



HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday Morning, March 30, 1853.

S. L. GLASGOW, Editor.

V. B. PALMER

Is our authorized agent in Philadelphia, New York and Boston, to receive advertisements; and any persons in those cities wishing to advertise in our columns, will please call on him.

WHIG STATE TICKET.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER, Moses Pownall, of Lancaster county. FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL, Christian Myers, of Clarion county. FOR AUDITOR GENERAL, Alexander K. McClure, of Franklin co.

See New Advertisements in another part of to-day's paper.

Hon. S. A. Douglas of the U. S. Senate has our thanks for a speech he delivered in that body recently on the Monroe Doctrine.

Col. S. S. Wharton of the State Legislature also will accept our thanks for public favors.

We have just received a Catalogue of the faculty, Officers and Students of Cassville Seminary; which shows during the current year of '52-'53, there were in attendance about 60 students. The school is said to be in a very prosperous condition, the present Session opening under more favorable circumstances than any one heretofore.

Col. S. S. Wharton.

On account of the name of Col. Wharton having been paraded before the public in connection with the nomination for Surveyor General, without his consent or desire, and possibly may have made the impression that he wished the nomination, we deem it but justice to the Col. to state that he was not a candidate for that position, but intends, we learn, to be a candidate for a re-nomination to the Legislature at the August Convention.

Murder Case in Philadelphia.

The trial of Arthur Spring, for the fiendish and cruel murder of Honora Shaw and Ellen Lynch, on Thursday night, the 11th inst., took place last week in the Court of Oyer and Terminer, Philadelphia, and resulted in his conviction, in the first degree. We must say we have never heard of, nor read of a murder surrounded with more aggravating and horrifying circumstances than those surrounding that of which Arthur Spring was convicted.

This wretch, who claimed to have the sympathies and feelings of a man, and who professed to be endowed with all the shining attributes of humanity, watched the opportunity when Ellen Lynch and Honora Shaw were alone, unprotected by the hand of a husband or a friend, entered their house in the dark and silent hours of the night, and with a deadly weapon brutally murdered both of them—all too, for the sake of a few paltry dollars, which he hoped to procure and did procure, in the event of having taken their lives.

If this degraded and fiendish man is not hung by the neck until he is dead, we hope a law abolishing Capital punishment will immediately pass our Legislature, for we don't want any law of the kind on our Statute books—we need none.

In the case of Spring, his son, about 18 years of age, was the chief witness against him. On the words of his lips the life of his father, and the respectability of himself and connections hung.

But true to the noble instincts of an honest nature, and guided by the convictions of an unperverted conscience, he spoke the words which must swing his father on the gallows.

Human life to the minds of many, judging from the frequent occurrences of murder, even in our own community, is becoming comparatively of trifling importance.—The law in regard to capital punishment seems to be no more a terror to evil doers.

Those in the administration of justice ought to see to this matter, and if we must have laws on our statute books punishing criminal and capital offences, they should be enforced to the very letter, so that if there be any virtue in them the community may have the benefit of it. As soon as a law ceases to have any force it becomes as though it never had existed.

Convention, Principles and Nominees.

In another column will be found the proceedings of the Whig State Convention held at Lancaster on the 23d inst. The Convention was well attended, and a very respectable looking body it was.

The whole proceedings were characterized with perfect harmony and unanimity.

The allegation, which originated with the loco foco press, that the Whig party was dissolved and had abandoned the principles it had so often avowed, and cherished with such warm expressions of devotion, was so completely falsified by the spirit and determination manifested in the Convention, that it ought, if they were reasonable and honest, to close the mouths of our political opponents in all time to come.

Annihilate Whig principles! just as easy could a human arm pluck the stars from their sockets, or stay the Sun in his course! The party still lives in all its wanted youthful vigor; defeat does not dishearten, nor does beholding discourage.

Our principles must survive because they are immortal; they have for their foundation truth, and for their final cause justice; and we feel confident there is no Whig in the land who hesitates to avow the determination, by them to live, and by them to die. They are progressive as well as conservative in their nature, and were it not for the American influence they exert on the minds of our people, our democratic government would soon be crumbled to dust by the wild and fanatical spirit of "Manifest Destiny."

