no fruit more agreeable and healthful than the grape, and no other crop half so certain. We learn that the above named gentlemen are planting an extensive Nursery of vines, and of fruit, shade, and ornamental trees. Success to the undertaking.

S. L. GLASGOW, AGAIN.

Much as we dislike newspaper controversy with even decent and honorable men (much more with men of manifestly no principle at all,) we nevertheless do not feel disposed to pass in entire silence and with that contempt which the above named gentleman's communication, in the last Shirleysburg Herald, deserves. It is our opinion, and we have the concurrence of the most honorable and respectable citizens in the community, that a more gross and scurrilous article was never laid before a people enjoying the least degree of respectability. Of course we cannot prostitute our columns to so degrading an office as to answer such miserable ribaldry.—Our conscience forbids it. The respectability of our readers forbids it. The moral sense of the community forbids it.—The respect we owe to the purity and moral training of the youth who read our paper forbids it. The teaching of the Bible forbids it, which says, "Answer not a fool according to his folly lest thou be like him."

For the sake of those respectable relations which he, by his deceptive management and serpentine subtlety, formed, we shall say nothing about the money with which he was entrusted as treasurer of a Literary Society while at school at Gettysburg, and which he refused to pay his successor in office—nor do we wish to say anything about cheating the landlord with whom he boarded in Huntingdon, out of a large sum for boarding—nor yet of his purchasing furniture in Phila., under false pretences—and sundry other nefarious and fraudulent tricks which we do not wish for the above reason to disclose; but with respect to his assertions and appeals to heaven concerning collecting or not collecting money due us, we must say something, though it does bring to light the odious and corrupt character and principles of the man. Besides the case already published in the Journal with regard to his attempt to collect money from the Pheasant Estate—an act which he makes an awkward attempt to deny, we will refer to another case of a similar nature, which as little truth as he has in him, he must also admit, we refer to the case of Henry Bumgartner, whose subscription due us, he had the effrontery to collect, by law, before D. Clarkson, Esq., of Cassville, and after all appeals to the omniscient God for the uprightness of his conduct—poor fallen human nature!

With respect to his hints and innuendoes concerning our character and course while residing in Cassville and leaving that place, we are willing he should say of it, just what his unholy, and execrable disposition may prompt, or as it respects our character at any other place, we are at his defiance. For the sake of our own credit, and the expressed wishes of our most respectable friends, we do not feel disposed to pay any further attention to the low, vulgar, contemptible, effusions of S. L. Glasgow.

Locofocoism going to Pieces.

If anything, in addition to the terrible defeats that everywhere come upon the Locofoco party, were wanting to assure us of the utter prostration of that party, it can be found in their humiliating appeals for Whig aid. The leaders of that party always professed to believe that the Whigs were about the worst class of men any government or country could produce, and such terms as traitor, &c., they freely applied to them. Now however, the tune is changed; the Whigs would be a very clever set of fellows if they would only turn in and arrest the flood that is sweeping Locofocoism from political existence. But who is weak enough to suppose that Whigs are sufficiently verdant to be caught by these lachrymose appeals? Every groan of expiring Locofocoism falls upon Whigs like the most grateful music; and the death of that party will twine the laurel, rather than the cypress around the patriotic brow of the Whigs of the country. Its grave will draw the spirit of joy and congratulation, rather than the tear of pity or sympathy; for when the "lion and the lamb can lie down together," then may the Whigs be willing to shake hands with their bitter enemy, Locofocoism, and not before.

The True American's Manual for 1855.

Messrs De Witt & Davenport of New York have been so clever as to send us a copy of the Know-Nothing Almanac or True American's Manual. It is got up in the best of style, it contains about 70 pages of matter, the calculations are adapted to equal or clock time, it gives all the customary astronomical table, &c. But as a book of reference it is invaluable.

