



TERMS:

The "Huntingdon Journal" is published at the following rates, viz: \$1.75 a year; if paid in advance; \$2.00 if paid during the year, and \$3.50 if not paid until after the expiration of the year.

No subscription taken for less than six months, and no paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

CANAL COMMISSIONER:

HENRY M. FULLER, OF LUZERNE COUNTY.

Whig County Ticket.

ASSEMBLY:

A. K. CORNYN, of Huntingdon.

TREASURER:

JOHN A. DOYLE, of Shirley.

COMMISSIONER:

ISAAC PEIGHTAL, of Falm.

AUDITOR:

THOMAS FISHER, of Huntingdon.

No change in the markets since our last.

DORSEY & MAGUIRE have just received an elegant assortment of Fall and Winter Goods.

Those wishing to have the likeness of themselves or children taken by the Daguerrotype process, are informed that WEAVER & WILSON will remain in Huntingdon during the present week.

Examine your Tickets.

Whigs, examine your tickets before voting and see that you have the whole Whig Ticket.

We caution the voters of this county against the falsehoods and humbuggery with which the columns of the Globe will abound this week.

Locofoco Love for Mexican Soldiers.

JOHN A. DOYLE, the Whig Candidate for County Treasurer, was one of the few volunteers from this county in the war with Mexico.

Consistency.

Last winter when Jacob Miller asked for the Collector's office, his Locofoco friends opposed him on the ground that he had been in office three years.

A CURIOSITY.—It is said some person has for exhibition the straw with which Polk sucked in the Tariff men of Pennsylvania.

Neglect of Political duties.

It's no use, says the Daily News, crying over spilt milk, and the truly wise avoid such mishaps. In the single county of Cumberland, in Maine, four Representatives—sufficient to change the character of the Legislature—were lost to the Whigs through inactivity.

Facts.

The facts presented in the address of the Whig State Committee, which we publish, are unanswerable, and the locofocos have never attempted it.

TO THE POLLS!

This is the last paper we will issue previous to the election. We therefore call upon the Whigs of Huntingdon county to TURN OUT in their strength on Tuesday next.

TO THE POLLS, then, and vote for HENRY M. FULLER, AUGUSTUS K. CORNYN, JOHN A. DOYLE, ISAAC PEIGHTAL and THOMAS FISHER. Vote the whole Ticket solid.

County Treasurer:

The Locofocos, we learn, are at their old game. Every time Jacob Miller is on the Locofoco County Ticket, he is represented as a no party man.

But the Locofocos want the Whigs to vote for Mr. Miller because he is poor. If Mr. Miller is poor, and the Locofocos had the sympathy for him which they profess to have now, why did they not show it last winter when he was a candidate for the Collector's office?

JOHN A. DOYLE, the Whig candidate for Treasurer, is also a poor man. He was fairly nominated, without any interference on his own part, and is deserving of every Whig vote in the county.

A Clean Backout!

Many weeks ago we published the semi-official statement showing how much money had been drawn out of the State Treasury by certain Canal officers, to pay the old debts due on the public works.

Now the election is at hand, and the information so much desired, and so positively promised, has not been furnished!

The double dealing of the Globe can be easily seen when you examine its columns, and find Col Duff at its mast head, showing it to be the organ of "the party"—while in the streets and at little meetings, the organ man grinds out a tune for Job.

A Word to Whigs.

Another election is just at hand! Whigs are you all awake to its importance? Too many of our friends are disposed to act at the election succeeding the Presidential or Governatorial, as if the issues involved, and the interests at stake were of minor importance.

Whigs of old Huntingdon! The present contest is not of minor importance. We have much, we might almost say every thing, to gain. Furious, because of their fearful overthrow last fall, our opponents have sought by falsehood and misrepresentation, to escape from the unpalatable truth, that the People, aroused by the bold and unblushing duplicity and knavery—and the impolitic and anti-American doctrines of the leaders of locofocoism, struck them down, that an oppressed people might be rid of their misrule; and now they seek to prove that every election that may result unfortunately to the whigs is evidence that their charges against them, and their gallant old chief, ZACHARY TAYLOR, are true.