Let the Whigs then universally, take courage, for the battle in the end will certainly be theirs. They have nothing to fear for the glorious triumph of their principles, if they only work as a unit. Would that all felt the binding force of party obligation as strongly as do the Whigs of Huntingdon County, and there would then be no doubt of a victorious result at our October election.

MOSES POWNALL, of Lancaster county, the Whig nominee for Canal Commissioner, is an intelligent, honest farmer, possessing all the qualifications necessary to make an efficient member of the Canal Board. And if the Whigs of the State do their duty the result will be his election. He is at present a member of the lower House of the Legislature, and is said to be one of the most industrious men there.

CHRISTIAN MYERS, of Clarion county, the nominee for the office of Surveyor General, has for some time been a member of the State Senate, and is regarded as a very reliable and active partizan, possessing every requisite to honorably and faithfully discharge the duties of the office. And his election is placed beyond a doubt if the party and his friends use the proper means.

A. K. McCURE, of Franklin county, the nominee for Auditor General, is a young man of unquestioned talent, and if elected, which he will be, to the position for which he has been nominated, he will do honor to the office, himself, and the party. He is the present editor of the Franklin Repository and Whig, one of the best published papers in the interior of the State, and has done valiant service in the cause through several successive campaigns.

Whigs of Huntingdon County, rally to the support of the ticket and let no one say, we cannot conquer. In our opinion, no better ticket could have been made by the Convention.

APPOINTMENTS.—According to our Washington advices, the Cabinet of President Pierce have decided upon the following appointments for Philadelphia:—

Charles Brown, Collector of the Port; N. P. Eldred, Naval Officer; Reuben C. Hael, Surveyor of the Port; Captain Day, Navy Agent; Gideon Westcott, Postmaster. Ex-Governor Porter's claims were strongly urged by himself and his friends for the Collectorship, but like in all his other recent political speculations, he failed.

BANK DEFAUCATION.—A defalcation to the amount of \$80,000 or \$90,000, was discovered last week in the Bank of Pennsylvania—one of the Book-keepers having allowed an outside friend to overdraw his account.

This amount, however, has been reduced by securities of one kind or another to about \$40,000, and it is hoped will be eventually refunded altogether. The individual alleged to have overdrawn, it is understood, possesses considerable means.

DEATH PENALTY.—The House of Assembly of Wisconsin have, by a vote of 46 to 27, ordered to be engrossed a bill abolishing the death penalty.

In the House of Representatives of Ohio the bill for the abolition of capital punishment was defeated on the question of engrossment—yeas 88, nays 84.

WHIG STATE CONVENTION.

LANCASTER, Thursday, March 24.

An informal meeting of the Delegates to the Whig State Convention was held in Fulton Hall, at 11 o'clock, when JOHN PRICE WETHERILL, of Philadelphia, was called to the Chair, and O. H. Wheeler, of Carbon, and J. Bomberger, of Cumberland, were appointed Secretaries. On motion, a list of the delegates elected was read, when credentials were presented by the following gentlemen:

SENATORIAL DELEGATES. Philadelphia City—J. H. O'Hara, Chas. Gilpin. Philadelphia County—Wm. F. Hughes, Matthias Myers, Edward Dingee, C. T. Jones. Chester and Delaware—Joshua P. Eyre. Berks—Bennerville Kline. Bucks—Samuel Rose. Lancaster and Lebanon—Emlen Franklin. Northumberland and Dauphin—S. A. Bevsenar. Northampton and Lehigh—James W. Fuller. Carbon, Monroe, Pike and Wayne—John A. Hiestand.

