



Wednesday Morning, May 31, 1854. WILLIAM BREWSTER, Editor. CIRCULATION 1000. WHIG STATE TICKET:

FOR GOVERNOR, James Pollock, of Northumberland co. FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER, George Darrie, of Allegheny co. JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT, DANIEL M. SMYSER, of Montgomery co.

Medical Students. Medical Students or Physicians, wishing a well selected assortment of Medicines, with Bottles, Jars, and all the necessary fixtures belonging to a Physician's Shop, also a well selected Medical Library, may be had on very low terms. For further information inquire at his office.

Read New Advertisements. Hon. John McCulloch has our thanks for valuable Public Documents.

On yesterday evening, we had the pleasure of partaking of a very superior article of ice cream, at the saloon of Messrs Long & Decker.

The Washington Monument has reached the height of one hundred and fifty-four feet, and cost about two hundred and thirty thousand dollars.

The Huntington Presbytery stands adjourned to meet in place on Tuesday the 13th day of June, at 11 o'clock A. M., of said day, to install the Rev. Mr. McLean, the pastorelect of the Huntington Presbyterian Church.

The House of Representatives at Washington, has a recess from to day till the 5th day of June. A war message is expected from the President immediately after the recess.

The School Journal for June, is on our table. It contains a great many editorial articles, book notices, original communications, the several educational societies, educational selections, school law, addresses and reports.

The Sampson of Democracy. We have been long accustomed to hearing the Democratic party compared to Sampson. There may be force in the comparison, for the strength of the one was in his hair, and the other is in its root.

A GREAT AND NOVEL ENTERPRISE. We publish in our advertising columns a magnificent Gift Enterprise, (the third of a series), started in New York by Mr. Perham, who has been long and favorably known throughout the North and East.

The quiet of our town has been again disturbed by an affray which took place between nine and ten o'clock on Saturday night. The law prohibits boats running on the Sabbath day; consequently they are obliged to lie by wherever it may happen; therefore a boat made this their stopping place on Saturday evening.

The bill of course, goes back to the Senate, and the Washington Union anticipates its speedy passage by that body. As it passed the House it is the same that previously passed the Senate, except the CLAYTON amendment, preventing unnaturalized citizens from voting in the organization of the territory.

The despatches from Spain are yet in the clouds. The surface is so misty and peaceful, but the soil which it declares that it is only the calm which precedes the storm. But as our personal feelings in Congress generally pass off without anything worse than a worldly explosion, it begins to be hoped that this complication may pass away with a few fighting editorialists of the Union, and a stilling or two in Congress.

On Friday of last week, the great eclipse of the sun made its appearance, true to astronomical calculation. The day was very favorable, not a cloud to obscure the vision. Turn your eyes what direction you please, you would see people with their smoked glasses, and turning up their noses, gazing at one of the great laws of nature.

The late eclipse first appeared on the list about the thirteenth century, and will continue to return till about a thousand years after its first appearance, when, having gradually passed off the earth, the shadow, at the corresponding return of the new moon, will continue, for more than ten thousand years, to sweep by the earth without touching it, and then will again return to entertain or terrify, perhaps, a new race of men.

From the North American and U. S. Gazette. County Superintendent.

Mr. Editor:—As the time will soon be here when the School Directors of Huntington county will meet in Convention for the purpose of selecting a County Superintendent; and as we understand that those important and highly salutary improvements were made in the law for the special benefit of Common Schools, and that class of teachers by professionalizing their business, and infusing life and energy into the Common School system, we suppose, as a matter of course, that the selection will be made from among them, to the entire exclusion of every other class or profession, not contemplating in the "Act" for the regulation of Common Schools. In view of which, we would—

From the Panama Star and Herald, May 14. About ten o'clock yesterday morning the steamer Columbia, Capt. Dow, arrived from San Francisco. The following interesting memorandum was furnished by Dr. Marlin, of the C. & P. M. S. Company's steamer Columbus, John M. Dow, commander, left San Francisco about 2 P. M., April 20, for Panama. Arrived at Acapulco 3 A. M., May 5th, eight days nineteen hours from San Francisco. Received coal, water and provisions, and sailed again at 7 1/2 P. M.

The Democratic majority is very large, and the Administration majority very strong, in the House, but the appropriation of this money will give rise to a struggle to the fall as exciting, as fierce, and as doubtful in the result as the Nebraska. In fact, it will be merely a continuation of the same agitation.

