Wednesday Morning, March 15, 1854. WILLIAM BREWSTER, Editor.

CIRCULATION 1000.

Notice.

Notice.

The undersigned has purchased the Journal and all moneys now due for subscription have been transferred with it, and are payable to me. For advertisements inserted for a limited time, if one half or more than one half of the time has transpired, the whole amount is to be settled with Mr. Glasgow; if one-half of the time has not elapsed at this date, settlement is to be made with me. This notice is given to those having accounts in the books, so that they may know with whom settlement is to be made WILLIAM BREWSTER.

near David Jewell, the convicted murderer at Pittsburg, who was recently respited by Gov. Bigler, is to be hung on Friday the 24th inst.

J. B. Gough gets \$1200 a month for lecturing in Great Britain, and it is said the Scotch association he works for make a good thing out of it.

Statistics, carefully prepared, demonstrate that scarcely one-fourth of the inhabitants of Philadelphia are regular church-goers. In Boston it has been ascertained that one-half of its inhabitants are stated worshippers.

Supplied daily with twenty-two millions of gal-

supplied daily with twenty-two millions of gal-lons, London forty-five millions, Boston ten millions, New York thirty millions, and Phila-

delphia fiteen millions.

THE FARM JOURNAL.—Inc March number is now on our table. It will bear comparison with any preceding number of this famous journal that has been issued. It is one of the best and largest Monthly Agricultural Publications in the Union. Farmers, subscribe for it tions in the Union. Farmers, subscribe for it. Price only ONE DOLLAR, in advance.

THE PEOPLES' JOURNAL.—The March num ber of this excellent and useful periodical is on our table. It is embellished with Sixty-one Engravings, illustrative of the subjects treated.

The price of this valuable journal is comparatively nothing, when the size and usefulness of it is taken into consideration. Price, \$1 per

us the following statement of the per year, or 50 cents a volume.

ECA. The Democratic State Convention met at Harrisburg on Wednesday last, and re-nominated Gov. Bigler—five votes being cast for Hon. Thomas S. Bell. Judge Black was unan imously re-nominated for Supreme Judge. For Canal Commissioner, Henry S. Mott, of Pike Canal Commissioner, Henry S. Mott, of Pi county, was nominated on 2nd ballot. He re-ceived 83 votes, out of 131—George Scott (the next highest) receiving 20 votes, and the re-mainder scattering. Resolutions were adopted re-affirming the principles of the Baltimore

Platform.

A curious panic was caused at Sar Francisco some time since, by a rumor that the Express and Banking house of Adams & Cohad failed! The holders of their receipts and other paper made a run which continued all day, the office being kept open until midnight. The amount drawn out is variously stated be-tween \$400,000 and \$900,000; and the next

What Ruined Cuba?

books, so that they may know with whom settlement is to be made.

WillLIAM BREWSTER.
Feb. 24, '54.

New Advertisements.

We invite the attention of our readers to our advertising columns. See Card of Samuel S. Smith. Valuable Personal Property for sale at Mill, by Mrs. Elizabeth Buchanan. Register's Notices, by M. F. Campbell. Sheriff's Sales and Proclamations, by Sheriff Greenland.
Fresh Garden Seeds, by J. Bricker. Petitions for License, &c.

Med. The absence of the editor accounts for the lack of editorial, interesting reading matter, &c., in this week's paper.

Messrs. Maguire and Gwin, of the Pa. Legislature, and Hon. John McCulloch, M. C., will please accept our thanks for continued favors.

A Mahogany Bridge.—One of the bridges built by the Nicaragua Transit Company, on the road leading from Lake Nicaragua to San Juan del Sud, is made entire of mahogany.

Med. David Jewell, the convicted murderer at Pittsburg, who was recently respited by Gov. Bigler, is to be hung on Friday the 24th inst.

Mattering in Great Britain, and it is said the Scotch association he works for make a good thing out of it.

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Sugar in Cuba and Louisiana.

Mr. E. J. Fortstall, of N. O., has furnished some information in relation to the sugar culture of Cuba and Louisiana, from which we learn that irrespective of the recent advance in the value of slaves, the capital invested in the

the value of slaves, the capital invested in the culture of the cane in Louisiana may very safely be placed at the sum of \$126, 929,000.