Adams and Franklin—R. G. Harper. York—William S. Roland. Cumberland and Perry—R. M. Henderson. Centre, Lycoming, Sullivan and Clinton—Wm. T. Wilson. Blair, Cambria and Huntingdon—S. L. Glasgow. Luzerne, Montour and Columbia—Jacob Mellig. Bradford, Susquehanna and Wyoming—J. McCord. Erie and Crawford—C. N. Watts. Butler, Beaver and Lawrence—A. Robertson. Allegheny—George Darsie, Jas. Carothers. Washington and Greene—G. V. Lawrence. Bedford, Fulton and Somerset—J. P. H. Walker. Armstrong, Indiana and Clinton—C. Myers. Juniata, Mifflin and Union—W. F. Wagoner. Westmoreland and Fayette—Joseph Lippincott. Schuylkill—Wm. A. Hammer.

ADVISORY DELEGATES. Adams—D. Mellinger. Allegheny—J. M. Brush, Samuel Fahnestock, C. S. Eyster, Wm. McKnight. Armstrong, Clarion and Jefferson—Geo. Means, James McIlwaine. Beaver, Butler and Lawrence—W. W. Taylor, T. R. Harris, E. Sankey. Bedford, Fulton and Somerset—John Fenlon, Berks—Jacob C. Hoff, Wm. E. Banks, H. Trexler, Daniel McCormick. Blair and Huntingdon—J. S. Stewart, Edward McPherson. Bradford—E. Guver, A. Seward. Berks—John Halleman, David Fretz, E. G. Harrison. Carbon and Lehigh—O. H. Wheeler, R. Guth. Centre—Wm. K. Mehaffey. Chester—P. Woodward, Robert Parke, J. Parke. Clinton, Lycoming and Potter—J. W. Fisher. Columbia and Montour—G. M. Stroop. Cumberland—J. Bomberger, J. L. Gosler. Dauphin—S. S. Green, G. W. Hamersly, A. Boyd, D. R. Ehler, J. C. Dickinson. Luzerne—H. M. Fuller, J. J. Butler. Mifflin—C. M. Shall. Monroe and Pike—Daniel Herr. Montgomery—Robert Iredehl. Northampton—Bos. Barr, J. Richards. Northumberland—S. D. McCala. Perry—R. R. Guthrie. Philadelphia City—M. McMichael, J. P. Wetherill, Benj. E. Gerhard, Wm. Devine, Jr. Philadelphia County—Jos. P. Loughead, Wm. S. Young, Wm. Moran, Wm. Hellman, J. S. Langer. James Scott, Leonard Myers, Joseph Hafy, T. S. Watson, Jabez Gates. Schuylkill—A. W. Leyburn, John Hendricks. Somerset—J. R. Edie. Susquehanna, Sullivan and Wyoming—G. W. Bozell. Union and Juniata—O. N. Worden.

Washington—J. W. Alexander, J. N. McDonnell. Wayne—B. F. Etter. York—Henry F. Thomas, John C. Cochran, Wm. McConkey.

On motion of Mr. Campbell, a Committee to report permanent officers for the Convention was directed to be appointed.

On motion, the Convention took a recess of fifteen minutes, after which the committee was announced by the President as follows:—Charles T. Campbell, Benj. E. Gerhard, A. Robertson, L. O. Hara, N. K. Mehaffey, J. P. Eyre, J. N. Fuller, Jos. Lippincott, G. V. Lawrence, J. Carothers, O. N. Worden, R. G. Harper, W. A. Hammer, Geo. Means, Jno. Felon, J. P. F. Walker, H. M. Fuller, O. H. Wheeler, G. W. Beach, Wm. Moran, Matthias Myers, C. T. Jones, Olwin Senard, E. C. Williams, Dr. N. S. Rolans, Jared M. Brush, C. N. Watts, Emlen Franklin.

Mr. McMichael moved that a committee of five be appointed to report resolutions for the Convention. The President announced the following names to the constituent committee:—Morton McMichael, Philadelphia; Geo. Darsie, Allegheny; C. Myers, Clarion; R. M. Henderson, Cumberland; Robert Parke, Chester.