It is often the case that a Native, American, an American Democrat, a Whig of '76, or a Know-Nothing, desires to enlighten a friend, on the subject of Americanism versus foreignism, and to such we would suggest this volume of facts, as a suitable gift to be sent to friends at a distance. We hope our American friends will use their influence in extending the usefulness of a work published in their name. We would advise friends of the order to send for a quantity.

TERMS.—Single Copies, 12 1/2 cents; \$1 per dozen; \$7 per Hundred. To be had of De Witt & Davenport, 162 Nassau street, New York.

The receipts of the Fair for first night was over a hundred dollars.

Foreign News.

The steamship Baltic arrived at New York on the 6th inst bringing later news from Europe. At the seat of war Lord Raglan had sent a messenger to Sevastopol, to announce the death of the Emperor Nicholas, and at Eupatoria, Omar Pacha had also sent a messenger to announce the same event to Prince Radzivil, the Russian commander in that quarter. A continual fire was kept up at Sevastopol, between the French and Russians, but the French have not renewed their attack on the Russian works near the Malakoff tower, which are, therefore, nearly completed. The Russians have greatly strengthened their works opposite the main points of the allied attack, and some of their works in progress are in such a position that it is thought the allied Generals will be obliged to order an attack. At a council of war, held by the allied commanders on the fort, it was resolved to commence active operations. The health of the troops was satisfactory. Reinforcements have reached the Russians. Advices, from Odessa bring a report that Prince Menchikoff has died of typhus fever. A french hospital has been destroyed by fire, but no lives were lost in it.—Lord Raglan will not return unless recalled. 40,000 French troops are to be encamped at Constantinople. Poland is filled with troops, every village having its garrison. In Prussia, a motion for an address to the King, censuring the ministerial policy on the Eastern question, has been rejected. At the Vienna Conference the first of the four points has been adopted by all the negotiators. It provides for a joint protectorate of all the four great powers over the Principalities, instead of the previous single protectorate of Russia. According to the London Morning Advertiser, Lord Dundonald's plan for destroying Cronstadt has been accepted by the British government, and will be put to the test in June or July.—The Turkish government is said to be opposed to the first point of the negotiations, and has endeavored to get Prussia into the negotiations.

The Steamship Illinois arrived at New York on Saturday the 7th inst from Aspinhal bringing California advices to March 16th, one week later than previous dates, and \$710,000 in gold. There is nothing specially new in the advices from California. A vessel has sailed from Honolulu with two American merchants and a cargo of merchandise for the port of Hakodai, in Japan, where they intend to establish themselves permanently as ship and naval storekeepers. One man carries with him his family. The news of the failure of Adams & Co. having got to Oregon by land, several days in advance of the regular steam packet, the parties who forwarded the news secured themselves against loss. When the steamer arrived she bore an order from a California Court to the person in charge of the Oregon branch to hold the assets, subject to the further order of the California receiver for the benefit of the California creditors, but this was disregarded, and an assignment made at once for the benefit of the Oregon creditors. The Snake Indians, who committed the Fort Boise massacre, are now quiet, and are now endeavoring to represent the deed as but the act of a few persons. This is in order to prevent their punishment by the whites. It will not avail, however, as the U. S. War Department has already announced its purpose to send an expedition to chastise them, composed of four companies of infantry, two of dragoons and one of artillery.—News from the gold mines in Southern Oregon is unfavorable. Local politics are agitating Oregon and Washington, connected with the election of delegates to Congress. In the latter region the Know Nothings are thoroughly organized.

In Utah, a collision has occurred in Salt Lake city between the U. S. troops stationed there under Col. Steptoe and the Mormons, growing out of the soldiers expressing their opinion that Young and Kimball are rakish old reprobates. Some of the sons of those worthies being present, a grand fight ensued, in which the boys fought with fists and clubs, and the soldiers used their guns. After much trouble, the military and civil officers succeeding in stopping the riot. A portion of the militia were called out and placed in the streets on guard.

