



Wednesday Morning, March 22, 1854.

WILLIAM BREWSTER, Editor.

CIRCULATION 1000.

WHIG STATE TICKET:

FOR GOVERNOR, James Pollock, of Northumberland co. FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER, George Darsie, of Allegheny co. JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT, Daniel M. Smyser, of Montgomery co.

Notice. The undersigned has purchased the Journal and all moneys now due for subscription have been transferred with it, and are payable to me.

WOOD WANTED. We want a few cords of good wood at this office. Will those friends who intend to pay their subscriptions in wood, oblige us by sending it in immediately.

James Maguire, Esq., and Hon. John McCulloch, has our thanks for public documents.

New Advertisements. James Steel, Esq., offers some valuable Real Estate at private sale. Oil Cloths, Carpets, &c., &c., for sale by J. Stewart Dupuy, Phila. Jessup & Moore, at their house, Nos. 24 and 26 North st., Philadelphia, agree to pay more than the market price, in cash, for Rags—Neman & Warnick, Phila., offers a superior quality of Stores, Caudrons, &c., for sale, at low rates. John Stone & Sons, Phila., have on hand, a superior lot of Millinery Goods.—See notice To Let, by R. Hare Powell. Also, notice of Junata Academy. See notice of H. C. Robinson, Administrator's Notices, Trial and Jury Lists.

Plank Road. The Delegates appointed on the 28th ult., at the Plank Road Meeting held in Orbisonia, met at the house of Mrs. Frakers, in Shirleyburg, on the 6th inst., for the purpose of devising measures and making the preliminary arrangements to get an act of incorporation to construct a Plank Road from Shade Gap to the Pennsylvania Canal and Railroad.

Delegates present, Dr. J. A. Shade and B. X. Blair from Dublin township, B. R. Wigton and T. T. Cromwell, Esq., from Cromwell, Jno. Lutz and W. B. Leas from the Borough of Shirleyburg, Samuel McVitty and John Brewster from Shirley township.

On motion Dr. J. A. Shade was called to the Chair, and Samuel McVitty appointed Secretary.

On motion, Resolved, that we petition the Legislature at its present session, to pass a law chartering a company to construct a Plank Road from Shade Gap via Orbisonia and Shirleyburg, to terminate at Newton Hamilton, on Mount Union, as may be decided by the Stockholders of said Company.

Resolved, That these proceedings be signed by the officers, and published in the Huntingdon county papers.

S. McVITTY, Secretary.

Conference Appointments. The Baltimore Conference of the M. E. Church, which convened in Baltimore, has made the following appointments for the Bellefonte District:—

John Poisal, P. E. Bellefonte Station—Thos. Daugherty, Bellefonte Circuit—J. W. Haughawout, T. D. Gotwell, Penn's Valley—Alem Brittain, E. W. Kirby, Huntingdon—Nathan S. Buckingham, Manor Hill—Elisha Butler, Samuel Creighton, Warriorsmark—Wm. Spaldwood, F. E. Crever, George Guyer, Spotswood—Charles Cleaver, New Washington—C. G. Linthicum, D. M. Giles, Clearfield—Adam Hockenberry, R. A. Bathurst, Karthaus—H. C. McDaniel, one to be supplied.—Caledonia—Nathan Shaffer, Nathaniel Coleburn, Sinnamahoning—Albert Hartman, one to be supplied. Liberty Valley—Jacob L. Eyer, Pine Creek—Pemberton Bird, Jersey Shore—John W. Elliott, Great Island—Geo. Warren, Lock Haven—Justus A. Melick, one to be supplied. Kettle Creek Mission—One to be supplied.

Horse Racing. The "Great State Stakes," for \$20,000, "play or pay," which is to come off on the Metairie course, at New Orleans, on the 1st of April next, is exciting much interest at the South.—It is expected to be the greatest race which has ever taken place in this country, in the number of horses, the amount of money at stake, and the probable number of spectators who will be present. Horses of all ages may run, but limited to one from each State; four mile heats; \$5000 subscriptions; each horse starting to receive \$1000 out of the stakes, provided he is not distanced; and the winner to receive the remainder; each State subscribing to be represented by three responsible gentlemen, residents of that State, a majority of whom shall name the horse to run for that State. These are the terms of the race.