On motion, adjourned until 3 o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION. The Convention met at 3 o'clock, as per adjournment, immediately after which Mr. Campbell, from the Committee on Officers, reported the following nominations, which were unanimously confirmed:

President—Hon. Henry M. Fuller. Vice Presidents—Wm. T. Wilson, Clinton; Alex. McConnell, Indiana; Charles Gilpin, Philadelphia; S. L. Glasgow, Huntingdon; Wm. Moran, Philadelphia; Samuel Fahnestock, Allegheny; Augustus Boyd, Lancaster; Parshall Woodward, Chester; Samuel Rose, Bucks; Dr. J. W. Alexander, Washington; A. W. Leyburn, Schuylkill; Emuel Guver, Bradford; E. Sankey, Lawrence; George Mears, Clarion; G. M. Shoop, Montour; D. W. Shryock, Westmoreland. Secretaries—Jabez Gates, Philadelphia; W. W. Taylor, Beaver; G. W. Hamersly, Lancaster; R. G. Harper, Adams; G. A. Shellenberger, Fayette; O. H. Wheeler, Carbon; H. F. Thompson, York; David Barnes, Fayette.

Mr. Fuller on taking the chair, made a brief, but handsome acknowledgment to the Convention.

On motion of Mr. Edie, the rules of the House of Representatives were adopted for the government of the convention.

Mr. McMichael, from the committee on Resolutions, made the following report, which was read and unanimously adopted.

Resolved, That the Whigs of Pennsylvania, whether in triumph or defeat, adhere steadfastly to the cherished and often avowed principles of their party; and that they look forward hopefully and confidently to the period when those principles shall be found paramount in the admiration of the government.

Mr. Darsie moved the convention proceed to nominate candidates for Canal Commissioner, which was agreed to. R. Parke nominated Jno. S. Bowen, of Chester. Dan. Herr do M. Pownall, of Lancaster. F. R. Harris do A. McConnell, of Indiana. Wm. McConkey do Barton Evans, of York.

On motion, the nominations were then closed, and the first ballot was had with the following result: Moses Pownall.....69 John S. Bowen.....17 Alex. McConnell.....10 Barton Evans.....4

Moses Pownall having received a majority of all the votes cast, was declared duly nominated for Canal Commissioner. On motion, the nomination was unanimously confirmed.

On motion of Mr. Darsie, nominations for Auditor General were then received. Mr. Campbell nominated McClure, of Franklin. Mr. Fisher do Wilson, of Clinton. Mr. Fenlon do Sturdivant, of Wyoming. Mr. Hendricks do J. Hammer, of Schuylkill.

The nominations were closed, and the first ballot resulted as follows: A. K. McClure.....64 W. T. Wilson.....14 Jacob Hammer.....12 John Sturdivant.....10

A. K. McClure, of Franklin, having received a majority of all the votes cast, was declared duly nominated. On motion of Mr. McMichael, it was unanimously ratified.

Mr. McMichael moved the convention proceed to nominate candidates for Surveyor General, which was agreed to, and Mr. McMichael nominated C. Myers, of Clarion. Mr. Moran do J. McCord, of Bradford. Mr. Woodward do W. Williams, of Chester. Mr. J. W. Fuller do J. B. Boas, of Dauphin. Mr. Mifflin do A. Grittinger, of Lebanon. Mr. Shall do W. H. Irwin, of Mifflin.

The first ballot resulted as follows: Christian Myers.....46 Jacob B. Boas.....32 John McCord.....16 Wm. Williams.....3 Wm. H. Irwin.....2 Adam Grittinger.....2

No one having received a majority of all the votes cast, there was no choice. The names of Wm. H. Irwin and Wm. Williams were withdrawn. A second ballot was then had, which resulted as follows: Myers.....53 Boas.....33 McCord.....14

CHRISTIAN MYERS, having received a majority of all the votes cast, was declared duly nominated for Surveyor General.

When the nomination of Christian Myers was announced, it was unanimously confirmed, on motion of Mr. Loughead.

Mr. Harris moved the chairman of the convention be authorized to appoint a State Central Committee, which was agreed to. Mr. McMichael moved the thanks of the Convention be tendered to the citizens of Lancaster, for the hospitalities tendered to the convention. Which was unanimously agreed to.

