



**J. D. WILLIAMS. JOHN HAFT, JR.**  
**J. D. WILLIAMS & Co.,**  
 Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants and  
 Dealers in Produce and Pittsburg  
 Manufactures,  
 No. 116, Wood Street, Pittsburg.  
**HAVE NOW IN STORE,** and to arrive this  
 week, the following goods, of the most re-  
 spectable importations, which are offered on the most  
 reasonable terms:

- 75 extra boxes prime Green Tea.
  - 45 half chests do do
  - 45 " Oolong and Chulian.
  - 100 bags Rio Coffee.
  - 15 " Laguyra and Java.
  - 60 boxes S's, 5's, 3's and 1 lb lump tobacco.
  - 35 bls. Nos. 1 and 3 Mackerel.
  - 20 1/2 and 1/4 do No. 1 do
  - 2 1/2 and 1/4 do Salmon.
  - 50 boxes sealed Herring.
  - 1300 lbs extra Madder.
  - 3 bales Cassia, 1 bale Cloves.
  - 6 bags Pepper & Alspice, 1 bbl Nutmegs,
  - 2 bbls Ground Ginger, 1 bbl ground pepper,
  - 1 bbl Ground Pimento, 10 kegs ground Mustard
  - 10 kegs ground Cassia, 10 do do Cloves,
  - 2 bbls Garrett's Snuff, 45 bxs Stearin Candles,
  - 20 bxs Star Candles, 10 do Sperin do
  - 100 doz Masons Black'g, 100 lbs sup. Rice Flour,
  - 100 lbs S. F. Indigo, 20 doz Ind.
  - 150 doz Corn Brooms, 125 doz Patent Zinc
  - 50 bxs extra pure Starch, Wash Boards,
  - 25 do Saleratus, 75 bls N. O. Molasses,
  - 15 bls S. H. Molasses, 10 do " Golden Syrup,
  - 25 do Leaf, Crushed, 550 lbs seedless Raisins,
  - & Powdered Sugar, 50 drums Smyrna Figs,
  - 20 jars Bordeaux Prunes, 50 lbs Sicily Prunes,
  - 5 boxes Rock Candy, 2 boxes Genoa Citrons,
  - 10 do Cocoa & Chocolate, 5 do Castile & Almond
  - 12 doz Military Soap, Soap,
  - 1 bbl sup. Carb. Soda, 1 bbl Cream Tartar,
  - 1 case Pearl Sago, 2 cases Inginglass,
  - 2 cases Searly & Refined, 1 case Arrow Root,
  - Liquore, 150 Bath Bricks,
  - 1 bbl Flour Sulphur, 100 gross Matches,
  - 100 doz Extract of Lem., 5 doz Lemon Sugar,
  - on, Rose & Vanilla, 1 cask Sal Soda,
  - Glass, Nails, White Lead, Lard oil, &c.
- Refer to Merchants Thomas Read & Son,  
 " Fisher & M'Murtrie,  
 " Charles Miller,  
 " Honorable John Ker,  
 Huntingdon.  
 May 15, 1851-ly.

**HOT LOOK HERE!**  
**Jacob Humer**

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of the  
 borough of Huntingdon, and the public generally,  
 that he has taken the shop formerly occupied by  
 T. Adams, where he is carrying on business as a  
**CABINET MAKER.**  
 In all its branches, and he hereby solicits a share  
 of the public patronage. By strict attention  
 to his business (intending to be at home at all  
 times) and care in the manufacture of articles, he  
 hopes to please those who may become his patron-  
 ers, and also, to execute a fair trade.  
 He makes Coffins and attends Funerals on  
 the shortest notice.  
 He has a **SPLendid HEARSE** for the  
 accommodation of those living in the country.  
 Huntingdon, June 26, 1851-3m.