A conspiracy of a most atrocious character has come to light in Massillon, Ohio. A number of young men were banded together for the purposes of robbery and arson, and one of the ringleaders organized an association of members to take life when it stood in the way of the success of their enterprises, or to shield them from danger. Some of the conspirators have been arrested, and the officers are after the others.

Dr. Reed and Sterner have analyzed the contents of the stomach of Dr. Gardiner. They found it to contain strichnine in large quantities. It was proved, also, that the powder found in Gardiner's pocket after his death, was also strichnine.

The jury, after hearing the evidence of the physicians, rendered as their verdict that Dr. Gardiner caused his death by strichnine and resin.

Our State Convention.

It was not our fortune to be present at the meeting of the late Whig State Convention, but we learn from those who were there, never, perhaps, in the history of the Whig party, has there assembled at our seat of Government a Convention, where the State was so fully represented, and by so many of the best men of the party. Certain it is, that there have been any that equalled it, in these particulars, there have been none which have excelled it. Nor is it alone in these features, that this Convention was an extraordinary one. An earnest zeal and hearty purpose, to do that which should be for the best interests of the party; and a confident and determined desire to do that which should satisfy all; and a cheerful declaration on the part of all to be satisfied with whatever was done, gave to the Convention such an air of strength and good-will, that it attracted the attention of our old adversaries, and as one of them remarked, while standing a looker-on in the Convention—"they said the Whig party was dead," said he, "but I have never seen it give such evidences of its active life and strength as I see in this Convention."

Another peculiarity of this Convention was, that the friends of the different candidates were as warm in their advocacy of the claims of their favorites as if an election of the nominee was a fixed fact. Yet, with all this warmth and confidence, no ill blood was engendered or manifested. One purpose seemed to move every spirit. Each member was determined to exert all his power to secure that which he thought for the best, failing in that, each was equally determined to admit, that whatever the majority of the Convention did do, would be for the best.

Every county in the State was represented, we believe, except Erie; and some of them doubly. Union, Mifflin and Huntingdon counties each presented two claimants for a seat in the Convention; and the committee on contested seats, after hearing the parties, reported that there was some informality in all their credentials, and recommended that all should be admitted, each county, however, to be entitled to but one vote. So far as our county is concerned, it was conceded by all, that we had a full representation. Mr. Williamson and Mr. Blair, satisfying the whole Convention, that the Whigs of our county were of the "A No. 1" stamp, and that there would be a harmonious and energetic effort here to roll up a large majority for the nominees.

On the third ballot, James Pollock, of Northumberland, was nominated as the Whig candidate for Governor; and the result was hardly declared, before one unanimous and hearty shout proclaimed that there were none dissatisfied or disappointed.

The Hon. James Pollock, our candidate for Governor, it will be remembered, has been three times elected to Congress from a district where Locofocism is largely in the ascendant. A man of learning, and great power in the forum or on the stump; of cheerful, happy, and kind manners; with a warm, social, frank, and manly heart, he has every where made friends, and preserved them. With a large experience in the public service during a stormy time, he brings into the contest a prestige of success, which belonged to no other candidate for nomination, at this special period. No man enjoys so much of the confidence of the whole party,—no man comes with a more zealous and untiring army of friends,—no man brings less of the aristocratic pride of place, and more of the feelings and spirit of the honest tiller of the soil, and delivers in the work-shop. No man could enter into a contest with a better show for success,—no man could have been selected, who will do more to deserve it; and no man who has been chosen, who, with a more grateful heart, will feel the honor conferred, and remember the friends of the party who shall toil with him, not merely for his success, but the triumph of truth.