The struggle on this bill, in the House of Representatives, was terminated on the 22d near midnight. In Committee of the whole Mr. STEPHENS of Georgia, moved to strike out the enacting clause, in order to cut off all amendments. This was rejected, and the proposition ordered. Mr. RICHARDSON moved his substitute for the bill, omitting the Clayton amendment, and moved the previous question. An hour was then consumed in reading the bill, after which the main question was put, and the substitute was agreed to by yeas 115, nays 96; the bill was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, by yeas 112, nays 99, and then read a third time and passed, by yeas 113, nays 100, as follows:

YEA.—Messrs. Abercrombie, James C. Allen, Willis Allen, Ashe, David J. Bailey, Thomas Bayly, Barksdale, Barry, Bell, Beceok, Boyce, Beckreidige, Bridges Brooks, Caskie, Christian, Christian, Churchill, Clark, Clingman, Cobb, Colpitt, Cox, Craige, Cumming, Cutting, Geo. G. Davis, Dawson, Disney, Dowdell, Doster, Chandler, Edley, Edmondson, J. M. Elliott, English, Faulkner, Florence, Goode, Green, Greenwood, Gray, Hamilton, Sampson W. Harris, Hendricks, Honn, Hibbard, Hill, Hillier, Houston, Ingersoll, Geo. W. Jones, J. G. Gladney Jones, Roland Jones, Kerr, Kilwell, Kurtz, Lamb, Lane, Latham, Lusher, Lilly, Lindley, Macdonald, D. McNeill, McFar, May, May, May, John G. Miller, Smith Miller, O'Leary, Mordecai, Oliver, Orr, Packer, John Perkins, Phelps, Phillips, Powell, Preston, Reids, Reese, Richardson, Riddle, Robbins, Rowe, Rullin, Shannon, Shaw, Showers, Singler, Samuel S. Smith, Smead, Smith, Wm. R. Thomas, George W. Smythe, Slaughter, Frederick P. Stanton, R. H. Stanton, Alexander H. Stephens, Straub David Stuart, John Taylor, Tweed, Vail, Vansant, Walbridge, Walker, Walsh, Warren, Westbrook, Witte, Daniel B. Wright, Hendrick B. Wright, and Zolllicoffer.—113.

Mr. Bell's exposition of the secret doings of these conveticles, that are two frequently held just outside of the Senate doors, and brought in here to influence its legislation, will also do good. The Senate is made up of the same party cabals to the statute book. This is the way our laws are made, and the way in which our sacred compacts are nullified and broken down.

As a just proportion of refulgent brass, to reply to all under such circumstances. But as Mr. T. had not to go far to find a subject, he has found one. He concludes, "It is not a party; it is a principle; it is a principle, in denouncing as 'Abolitionists' all northern opponents of the bill. The admission of Mr. Bell having taught him prudence in respect to its southern opponents, he forbore to direct the same denunciation against them. What he has said is, in substance, 'I am in sympathy with you, and will not say anything against you. The filibusters are figuring up their available strength for a foray upon Cuba in case the government shall invoke their services. They say they have a million of dollars in hand, and a million of men I believe, ready to take arms. The fact is, the bill is a measure of justice in repealing the neutrality laws, the filibusters will very justly consider themselves for rations and quarters. In any other contingency they are harmless as doves.'

THE RESIGNATION OF SENATOR EVERETT is announced by the Boston papers, from which we learn that it was transmitted to the Governor of Massachusetts, a day or two since, to take effect from the first of June next, and that Mr. Everett will shortly return to Washington and resume his seat until that time.

Mr. Editor:—In the Huntington Journal of the 19th ult., I see an article headed 'Supposed Murder' of James Stambaugh, which should have taken place on the top of Salsburgh Hill, between George Hudson's Egg, and the widow Stambaugh's. The body of James Stambaugh has since been taken up, and a post mortem examination made by three regular physicians, and nine intelligent men, the result of which was that there was no marks of violence found upon the body of said Stambaugh, which might have occasioned his death, and that the man, without doubt, had hanged himself.

HOSE JURY. A man at Allegheny City, Pa., had just patented a machine for making horse-shoes, which will, it is said, turn out twenty-five per minute, perfect in every part. By this machine the price of horse-shoes will be reduced half 50 per cent.