**FITS, FITS, FITS.**  
**JOHN A. KING**

Begs leave to return his sincere thanks, for the  
 very liberal patronage he has heretofore received,  
 and at the same time informs a generous public,  
 that he still continues the  
**TAILORING BUSINESS.**  
 at the old stand of Jacob Snyder, where he will  
 be pleased to have his friends call and leave their  
 measures.  
 Every garment is warranted to fit neatly, and  
 shall be well made.  
 Hunt., July, 1851. JOHN A. KING. 1f

**GRAND COMBINATION**  
**OF THE**  
**Useful, Beautiful and Ornamental!!**

**EDMUND SNARE**  
 BEGS LEAVE to inform the people of Hun-  
 tingdon, and the rest of mankind, that he has  
 bought, brought and opened the richest, largest  
 and cheapest assortment of  
**WATCHES & JEWELRY**  
 ever beheld in this meridian. In addition to his  
 unprecedented stock of Watches and Jewelry he  
 is just opening a most excellent variety of  
 miscellaneous BOOKS, as well as School  
 Books and STATIONARY, which he is de-  
 termined shall be sold lower than ever sold in  
 Huntingdon.  
 Call in and see if this statement is not cor-  
 rect. Store formerly occupied by Neff & Mil-  
 ler.  
 Old Gold and Silver wanted.  
 April 21, 1851.

**TO OWNERS OF**  
**UNPATENTED LANDS.**

All persons in possession of, or owning unpatented lands within  
 this Commonwealth, are hereby notified that the  
 act of assembly, passed the 10th of April, 1835,  
 entitled "An Act to graduate lands on which  
 money is due and unpaid to the Commonwealth  
 of Pennsylvania," and which act has been extend-  
 ed from time to time by supplementary laws,  
**WILL EXPIRE ON THE FIRST DAY OF**  
**DECEMBER NEXT,** after which time no  
 abatement can be made of any interest which  
 may have accrued upon the original purchase  
 money.  
 It will therefore be highly important to those in-  
 terested to secure their patents and the benefits  
 of the said act and its supplements during the  
 time the same will continue in force.  
**WILLIAM HUTCHISON,**  
**ISAAC PEIGHTAL,**  
**BENJAMIN LEAN,**  
 Commissioners.  
 August 28, 1851.

A beautiful lot of the latest style of Bonnets,  
 large and small. Also, children's Hats for  
 sale by  
 May 29, '51.

**BAGLEY'S** Superior Gold Pens, in gold and  
 silver patent extension cases, warranted to  
 give entire satisfaction, for sale at  
 Scott's Cheap Jewelry Store.

**TO PRINTERS AND PUBLISHERS.**

THE undersigned begs leave to call the atten-  
 tion of Printers and Publishers, to the fact  
 that he continues to manufacture all kinds of  
**BOOK, NEWSPAPER, JOB and FANCY**  
**TYPE** at his old stand, N. W. Corner of Third &  
 Chestnut streets, Philadelphia, at his usual low  
 prices for cash. He has just introduced a large  
 quantity of new style  
**JOB & FANCY TYPE,**  
 all of which are made of the best metal; and for  
 beauty of finish and durability, cannot be surpassed  
 by any other foundry in the Union. His long  
 experience in the different branches of the trade  
 as well as in the mixing of metals, will, he flatters  
 himself, enabled him to make a better article and  
 at a much less price than any of his competitors.  
 He keeps constantly on hand a large variety of  
 Cases, Chases, Composing Sticks, Imposing-stones,  
 Common and Brass Gallies, Strands, Bodkins,  
 Brass Rules, Leads, Printing Presses, Furniture,  
 and all other articles required in a Printing Office.  
 Old Type taken in exchange for new at nine  
 cents per pound.  
 Printers are requested to call and examine his  
 specimens before purchasing elsewhere. All or-  
 ders thankfully received and promptly attended to,  
 at his Philadelphia Type Foundry, corner of  
 Third and Chestnut streets.  
 L. PELOUZE.

July 3, 1851-ly.

**H. K. NEFF, M. D.,**

HAVING located himself in WARRENMARK,  
 in this county, would respectfully offer his  
 professional services to the citizens of that place  
 and the country adjacent.  
 REFERENCES:  
 J. B. Luden, M. D. Gen. A. P. Wilson,  
 M. A. Henderson, " Wm. P. Orbison, Esq.  
 J. H. Dorsey, " Hon. James Gwinn,  
 M. Stewart, " John Scott, Esq.  
 Hon. George Taylor, Huntingdon, Pa.  
 Jacob M. Gemmill, M. D., Alexandria.  
 John McCulloch, " Peterburg, Va.  
 ap17'51-1f.