Awake to your duty! You have also a Canal Commissioner to elect this year. Remember the conduct of Mr. Painter last winter when he sought to get hundreds of thousands of dollars of the people's money into the hands of his canal officers; and was only forced from his purpose by the bold and fearless stand of Jas. M. Power—the only Whig in that board.

Col. Cornyn and The Globe.

The now fledged love of the Globe for the amendment of the Constitution, is likely to carry our friend of the Globe entirely away. When that amendment was before the Legislature, and up to the present campaign, not one word was heard from the Globe, whether it was for or against the amendment—the important question was of no importance until Col. Cornyn is to be attacked; and now every week the readers of the Globe get two or three columns of attack upon our late member; and mostly upon that subject.

Have not the people of this county too long watched the convenient shifting of principles in that paper, and by that party, to be deceived? This question of electing judges, has not been much discussed anywhere, and but few care much about it, one way or the other; and the effort of the Globe and its editors to make it the only question, is not a little laughable.

The Globe would also try to make it appear that Col. Cornyn was not faithful to the interests of his constituents. Well truly we did not expect our neighbor would, so handsomely, set a trap to catch himself.

The Platform of the Globe.

The Platform of "the Globe" and "the party" is—solely opposition to a supposed platform that is made for Col. Cornyn. The party of the Globe this year, has for its candidate, Col. Duff. Yet the Globe nor Col. Duff have either of them said what is his opinion upon the subject of electing judges!

It is a little strange truly.—Why has not the Col. spoken out for himself? Does not the Globe know that Col Duff is opposed to the election of Judges as well as Prosecuting Attorneys? And does not the Globe know that the reason that Col. Cornyn opposed the Law of last session was because it was imperfect and needed amendment—and if passed ought to be made to include the Prosecuting Attorneys.

It is a little strange truly.—Why has not the Col. spoken out for himself? Does not the Globe know that Col Duff is opposed to the election of Judges as well as Prosecuting Attorneys? And does not the Globe know that the reason that Col. Cornyn opposed the Law of last session was because it was imperfect and needed amendment—and if passed ought to be made to include the Prosecuting Attorneys.

SERIOUS FACTS FOR TAXPAYERS.

"What used to be done with the Money."

The Pittsburg American says, this is a question which the people are beginning to ask themselves and each other. Gov. Johnston, in the short time of his administration, has paid the State interest, and had it paid as an honest man desires to pay his debts, in coin.

But the inquiry now is, what used to be done with the money? The former administrations had the same means at control that Gov. Johnston has. How then does it come that he can do so much, with the same means that they did so little? This is a question for every honest man to answer.

Highly Important.

The Washington Republic of Tuesday, the organ of Gen. Taylor's administration at Washington, in condemning the Tariff of 1846, and alluding to the importance of the elections in Pennsylvania and Maryland, holds the following decided and emphatic language:

"If the PEOPLE, by their votes, manifest an approval of the existing system, so it must be. We can have no change. President Taylor will seek to carry out the WILL OF THE PEOPLE.

We shall have no more Executive Tariffs during his administration. WITHOUT DISTINCT AND AFFIRMATIVE DECLARATION OF OPINION FROM THE PEOPLE, OR THEIR REPRESENTATIVES, IT IS IDLE TO LOOK FOR ANY CHANGE.

Would it not be folly, yes madness, for those who voted for a change last year, now, before Gen. Taylor has been able to do a single act, but express his opinion, and before a single Congress, who pass the laws, have met under his Administration, to vote against him, and prevent the change being made.

Assessors of 1849.

By the provisions of the act of 7th of April, 1849, "for the regulation and continuance of a system of education by Common Schools," assessors are required to return to the Commissioners the EXACT NUMBER of taxable citizens of each school district of the county.