Problem No. 14.

There is a segment of a circle, the chord of which is 60 feet, and versed sine 10 feet; what will be the versed sine of that segment of the same circle, whose chord is 90 feet?

Answer to problem of last week, \$488.20.

How KISSANE WAS DETECTED.—It has been said that Kissane was detected passing counterfeit money, but this is not so. His detection was caused by passing altered bills, by which means he made eleven hundred out of ten hundred bills. That is, he would take ten twenty dollar bills of the same bank and make them eleven, by means of a combination.—It is done thus. Suppose we take, for example a one dollar and mark in this form:

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

We take the first bill up, and part No. 1 is torn off and laid aside. The bill passes of course, as many bills are torn by accident.—The second bill is torn up to No. 2 and part No. 1 is pasted on, and this bill also passes.—The third bill is torn off at No. 3, and Nos. 1 and 2, which is one piece, is then stuck on.—By this means eleven bills are made out of ten, the eleventh bill having just as much and no more torn off than the first bill had. It is not our business to explain the combination, but Kissane is an adept at this art. It is more difficult to detect a bill of this character than a counterfeit. The secret formerly was confined to Kissane, Finlay, and Cole; others are now in possession of it, and the public should carefully scan all such bills, and if there is any doubt, at once refuse them.

Communication.

Our New York Correspondence.

New York, April 7th 1855. Windy Weather—Dust—Arrival of the Atlantic and Asia—Long Passages—Sale of Restaurants—Courts of Oyer and Terminer—The Mayor—Descent on a Gambling House—Markets—Postscript, &c.

Ma. Editor:—I do not wish to give you too windy a letter, but I do wish to let you know of the perfect simoon we have had here. The streets, notwithstanding the good sweepings they have had, are filled with dust. Dust blows into your eyes, your nose, your mouth, and your ears, almost making you deaf, dumb, and blind. You leave your house in the morning for your office, with fresh linen; before you accomplish half the distance, you look like a respectable ash man! It is useless to try to keep clean. You have a plenty of real estate on your hands, but it is not very valuable, as you cannot get it off. Ladies go gasping along trying in vain to protect themselves from the interminable dust, by thick green veils. Gentleman's black whiskers, and the hair, coming below the hat, and fifteen minuets' walk in Broadway, assume somewhat the appearance of the wigs of the old English judges. In fact there is dust above, below, and around.—Should any one doubt that we were made of dust, if he were to come here, he would be convinced that dust would soon become one of the composite parts of our being,—if this high wind continues.

The Atlantic arrived on the 27th inst., being seventeen days on the passage. Some people wonder a little that all of a sudden the Atlantic Ocean should have become so stormy, and the winds so contrary. The steamers are now about twelve or thirteen days crossing, whereas they formerly were but eleven or twelve at most. We have our own private impression that the non-appropriation by Congress of the sum to Mr. Collins, has something to do with the matter. We think that Mr. Collins, finding that he has got all out of the government which he will be likely to, has concluded to economize in coal, and not to take extra pains to arrive a day or so earlier. It makes a vast difference in the expenses of a trip from Liverpool, whether they are a day longer or shorter. For instance, it will take a certain amount of coal to drive the vessel twelve miles an hour. To drive it thirteen miles an hour, it requires twice as much, and so increases in about the same ratio. Besides this the Cunard line has taken off the passage, so there is no competition to hasten Mr. Collins' line along. We think, therefore, that the average time for a passage, will now be about thirteen days.

The Asia has arrived at Halifax, after a passage of thirteen days. She does not bring very important news. The Allies have re-opened their fire on Sevastopol, and it is said with some success. A manifesto from the new Emperor of Russia to his army is thought to evince a warlike demonstration.

Two of our handsomest restaurant saloons now almost sunken in mortgages. A day or two since, a receiver for one of them was appointed, for the benefit of the mortgagees.