The total crop of sugar in Cuba in 1840, was \$21,636,000 lbs. In 1841, was 324,876,800 lbs.

The sugar crop of Louisiana in 1840, was 119,947 hhds., or 119,947,000 lbs., and for 1841, 120,000 hds. or 120,000,000 lbs.

The crop of Cuba in 1853, has been stated in round numbers at 600,000,000 lbs.

The crop of Louisiana, in 1853, as shown above, was equal to that of Caba in 1840, way 321,939 hhds., or 321,931,000 lbs., and for 1854, will probably reach 400,000,000 lbs.

The consumption of sugar in the U. S. for 1840, was estimated at 550,000,000 lbs., and for 1840, was estimated at 550,000,000 lbs., and for 1853, is estimated as 745,000,000 lbs.; of which, including what was grown in Louisiana, Texas and Florida, and the maple sugar, it may be safely estimated at least one-half was of domestic production and the balance of foreign growth.

Pennsylvania Cities and Towns.

The United States Census of 1850 furnishes us the following statement of the population of

n-	Philadelphia,	408,762	Pittsburg,	84.4
	Reading.	15,734	Lancaster,	12,2
r	Easton.	8,761	Harrisburg,	7,8
n-	Pottsville,	7,515	Beaver, &c.,	6,9
or	York,	6,863	Norristown,	6,0
e	Erie.	5,838	Carbondale,	4.9
	Carlisle.	4,581	Columbia,	4.1
6+	Pittston,	4,049	Danville.	3,3
e	Chambersburg,		West Chester,	3,1
e-	Tamaqua,	3,080	Lewistown,	2,7
d	Wilkesbarre,	2,723	Phœnixville,	2,6
	Washington,	2,662	Meadville.	2,5
e.	Bristol,	2,570	Hollidaysburg	, 2,4
	Brownsville.	2,369	Union.	2,3
	New Castle,	2,401	Honesdale.	2,2
n	Lebanon,	2,148	Gettysburg,	2,1
le	Port Carbon,	2,142	Schuyl. Haven	
0.	Marietta,	2,099	St. Clair,	2,0
d	Lewisburg,	2,012	Du Chair,	2,00
	mit it's	-,012		

This list embraces all the towns and village

The Late Pension Frauds in Lancaster County.

What Ruined Cuba?

The Citizens, John Mitchel's newspaper, of New York, having penned a long and random article, rather more remarkable for ignorated and imagination, than for truth or good logic, in relation to the want of viality or nationality of Cuba; the New York Mirror, the editor of which has seen the length and breadth of the island, gives the following "solid" parsgraph:

"We will tell the "Citizens," in a word, what has crashed this beautiful island—what has schained and despoiled this "fair Andromeda,"—tis Romanism—the same vampire that has sucked the life-blood from the heart of his own poor, emaciated Erin. And setting all other questions aside, political, geographical and commercial, we protest against annexing to these free United States, such a mass of benighted fanatical Popery, as presses, like an an incubas, upon the bleeding breast of "the ever faithful Island of Cuba."

The Boston Bee says, "if annexation brings Popery, we say refuse now and forever. It has cursed Cuba—it has cursed Mexico—it has cursed Guba—it has cursed Mexico—it has cursed Guba—it has cursed Mexico—it has cursed Guba—it has cursed Mexico—it has cursed Guba—it has cursed Guba

ment for alleged sorvices rendered, had the fullest confidence. Among the gentlemen thas villainously and shamefully outraged and imposed upon, are James Buchann, Simon Cameron and J. Strohm—all well and favorably known throughout the State and Country.

Among the names forged, are those of Judge Schoffer, Post Master Reigart, Alderman Musser, and other respectable citizens of Lanacaster, as has appeared since the defendants were taken into custody. It was before Judge Long they were taken on a writ of kabeas corpus, and was admitted to bail in \$2000, after the strongest remonstrance had been made by Marshall Wynkoop against taking such limited bail. Yet this was done by the Judge under the conviction that the parties were innocent of any such flagrant crimes as were charged against them. There were numerons other persons of like impressions with the Judge, and when the U. S. Marshall with Deputies John Jenkins and Geo. Wynkoop made the arrest, much indignation was exhibited against the officers, none of the friends or acquaintances of Judge Vondersmith or Gen. Ford, believeing the charges, nor are they yet prepared to think them true.