GRATIFYING RESULT OF AN INTERESTING OPERATION.—The New Albany (Ind.) Bulletin has an interesting account of an operation performed by Dr. Sloan, of New Albany, upon the eyes of the Rev. N. Hoskins, of Crawford Co. Ia., who had been blind from birth.

Mr. Hoskins was taken home to Crawford County before the bandages were removed, and when this was done, we are informed by a gentleman residing in that neighborhood, that the operation was found to be eminently successful.

He describes the emotions of the patient when suddenly possessed of a sense so novel to him, to be of the most enthusiastic description. Things which he had long been acquainted with through the medium of the other senses, became of a new and surprising beauty—and roads which he had been used to travel fearlessly when blind, had to be again learned. His wife and children, whom he had never seen, his friends and parishioners, his home, every thing that was new to him, became an unending source of delight and new born gratification.

MATRIMONIAL.—"My dear, said an affectionate spouse to her husband, am I not your only treasure?" "O yes," was the cool reply, "and I would willingly lay it up in heaven." What an insinuating wretch.

For the Journal.

"THAT SAME OLD COON."

That "same old coon" observing that the Globe is disposed to give him a kick, while he has been quietly singing that "same old tune" to himself, has made up his mind that altho' it is the Globe that is about to fire at him he shant "come down."

The Globe has been devoting enough of his paper to Col. Cornyn, to have made room for that list, you asked to be published, a half dozen times, if it is no longer than I think it is.—The Globe wants to know what the Whigs think of Col. Cornyn's vote on the amendment of the Constitution. It is very anxious. Wait till the election and the Whigs will take occasion to speak so that you can hear.

State Election—The Obligation to Vote.

In one week from this day the electors of Pennsylvania will be called upon to discharge one of the highest of earthly duties—that of voting for State and County officers.

Every man entitled to a vote should feel that he has committed to his care a great legacy—a share in the political and moral and social welfare of the whole community—in the right to vote, and for the exercise of which he is responsible to the community and to his God.

Every Whig in the State believes that the essential interests of Pennsylvania will be promoted by the election of a Whig Canal Commissioner, and so believing they should put forth the utmost of their power to secure this result; and if the full Whig strength is brought out, if the active existing elements against locofocoism are concentrated—HENRY M. FULLER will undoubtedly be elected.

Tax-Payers Alay!

Are you in favor of RETRENCHMENT AND REFORM in the management of the public works? Remember that the present Locofoco members of the Board of Canal Commissioners demanded of the last Legislature the enormous sum of THIRTEEN HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS the present year, to be expended upon them—a sum unprecedented in the history of the favoritism, speculation and plunder that has continually marked their administration by the Locofoco Canal Commissioners.

It is said that the pay of the Austrian soldiers is but four cents a day.

VOTERS! LEAD!

To the Freeman of Pennsylvania!

In view of the approaching contest between the friends and opponents of the present State Administration, and the policy recommended and pursued respectively by them in reference to the affairs of the Commonwealth, the Whig State Central Committee invite attention to the following statement of

FACTS FOR THE PEOPLE.

IT IS A FACT, that the locofoco party, for a number of years, have had the entire control of the administration of the State government, of the finances of the State, and of the public improvements.

IT IS A FACT, that during this period the interest on the State debt was paid in depreciated paper; the credit of the State was prostrated; the stocks of the Commonwealth were greatly below a par value; the revenues were insufficient to pay the interest of the debt and maintain the public works.

IT IS A FACT, that large amounts of money were borrowed to pay the semi-annual interest, and that a floating debt, along the line of our public works, of six hundred thousand dollars had accumulated for years, and remained unpaid.

IT IS A FACT, that laborers, material men, and men who had sustained damage along the improvements—men who could not be denied their honest claims without sorely feeling the loss—men whose families were trying to get to them for bread, had remained unpaid for years, and their petitions for relief had been disregarded.

IT IS A FACT, that the people, while they paid into the treasury the taxes deemed necessary to the support of the public credit, were fearfully discouraged at the prospect before them—heavy burthens, crippled and insufficient resources, and domestic debts unpaid,—and they despaired of seeing, in their day and generation any change for the better.