Mr. Loughead moved the thanks of the convention be tendered to the officers, particularly to the President, for the impartial manner in which they have discharged their duties; which was unanimously agreed to.

On motion, the convention adjourned sine die.

Position of the Whig Party.

The West Tennessee Whig has a well written article from which we copy the following: "Notwithstanding the Whig party will soon be out of power, and will have no direct control or responsibility in the Government, yet they, after all compose the great conservative element, the element of strength in the country. Although in a minority, it is a powerful minority, and is always liable to become a majority, and is able to prevent the mischief that an unscrupulous party might otherwise perpetrate. This is no mean or unimportant position, and it is one in which great honor can be gained, and much good be done. Let this position be maintained with steadiness, dignity, and perseverance, without turning aside to this or that new name, and if it cannot do much for the good of the country, it can prevent much evil.

All the Whigs have to do is to be steady in their aims and undivided in their efforts, disregarding the croakings of a few of their nominal friends on the one hand, and the bullying of political bargadoos on the other. We have only to keep our ranks close and our arms in order to scatter the foe in all directions at the first fair onset, and ensure ourselves and the true interests of the country a complete and permanent victory. Let no Whig despair of the Republic. We have seen darker days, since our advocacy of Whig principles, than those which now hang over us. We helped to work the party out of those gloomy days, and we can do so again. But if there be any who think differently and are inclined to despond, we would bid them remember the glorious examples of other times. Had the Whigs of '76 given way under reverses the liberty we now enjoy would have been denied us. Had the Whigs of '39 given way under reverses, the glorious victory of 1840 would never have been won. Their reverses were greatly more overwhelming than ours.—After an overthrow in all the State elections of 1839, the Whigs had but one year to recover in. We now have nearly four. They rallied, and routed their opponents 'all along the line,' and all over the Union. Why may we not do as much?"

New Treaties.

A treaty of friendship, commerce, and navigation between the Republic of Uruguay and the United States was concluded at Montevideo on the 28th of August, '52. This treaty provides for reciprocal freedom of commerce between the two countries, and that each country be placed by the other on the footing of the most favored nations.

A supplementary convention, relative to commerce and navigation, between the U. States and the Netherlands, was concluded at Washington on the 26th day of August last. This convention provides for a reciprocal equality between the two countries, in commerce and navigation.

A treaty has been concluded between Belgium and the United States, by which subjects of either nation may acquire and transmit property in the other with or without a will.

An additional article to the convention, between Prussia and the United States, has been agreed to for the mutual delivery of criminals.—Boston Journal.

Whig County Meeting.

According to the call of the County Committee, the Whigs of Blair convened at the Court House, on Monday evening, March 21st., for the purpose of choosing a representative delegate to the Whig State Convention; when, on motion, WM. HAMMOND, Esq., was called to the chair: G. W. SMITH, MICHAEL WIKE, JACOB S. NICKODEMUS, and SAMUEL LONGENECKER, appointed Vice Presidents, and James M. Kinkead and Daniel Null, Secretaries.

On motion, the Chair appointed the following persons a committee to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting, viz:—Maj. Geo. Raymond, John Shinefelt, George Feay, F. M. Bloom and J. B. Shinefelt.

The Committee, after retiring a short time, reported the following resolutions which were unanimously adopted: Resolved, That the Whig party of Blair County, notwithstanding the defeat of their noble standard bearer, WINFIELD SCOTT, still firmly adhere to the time-honored and cherished principles for which we have battled through many a hard fought contest.

Resolved, That the administration of MILLARD FILLMORE has met the wishes of the American people, and he retires with the plaudit "well done good and faithful servant."

Resolved, That the Whig party, of Pennsylvania, composed as it is, of one hundred and seventy-five thousand freemen, will not destroy their organization in consequence of temporary defeat, but will buckle on their armor anew, determined to "FIGHT ON, FIGHT EVER," until we redeem the good "old Keystone," from the shackles of Locofocoism which bind her as with an iron cord.