After the first ballot for Canal Commissioner, the Hon. George Darsie, present Senator from Allegheny county, was, by acclamation, declared the candidate for Canal Commissioner.—For several years Mr. Darsie has been in the Senate; and has, while there, won for himself never-fading fame, for his fearless, faithful, and never-changing defence of the State Treasury from depletion by the payment of unworthy claims. One of the ablest, and shrewdest, and most industrious Senators which ever graced that body, he has made himself respected and felt by all; and we were not a little surprised to hear a member of the other party exulting that Darsie's defence of the people's money had made him many enemies. Will the people hear and remember that? It is just such a man that is now needed to sit in the Canal Board; and if the people know his real interests, they would elect Darsie Canal Commissioner, by the votes of both parties.

On the first ballot the Hon. Daniel M. Smyser, now of Montgomery county, but lately of Adams, was elected as the candidate for Justice of the Supreme Court. On the adoption of the late amendment to the Constitution, Mr. Smyser, then residing in Adams county, was invited by the Whigs of the Bucks and Montgomery District to be a candidate for President Judge of their several courts; and what is extraordinary, he was elected. A man of great intellectual power, with a mind stored with the learning of the Law, and its gleanings from the rich store-houses of science and belles lettres, practical in all its workings, energetic and tireless; with an unbending fidelity, and earnest devotion to truth and right; who will doubt the propriety of the selection.

After the nominations, the Committee on resolutions reported the resolutions which appear in another column. They breathe the true spirit of the party, and speak our purposes not to be misunderstood,—they were passed separately, without one dissenting voice; and we commend them to the careful consideration of every honest citizen of our county. Hereafter they shall receive our further notice if we deem it necessary.

Thirty church edifices in London are to be torn down this year, and their cities to be sold, or devoted to some peculiarly profitable purpose. These churches are to be moved for want of congregations, and the funds resulting from the sale of the property will be devoted to the erection of churches in the suburbs of the great city, where hundreds of thousands of people are without the privilege of church room.

THE IMMEDIATE WAR STRENGTH OF FRANCE.—The Paris correspondent of the Boston Atlas, whose statements are generally worthy of implicit confidence, states that the forces which France can put in the field immediately, and at any moment are 240 war battalions or 248,000 infantry, 300 squadrons of mounted men, or 33,000 cavalry, and 360 pieces of artillery, mounted by 30,000 artillery men, with three regiments of engineering company.

Proceedings of the Whig State Convention.

HARRISBURG, March 15.—The Whig State Convention met in the Hall of the House of Representatives this morning at 10 o'clock, and was called to order by J. STURM, Esq., of Philadelphia, on whose motion HENRY D. MAXWELL, Esq., of Northampton County, was called to the Chair as temporary President, and David D. Bruce, of Allegheny, and John S. Jackson, of Philadelphia County, as Secretaries.

The list of Delegates was then called over, and corrected.

There being contested seats in Huntingdon, Union and Mifflin Counties, Mr. Brook, of Delaware, moved that a committee of seven be appointed to settle them, and report to the Convention.

Mr. Taggart, of Northampton, moved that all the contestants be admitted to seats.

The subject gave rise to a long discussion, in which Messrs. Williamson, Flanigan, Brooke, Edie, Taggart and others participated. Mr. Taggart finally withdrew his motion, and the original motion was adopted.

The President appointed Messrs. Brooke, C. T. Jones, Taggart, Edie, Wheeler, Robertson and Hellman the committee.

Mr. J. Sparing, of Philadelphia, then moved that a committee of one from each Senatorial district be appointed to report officers for the permanent organization of the convention, which was agreed to.

The President announced the following gentlemen as the committee, and notice was given that they would meet in the cast committee room after the adjournment.

- 1. Joshua Sparing, 15 A. M. C. White, 2. C. Thomson Jones, 16 Geo. W. Palmer, 3. Lloyd Jones, 17 M. C. Mercer, 4. H. Jones Brooke, 18 H. P. Swoope, 5. D. E. Stout, 19 John Smiley, 6. Caleb Taylor, 20 B. Lytle White, 7. H. P. Foster, 21 Wm. Hazlett, 8. David Taggart, 22 Cornelius Darrah, 9. Thomas Barr, 23 C. M. Reed, 10. J. W. Fuller, 24 Wm. H. Kuntz, 11. A. K. McClure, 25 A. McConnell, 12. Wm. Conkey, 26 J. D. Sharon, 13. W. Shoop, 27 John Covode, 14. Ed. Blanchard, 28 John Hendricks,

On motion of Col. Edie, the rules of the House of Representatives were adopted for the government of the Convention.

