

The Cotton Crops of the World.

A Washington correspondent of the New York Commercial makes this statement:—"If, hereafter the Southern states should refuse us cotton upon terms as fair as it may be sold to European merchants, we must for self-protection seek to obtain it elsewhere; and here, in Africa, there are inviting fields for the experiment. Besides, the crops in the South constantly fluctuate, and what is the crop of 800,000,000 pounds this year, may be the reduced yield next year of 500,000,000 pounds.—The crops of the world, at different periods, have rated as follows—

Table with 2 columns: Country/Region and Amount. Includes Brazil, United States, Egypt, West Indies, Africa, India, Mexico and South America, and Total.

Which, if produced in a single year, instead of at stated periods, would be sufficient, exclusive of the United States, to supply the world; for the consumption is only about 600,000,000 pounds.—Well, it 599,000,000 of pounds could be produced any year, why not again? and if in the countries named, why not again there? Africa is capable alone of producing annually 800,000,000 pounds, or my information is greatly at fault."

Attempted Escape of Smith O'Brien.

The following account is taken from one of the Van Diemen's Land papers:—"On Sunday and Monday, the Victoria cutter, commanded by a man named Ellis, was observed hovering round the island, the wind being light, till evening, when it fell calm. Shortly before sundown, Mr. S. O'Brien, who, notwithstanding his avowed intention of escaping, should an opportunity offer, has considerable liberty allowed him, went down to a sandy cove, one of the few places where boats generally land, and just as he reached the shore, a boat with men put in, and he rushed up to his middle to meet it. A constable on duty who was witness to the act, covered him with his piece, and called to him to forbear, knocking a hole in the boat and sending a constable in her bottom with his carbine. He then pointed out to all four the folly of resistance, and required them to submit quietly, which they did. The officer in charge, meantime, having missed his prisoner, came rushing down the beach, and secured him while still in the water. He was then conducted to his house, and the three men confined, for transmission to Hobart Town. A whale boat, with six hands, was sent on board the cutter, seized her, and brought her in. She, too, with the parties on board, will be sent up immediately. It has not been thought necessary to impose any further restraint on Mr. S. O'Brien, greater than that to which he was previously subjected.

Judge Andrews of the Supreme Court, sitting at Cleveland, Ohio, a few days ago, set aside a verdict on the sole ground that one of the parties had held a conversation with one of the jurors touching the matter then in issue. In giving his opinion, the Judge took occasion to say that "he was not dissatisfied with the verdict, nor did it appear that the jury had been in the least influenced by the conversation; but he put it on the distinct and sole ground, that public policy and a proper administration of justice required that jurors should never in any manner be approached by parties to suit." And in this Judge Andrews was exemplarily correct.

MORE GOLD IN ARKANSAS.—Lumps of solid gold, worth \$12, have been found near the mouth of Shoal Creek, in Johnson county, Arkansas, by some gentleman who were engaged in examining a bed of coal. Geologists have expressed their opinion that gold exists in considerable quantities at that place or near it.

OHIO STATISTICS OF CRIME FOR 1850.—The Attorney General of the State of Ohio has made a report of the criminal prosecutions and commitments the last year in fifty-eight counties. In these fifty-eight counties there were 2,008 criminal prosecutions, of which 1,273 were convictions. Three were sent to the penitentiary for life, six for over ten years, one hundred and eighteen for under ten years, two hundred and twenty-one to county jail; amount of fines \$14,224; amount of costs assessed 19,290; amount of costs collectable \$9,076; amount of bonds forfeited \$5,950; number of offences committed under the influence of intemperance four hundred and forty-one.—Cin. Gazette.

MONUMENT TO COMMODORE DECATUR.—An elegant monument has, within a short time, been erected in St. Peter's Church yard, Philadelphia, over the remains of the late Commodore Stephen Decatur. The remains were deposited in the church yard on the 29th of October, 1846, and the monument was erected during the present year.—The monument, with its surrounding eagle, stands 24 feet 7 inches high. The material is granite, except the eagle and the block on which the inscriptions are carved.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH CHINA.—The initiatory step in the movement for a regular steam communication between San Francisco and Canton is about being taken by an enterprising merchant of the former city, who has purchased the well known steam propeller McKim and intends running her regularly between San Francisco and the Sandwich Islands. This is the first link in the chain of steam communications which is to connect the points named and it will require but an additional vessel to ply between the Islands and Canton to make the line complete.