**Splendid Stock of New and Cheap**  
**Watches, Clocks, & Jewelry,**  
 At Philadelphia Prices.

J. T. Scott has just received from Philadelphia  
 and is now opening a new and very large as-  
 sortment of Gold and Silver Watches, 8 day and  
 thirty hour Clocks, Jewelry, and a great variety of  
 other articles, which he is enabled to sell at rates  
 much lower than usual. "Quick sales and small  
 profits" is his motto, the proof of which will be  
 found on examining his excellent assortment  
 April 10th '51-1f

**R. A. MILLER,**  
**SURGEON DENTIST,**  
 HUNTINGDON, PA.  
 N. B. All operations Warranted.

**COSTUME HALL**

"Tis True is the place to purchase Spring and  
 Summer Clothing, cheaper than you can buy in  
 the city of Philadelphia.  
**JACOB SNYDER,**  
 The Proprietor of "COSTUME HALL," has just  
 arrived from the East with the largest assort-  
 ment of Spring and Summer Clothing, suit-  
 able for men and boys, ever offered to the good  
 citizens of Huntingdon county.  
 He does not wish to offend his friends by offer-  
 ing to give them any article of Clothing they  
 may desire, but he will sell so cheap that it will  
 amount to the same thing in the end.

**EXCHANGE HOTEL.**

**JOHN LIVINGSTON**  
 Takes this method of announcing to his  
 friends, and the public generally, that he has  
 leased the long established and well known  
 stand, lately occupied by Col. Johnston, and  
 flatters himself he is prepared to accommodate  
 all who may honor him with a call, in the most  
 satisfactory manner.  
**HIS TABLE**  
 will always be furnished with the choicest vi-  
 and the market will afford, and  
**HIS STABLING**  
 is as good as can be found in the borough.  
 Huntingdon, April 24, '51-1f.

**Town Lots for Sale.**

The subscriber has several town lots, situate  
 in the most pleasant part of West Huntingdon,  
 (the ground formerly used by him as a Brick Yard)  
 which he will dispose of on very reasonable terms.  
 E. C. SUMMERS.  
 Huntingdon, May 15, 1851-1f.

**FANCY** Articles in endless variety at  
 E. Snare's Store.

**NOTICE.**

AMAN & MARKS inform the public that they  
 still continue to make coffins at the old stand  
 formerly occupied by Thomas Burchinell in the  
 rear of the Sons of Temperance Hall, fronting on  
 Washington Street, and attend funerals either  
 in town or country. They keep a splendid Hearse  
 for the accommodation of their customers.  
 July 17, 1851-1f

**NOVELS AND SCHOOL BOOKS** for sale at  
 Ed. Snare's.

**LADIES** Gold Pens and Pencils at the Cheap  
 Corner Jewelry Store.

**FANS**—A beautiful assortment at various prices.  
 Also, Card Cases, Bouquet Holders, fancy En-  
 velopes, Note Paper, and other articles expressly  
 for the Ladies, for sale at  
 Scott's Cheap Jewelry Store.