A delegation from Lancaster went to Washington and had an interview with President Pierce, with the hepe of having the prosecution stopped, but without success.

Several days after the defendants were admitted to bail in \$2,000 each, it was increased \$5000, and very readily obtained. Tuesday last was the time oppointed for a hearing before the United States District Court, but reither of the parties were present, hence the bail was foreited, and hench warrants issued aftor their arrests. Marshal Wynkoop, and Deputy Marshals Jenkins and Miller, immeditely stated in pursuit of them. Miller went to Lancaster City, while the others went to New York and Boston, fearful, from certain representations, they were about to leave the country. Nothing has been heard of either of them,

the 18th inst., and that Vondersmith had taken a steamer for a southern port.

The alleged frauds have been undergoing an investigation during the past three months, by Deputy Marshal John Jenkins, who was appointed a special agent by the Secretary of the Interior and Commission of Pensions, and through his instrumentality the parties were arrested.

Important to Land-Holders.

Important to Land-Holders.

We presume that a very large portion of our land-holders are not aware of the stringent nature of the law relative to the Recording of Deeds and Mortgages, &c., and the fewest number apprehend the inconvenience they may suffer by neglecting to have such papers recorded within SIX MONTHS from the date of their execution, or, as the laws says in, so many words, they shall be adjudged fraudulant and void against a subsequent purchaser or mortgage. against a subsequent purchaser or mortgage, who has complied with the provisions of the law. The following is a section of the Act of 28th, May, 1775:

§ 8. No deed or mortgage, or defeasible deed

past any estate therein for life or years, unless such deed be acknowledged and approved, and recorded within six months after the date there of, where such lands lie.

The first section of the Act of March 18, 1775, provides that all deeds and conveyances shall be recorded within six months after the execution of the same, and expressly declares that "every such deed and conveyance which shall not be proved and recorded as aforesaid, shall be adjudged fraudulent and roid against any subsequent purchaser or mortgagee for valuable consideration, unless such deed or conveyance be recorded as aforesaid, before the proving and recording of the deed or conveyance under which such subsequent purchaser or mortgages shall claim."

It will be seen by the foregoing that every land-holder or mortgages should have his deeds or mortgages recorded in due time and thus secure himself against the stringent penaltics imposed upon negligence.—Chambersburg Whig.

Military Discipline and Religious Lib-

List of Patents.

Issued from the United States Patent Office, for the week ending Febuary 28, 1854, dated Febuary 28, 1854.

February 23, 1831.

S. B. Batchelor, of Lowville, New York:
For improvement in scyllie fustenings.

John W. Chittenden and William C. Mead,
of Vevay, Indiana: For improved machine for
sultting home.

of Vevay, Indiana: For improved machine for splitting hoops.
John P. Conger, of Newark, New Jersey: For improvement in salt kilns.
Lewis W. Colver, of Louisville, Kentucky: For improvement in seed planters.
Robert W. Davis, of Rodgersville, New York: For improvement in churas.
A. K. Eaton, of New York, New York: For improvement in machines for pulverizing ores.
Timothy D. Jackson, of New York, New York: For improvement in dies for making seamless metal tubes.
Smith W. Bullock, of New York, New York: assignor to Stillman, Allen & Co., of same place: For improvement in quarts crushers.
Michael M. Gray, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania: For improvement in rallroad chair machines.

Thomas D. Henson and George Rohr, of harlestown, Virginia: For improvement in

Charlestown, Virginia: For improvement in seed planters.

William Burnett and John Amsterdam, of Boston, Masanchusetts: For improvement in the use of fusible disks in steam boilers.

James Renton, of Newark, New Jersey: For improvement in zinc white furnaces.

Frank G. Johnson, of Brooklyn, New York: For table to hold bank notes when cut.

A. S. Lyman, of New York, New York: For improvements in air engines.

pins.

James Pitts, of Lancaster, Massachusetts:
For improvement in cotton picker cylinders.
Joseph Sawyer, of South Royalston, Massachusetts: For improved socket for bonch hooks.