STEAM NAVIGATION BETWEEN CHARLESTON AND LIVERPOOL.—The whole amount of private subscriptions (\$125,000) to the stock for building two steam packets between Charleston and Liverpool, was taken up on Wednesday last. This, with the State loan of 125,000, says the Charleston News, places this enterprise beyond doubt.

In the Constitutional Convention of Indiana, a section has been adopted, "requiring the laws to be as far as practicable, free from all technical terms in Latin or other languages than English."

Benton on Ad Valorem.

In a speech in the Senate, the other day, Mr. Benton held the following language in regard to ad valorem duties. It will be remembered that the ad valorem principle of levying duties is the distinguishing feature of the present tariff. We commend his remarks to the attention of our lococo friends:

"I concur with the Secretary (Corwin) in his premises in toto, and with a part of his recommendations, I concur with him in his opinion that importations will diminish, carrying with it a diminution of revenue from customs; that the ad valorem system is the parent of frauds and ought to be abandoned and recourse again had to specific duties in all cases in which they are applicable. On this point I have nothing to confess as gained from experience. I need no experience to inform me that universal ad valorem were the most unequal of duties, and the most fruitful of frauds. I know that always, and said it always.

I condemned the same dogma when it was introduced in the tariff of 1846; and now, after a brief experiment of four years, experience condemns it. I voted for that act; but only to get rid of the act of 1842, and with the declared belief that experience would soon produce a condemnation of the universal ad valorem dogma, and force a return to the old system; and such is now about the fact.

More Evidence.

The following paragraph we copy from the Sunbury American, a Lococo paper:—"The Wilkesbarre Rolling Mill has recently been sold by the Sheriff, for \$9,000. The mill cost the owners \$45,000 to erect. Like many of the iron works, it sunk under the ad valorem tariff of 1846. With all these evidences surrounding us, Dr. Sturgeon, our enlightened Senator, declared that our Iron Masters were in a most flourishing condition, and some of his equally enlightened coadjutors of the Press, re-echoed this spasmodic effort of our brilliant Senator. We trust our legislature will never again send to Washington a Senator, who could thus be made to stultify himself to please a few demagogues, free traders and foreign importers. Pennsylvania demands something to protect her great Staple interests—her coal and iron, and should never suffer a free trader to represent her in Congress."

The Case of Gen. Quitman.

Official information has been received at the State Department, that Judge Gholson will issue a warrant of arrest for Gen. Quitman.

No action in the House of Representatives will therefore take place.

Illinois Legislature.

The Legislature of this State has organized. Mr. Smith, Whig of Will county, has been elected Secretary for the Senate. The other officers of the Senate are Democrats. In the House Judge Sidney Breeze was elected Speaker. Howland R. Diller of Springfield, formerly of Philadelphia, was elected clerk. All the officers for the House are Democrats.

Missouri Legislature.

The Legislature of Missouri fixed Thursday, 9th inst., as the time to elect a United States Senator, in the place of Hon. Thomas H. Benton, whose term expires. Henry V. Geyer, Esq., is the Whig candidate.

Mass. Election of Governor.

The Legislature this morning elected Geo. S. BOWEN, dem., Governor of this State, and HENRY W. CUSHMAN Lieutenant Governor. 34 votes were thrown for Governor—Bowen received all but 2—the same number were thrown for Lieutenant Governor and Cushman received all but 3. The rest were blanks.

FEMALE OFFICE-HOLDERS.—There are in the United States eighty-one women holding the office of postmaster, thirty-one of whom are in Pennsylvania. Some of these are important offices, especially that of Northumberland, Pa., which is a distributing office.

NEW RAILROAD ENTERPRISE.—The Deldi Journal, Wisconsin, states that a project is on foot to construct a railroad to run from that place north-west, by the way of Madison, to Fort Winnebago. The enterprise was started, and is being promoted by many persons of shrewdness and capital.

ANOTHER NEW LIGHT.—A letter in the Journal of Commerce says that a mode of making hydrogen gas from water, has been discovered at Paris. The writer gives no account of the process, but says it is very simple and easier to use than Mr. PAINES'S. The hydrogen is carbonized by the use of a burner of platinum.

The First Fugitive Slave Law.

The Boston Post has the following bit of political history:—"The Fugitive Slave Bill of 1793 was drafted by George Cabot, of Massachusetts, in November, it was passed by the Senate on the 18th of January unanimously, fourteen from free and thirteen from slave States voting for it. The House committee, Theodore Sedgwick and Sheerjashub Bourne, of Massachusetts, and Alexander White, of Virginia, reported the bill to the body, by which it was passed on the 5th of February without discussion. Eight Free States were represented by thirty-one votes, six slave States by twenty-four votes; free States majority, seven. The bill received forty-eight votes to seven nays.—Massachusetts gave six years to one nay. This record shows that the free States passed the first Fugitive Bill."