**10** Half Barrels Herring for sale by  
 J. & W. Saxton.  
 May 29, '51.

**ONE** first rate 4 octave, harp stand MELO-  
 DEAN for sale at  
 Sept 11, 1851. ED. SNARE'S.

**MILWOOD ACADEMY,**  
**A BOARDING SCHOOL FOR YOUNG MEN.**

Shade Gap, Huntingdon County, Pa.  
 Rev. J. Y. MCGINNES, A. M., Principal and  
 Professor of Natural and Moral Sciences.  
 J. H. W. MCGINNES, A. M., Professor of  
 Languages.  
 Dr. MCKINNEY, A. B., Professor of Mathe-  
 matics.  
 The Course of Instruction embraces all the  
 Branches necessary to prepare young men  
 either for the Higher Classes in College, or for  
 the duties of a profession and the active business  
 of life.  
 The Academy Buildings are new, commodious  
 and in every way adapted to the accommodation  
 of a large number of Students. The location is  
 distinguished for its healthfulness and the moral  
 and religious character of its surrounding  
 community. The year is divided into two sessions of  
 FIVE MONTHS each. The Winter Session com-  
 mencing on the 1st Wednesday of November and  
 the Summer Session on the last Wednesday of  
 April.  
**TERMS PER SESSION.**  
 Orthography, Reading and Writing, .....\$5.00  
 Arithmetic, Geography, Grammar, ..... 5.00  
 Philosophy, ..... 8.00  
 Mathematics, Greek and Latin Lan-  
 guages, ..... 12.00  
 French and German, each (addition-  
 al charge), ..... 5.00  
 Boarding, exclusive of fuel and lights \$1.25  
 per week.  
 The whole expenses for a Session, inclusive of  
 Tuition, Washing, Fuel, &c. do not amount to  
 over \$30, and with economy, less.  
 The subscriber, encouraged by the liberal  
 patronage he has already received, would repeat  
 that he is determined to spare no effort in making  
 the Institution under his care, one that will com-  
 mend itself to all parents and guardians who de-  
 sire to see their Sons and Daughters thoroughly  
 prepared for college without exposing them to the  
 contaminating and immoral influences that exist  
 in more populous communities.  
 The place is easy of access, being on the  
 Stage route that connects Chambersburg with the  
 Central Railroad at Drake's Ferry.  
 For reference or further particulars ad-  
 dress  
 J. Y. MCGINNES,  
 Shade Gap, Pa., July 31, 1851-1m

**Philadelphia Medical House,**  
 ESTABLISHED 15 YEARS AGO BY  
**DR. KINKELIN,**  
 N. W. Corner of Third and Union Streets,  
 Between Spruce and Pine Streets  
 Philadelphia.

FIFTEEN years of extensive and uninterrupted  
 practice spent in this city have rendered Dr.  
 K. the most expert and successful practitioner  
 far and near, in the treatment of all diseases of a  
 private nature. Persons afflicted with ulcers upon  
 the body, throat, or legs, pains in the head or  
 bones, mercurial rheumatism, strictures, gravel,  
 disease arising from youthful excesses or impuri-  
 ties of the blood, whereby the constitution has be-  
 come enfeebled, are all treated with success.  
 He who places himself under the care of Dr.  
 K., may religiously confide in his honor as a gen-  
 tleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a  
 physician.  
**TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.**  
 Young Men who have injured themselves by a  
 certain practice indulged in—a habit frequently  
 learned from evil companions or school—the ef-  
 fect of which are nightly felt, even when asleep,  
 and destroy both mind and body, should apply  
 immediately. Weakness and constitutional de-  
 bility, loss of muscular energy, physical lassitude  
 and general prostration, irritability and all ner-  
 vous affections, indigestion, sluggishness of the  
 liver, and every disease in any way connected  
 with the disorder of the reproductive functions cur-  
 ed, and full vigor restored.  
**YOUTH & MANHOOD.**  
 A Vigorous Life, or a Premature Death.  
 Kinkelin on self Preservation. Only 25 cents.  
 This Book just published is filled with useful  
 information, on the infirmities and diseases of the  
 Generative Organs. It addresses itself alike to  
**YOUTH MANHOOD and OLD AGE,** and  
 should be read by all.  
 The valuable advice and impressive warning it  
 gives, will prevent years of misery and suffering  
 and save annually thousands of lives.  
 Persons at a distance may address Dr. K. by  
 letter, (post-paid), and be cured at home.  
 Packages of Medicines, Directions, &c., for-  
 warded, by sending a remittance, and put up se-  
 cure from damage or curiosity.

**NOTICE.**

The accounts of the late James Clark for  
 advertising and job work, have been  
 put into the hands of the undersigned for  
 collection. Therefore persons who are in-  
 debted for such work, or whose accounts  
 are unsettled, will please call and make  
 settlement with the undersigned at his  
 Office in Huntingdon.  
 W. P. ORBISON.  
 P. S. All monies due said Clark for  
 subscriptions to the "Journal" are to be  
 paid to Wm. H. Peightal, the present  
 proprietor, he having purchased the same.  
 Huntingdon July 17 '51] W. P. O.

**ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.**

The undersigned, Assignees of Daniel Protsman  
 of McConnellsburg, a coal of voluntary as-  
 signment for the benefit of creditors, request as-  
 signees indebted in any measure to said Protsman  
 to make immediate payment, and those having  
 claims to present them for settlement.  
 JOHN B. GIVEN,  
 JOHN SNYDER,  
 Assignees. McConnellsburg.

**CR.**

By reduction of the State  
 Debt in two years and a  
 half of Gov. Johnston's  
 administration, \$732,295 97  
 Deduct mileage, 200 00  
 Balance in favor of Johnston, \$732,195 97  
 We also beg to call attention to the  
 following "little running account" of some  
 thirty years standing, against the Locooco  
 party of the State, still on the "books" of  
 the Auditor General's office:

**The Locooco Party,**  
 To the people of Penn'a., Dr.  
 To amount of FUNDED DEBT OF THE  
 STATE, contracted as follows, viz:

1820—23 under Gov. Heister,	\$26,951 55
1823—29 do Shultz,	6,339,503 52
1829—35 do Wolf,	16,037,515 21
1835—44 do Porter,	13,275,655 38
1844—48 do Shunk,	4,687,117 79
Total,	\$40,366,803 76

**Attest—**  
 JOHN N. PURVANCE,  
 Locooco Auditor General

**FACTS FOR THE PEOPLE.**  
**The Sinking Fund.—The State Debt.**

There is a matter of more than ordinary  
 importance under discussion throughout  
 the State at the present time, with refer-  
 ence to the great struggle to take place  
 on the second Tuesday in October. It is  
 a question in which every citizen of Pen-  
 nsylvania may be said to have immediate in-  
 terest. We allude to the GRADUAL LI-  
 QUIDATION OF THE STATE DEBT, AND  
 THUS THE GRADUAL REDUCTION OF THE  
 TAXES OF THE PEOPLE, and the re-estab-  
 lishment, on a basis of the highest character,  
 of the financial reputation of Pennsylvania.  
 The indebtedness of this State for some  
 years past, has been enormous. The ag-  
 gregate is over FORTY MILLIONS. Hence,  
 the necessity existed, and still exists, of  
 imposing a very heavy rate of taxation, in  
 order to secure the prompt payment of the  
 interest on this sum, and this too, in ad-  
 dition to the amount necessary to liquidate  
 the ordinary expenses of the Government.  
 True, this heavy indebtedness was created,  
 in a great measure, by the construction of  
 our splendid system of public improvements  
 —a system that constitutes a noble monu-  
 ment to the enterprise of Pennsylvania.—  
 But, if the policy be continued from year  
 to year, of increasing the debt, without  
 providing any plan of gradual but certain  
 liquidation, the financial condition of the  
 State would soon be laudable indeed.—  
 the taxation would become too oppressive  
 to bear—the people in season of adversity  
 would be unable to comply with enact-  
 ments of the Legislature, and the credit  
 of Pennsylvania, would receive a shock,  
 calculated to depress and prostrate it for  
 years. This view of the subject was no  
 doubt taken at the time the enlightened  
 and sagacious measure of a Sinking Fund  
 was suggested and established. From that  
 moment public confidence revived, the  
 credit of the State was quickened into new  
 life, and the bonds of Pennsylvania were  
 sought with the utmost avidity by capital-  
 ists. They are now, and for some time  
 past have been, above par—thanks to the  
 vigilance and economy which have charac-  
 terized the most important Administrative  
 branches of our State Government for sev-  
 eral years. The question for the people to  
 decide at the coming election, is—whether  
 this condition of affairs shall continue—  
 whether the financial policy of the present  
 time shall be sustained—whether the State  
 Debt shall be gradually, but certainly li-  
 quidated, and the general taxation be re-  
 duced? This, we repeat, is an important  
 matter, and one that the citizens should  
 think of in time. It is strange, but not  
 less true, that while our political opponents  
 when in power, have constantly increased  
 the indebtedness of the State, our politi-  
 cal friends the Whigs, have, when the  
 reins of government were confided to their  
 hands as constantly reduced it.—*Phila-  
 delphia Inquirer.*