William Summer, of Worcester, Massachusetts: For improvement in organs.

shire: For improved tool-rest for turning lathes, John G. Snyder and Joseph Young, of Wheatfield township, Pennsylvania: For im-provement in seed planters. Linus Yale, of Newport New York: For im-provement in bank locks. Jacob Zook, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania: For

L. Otto P. Meyer, or New Processing indian-rubber, and other gums.

James F. Brodhead, of Rondout, New York

Pitch of Napanock, New

James F. Brodhead, of Rondout, New 10rk York: For improvement in forcep sawsets, Stephen P. Ruggles, of Boston, Massachn-setts: For improvement in printing presses. Abijah Hall and Sylvanus Sturtevant, of South Paris, Maine: For improvement in snow-

REISSUES.

Jonas Holmes and Epraim French, of Lec,
Massachusetts For improved process of manufacturing variegated roving; patented May 18
1852.

William F. Ketchum, of Buffalo, New York:
For improvement in green to be provided to the William F. Actenum, of Buttalo, New York: for improvement in grass harvesters; patten-ted February 10, 1852. Frederick Starr, of Rochester, New York: For cast iron legs for piano-fortes. Frederick Starr, of Rochester, New York: For cast iron pedal lyre for piano-fortes.

David Swartz, of Tom's Brook, Virginia:
For improvement in plows; patented June 22, 1852.

Scene in the U. S. Senate.

Information from Washington, states that after the adjournment of the Senate on last Thursday evening a week, scenes of furious excitement occurred between Mr. Butler of Stouth Carolina, and Mr. Walker of Wisconsin, between Messrs. Walker and Weller, between Messrs. Walker and Weller, between Messrs. Mason and Wade of Ohio. Mr. Wade made a furious, personal and vindictive speech against Mr. Mason, in reply to Mr. Mason's attack upon Mr. Chase, the most violent of the evening. Previous to this, menacing gestures had been observed between Senators. These disgraceful proceedings have grown out of the excitement upon the all engrossing Nebraska question.— Now, what kind of a report is the above, to go forth to the country, that the Senate of the U. States is the scene of personal encounters between infuriated bullies, instead of the scene of dignified and able debates between Senators. How can the constituency of these Senators look up to the Senate with that respect and confidence which it commanded in its palmy days, when Webster, Clay and Calhoun, adoned its Halls. Such scenes are deeply mortifying to every American citizen, and expose us to the ridicule and sneer of our jealous and watchful neighbors across the Atlantic.—Telegraph and Journal.

Sayed from the Destroyers

Saved from the Destroyer.

A young lady of respectable parentage, educated, and gifted with many personal attractions, who has been residing for the last two years or more, in Dover, N. H., started, on Tuesday last, under the care of a man well known in dover, for Cincinnati, Ohio, where her father now resides. He was to accompany her as far as Philadelphia, where a friend was to meet her. The young lady and her traveling companion arrived in Boston on Tuesday about noon, and stopped at the National House, she expecting to go direct to the Railroad station for New York. Instead of this, she was left alone at the National House for an hour or more, and from thence taken to a house of bad reputation in Endicott street. Here it was afterwards ascertained that her companion had engaged board for three days. He stated to her that important and unsuspected business would detain him for a day to two, in this city, and he had taken her to this quiet place, where she would be safe from intruders. At this she was much alarmed and requested to be sent back to Dover. Her companion refused so to do, and from that moment his designs were apparent. Every inducement in his power was held out to effect her ruin without success. At a late hour on the same day, the police were informed of the rascality of this man, and the girl was rescued from his hands and the den of infamy into which she had been inveigled. The man who made this attempt is about 30 years of age, and has a wife in New York. The girl is about 16 years of d.

Shocking Case of Destitution.

The Manchester, (N. H.,) Mirror, relates the following case of destitution and want, caused

Section of the control of the contro

Dreadful Marine Disaster-All on board Lost Except one Man.

Dreadful Marine Disaster—All on board Lost Except one Man.