Resolved, That the Whigs of Blair County, in convention assembled, take pride and pleasure, in presenting their fellow citizen, WM. M. LLOYD, to the Whigs of the Commonwealth as a candidate for the office of Canal Commissioner, knowing him to possess all the qualities necessary for the faithful discharge of the duties of the office, and pledge him an unprejudiced vote in case of his nomination.

Resolved, That the delegate elected to the Whig State Convention, be instructed to use all fair and honorable means to secure the nomination of our favorite for Canal Commissioner, WM. M. LLOYD.

Resolved, That we view the custom of regular nominations, as a cardinal principle of the Whig party, and that we can only remain strong and invincible against the assaults of our enemies, by faithfully adhering to them.

Resolved, That our Senator, Col. R. A. M'URTHIE, and Representatives, Messrs GWIN and WHARTON, have discharged their duties faithfully as members of the General Assembly, and are deserving of the thanks of the Whigs of the district.

On motion, SETH R. McCUNE, Esq., was unanimously elected Representative Delegate to the Lancaster Convention.

On motion, James M. Kinkead, J. E. Belch, and John P. Jones, were elected Senatorial Conferees to meet similar Conferees from Cambria and Huntingdon to select a Senatorial Delegate to the Whig State Convention.

On motion, the Whig County Committee of last year were continued for the present.

On motion, Maj. GEO. RAYMOND addressed the meeting.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the officers and published in the Whig papers of this district. (Signed by the Officers.)

AN INVALUABLE COUGH REMEDY.—A friend gives us the following recipe for a very common complaint in our midst, which he and many others have tried, and found a certain cure for coughs: Take a handful of green, or three papers of dry hoarhound, and steep in a quart of water, to a strong tea; remove the dregs; boil down to a pint; then add a teaspoonful each of brown sugar and honey, a table spoonful each of lard and tar, and boil the whole to a candy. Dose—a small piece about the size of a pea; to be taken whenever disposed to cough.

It is said that there is a lady at Froville, France, 101 years of age, who has not been out of mourning since during the last 70 years. She has successively lost her father, mother, two husbands, seven uncles, eight aunts, four brothers, five sisters, six brothers-in-law, three sisters-in-law, three sons, four daughters, and thirty-two grand-children. Spite of these continued afflictions, she is in full enjoyment of all her faculties. She has but one relation left—a grand-daughter aged 72.—The old lady lives with great economy; giving as a reason that she must lay something by for a rainy day; she may get old.

A CONVICT IN LUCK.—A man named Robert Sutton, confined in the Auburn State Prison, New York, for robbing Judge Harris, of Albany, has just received intelligence that he is heir to \$90,000, by the death of a relative in England. He has yet some five years to remain in prison.

A Baltimore mechanic has applied for space in the Crystal Palace to erect a steam engine, which he says will carry a steamship across the Atlantic in thirty-six hours.

At many of the town elections in New York, the question of rum or no rum entered largely into the contest. The friends of Temperance were successful in numerous towns.

ARRIVAL OF THE ASIA.

Three Days later from Europe. New-York, March 25.

The Cunard steamer Asia reached her berth at 6 o'clock this evening, bringing Liverpool dates to Saturday, the 6th inst. She brings 56 passengers.

The Washington arrived off Cowes on the morning of the 12th. The propeller steamship Andes had put back to Liverpool. The ship was leaking, but the cargo was dry.

The Asia saw the steamer America on the 13th inst., and the Africa on the 24th. The British steamship Oronoco had arrived, bringing news from South America to January 29th, and by the P. runner, from Africa, dates were received to the 14th of February. They contain nothing of importance.

ENGLAND.—The Jewish Disabilities had been read the second time in Parliament. Four men had been killed by the explosion of a locomotive near Manchester, and by a second accident on the same road, three persons were killed, and many seriously wounded.

The ship Francis Henry, from Melbourne, had arrived, with dates to November 30th, and £300,000 sterling in gold. Messrs. Heyworth and Horsfall, two members of Parliament returned from Derby, have been unseated in consequence of charges of bribery.

FRANCE.—The intelligence from France is unimportant, with the exception of the fact that there is a prospect of an heir to the Imperial throne being born within the year. It is settled that the Pope will arrive in Paris about the 1st of May, for the purpose of crowning the Emperor.