**The Difference between Whigs and Locooco Administrators.**

Mr. Bigler's Pittsburg speech contains  
 the following:  
 "The crisis of 1842 was one in which I  
 had to bear a part. This was a period  
 when the State credit was prostrated; when  
 repudiation was openly asserted to be our  
 only hope of getting rid of the enormous  
 burthen under which we were groaning, and  
 it was certainly a time which required at  
 least as much prudence, firmness, and skill  
 in governmental affairs as is claimed by  
 and for those who now boast of having  
 these qualities to so high a degree."  
 It is well to remember that it was under  
 Locooco rule, that this crisis came—that  
 the State credit was prostrated, and that  
 repudiation was openly avowed! Under  
 Whig rule the State credit is firm. State  
 stocks were worth 67 cents in the dollar  
 when Gov. Johnston came in. They are  
 now worth dollar for dollar and afford a  
 safe and excellent investment! The State  
 Debt is being paid and already have the  
 hearts of tax payers been made glad by  
 the welcome tidings, that  
**\$659,122 98!**  
 of the principal of the Public Debt has  
 been paid by Gov. Johnston. Which re-  
 port do you prefer—that of Locooco en-  
 burment or Whig payment of Debt?

**Are the Whigs Organized?**

Are the Whigs over the State aware of  
 the importance of an organization that will  
 bring out their entire vote? Are they  
 sensible of the importance of such an or-  
 ganization in every county, town, township  
 and every school district in the State?—  
 Do they know that a full Whig vote (and  
 none but a full Whig vote) is a WHIG  
 VICTORY! The day of trial is near—  
 only three weeks and the question as to  
 the policy that Pennsylvania approves is  
 to be decided. Arouse then, Whigs, as  
 one man, and assist in bearing aloft and in  
 triumph the noble banner of PROTEC-  
 TION TO OUR OWN LABOR—and the  
 eventual repeal of all State Taxes by the  
**PAYMENT OF THE STATE DEBT,**  
 through the operation of GOV. JOHN-  
 STON'S SINKING FUND! You have a  
 noble cause and a noble leader.—Rally  
 around the banner then, one and all, with  
 a zeal, unanimity and resolution that  
 ensures success. Let EVERY MAN but do  
 his duty, and a glorious triumph will be  
 the result.

**A few Facts—Consider Them**

Is it a fact that Pennsylvania stands  
 unsharpened in her federal relations? Is  
 it a fact that she enjoys in this respect a  
 position of which she may well be proud?  
 Is it a fact that her internal affairs are in  
 a condition equally prosperous? Is it a  
 fact that her internal improvements are  
 proceeding at a rate commensurate with  
 the progress of a great and flourishing  
 State? Is it a fact that her State debt  
 has been diminished? Is it a fact that  
 the interest upon it has been promptly  
 paid? Is it moreover, a fact that these  
 things have been done under the Whig ad-  
 ministration of Wm. F. Johnston? If  
 these are the facts, let the voters of Pen-  
 nsylvania remember them in the coming  
 election, and put the stamp of dishonesty  
 upon any party that would filch us of the  
 honor which belongs to us. "Give unto  
 Caesar the things that are Caesar's." If  
 these are facts then the credit is due to  
 the party which carried forward and gave  
 success to the measures which led to those  
 results.

**Gov. Johnston has already paid off**  
 more than half a million of the State Debt.  
 Under his rule it will continue to be can-  
 celled at the rate of a million a year, and  
 that too without increasing the taxes of the  
 community generally.

**Col. Bigler, on the other hand, has ex-  
 plicitly avowed himself in favor of an in-  
 crease of the Debt.** In a speech re-  
 cently delivered in Bradford county, he  
 said he was in favor of borrowing a mil-  
 lion and a half to complete the North  
 Branch Canal. This would of course add  
 that amount to the debt.