The coast of the Island of Barra, off the Western part of Scotland, has been the scene of the total loss of the Liverpool ship W. H. Davis, Captain Carling, master, while on her voyage to New Orleans, with every soul on board (excepting one man) in all 30 persons. The ship had become unmanageable in the course of the recent fearful westerly gales, and in attempting, on the night of the 2ght of January, to weather Barra head, she went ashore on the rocks of Vatersay, within a short distance of the spot where the Anne Jane, emigrant ship, was lost a few months since. The moment the ill-fated ship touched the rocks, the master and crew took to the rigging, as their only chance of escape, expecting, no doubt, as the wreck heeled over, they would be able to gain the rocks. In a few minutes the ship was dashed to pieces, and the whole of the poor fellows fell amid the wreck and perished. Only one escaped—the steward, a young man, named Robert William Ruchmere, of Liverpool. He took refuge on the bowsprit, and as the vessel went to pieces, he sprang forward and succeeded in reaching the rocks in safety, although very much bruised. He was almost insensible when fassistance arrived the next morning. Several bodies of the crew were discovered among the rocks by the fisherment.

The court-room was crowded with the young associates of these men.

associates of these men.

**Sociates of these men.

**Sociates of these men.

**Sociates of the which so much has been said of late, is a town of two thousand houses. It is surrounded with walls, has a quarantine, a town hall, a custom house, three churches, and a cavalry barrack. It is the chief place of a sub-administrator's district. The redoubts and present center and contract center and contract center and contract center and contract center. on which the Turks are fortified is situated near the left bank; it is partly covered with wood, and is defended by strong intrenchments in earth, bearing heavy artillery. Above Widdin the Turks have constructed a new citadel according to all the rules of art.—Lon. Times.

India Let out to Farm.

India Let out to Farm.

"An Old Dealer in paper" publishes a letter in the London Times, in which he offers to supply the East India Company with stationary as a free gift, if they will give him the amount saved by the extinction of the three bresidencies, which, he says, owing to the mismanage stationary establishments at the three Presidencies, which, he says, owing to the mismanage meant and swindling, are now productive of \$220,000 loss annually. The writer has a friend "in the drug and chemical line," who is a willing to make a similar offer for the supply of medical stores; and, in fact, he says, "a party of us have been thinking of offering to farm India altogether at a rent of £420,000,000 strent India altogether at a rent of £420,000,000 strent received from it being under £22,000,000 transmissing a guarantee for the extinction of families in the pace of the extinction of families of railway and half as much of canals annually, with a proportion of common thoroughfares, for the next twenty years."

Rascality Among Seamen.

Six sailors were recently sentenced in Liverpool to two months' imprisonment for robbing emigrants and their fellow seamen on board, the packet ship Universe. The trial disclosed an organized plan of plunder which has beed for months, if not for years, in successful operations and bear of the fellow seamen on board, the packet ship Universe. The trial disclosed an organized plan of plunder which has beed for months, if not for years, in successful operations and bear of the fellow seamen on board that the proportion of common the proposition of the murdered woman in whose depended for her support. He was arrested and taken before a magistrate for axamination, but the evidence against him was not deemed sufficient by the gustice to wararant has a the bear three Presidencies, which he evidence against him was not deemed sufficient by the gustice to wararant has a testing appear of a draught. It is adult here, and the evidence against him was not deemed sufficient by the gustice to wara

Six sailors were recently sentenced in Liverpool to two months' imprisonment for robbing
emigrants and their fellow seamen on board
the packet ship Universe. The trial disclosed
an organized plan of plunder which has been
for months, if not for years, in successful operation, and embraced a large number of confed-

Their opportunities for mixing freely with the passengers in the steerage have enabled them to carry on this nefarious system to al-most any extent.

Fatal Accident—Extraordinary Presentment.

On Tuesday, Simeon C. Webster, formerly of Jericho, Vt., was caught by the belt of a On Tuesday, Simeon C. Webster, formerly of Jericho, Vt., was caught by the belt of a driving shaft in a mill at Nashua, and instantially killed—his neck having been broken and his body horribly mangled. Mr. Webster was in his twentieth year, and had been married about three months. We have learned, from a relative of Mr. Webster, that on the day of the accident Mrs. Webster was strongly impressed with the idea that a terrible calamity was shed with the idea that a terrible calamity was then to happen to her husband. She was exceedingly distressed, and weeping as if the event had already occurred, she expressed her convictions to the lady with whom she boarded. This lady endeavored to calm her fears, and

From the Nashville Whig, Feb. 21st.

