

From the Plains.

Fights between California Emigrants and the Indians.

St Louis, June 25. News from Chihuahua to the 7th ult., says that the neighboring Indians are very hostile, and that a number of skirmishes had taken place between them and the emigrants, in which several were killed on both sides.

On the 4th of May, Thacker and his party were attacked by a large body of Mexicans. A fight ensued, in which twenty-three Mexicans were killed.

Accounts received from the emigrants beyond Fort Kearney, state that the Buffaloes are very scarce. On the 16th of May, Capt. Garrett, accidentally shot himself on the Plains.

Peter Cameron murdered a lumber man named Allen, at Prairie le Croix, on Monday last.

THE POPE GOING TO BOLOGNA.—The Courier and Enquirer has a telegraphic despatch from London, which states that accounts from Gaeta announce that it is the intention of the Pope to return to Florence with the duke of Tuscany, and to reside in Bologna where he will establish his Government until Rome shall be in a state to permit his return to it. It was reported at Bologna that Ancona had been taken by the Austrians on the 1st, after 48 hours' bombardment; but the news was not generally credited. A telegraphic despatch from Paris states that news had arrived from Trieste, under date of June 2d, of the cessation of the bombardment of Venice, and that negotiations for peace were concluded.

NEW ARTICLE OF SPECULATION FOR THE CALIFORNIA MARKET.—One of those persevering spirits called Yankees, a resident on the Island of Nantucket, being fully persuaded that "the Fever" would soon depopulate the place, has put his stock of marble and slate on board a schooner bound for the gold region; and stones which were intended for some of the old inhabitants, beginning "Sacred to the memory of," and "erected by his brother" &c. &c., have actually been shipped from that once populous island, to mark the last resting place of many of its inhabitants in the El Dorado of the present time. What will be the next article of speculation?

EFFICIENCY OF THE VOLUNTARY PRINCIPLE.—The Free Church of Scotland has two Normal Seminaries, upward of 500 Schools, and a College, in which upward of 200 are in training for the ministry; and has many Missionaries, domestic and foreign. There were raised within its bounds, for the support of missions the last year, \$278,475.

IMMENSE FIRES IN THE WOODS.—A telegraphic despatch from Calais, Me., states that the fires in the woods were still raging in every direction. More than 6,000,000 acres of timber land have already been destroyed. They have had no rain since the first week in April, and in that part of Maine and the province of New Brunswick, there is no water for driving logs. Nearly all the present stock is saved. The lumber business, it was thought, must be suspended for the summer, and the fields of grass will not be worth cutting. The prospects of the country were never more gloomy than at present. The weather was excessively warm, the thermometer rising to 96 in the coolest places.

ILLINOIS U. S. SENATOR.—Several of the Loco papers of Illinois have declared in favor of John McClernand, for U. S. Senator, in the place of General Shields, who was declared ineligible. The race will probably be between Breese and McClernand, from all the indications we have seen.

ANOTHER VICTIM.—The Johnstown Transcript of Thursday last states that a man named John Goudy, of that neighborhood, was found dead at the Locks short distance below the borough, where he had wandered in a state of intoxication. A flask of whiskey half full was found in his pocket.

MRS. BURROUGHS.—The Snowhill Shield says that the wife of Rev. Thom. J. Burroughs, who was tried at the late term of Worcester County Court for the homicide of Bishop, has become completely deranged since her husband's acquittal return to his family at Chestertown. She is now an inmate of the Maryland Hospital, and he has returned to Dorchester county, his native place.

TOBACCO AND CHOLERA.—The manufacturers, as well as the slaves of the weed, will rejoice to see by one of the late foreign items that Dr. Herteaux, of Paris, has published a statement that the use of tobacco is a preservative against the cholera to a great extent. Dr. Herteaux says that of 2000 people engaged in its manufacture, he found but twelve persons who had been attacked. It is added that Vidal, Diemerbroek, and Ruef, all agree in this opinion, and Dr. Moore says tobacco injections will cure the disease.

The Lancaster Intelligencer states that the Hon James Buchanan has presented to the Councils of that city, in trust, the sum of \$4,000 par bonds, to remain as a perpetual fund, the interest whereof is to be annually expended in the purchase of fuel for the use of poor and indigent females, during inclement winter seasons.