COLONIZATION.—A proposition is before the Legislature of Kentucky, to appropriate \$5,000 each year, for five years, to be employed under the direction of the Kentucky Colonization society, in removing the free blacks from that State, and colonizing them in Africa.

GOV. QUITMAN.—A Washington correspondent of the Journal of Commerce says that there is a certainty now of a collision between Gov. Quitman and the authorities of the United States.—The Marshal of Mississippi is a brave, fearless man, and will, at all hazards, arrest Gov. Quitman. The Governor is surrounded at every place, where he may be, with confidential friends, who are ready to defend or rescue him.

We regret to learn that the Hon. J. B. ASTORNY, of Williamsport, died at his residence in Williamsport, on Sunday evening the 4th inst.

More Free Trade Tariff Fruits.

At the last Court in Clarion county, three Blast Furnaces were sold at Sheriff's Sales, at about fifty-one, eight hundred and fifty, and five thousand dollars—(the last having been bid off at \$1,500, but put up again under an arrangement between creditors,) and sold to them. After sacrificing some \$20,000 worth of property, the creditors will suffer in the aggregate a loss of about 60,000, and have the former owners hopelessly insolvent. The loss claimed is heavily upon the laborers, and farmers in the vicinity, whose want of acquaintance with the danger, left them second to the sagacious merchant creditor.

During the same week another Furnace in that county failed, the proprietors of another confessed judgments sufficient to subject it in a short time to the Sheriff's services. Hurrah for "Dallas, and the Tariff of"—1846!—Kittanning Press.

Immigration to the U. S. in 1850.

The Secretary of State has furnished to Congress a statement of the number of immigrants which have arrived at the ports of the United States for the year ending 30th of September, 1850, the general aggregate of which is 315,333, opposed to 299,610 last year. This shows an increase of 15,723, notwithstanding New York has fallen off nearly 14,000. The increase in California has been between 70 and 80,000; but omitting this new State, the decrease has been proportionate with New York throughout the Union. At the rate of 315,000 per annum, the immigration to occur from 1851 to 1861—ten years—would amount to three millions and one-eighth—or equivalent to the white population of the whole South in 1840. It is remarkable too, that of the numbers last year nearly one-fourth come here prepared to engage in useful branches of industry, with means at hand, and but a moiety of that population denominated paupers.

Prediction.

Thirty years ago, on the 22d of December, Daniel Webster delivered the Second Centennial oration at Plymouth, in which, with that wise foresight which has often distinguished him as a far-seeing statesman, he said—"It may be safely asserted that there are now more than a million of people, descendants of New England ancestry, living free and happy in regions which hardly sixty years ago, were tracts of unpenetrated forest.—Nor do rivers, or mountains, or seas, resist the progress of industry or enterprise. Ere long the shores of the Pilgrims will be on the shores of the Pacific." The sons of the Pilgrims are on the shores of the Pacific already, and there they have founded an American colony, created an American form of Government, established an American State, and, under the stars and stripes of the Republic, they are represented in the American Union.

Americans in Athens.

Spirit of American Women abroad.—Their Refusal to be Presented to the Queen.

Advices from Athens announce that a party of American ladies, desirous of being presented to the Queen, the United States' consul, M. Diomati, sought an interview with M. Grivas, marshal of the palace, by whom he was directed to address a note from his office, stating the wish and names of the parties desirous of being presented. This was done, and an hour fixed for the interview, the consul being invited to present the gentlemen, whilst court etiquette required the ladies should be introduced by the grand Maitresse. This was of course satisfactory; but just as the party was ready to depart, an under servant from the palace appeared at the consulate, bringing a message from the Marshal, to the effect, that the American party would be received according to appointment, but that the Consul was not to accompany them. This message was delivered to the Americans as they were stepping into their carriage.—A moment sufficed for determination—the carriage was discharged, court dresses cast aside, and her Majesty of Greece was left to the undisturbed enjoyment of her own state chamber for that evening. Later in the evening a messenger arrived from the palace to inquire at the consulate why the American party had not presented themselves, and stating that the Queen had waited nearly an hour for them; but the absence of the consul prevented an answer being given. The next day, M. Diomati addressed a note to the marshal, stating the reason why the Americans had not presented themselves. It was possible for them to have done so, in the face such an insult offered to their representative.