Horrible Brutality.

Between two and three weeks ago. Gideor Riggs, of Riggs Cross Roads, in Williamsor county, in this State, suspecting a man named Miller, a chair-maker by trade, who lived or this remains of baying stale, two hundres. ounty, in this State, suspecting a man named Miller, a chair-maker by trade, who lived on his premises, of having stolen two hundred and fifty dollars out of a drawer in his house, seized him, took him up stairs, and there confined him chained, from Sunday until Thursday night, when he was taken down and placed in the hands of three men, two of whom were named Anderson and the other Archibald Hughes, and carried by them to the woods, where he was hung up seven times, and beaten in the most frightful manner, in order to make him him give up the money—he persisting all the time that he knew nothing of it, and beseeching them to shoot him at once, and thus put an end to his sufferings. They stripped him, and beat him with branches torn from a beech tree, some of which were afterwards found, all bloody, on the ground. The night was one of the coldest of the season. After hanging him up, and beating and lacerating and torturing him with truly Indian barbarity, they carried him to the house of a neighbor, and throwing him over into the yard there left him, with the hope and expectation; it is said, that he would be torn into pieces by the dogs of the place, which were known to be exceedingly firere. Fortunately, however, the dogs were away, and Miller, although scarcely alive, was able to make himself heard by the immates of the house, who kindly took him in, and offered such relief as it was in their power to furnish. His feet and hands were badly frost-bitten, and parts of his body horribly lacerated. He lies now in a very precarious condition.

One of the Andersons is in jail. The other

parts of his body horribly Incernted. He lies now in a very precarious condition.

One of the Andersons is in jail. The other with Hughes and Riggs, has fled. We hear, but know not how to believe it, and hope it may not be true—Riggs, instead of taking him before an examining court as was his duty, took a bond of a thousand dollars from him for his appearance, and then let him go free. Riggs, immediately sold his land and "put out," taking his negroes with him.

We understand that Miller was entirely innocent, and that the money had been stolen by Riggs' own negroes.

Brutal Murder of a Woman. The Waynesburg Messenger, of the 20th

says:

We are indebted to Dr. I. N. Owen, of New Freeport, in Aleppo township, in this county, for the following particulars of a brutal murder, perpetrated on the Sth inst, within a mile and a half of that place on the person of an aged woman named Gump.

The Dr. says that on the morning of the 8th, between the hours of 5 and 6 clock he was called upon by John Gump to visit his mother, who had received a frightful wound-from an unknown hand an hour or two before. On going to the house found the unfortunate woman lying on her left side in bed, with her face towards the wall, in the same position, apparently, as she had went to sleep the evening before. There was a cut on the right side of the head, commencing a little back and above the right eye and running back five inches. This cut was evidently inflicted with an axe, and in the middle, it penetrated at least two inches into the brain. The axe was found on the porch with blood, brains, and grey hairs still adhering to it. Mrs. Gump, although entirely insensible, in this condition lived about eighteen hours after the wound had been inflicted. Several persons in the neighborhood were respectively suspected of committing this dreadful crime, but suspicion seemed to settle upon Henry Gump, a son of the murdered woman, who slept in the same room with her, and upon whom she depended for her support. He was arrested and taken before a magistrate for examination, but the evidence against him was not deemed sufficient by the justice to warrant his commitment, and he was set at liberty.—Mrs Gump was about seventy years of age.

The Water Buffalo.

The water Buffalo.

Composed of 16 letters.

19 7, 6, 5 is justly to be dreaded.
1, 1, 8, 3, 11, 4 is a good qualification.
2, 12, 11 is essential to animation.
3, 12, 11 is essential to animation.
10, 3, 15 is a mechanical process.
11, 14, 15, 5, 16 is a powerful incentive.
15, 6, 4, 5, 1 are much used in commercity whole is one of the United States. B. L. Shirleysburg, Pa.

The most extraordinary discovery in the World is the Great Arabian Remedy for Man and Beast.