On motion of J. W. Strokes, of Philadelphia county the Convention proceeded to present the names of candidates for the several nominations, which were as follows:—

For Governor—Hon. James Pollock, John Tyson, Wm. Larimer, Jr., Wm. F. Johnson, Henry M. Fuller, A. G. Curtin, H. S. Evans, J. H. Ewing, W. H. Irwin, W. H. Keim.

Canal Commissioner—Messrs. Edie, of Lehigh; A. Robertson, George Darsie, Wm. F. Leach, David Miller, Geo. H. Hart, David Taggart, Paul J. Preston, J. M. Sellers, Aven Gray, H. S. Evans, John Rice, Cyrus P. Markle.

Judge of the Supreme Court—Edward Cowan, Daniel M. Smyser, John G. Miles, Isaac Hazlburth, Charles Gibbons, A. K. Cornyn, Frederick Watts, James Pollock, I. Clerk Hare, Alfred Patterson, James S. Rodgers.

After which the Convention adjourned till half past two o'clock this afternoon.

24 O'CLOCK, P. M. The Convention met, and was called to order by the President pro-tem.

Mr. Taggart, from the Committee on the subject, reported the following officers for the permanent organization of the Convention, which report was unanimously adopted:

PRESIDENT, WM. F. JOHNSTON, of Allegheny Co. VICE PRESIDENTS,

- Dist. A. J. Flanigan, 1. J. S. White, 2. Wm. Moran, 16. F. Stewart, 3. Ephraim Conrad, 17. Wm. S. Dobbin, 4. Henry Butler, 18. H. P. Swoope, 5. Jacob Strubb, 19. D. F. Kianear, 6. Albert Phillips, 20. Jos. C. Hayes, 7. John C. Watson, 21. S. McWhin, 8. Stephen Miller, 22. James Verner, 9. P. H. Wheeler, 23. John H. Wells, 10. Thomas Barr, 24. John R. Edie, 11. Mm. McLellan, 25. Wm. M. Stewart, 12. Wm. S. Roland, 26. J. D. Sharon, 13. M. Donaldson, 27. B. B. Markle, 14. George Buchanan, 28. John S. Clement.

SECRETARIES, Thomas M. Marshall, A. K. McClure, Samuel Hunsicker, Mahlon Yardley, Paul Cornyn.

The President was conducted to the chair by Mr. Flanigan and Col. Edie, and addressed the body in an able and effective speech, which was received by the Convention with great interest.

Mr. Brooke, from the Committee on Contested Seats, made a report. The report recommended that all the contestants be admitted to seats, but that each district be entitled to cast but one vote.

The report gave rise to some discussion on the part of Messrs. Brooke, Flanigan, Taggart and others, when it was finally adopted.

Mr. Hoffman, of Berks, moved that a committee of nine be appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the Convention, which was amended to read thirteen, and thus adopted. The President announced the Committee, as follows:

JACOB HOFFMAN, of Berks, Chairman. Cornelius Darrah, Allegheny; Ed. Blanchard, Centre; Caleb Taylor, Bucks; David Taggart, Northumberland; Geo. A. Coffee, Jefferson; R. Lytle White, Crawford; Chas. Thompson Jones, Philadelphia; John Covode, Westmoreland; Wm. Sergeant, Philadelphia; John Fenlon, Cambria; M. C. Mercer, Bradford; J. H. Shell, Chester.

Mr. Killinger offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That no gentleman be allowed to represent a county or district in this Convention, unless he be a resident therein, or specially deputized by the representative thereof.