REMOVAL OF THE WINNEBAGOES OUT OF WISCONSIN.

The Prairie du Chien Patriot announces with a good deal of satisfaction, that the Winnebago Indians have all been removed by the address and efficiency of H. M. Rice of St. Pauls, the United States' agent—who perceived that to leave when the United States' troops could not accomplish it by force—at least without bloodshed.

THE MARKETS.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan 13, 1851. The delayed arrival of the steamer Niagara's cottons has had the effect to retard operations. Cotton is held firmly but the sales are limited. There is rather more export demand for Flour, and 1,000 a 1,500 bbls standard and fair brands sold at \$4 62 1/2 per barrel, including some of a better brand at \$4 75. Sales for city consumption at \$4 75 a 5 37 1/2 for common and extra brands, and fancy lots at higher rates. In Rye Flour nothing doing. Corn Meal is held at \$3 per bbl. A sale of Brandywine was made on Saturday at \$3 12 1/2. In Wheat there have been no transactions. There is more inquiry for Corn, and the market is rather better supplied. Sales of 5 a 6,000 bushels new Southern yellow at 61 1/2 cts. afloat. Oats are scarce. Sales of Pennsylvania, in lots, at 45 cts per bushel. Whiskey.—The market is well supplied. Sales of barrels at 20 1/2 cts, and hbls. at 25 cts.

New Arrangement.

THE HUNTINGDON MARBLE WORKS, Will hereafter be carried on under the firm of R. G. Stewart and Geo. Bell. Any Business concerning the firm can be transacted with either of the above persons, or with John G. Stewart agent. R. G. STEWART, GEORGE BELL.

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MONEY MATTERS.

Philadelphia Rates of Discount.

Table listing Philadelphia Banks and their respective discount rates for various locations like Lebanon, Chambersburg, Gettysburg, etc.

LIST OF LETTERS

Table listing names of individuals and their addresses, categorized by letter (A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, Z).

REMAINING in the Post Office at Huntingdon, January 1, 1851.

Table listing names of individuals and their addresses, categorized by letter (A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, Z).

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REGISTER'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all persons concerned that the following named persons have settled their accounts in the Register's office at Huntingdon, and that the said accounts will be presented for confirmation and allowance at an Orphan's Court, to be held at Huntingdon, in and for the county of Huntingdon, on Wednesday 15th day of January next, to wit: 1. Joshua Green, administrator of James Logan, late of Barree township, dec'd. 2. Joshua Green, administrator of Thomas Gwin late of Barree township, dec'd. 3. Joseph Reed, administrator of Hannah Anderson, late of West township, dec'd. M. F. CAMPBELL, Register. Register's Office, Huntingdon, Dec. 14, 1850.

Tavern License.

To the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the County of Huntingdon, at January Term, A. D. 1851. The Petitioner of John Stahl, of the village of Shaffersville, Morris Township, in the County aforesaid, humbly sheweth: That your Petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of strangers, travellers and others, at his dwelling house in the County aforesaid, and prays that your Honors will be pleased to grant him a license to keep a Public House of Entertainment. And your petitioner, as in duty bound, will ever pray. JOHN STAHL. Dec. 24, 1850.

Tavern License.

We the subscribers, citizens of the Village, Township and County aforesaid, do certify that the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house-room and conveniences for the accommodation of strangers, travellers and others, and that the said public house of entertainment is necessary. Robert Kinkead, Enoch Walls, Joseph Wright, Jacob Harsh, Samuel Harsh, Alexander M'Clintick, Job Plympton, Joseph Shaffer, Pomeroy Theodore, Patterson Wm. A., Peightell Jane E., Palmer Christian. Dec. 24, 1850.

Tavern License.

To the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Huntingdon County, January Term, A. D. 1851. The petitioner of George Householder, of the Township of Penn, in the County of Huntingdon, represents: That your petitioner is desirous of keeping a public inn or tavern, in the house he now occupies, being in the township above named. That he has provided himself with necessaries for the accommodation of strangers and travellers, and therefore prays your Honors to grant him a license to keep a house of public entertainment in said house, and he will ever pray. GEORGE HOUSEHOLDER. Dec. 24, 1850.

Tavern License.