CELEBRATED ARABIAN LINIMENT

EVERY FAMILY should at once procure a EVERY FAMILU should nt once procure a bottle of the great Arabian remedy for man and beast, called H. G. FARRELUS ARABIAN LINIMENT. It allays the most intense pains in a few minutes, restores the synovial fluik or joint water, and thus cures stiff joints; it penetrates the flesh to the bone, relaxes contracted cords, cures rheumatism and palsied limbs af twenty years' standing; also tumors, swelled neck, enlargement of the glands, and is the best medicine for ailments of cattle ever discovered, curing sweeny, spavins, splint, and all diseases which require an external application.

tion.

Sun Pain of 10 years' standing cured by H. G. Parrell's Arabian Linimont.

Mr. H. G. Farrell.—Dear sir. I had been afflicted with the "Sun Pain" for the last ten years, and could never get relief except by bleeding; but by the use of H. G. Farrell's Arabian Linimont, applied over the temples about three or four times a day, it was entirely removed, and I have felt nothing of it since. I went into the stable one night, to apply it to a horse's sore leg, and being very lame he sturmled and fell against my legs, crushing and bruising them so badly that they turned black as my hat, rendering them powerless. I applied your Liniment, and was well enough in a few days to go about again as usual. I also crushed my finger in a shocking manner, by letting a back log fall upon it; your Liniment soon healed it up, though.

La Salle precinct, Peoria co, Ill., Feb, 6, 49.

[Esq. Barker, of New Canton, Ill., says: 1]

La Salle precinct, Peoria co, Ill., Feb. 6, '49.

[Esq. Barker, of New Canton, Ill., says:]

Mr. H. G. Farrell's Arabian Limiment has cured some bad cases here, which every other remedy had failed in; one was a white swelling and contracted cords in the leg of a boy twelve years old. The leg had withered away, and was so contracted that he had no use of it.—Three doctors had tried their skill upon it in vain, and he was fast sinking to the grave, when the boy's father was induced to try H. G. Farrell's Arabian Limiment. Before the first bottle was used up he came to Mr. B.'s store, and the first words he said were, 'Mr. Barker, I want all that Limiment you have in the store; the one bottle I got did my boy more good than all that had ever been done before.' That boy is now well and hearty, and has free use of this legs. It is good for sprains, bruises, cuts, burns and swellings.

and hamlet in the United States, in which one is not already established. Address H. G. Farrell as above, accompanied with good reference as to character, responsibility, &c. February 15, '54.-4t.

For sale at the Cheap Store of J. BRICKER. VOTERS, ATTENTION!

THE subscriber respectfully announces to the independent voters of the Borough of Huntingdon, that he is a Candidate for the office of Constable at the ensuing election. If elected, he pledges himself to perform the duties of said office with fieldity.

SAMUEL S. SMITH.

March 15, 1854.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT!

Valuable Property at Public Sale. Waltuble Property at Public Sale.

Will be sold at Public Outery, at the late
residence of Col. William Buchanan, Mill
Creek, Brady township, Huntingdon county, on
Tuesday the 21st, and Wednesday the 22nd of
March, the following personal property belonging to the said deed, to wit:
A large and handsome assortment of Household Furniture, consisting of Bedstends, Beds,
and Bedding, elegantly worked Coverlide,
Blankets, &c., &c., two Bureaus, Chairs, about
160 yards of excellent Carpets of various patterns, also, a large collection of Ornamental
China and Porcelain, and four kitchen and parlor Stoves, also, one man and one lady's Saddle.

terns, also, a large collection of Ornamental China and Porcelain, and four kitchen and parlor Stoves, also, one man and one hady's Saddle. Also, about 12 bushels of Potatos, 4 Hoga, and smoked meat, about 2000 Rail Road Ties, 300 saw logs, and a lot Gards, of various sizes and qualities, 1 Wind Mill, 1 Log Wagon, I eross-cut law 1, 1 Grinding Stone, and an excellent Platform Scales, also, a lot of Iron, in pigs and blooms, together with many other articles too numerous to mention. Sale to commence at 10 o clock, when the conditions will be made known. ELIZABETH BUCHANAN, Administratrics to Estate of Col. W. Buchanan. March 15, 1834.—Iw.