Explanations having been made on the part of several gentlemen who presented themselves as substitutes, Mr. Flanigan of Philadelphia city, stated that he understood that the names of gentlemen had been given in to represent the County of Erie, who were not regularly elected; and he therefore desired to be informed upon what authority they appeared.

The President of the Convention stated the question of Mr. F., and asked the gentlemen referred to for a response, when Mr. Alexander Russell, of Allegheny, stated that, in connection with another gentleman, he had been requested to represent the county of Erie, and that they had accordingly taken their seats; but as they were clearly ruled out by the resolution they would retire.

On motion of Mr. Flanigan, the Convention then proceeded to vote, *risa voce*, for candidates for the several offices, as follows:

FOR GOVERNOR.

- First Second Third Wm. Larimer rec'd 25 32 37 H. M. Fuller, 10 25 37 James Pollock, 23 41 82 A. G. Curtin, 12 13 11 John H. Ewing, 2 2 2 John R. Tyson, 2 2 2 Henry S. Jones, 1 1 1 W. H. Irwin, 4 1 1 Wm. H. Keim, 5 5 5 Wm. F. Johnson, 12 2 2

James Pollock, of Northumberland, having received a majority of all the votes on the third ballot, was declared duly nominated as the Whig candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania, and the announcement was greeted with rounds of applause. The nomination was then confirmed unanimously. The names of several candidates for Governor were withdrawn between the first and third ballots; those of Messrs. Tyson and Keim immediately after the first.

On motion, the Convention then proceeded to ballot for a candidate for Canal Commissioner, which resulted as follows:—

- First. James M. Fuller, 12 22 26 Wm. S. Feller, 12 22 26

Romantic Affair.

Last week, a Spanish boy about eighteen years old, named Joseph Eudoe Pabolo, passed through this city en route for Washington city, in charge of Adams & Co's Express Company Messengers. The story of his history is essentially romantic. It appears that some ten years ago, while bathing on the coast near the city of Campeche, Mexico, he, with five other boys, was stolen by a gang of French pirates, who kept them four years, and then sold them to a merchantman, who kept them two years took them to the city of New Orleans, and there sold them to a Louisiana planter, for the term of their slavery. Their owner was about to sell them to a shipmaster to make sailors of them, when the boy Pabolo made his escape, and worked his way to Lafayette, Louisiana, where he attracted the notice of a gentleman who corresponded with the Mexican Minister at Washington, regarding him. The Minister then intervened in the story of the boy, and wrote to him forwarded, that he might restore him to his parents if they were living. The boy will probably reach the Mexican Minister this evening, and be sent home, in the terms of his treaty.

A motion was made that the Chair appoint a State Central Committee, to consist of one from each Congressional district.

Mr. Maxwell, of Northampton, moved to reduce the number of the committee to thirteen, and the question in support of his motion.

Pending the question, the Convention adjourned till 7 1/2 o'clock this evening.

7 1/2 O'CLOCK, P. M. Convention again assembled.

On motion of Col. Edie, a committee of three was appointed to inform the candidates of their nomination. The committee were Messrs. Edie, of Somerset, Verner, of Allegheny, and Potts, of Montgomery.

The consideration of the resolution for the appointment of a State Committee was resumed, and was discussed as some length, by Messrs. Maxwell, Williamson, Jones, Flanigan, and others. Several motions were made to increase the number to 20, 23, and 24, all of which were disagreed to; and the motion of Mr. Maxwell, (thirteen), was finally adopted.

The President announced that he had just received a telegram from Gen. Larimer, which he read to the Convention. The dispatch runs—"Say to my friends, hurrah for Pollock. I will do all I can for him."

It was received with tremendous cheering. The committee on resolutions then reported the following, which were read and adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That the Constitution of the National and State Government embrace every thing that is essential to the peace, happiness and prosperity of the citizens; that all laws should be enacted with express reference to the greatest good of the greatest number; and when passed in pursuance of constitutional authority, demand the obedience of all the people.

Resolved, That to preserve the National Union, ought to be the highest ambition of the American citizen, and that all attempts to weaken the affection of the people for its continuance and maintenance, to violate its compromises, or to produce discussions of its value and efficacy, should be indignantly frowned upon, as a species of moral treason.