**It is for tax-payers to choose between**  
 these two candidates.

**Mr. Bigler not a Raftsmen.**

Mr. Bigler is called a raftsmen. This  
 is not his occupation. He probably never  
 cut a log of timber in his life. He has a  
 store in the town of Clearfield—and specu-  
 lates in lumber. He trades goods for  
 lumber, and then sends it to market. His  
 occupation is that of a store-keeper, and  
 lumber-merchant. He once was a printer,  
 and was in the habit (so says one of his  
 biographers) of returning after the labors  
 of the day, into his sanctum, and there  
 "studying military tactics and political  
 jurisprudence." By these studies he qual-  
 ified himself for the rank of Colonel and the  
 business of a politician and became as  
 much distinguished in war as in peace.

**A GREAT CURIOSITY.**

We saw yester-  
 day one of the greatest curiosities ever ex-  
 hibited in this city. It was a negro boy  
 about five years old, born in Shelby coun-  
 ty, from jet black parents, and while one  
 half of his body was as black as the skin of  
 his parents, the other half is as white and  
 fair as the skin of a white person. On  
 the white portion there are numerous small  
 black spots, and on the black portion sev-  
 eral white spots. Take him all in all, he is  
 about as odd-looking a specimen of hu-  
 manity as we have ever seen. He belongs  
 to Mr. Jos. H. Oliver. We understand  
 he will be exhibited through the country.  
 [Louisville Courier.]

**Frauds and Fallacies of British Free Trade.**

From 1841-2 to 1846-7 the consump-  
 tion of cotton goods increased 40 per cent,  
 and had it continued to increase at the  
 same rate we should now consume to the  
 extent of 900,000 bales.  
 In the same period the consumption of  
 iron grew from 350,000 to 950,000 tons,  
 and had it continued at the same rate, we  
 should now consume two millions and a  
 half of tons.  
 From 1841 to 1847 the consumption of  
 coal grew from 1,100,000 to 3,000,000 of  
 tons, and had it continued at the same  
 rate, it would now reach eight millions.

**With such a growth, the domestic mar-  
 ket for the farmer and planter would have  
 grown more than one hundred millions of  
 dollars, and the necessity for depending  
 on foreign markets would have so far di-  
 minished that it would have been left for  
 them to determine for themselves when  
 they would sell, and at what price they  
 would sell.**

**Prosperous farmers would have had no  
 need to pray for the potato rot, nor would  
 prosperous planters have had to pray for  
 short crops.**

**Instead of thus waxing together, all  
 have waned together. The consumption  
 of cotton has diminished in amount; that  
 of iron has greatly diminished; that of coal  
 has but little increased, and that increase  
 is due alone to the substitution of steam  
 for sails, a substitution that would have  
 gone on with twice the rapidity had the  
 manufacture of cotton and woolen cloths  
 and of iron been permitted to increase.—  
 The farmer finds his wheat falling in price  
 from day to day, with no hope of rise un-  
 less he can be favored by Providence with  
 a repetition of the starvation of 1846-47,  
 and the planter sees his cotton, with the  
 small crop of 2,300,000 bales, have al-  
 ready fallen almost to the low prices of  
 1848, and has before him the prospect of  
 crops of three millions, with a fall of  
 price that must bring with them certain  
 ruin.—N. Y. Tribune.**

**The Difference between Whigs and Locooco Administrators.**

Mr. Bigler's Pittsburg speech contains  
 the following:  
 "The crisis of 1842 was one in which I  
 had to bear a part. This was a period  
 when the State credit was prostrated; when  
 repudiation was openly asserted to be our  
 only hope of getting rid of the enormous  
 burthen under which we were groaning, and  
 it was certainly a time which required at  
 least as much prudence, firmness, and skill  
 in governmental affairs as is claimed by  
 and for those who now boast of having  
 these qualities to so high a degree."  
 It is well to remember that it was under  
 Locooco rule, that this crisis came—that  
 the State credit was prostrated, and that  
 repudiation was openly avowed! Under  
 Whig rule the State credit is firm. State  
 stocks were worth 67 cents in the dollar  
 when Gov. Johnston came in. They are  
 now worth dollar for dollar and afford a  
 safe and excellent investment! The State  
 Debt is being paid and already have the  
 hearts of tax payers been made glad by  
 the welcome tidings, that  
**\$659,122 98!**  
 of the principal of the Public Debt has  
 been paid by Gov. Johnston. Which re-  
 port do you prefer—that of Locooco en-  
 burment or Whig payment of Debt?