For the coming session of the Supreme Court of Oyer and Terminer there are ten cases to be tried. One for arson in the first degree; four for murder with firearms; three for murder with dirk knives, and one for murder of a child. The defence of two of these will be that of insanity. There will be the trial of the eight implicated in the murder of Poole, on Feb. 25, 1855.

The Mayor is trying to purge the city from the night walkers. On two nights, 28th and 29th, over seventy persons were arrested on the charge of being vagrants. Out of these several were discharged, one escaped, but most of them were sent to the penitentiary or work house, for a period of from one to six months. The Judges of the Supreme Court now have their hands full, as most of them are brought up on writs of habeas corpus, or certiorari.—Broadway presents a very different sight from what it used to be. A posse of officers have also made a descent upon a gambling establishment in Broadway, and arrested the proprietor, together with half a dozen others in there, and also seized the implements of the gamblers.

Yours Truly, V. S.

Post Office, Harrisburg, April 4, 1855. To the Hon. Speaker and Members of the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania: GENTLEMEN:—I am directed by the Postmaster General to say: "That the State of Pennsylvania having provided by Legislative enactment for the payment of Postage, upon all Mail matter sent to or from the Executive, or to or from the Members of the Legislature, and these facts being known to the Department, all Letters addressed to said parties, without the Postage being paid at the Mailing office, should not be classed as unpaid Letters, but must be rated with the proper amount of Postage to be paid at Harrisburg, where provision for such payment has been made."

Respectfully, your Obedient Servant, JOHN H. BRANT, Post Master.

A NEW POTATO IS COMING OUT!—Professor Mays has received a new California potato brought thence by Mr. C. V. Mundy, of New Brunswick, weighing three pounds seven ounces. Its appearance gives indication of being a good keeper, and of excellent quality. The eyes protrude like those of the Bermuda potato. The gentleman who brought it from California remarked at the Farmers' Club, New York, that those potatoes were grown at the rate of 700 bushels to the acre; also that the mammoth tuber referred to will be planted on the farm of Prof. Mays, who will report on its merits or demerits, as the case may be, hereafter. Next fall there will probably be a great rush for these potatoes as there was a year or two ago for Shanghais.

ANOTHER OF NATURE'S PEAKS.—One day last week a fine looking, bounding boy baby was born, about two miles south of town, who has five perfect fingers on each hand, besides the thumb, and each one of his feet has six separate toes. We don't believe there is another such case on record, at least we never heard of the like before. If he don't finger and toe his way through this world equal to the rest of mankind, it will not be for want of a sufficient number of these very essential appendices to the humane body.—Western Standard.

THE NEW YORK LEGISLATURE has passed a bill to prevent the sale of impure milk.

The Election Riots in Cincinnati.

Ten or twelve Persons reported killed or mortally wounded.—Allegations of Fraud.—The result undecided. CINCINNATI, April 3. The result of yesterday's election is still undecided. It is alleged that fraud has been discovered in the Twelfth Ward, which gave Farren, (Dem.) for Mayor, about 500 majority, and it is now proposed to throw out the entire vote. If this is done, Taylor, the Know-Nothing candidate, will have about 100 majority; but if the vote of this ward is continued, Farren will have from 400 to 500 majority, which Eleventh Ward, the 40 to 500 majority, were destroyed by the mob, is supposed to have given Farren, (Dem.) from 500 to 700 majority; and had the entire vote of the city been counted, the whole Democratic ticket would have been elected by from 500 to 1000 majority.

There was no more rioting last night. The excitement is still very great. It is supposed that ten or twelve persons have been killed or mortally wounded. Pistols were discharged indiscriminately, and the only wonder is, that the destruction of life was not greater. It was altogether, the most disgraceful election-day ever experienced in Cincinnati.