It is now reported that the coronation of the Emperor and Empress will take place next month. A French consulate is to be established in Broussa, Turkey.

M. De Solms, the husband of Madam Solms, was about to embark at Havre for America.

GERMANY.—A number of political arrests have taken place at Nuremberg and elsewhere in Germany. Great Military precautions are being taken at Nuremberg and Munich, and many arrests are making.

SWITZERLAND.—There is much excitement in Switzerland respecting the insolence of Austria, as manifested in the difficulties at Ticino. Petitions were in circulation for the convocation of the Federal Council.

HUNGARY.—Four prisoners, involved in the recent insurrection at Pesth, have been executed by the Austrian authorities. The victims were Charles Jubbal, the tutor of Kossuth's children; Charles Andrasffy, Samuel Sarkozy and Caspar Moszkoly. The three last named were guerrillas.

AUSTRIA.—The Emperor of Austria has entirely recovered from the wound received in the recent attempt upon his life. He has bestowed a pension upon the mother of the assassin. The subscription to build a church upon the spot where the attempt was made, has reached 150,000 florins.

ITALY.—In Milan, the citizens are forbidden to approach the sentries, and M. Benardi having failed to heed the regulation, was bayoneted on the spot.

The number of arrests, between the 6th and 25th of February, amounted to 600. The army in Lombardy has been reinforced by the addition of several brigades. The forces on the frontiers of Ticino is augmented to 15,000.

Saffi publishes a letter in the Italia Du Papulo, defending the insurrection.

No. 17. We, ourselves, and perhaps no other person, ever knew a set of medicines to gain such universal confidence as Dr. J. W. Cooper's Indian Vegetable Preparations, prepared only by C. P. Heves, neither have we ever known any medicines to be so universally successful in the cure of the disease for which they are recommended. They are also different from most other preparations before the public, inasmuch as they are offered for the cure of but one disease, and we must say, that even if we knew nothing of their wonderful success, the simple fact of their being recommended each to cure but one disease, would give us more confidence in them, and be sufficient to induce us to give them a trial, in preference to any others, for we must say that we have but little confidence in any medicine which is recommended to cure more than one disease. But this is not all the universal success and wonderful efficacy is sufficient to warrant any person who may be afflicted with any of the diseases for which they are recommended, in giving them a fair trial.—They consist of Dr. J. W. Cooper's Indian Vegetable Cough or Consumptive Syrup, for the cure of Coughs, Colds and Consumption. Dr. J. W. Cooper's Vegetable Dyspepsia Bitters. They are a certain and never-failing cure for Dyspepsia, even in its worst forms. Dr. J. W. Cooper's Vegetable Rheumatic Drops. These drops operate upon a principle entirely different from all other Rheumatic Medicines, and are universally successful in effecting a cure. Dr. J. W. Cooper's Vegetable Compound Fever and Ague Pills. The Pills are a certain and never-failing cure for this disease in from three to six days.—Dr. J. W. Cooper's Vegetable Worm Powders, for the destruction of Worms, and pleasant for children to take.—Dr. J. W. Cooper's Anni-Dysentia Pills; for the cure of Costiveness, and for all diseases requiring a purgative medicine, they cannot be surpassed, they operate without causing the slightest pain. These medicines are for sale by T. Read & Son, Huntingdon; G. W. Breckman, McVeytown; and J. M. Bellford, Millintown, who is agents for the Proprietor, C. P. Heves.

We have frequently heard the celebrated German Bitters, sold by Dr. C. M. Jackson, 120 Arch street Philadelphia, spoken of in terms of the highest commendation, and we honestly believe that it is one of the best medicines advertised for the complaint for which it is recommended. They are pleasant to the taste, and can be taken under any circumstances by the most delicate stomach. The press far and wide, have united in commending this invaluable remedy for dyspepsia, debility, &c.; and such are the healing effects of this panacea, that we hope it may be introduced into every family where dyspepsia has, or is likely to have a victim. Feb. 2, 1853.