"A LITTLE MORE GRAPE."—We find the following announcement in one of our exchanges: Married.—In New Orleans, on Thursday the 7th instant, Breuet Lieut. Col. Braxton Bragg, U. S. A. to Eliza B. daughter of Mary Jane and the late Richard G. Ellis.

The machinery for the second cotton factory at Lancaster, has nearly all been received, and operations will be commenced in a few weeks. The third Factory at that place is now in progress of erection.

The Arkansas papers announce that gold has been discovered by the California emigrants on the Wichita Hills, on the western frontier of that State, and much excitement is the consequence.

"Old Whitey," Gen. Taylor's famous charger was brought to Louisville on the 19th from Baton Rouge.

The Russian Army.

A gentleman, familiar with the subject, has prepared some statistics of the Russian army, from which it appears that the land forces of Russia amount to 1,000,000 of men in the war establishment, and are arranged into six main bodies of the army, the general reserve and the several corps of Cossacks. The first division, the great moveable European army of operation contains 465,720 men. These are arranged into 386 battalions of footmen, (together 386,000 men,) 469 squadron of horsemen, (together 79,720 men,) and 79 brigades of artillery, with 1200 pieces. By adding the artilleryists, the train, the companies of workmen, &c., the great army of operation may be estimated at 500,000 men. To these must be added the artilleryists, &c. The total of the pieces of artillery belonging to the army of reserve amounts to 472. The Caucasian army the third division, has 150,107 troops with 302 pieces of artillery. The army in Finland consists of 16,000 men, with 16 pieces of artillery. The main body of the army in the province of Oranburg is 64,000 men 16 pieces of artillery. The army in Siberia, 10,000 men, 16 pieces of artillery.

The several corps of Cossacks, who are liable to active service abroad in time of war, amount to 50,000 horsemen. The Cossacks, who had several particular appellations with reference to the parts of the country where they live, (for instance, Cossacks of the Don, Cossacks of the Ural, &c.,) and who number upon the whole, about 600,000 men able to carry arms, are genuine Russians, as well as the great mass of the nation, but with the difference that they, since the year 1651, enjoy many political and social privileges.

The disposable force of Russia is able to send into the field in time of war amount to about 800,000 men. Of course they consist only of the European armies of operation and reserve and of the regiments of Cossacks; because the main bodies of the army in Caucasian Russia, in the Province of Oranburg, &c., must keep their stations for the maintaining of internal peace and order there, and for the safety of the frontiers. According to the latest official reports, the total of the population throughout all parts of the Russian empire amounts to about sixty-seven millions inhabitants.

The reader may judge from this exhibit what the Hungarians have to encounter, with Austria combined with this formidable power, and Prussia probably lending its aid.—Philadelphia Ledger.

DIED.

In this borough, on yesterday afternoon, PHILIP SAULTZ, an old and respected citizen of this place, aged 71 years.

At Colerain Forges, Huntingdon county, on the 27th ult., JACOB HAINES, in the 82d year of his age.

In this borough, on Friday June 29th, of lockjaw, JANE ELIZABETH ISENHOUR, aged about 7 years, daughter of Abner and Eliza Isehour.

But a few days ago, and she was full of health and hope, and while at play received a severe wound from a piece of iron, which pierced and shockingly mangled her hand. No danger was at first anticipated, but suddenly a change became apparent, and baffled all medical skill.—Slowly but perceptibly death folded her in his chilly embrace. Child, as she was, she knew that his silent footsteps were in her chamber and that he had "marked her for his own." No murmur, no complaint, no childish regret, broke from her infant lips. Her calm, meek, and patient bearing seemed to say, "Come my Redeemer come." She told her friends she should die, and desired them to repeat her infant prayer—"Our Father" &c., and hushing every sign of anguish or fear she listened to the voice of prayer until the supplicant had repeated—"Thy will be done"—then that will do mother, she said, and the gentle spirit bowed with calm submission, a silent Amen.—"Death touched her veins with ice, and the rose faded from cheek and lip; her voice, whose softest whisper charmed her friends to tears," was hushed forever. "Thy will be done," was heard and answered.

"His seal of silence there." [a smile] But there heamed "So fixed and holy from that marble brow" "Death gazed and left it there"—he dared not "The signet ring of Heaven." [a tear]

In Harrisburg, on the 28th ult., JAMES CHARLES, son of Levi Chaplin of this borough, aged about 20 years.

MARRIED.