Resolved, That those provisions of the Kansas Nebraska bill, now before Congress, which affect and repeal the Missouri Compromise, are a deliberate breach of pledged faith and public compact, a high-handed attempt to force slavery into a vast territory now free from it by law, a reckless renewal of the unjust agitation, and therefore, meet the stern indignation, and unanimous condemnation of the Whig party of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Resolved, That the enactment of the laws whether by National or State Government, these important results should be constantly in view: universal education, religious liberty, the peaceful and happy enjoyment of the toiling masses, the bone and sinew of the community.

Resolved, That our foreign intercourse should be conducted magnanimously, so that no injustice or wrong be done to others or submitted to on our part.

Resolved, That the policy of protecting our home industry, against the depressing influence of foreign capital and labor, is as sound in principle now as ever, notwithstanding the accidental causes, which for the moment, may seem to declare otherwise.

Resolved, That the Whig party, are in favor of a just and equitable Homestead Bill, and recommend our Senators and Representatives in Congress from Pennsylvania, to aid in procuring the passage of such a bill.

Resolved, That we congratulate the Democratic Party that former differences have been settled, and the Whig Party, on the subject of the banking institutions of Pennsylvania, are settled by a resolution of the late Democratic Convention, recognizing and adopting the Whig doctrine on that subject.

Resolved, That the Whig Party, now as heretofore, will continue to urge the sale of the Public Improvements as the only means by which our heavy and oppressive taxes can be reduced, and the ultimate payment of the public debt be accomplished.

Resolved, That this Convention with extreme pleasure assent to the constitution of the Whig party of this State, the names of James Pollock of Northumberland, for Governor, and George Darsie of Allegheny, for Canal Commissioner, and Daniel M. Smyser of Montgomery, for Justice of the Supreme Court, because their resolutions are not only faithful, sound, and tried Whigs, but of approved ability and experience for their respective stations and also honest, pure, and good men.

The resolutions were read by Mr. Coffey, of Blair county.

After the adjournment the Convention then voted to the House of Representatives, for the use of the Hall; and to the officers, for their faithful discharge of their general duties; when the Convention adjourned sine die, with three hearty cheers for the nominees.

After the adjournment a mass meeting was organized, by calling Col. Edie to the Chair; and appointing several Vice Presidents and Secretaries. Speeches were made by Messrs. Coffey, Benedict, and Casey, and great enthusiasm prevailed. A more respectable or spirited Convention has been held in the State for years, and better candidates for any offices have never been presented for the suffrages of the people. The auguries of success are cheering.

Lucus Nature.

A lady residing in Newburg, in this county, was delivered of a bicephalous male child of the most singular formation. It had two heads, three arms and four hands. The child was not alive when ushered into existence. The two faces were almost precisely alike in features. The two heads were joined together at the neck, and the two bodies were joined together at the chest, and the two arms and hands were joined together at the wrist. The child was not alive when ushered into existence. The two faces were almost precisely alike in features. The two heads were joined together at the neck, and the two bodies were joined together at the chest, and the two arms and hands were joined together at the wrist.

Gen. Houston says that of three hundred members of Congress in attendance when the Missouri Compromise was passed, thirty-three years ago, only three remain—Benton, Everett and himself.

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THE MARKETS.

HUNTINGDON. March 21, 1854. Flour per 100 lbs. \$7.75 a \$8.00. Oats, per bushel, 75 cts. White Wheat, per bushel, 1.50. Rye, per bushel, 80 cts. Corn, per bushel, 70 cts. Buckwheat, per bushel, 40 cts. Flaxseed, per bushel, 1.00. Hay, per ton, 15.00. Butter, per lb., 12 cts.

PHILADELPHIA. March 20, 1854. Flour per 100 lbs. \$7.25 a \$7.50. Oats, per bushel, 75 cts. White Wheat, per bushel, 1.80. Rye, per bushel, 80 cts. Corn, per bushel, 70 cts. Buckwheat, per bushel, 40 cts. Flaxseed, per bushel, 1.00. Hay, per ton, 15.00. Butter, per lb., 12 cts.