SECOND DISPATCH. More Riotous Proceedings.—The Ballots and Tally Lists of the Twelfth Ward Burned.—The Result Changed. CINCINNATI, April 3—3 P. M. It was ascertained upon an investigation of the ballot boxes in the Twelfth Ward, that they contained more than 1000 tickets than there were names on the poll-books, and one of the Judges of the election insisted upon throwing out the entire vote, but the other would not agree to the proposition. While the Judges were counting the votes a body of the men forced their way into the rooms, and seizing the boxes containing the tickets, carried them together with the tally sheets, into the street, and burned them in the presence of the crowd. The votes of the 11th and 12th wards are thus destroyed. The votes of the remaining wards give Taylor, the Know-Nothing candidate for Mayor, 477 majority. The Know-Nothings contend that there was a large illegal vote polled in all the wards.

It is reported that Mr. Taylor will not accept the office of Mayor under these circumstances.

THIRD DISPATCH. The Cannon Regained by the Germans.—Further Disturbances Feared. CINCINNATI, April 3—9 P. M. The excitement continues without abatement. The cannon taken from the Germans yesterday by the Americans, was quietly recovered by the Public Landing this afternoon by the former. An immense number of people are now assembled in the Fifth street Market square. They have sent a committee to the Freeman's Hall, over the canal, for the purpose of regaining the cannon, and have resolved that, if not given up forthwith, they will go and take it again. This they will attempt, if necessary, and another serious riot will probably ensue.

Pen and Scissors.

Now is the time to plant trees. Great cities are Satan's universities. Blanks of all kinds for sale at this office. Got the tooth-ache—the gentleman with the white hat. Have our thanks—those of our friends who have given us a call. The man who rose to pint of order, sat down to a pint of pea-nuts. The election in Virginia comes off on the fourth Thursday in May. Trinity church in New York city cost near a half million of dollars. \$15,000,000 are annually expended in the United States for newspapers. The cost of the United States army and navy is \$25,000,000 per annum. Why is a school master like a chair maker? Because he canes bottoms. The British Government have opened a recruiting station in New York City. There seem to be a perfect mania in our Legislature for chartering New Banks. P. T. Barnum is lecturing in Worcester, Mass., on the art of making money. Why is a man's coat larger when he pulls it out of a capet bag? Because he finds it in creases. We have added to our list since our last issue, several advance paying subscribers.—The more the merrier. In Virginia, the wheat crop is reported as looking remarkable well, having sustained no damage by freezing. The "Huntingdon Globe," is (opposed to Know-Nothingism, Abolitionism, and all other isms), except Catholicism. The charter elections throughout the State of New York on Tuesday last resulted in almost every locality, in favor of the Americans. There are a quarter of a million people in England at work in the different mines, to whom the fresh air and the light of the sun is scarcely known. A wagish friend of ours, says he attempted to count the 'sleepy heads' in church one day—he reached as high as fifty, and then fell asleep himself. The "Huntingdon Journal," has more subscribers than all the other papers in the county, put together, and can be had for One Dollar and fifty cents per year. A young man named Benjamin, and a young woman named Ann, were wedded.—"How did they appear during the ceremony?" "The appeared both amine-mated and benefited," was the ready reply. Col. Fremont has recovered his suit for 44,000 acres of land in California, through the decision of the U. S. Supreme Court, and is thus made the richest man in America.—Col. F. paid three thousand dollars for the land. A boy caught a hungry dog the other day tied him by his tail, and coaxed him out of his skin with a piece of liver. P. S.—The dog is as well as could be expected under the circumstances. "O mother!" said a very little child, "Mr. S. does love aunt Lucy; he sits by her, he whispers to her—and he hugs her." Why Edward, your aunt does not suffer that, does she?" "Suffer it, yes, mother, she loves it." We once knew a minister who in describing a Christian's character, and the circumference of his walk, said the way to heaven required as much care as it did for a cat to walk on a wall covered with broken bottles. It is somewhat so with an editor; if he pleases everybody,