The Russian account of the bombardment of Odessa, as received at London, is far from being decisive. The affair was a mere destruction of vessels and property, without any certain result.

MANIFESTO OF GEN. ALVAREZ AT ACAPULCO. COMPANIONS IN ARMS!—The moment of combat is at hand. Victory will crown your arms, for you fight in the cause of the people.

MANIFESTO OF GEN. ALVAREZ AT ACAPULCO. COMPANIONS IN ARMS!—The moment of combat is at hand. Victory will crown your arms, for you fight in the cause of the people.

MANIFESTO OF GEN. ALVAREZ AT ACAPULCO. COMPANIONS IN ARMS!—The moment of combat is at hand. Victory will crown your arms, for you fight in the cause of the people.

MANIFESTO OF GEN. ALVAREZ AT ACAPULCO. COMPANIONS IN ARMS!—The moment of combat is at hand. Victory will crown your arms, for you fight in the cause of the people.

MANIFESTO OF GEN. ALVAREZ AT ACAPULCO. COMPANIONS IN ARMS!—The moment of combat is at hand. Victory will crown your arms, for you fight in the cause of the people.

MANIFESTO OF GEN. ALVAREZ AT ACAPULCO. COMPANIONS IN ARMS!—The moment of combat is at hand. Victory will crown your arms, for you fight in the cause of the people.

MANIFESTO OF GEN. ALVAREZ AT ACAPULCO. COMPANIONS IN ARMS!—The moment of combat is at hand. Victory will crown your arms, for you fight in the cause of the people.

MANIFESTO OF GEN. ALVAREZ AT ACAPULCO. COMPANIONS IN ARMS!—The moment of combat is at hand. Victory will crown your arms, for you fight in the cause of the people.

MANIFESTO OF GEN. ALVAREZ AT ACAPULCO. COMPANIONS IN ARMS!—The moment of combat is at hand. Victory will crown your arms, for you fight in the cause of the people.

MANIFESTO OF GEN. ALVAREZ AT ACAPULCO. COMPANIONS IN ARMS!—The moment of combat is at hand. Victory will crown your arms, for you fight in the cause of the people.

MANIFESTO OF GEN. ALVAREZ AT ACAPULCO. COMPANIONS IN ARMS!—The moment of combat is at hand. Victory will crown your arms, for you fight in the cause of the people.

The Russian account of the bombardment of Odessa, as received at London, is far from being decisive. The affair was a mere destruction of vessels and property, without any certain result.

MANIFESTO OF GEN. ALVAREZ AT ACAPULCO. COMPANIONS IN ARMS!—The moment of combat is at hand. Victory will crown your arms, for you fight in the cause of the people.

MANIFESTO OF GEN. ALVAREZ AT ACAPULCO. COMPANIONS IN ARMS!—The moment of combat is at hand. Victory will crown your arms, for you fight in the cause of the people.

MANIFESTO OF GEN. ALVAREZ AT ACAPULCO. COMPANIONS IN ARMS!—The moment of combat is at hand. Victory will crown your arms, for you fight in the cause of the people.

MANIFESTO OF GEN. ALVAREZ AT ACAPULCO. COMPANIONS IN ARMS!—The moment of combat is at hand. Victory will crown your arms, for you fight in the cause of the people.

MANIFESTO OF GEN. ALVAREZ AT ACAPULCO. COMPANIONS IN ARMS!—The moment of combat is at hand. Victory will crown your arms, for you fight in the cause of the people.

MANIFESTO OF GEN. ALVAREZ AT ACAPULCO. COMPANIONS IN ARMS!—The moment of combat is at hand. Victory will crown your arms, for you fight in the cause of the people.

MANIFESTO OF GEN. ALVAREZ AT ACAPULCO. COMPANIONS IN ARMS!—The moment of combat is at hand. Victory will crown your arms, for you fight in the cause of the people.

MANIFESTO OF GEN. ALVAREZ AT ACAPULCO. COMPANIONS IN ARMS!—The moment of combat is at hand. Victory will crown your arms, for you fight in the cause of the people.

MANIFESTO OF GEN. ALVAREZ AT ACAPULCO. COMPANIONS IN ARMS!—The moment of combat is at hand. Victory will crown your arms, for you fight in the cause of the people.

MANIFESTO OF GEN. ALVAREZ AT ACAPULCO. COMPANIONS IN ARMS!—The moment of combat is at hand. Victory will crown your arms, for you fight in the cause of the people.