The undersigned, citizens of Penn Township, in the County of Huntingdon, do certify that the tavern prayed for above by George Householder is necessary for the accommodation of the public and the entertainment of strangers and travellers; and that the said applicant is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and other conveniences for the accommodation of strangers and travellers. James L. Hunt, B. Grove, Jacob Prough, S. H. Grove, B. C. Lytle, H. Hoover, Daniel Grove, Wm. Davis, Jacob B. G. Isaac Hoovers, Philip Garner. Dec. 24, 1850.

Executor's Notice.

Estate of ELEANOR HENDERSON, dec'd. NOTICE is hereby given, that Letters Testamentary have been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of ELEANOR HENDERSON, deceased, late of Porter township, Huntingdon county. All persons knowing themselves indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and all those having claims will please present them for settlement. JAMES IRVIN, Executor. Barree Grove, Dec. 24, 1850. P. S. Gen. S. Miles will act for me on the premises at Barree Grove. J. I.

Proposals.

Sealed Proposals will be received by the undersigned, Commissioners, at their office, in Huntingdon, until 2 o'clock P. M. of Thursday, the 10th day of January next, for the erection of a Bridge across the Mill Race of George Eby, Shirley Township, opposite the bridge built across the Aughwick creek. Also for putting up sand or lime stone steps between the columns in front of the Court House, and taking up and relaying the pavement from the steps to the fence. WILLIAM HUTCHISON, ISAAC PEIGHTAL, BENJAMIN LEAS, County Commissioners. Dec. 24, 1850.—4t.]

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of GEORGE GARNER, Dec'd. LETTERS of Administration have been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of GEORGE GARNER, late of Penn township, Huntingdon county, dec'd. All persons knowing themselves indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will please present them for settlement. HENRY GARNER, SOLOMON GARNER, Administrators. Dec. 10, 1850.—3t.

Public Sale.

In pursuance of last Will and Testament of Samuel Steel, Esq. deceased, will be offered for sale on Wednesday the 22d day January next, at the Court House in the borough of Huntingdon, the undivided half of one hundred and forty-five acres of land surveyed in the name of John McClelland, situate in Henderson township, adjoining lands of James Gwin, J. McCarney Sankey, James Steel and others, on which there is about fifteen acres cleared. A large proportion of said tract of land is well timbered and valuable on account of its contiguity to the Central Rail Road, and borough of Huntingdon being only two miles distant from the latter place. Terms.—One third of purchase money on the first day of April next, and the other two thirds thereof in equal annual payments with interest from first day April 1851, payable annually, to be secured by bonds and mortgage of the purchaser. JAMES GWIN, GEORGE A. STEEL, Executors of Samuel Steel, deceased. Dec. 17, 1850.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration have been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of AMON LOVELL, late of Cass township, dec'd. Notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves indebted, to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, properly authenticated, for settlement. GEO. W. SPEER, Administrator. Jan. 9, 1851.—6t.

GREAT BARGAINS TO BE HAD!

SELLING OFF AT COST! M. STRAUS, informs the public that he intends to leave for California in the spring, and that he will sell his present large stock of Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c., &c., at cost, and below cost. He has a very large stock of Clothing, which should be examined by every body in want of a good suit. He also has a very large assortment of Calicoes, which will be sold very cheap. Call soon. N. B. All persons indebted to the subscriber are requested to make payment on or before the first of February next, as after that day my books will be placed in the hands of a Justice of the Peace. HUNTINGDON, Dec. 31, 1850.—1p.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration have been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of AMON LOVELL, late of Cass township, dec'd. All persons knowing themselves indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement. JOSHUA GREENLAND, Administrator. WEALTHY LOVELL, Administratrix. Dec. 21, 1850.

THE ELEPHANT AGAIN!



PEIGHTAL & BOGGS.

HAVE just received another tremendous addition to their previous heavy stock. They have everything now that is required to suit the wants of this community. Splendid Excelsior De Lains, at 12 1/2 cts. per yard. Superb Paramatta Cloths, at 6 1/2 cts. Unequal Brocades, at all prices. Rich Irish Poplins, at 56 and 75 cts. Calicoes, from 3 to 12 1/2 cts. French Oiled Gingham, at 12 1/2 cts. Damask de Lains, richly figured, at 25 cts. Real Conestoga Sheetings, 94 cts. Oriental and Bay State Shawls, at all prices. Heavy Yard wide Muslins, at 6 and 8 cts. Real "Jane Lind" Cloths, at 12 1/2 cts. Satinets, at 37, 50, 62 and 75 cts. Tweeds at 25, 31 and 37 cts. Hardwar, Queensware, Boots & Shoes, Paints, Drugs and Dye Stuffs, at their former low prices. Indeed, everything can be had at this popular Bazar, 25 per cent. lower than elsewhere, and all that is required to convince the community that the "ELEPHANT" is the place for cheap and good goods, is for them to call, when an examination will satisfy them that money can be saved by patronizing this establishment. Nov. 5, 1850.