IT IS A FACT, that the party then in power made no attempts to reduce the burthens of the people, by the only available mode, the payment of the public debt, and the citizens could see in the future no relief from taxation.

IT IS A FACT, that those laborers and material men upon the public works, who were fortunate enough to receive from the locofoco superintendants the reward of their toil, were paid in worthless notes,—torn, defaced, and depreciated in value,—notes which were kept in circulation against the terms of their original issue, which required their redemption years ago.

IT IS A FACT, that as soon as the Whig Administration came into power, the Locofoco party, from one end of the State to the other, commenced an unprincipled outcry against it, because it did not pay the debts along the line of internal improvements, and because the poor laborers remained unrewarded,—debts which that party had contracted and concealed,—laborers who had suffered the pangs of want for locofoco administration.

These are FACTS, which the records of the State and the experience of the people will fully sustain. Look on the reverse of the picture—for there is a second chapter of facts to follow: IT IS A FACT, that the Whig Governor, William F. Johnston, was inaugurated in the month of January last, having received the largest vote ever polled in Pennsylvania, and that since then, he has had the Administration of the Executive branch of the government under his control.

IT IS A FACT, that before as well as since his inauguration, the public press of the locofoco party have assailed him, his recommendations, and his public acts, with a ferocity which contemned public sentiment, disregarded the opinion of the public will, and which, defying truth and shame, denounced his administration as ruinous to the interests of the people.

IT IS A FACT, nevertheless, that under his administration of public affairs, within the short period of nine months, the interest of the public debt has been paid in a sound, convertible currency, without borrowing, and without the cost of a cent in exchanges, thereby saving to the people thousands of dollars.

IT IS A FACT, that, within this period, the floating debt of six hundred thousand dollars, created by the locofoco party, and by them suffered to accumulate for years, has been principally paid, and resources are in the Treasury to meet every dollar of the debt which has been brought to the notice of the Whig administration.

IT IS A FACT, that the workmen, material men and men who have sustained damage along the lines of Canal and Railroad in the State, have either been paid, or the payments have been delayed by superintendants on the said works.

IT IS A FACT, that of those torn, defaced and depreciated notes, with which the locofocos paid the laborers on the public works, \$227,007.00,—being nearly two-thirds of the whole—have been withdrawn from circulation, and their places supplied with a sound and safe currency.

IT IS A FACT, that one hundred and thirteen thousand five hundred dollars of the funded debt have been paid, and one hundred thousand dollars more will be paid before the first day of February next; and that a sinking fund has been established, for the proper management and the continuance of a judicious system pursued by the existing administration, will secure the payment of ten million of dollars of the said debt—or one fourth of the entire debt of the Commonwealth—within the next six years.

IT IS A FACT, that after every known claim which can be legally made upon the Treasury shall have been paid, (except the funded debt of the Commonwealth) including the interest payable on the first of February next, there will remain in the Treasury an unappropriated balance of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, which may with propriety and justice be directed towards the completion of the North Branch Canal.

IT IS A FACT, that during the next year, the revenues of the State will meet every ordinary expenditure; will pay of the public debt from three to five hundred thousand dollars, and will leave an unappropriated balance of five hundred thousand dollars in the Treasury, to be directed towards the completion of the North Branch Canal.

IT IS A FACT, that the credit of the State is restored,—her stocks have risen in value, the people have become encouraged, and the future is full of confident hope and rational expectation.

And finally IT IS A FACT, that all this happy state of things, so different from what has been hitherto known in Pennsylvania, has been brought about during the brief period when the interests of the State have been entrusted to the hands of a Whig Administration.

MORTON McMICHAEL, (Chairman.)

Daughter.—After a most severe drought, we have at length been visited by a most refreshing rain. It commenced raining on Sunday morning last, and has continued with but short intermissions, up to the present writing, (Monday noon.) We never knew a rain more needed, or more generally wished for.