BALTIMORE. Reported by Carr, Giese & Co., Commission Merchants Baltimore. March 18, 1854. Flour per 100 lbs. \$7.00 a \$7.25. Oats, per bushel, 75 cts. White Wheat, per bushel, 1.75. Rye, per bushel, 80 cts. Corn, per bushel, 70 cts. Buckwheat, per bushel, 40 cts. Flaxseed, per bushel, 1.00. Hay, per ton, 15.00. Butter, per lb., 12 cts.

EVERY FAMILY should at once procure a bottle of the great ANTI-SPASMODIC MAN AND BEAST, called H. G. FARRELL'S ARABIAN LINIMENT. It always the most intense pains in a few minutes, restores the synovial fluid or joint water, and thus cures stiff joints; it penetrates the flesh to the bone, relaxes contracted tendons, cures rheumatism, and restores limbs of twenty years' standing; also tumors, swollen neck, enlargement of the glands, and is the best medicine for ailments of cattle; never discovered, curing swine, spavins, splints, and all diseases which require an external application.

San Pita of 10 years' standing cured by H. G. Farrell's Arabian Liniment. Mr. H. G. Farrell—Dear Sir: I had been afflicted with the "San Pita" for the last ten years, and could never get relief except by bleeding; but by the use of H. G. Farrell's Arabian Liniment, applied over the temples about three or four times a day, it was entirely removed, and I have felt nothing of it since. I went into the stable one night, to apply to a horse's sore leg, and being very lame he stumbled and fell against my legs, crushing and bruising them so badly that they turned black as my hand, rendering them useless. I applied your Liniment, and was well enough in a few days to go about again as usual. I also crushed my finger in a shocking manner, by letting a buck log fall upon it; your Liniment soon healed it up, though. JOHN B. M'GEE. La Salle precinct, Peoria co., Ill., Feb. 6, '49.

[Eq. Barker, of New Canton, Ill., says:] Mr. H. G. Farrell's Arabian Liniment has cured some bad cases here, which every other remedy had failed in; one was a white swelling and contracted cords in the leg of a boy twelve years old. The leg had withered away, and was so contracted that he had no use of it. Three doctors had tried their skill upon it in vain, and he was fast sinking to the grave, when the boy's father was induced to try H. G. Farrell's Arabian Liniment. Before the first bottle was used he was able to walk, and the first words he said were—"Mr. Barker, I want all that Liniment you have in the store; the one bottle I got did my boy more good than all that I had ever been done before." That boy is now well and hearty, and has free use of his legs. It is good for sprains, bruises, cuts, burns and swellings.

Look out for Counterfeits! The public are cautioned against another counterfeit, which has lately made its appearance, called W. B. Farrell's Arabian Liniment, the most dangerous of all counterfeits, because his having the name of Farrell, many will buy it in good faith, without the knowledge that a counterfeit exists, and they will perhaps only discover their error when the spurious mixture has wrought its evil effects. The genuine article is manufactured only by H. G. Farrell, sole inventor and proprietor, and wholesale druggist No. 17 Main street, Peoria, Illinois, to whom all applications for Agencies must be addressed. Be sure you get it with the letters H. G. before Farrell's, thus H. G. FARRELL'S AND his signature on the wrapper, all others are counterfeits. Sold by Thos. Reed & Son, Huntingdon, Pa. E. Sellers & Fleming Brothers wholesale, Pittsburgh, and by regularly authorized agents throughout the United States. Price 25 cts. in 50 cts. and \$1 per bottle. AGENTS in this county, are Messrs. H. G. Farrell and his son, situated at Mt. Creek, Huntingdon county, is now offered for rent, on favorable terms.

THE large, and well located store, dwelling and warehouse belonging to the Estate of William Buchanan, dec'd., situated at Mt. Creek, Huntingdon county, is now offered for rent, on favorable terms.

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