Valuable Property at Private Sale.

The subscriber will sell his farm at private sale, situated in Kishacoquillas valley, about three miles west of Allentown, adjoining lands of C. & Daniel Yoder, Samuel King and others, containing 142 acres, about 125 acres of which is cleared, and in a good state of cultivation.—The remainder is well timbered. The improvements are a large two story Stone House, good Log Barn, good Spring at the door, good Spring House, and all other necessary outbuildings.—A first rate Apple Orchard of choice fruit, and only six miles from the Pa. Canal and Central Railroad. This farm is laid off in fifteen fields, with running water in every field, and a running stream through the barn yard. This farm will be sold reasonable, as the subscriber is desirous of emigrating to the west. Oct. 22, 1850. JACOB MUSSER.

DANIEL AFRICA.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.—Office in Main street, Huntingdon, Pa.

Extra Family Flour.

ALSO, superior Mackerel at unusually low rates. "Every day brings something new" to this popular establishment, in the way of rich and rare goods, and as everybody deals there, we are surprised that all their relations do not follow suit. Another arrival hourly expected of Boots and Shoes, Bay State Long Shawls, Paramattas, Brocades, &c. &c. [Dec. 10, 1850.]

Magazines.

HORACE W. SMITH will furnish the principal Magazines, (including Harper's, Graham, &c.) at \$2 50 per annum, thereby saving no small sum as there is no postage to be paid. [Dec. 10, 1850.]

Are you Insured?

If not, insure your property at once in the Cumberland Valley Mutual Insurance Company. Apply to GEO. W. SPEER, Agent, Bridgeport, Pa.

EXPRESS AGENCY.

DAMS & Co. have established an Express Office in Huntingdon, in charge of Horace W. Smith, at the Huntingdon Book Store. All packages left with him will be carefully attended to. [June 4, 1850.]

100 AGENTS WANTED.

TO travel in the Southern, Middle or Northern States. Steady employment will be given for a number of years to respectable young men of business habits and possessed of a good common education and gentlemanly address. Such young men would find it greatly to their advantage, as it will afford an opportunity to see a large portion of the country, and at the same time earn, besides all expenses, from \$200 to \$300 a year. Some Agents have earned double that amount. All Agents, upon ability to act, perseverance and economy, will be a pleasant business. Those who desire further information can obtain the same by addressing, post paid, JACOB MONK, Philadelphia, Dec. 17, 1850.

Farm for Sale.

The subscriber offers his farm at private sale, situate in Woodcock Valley, Hopewell township, Huntingdon county, adjoining lands of Daniel Brumbaugh, Leonard Weaver, and others, containing 224 acres, more or less, about 100 acres cleared and in a tolerable good state of cultivation, 20 acres of which is meadow; most of the remainder is well timbered, a considerable part of which is locust and chestnut; considerable of the timber land is tillable, and there are several springs of never failing water on the premises, with an apple orchard and other fruit. The building part of which bear choice barn, log dwelling house, stone spring house, frame shop, and a saw mill. Apply to the subscriber on the premises. JOHN PLUMMER, Dec. 24, 1850.—6t.]

Holidaysburg "Register," "Whig," and "Standard," publish with other wise order, and charge this office.

Mill Property for Sale.

The subscribers offer for sale the valuable Mill Property, formerly belonging to Isaac Neff, in West township, Huntingdon county, adjoining lands of Mr. Oaks, Samuel Mosser, Daniel Neff, and others; the same being a lot of 90 acres, more or less; the improvements on which are a Grist Mill in good condition, a Saw Mill which was rebuilt last fall, one large Dwelling House, a large frame Barn, a convenient Store House now on rent, a Blacksmith Shop and Cider Press, besides four small houses now tenanted. All the land is capable of cultivation. About 70 acres is now under tillage. The above named property will be offered at Public Sale, on Tuesday the 21st of January, inst., sale to commence at 1 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, on the premises, when and where attendance will be given and conditions made known by JOHN K. NEFF, DANIEL NEFF, Jan. 9, 1851.—3t.

COFFEE, Tea, Sugar and Spices.—A fresh supply just opened and for sale at Currier's, Jones's Grocery and confectionary store.