On the 28th ult., by the Rev. H. Heckerman, Mr. ADAM FOUSE to Miss ELIZABETH L. E. SIMONSON, both of Woodcock Valley, Huntingdon county.

NOTICE.

TAKE notice that the account of Brice Blair, Esq., Trustee in the place of Joseph P. Hudson, deceased, who was Assignee of John A. and William A. Hudson, under a voluntary assignment, has been filed in the office of the Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas of Huntingdon county, and that the same will be presented to the said Court for confirmation and allowance on the second Monday of August next, at which time the same will be confirmed and allowed unless exceptions be filed thereto. THEO. H. CREMER, Prot'y.

Prothonotary's Office, Huntingdon, July 3, 1849.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE. Estate of MARTIN PUNK, late of Warrenton township, dec'd.

NOTICE is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of Martin Punk, late of Warrenton twp., Hunt. co., dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement to SAMUEL RIDER, Administrator.

July 3, 1849.

To Let.

A COMFORTABLE dwelling house, in this Borough, can be had to rent immediately, by a careful family. Apply at this office. June 26, 1849.

Prospectus of the Republic.

The undersigned will, on the 13th day of June next, begin the publication in the City of Washington, of a daily Whig Administration paper, to be called THE REPUBLIC, the editorial supervision of which will be committed to the exclusive care of Alexander C. Bullitt and John O. Sargent.

The Republic will give to the principles upon which the administration of Gen. Taylor came into power a cordial, zealous, and constant support. It will be a faithful record of the times; it will discuss public measures in an impartial and independent spirit, it will be a vehicle of the latest and most authentic information: it will be, in a word, a political newspaper, devoted to the liberalizing and progressive doctrines which prevailed in the late Presidential canvass; to the interests of labor, as developed in the wants of agriculture, commerce, and manufactures, and to the cause of literature, science, and general intelligence.

The Republic will acknowledge no allegiance except to the country. It will aim to merit the confidence and support of the American people. It will be the organ of no person, or party or fraction of a party, in that compulsory sense which would hinder it from speaking boldly and candidly to the People about whatever it concerns them to know.

The Republic will be printed upon a double royal sheet, in a new, large, clear, readable type. Besides the Daily paper, there will be published a Tri-weekly and Weekly Republic, made up of the most interesting and important matter of the Daily issue.

TERMS:

For the Daily Republic \$10  
For the Tri-Weekly 6  
For the Weekly 3

TO POSTMASTERS.—Any Postmaster who will transmit us \$10 shall have six copies of the Weekly Republic sent to such persons as he may direct, and \$15 will entitle a Postmaster to three copies of the Tri-Weekly paper.

No paper will be sent unless the order is accompanied by the money. All communications upon business must be addressed to GIDEON & CO. Washington City, May 18, 1849.

A new Threshing Machine,

Of four horse power, will be sold cheap for cash or country produce, by H. K. NEFF & BRO. Huntingdon, Pa. June 26, '49.

FROM ELLIEN & BROTHER,

Commission Merchants, IMPORTERS OF FOREIGN WINES, COGNAC BRANDIES, HOLLAND GIN, AND DEALERS IN Teas, Segars, &c. No. 11 Walnut Street, PHILADELPHIA.

Consignments of Western and Southern Produce solicited. June 12, 1849.

PUBLIC SALE

Of Valuable Real Estate. The subscribers will sell at Public Sale, on the premises, on Monday the 27th day of August, 1849,

All that valuable Real Estate situate in Barree township, Huntingdon county, about seven miles from the Penn'a canal, and Central Railroad, and on the main Road leading from Petersburg to Pine Grove, containing about

700 Acres Limestone Land, and about 400 acres of which are cleared, and in a good state of cultivation, the woodland being all first rate Timber Land and heavily timbered; and there is an excellent scite for a Saw Mill, on a never failing stream. There are erected on the said Land two houses and two barns, small, but in a tolerable state of repair.

The above Tract of Land will be divided into two, three, or more parts, and sold separately; or it will be sold altogether, as will best suit those desiring to purchase.

The Terms shall be made so as to suit purchasers, and will be definitely made known on the day of sale. An indisputable title will be given.

Any further information can be had by applying to either of the undersigned. DAVID McMURTRIE, BENJ. E. McMURTRIE, ROBT. A. McMURTRIE, WM. E. McMURTRIE. June 19, 1849.—ts.

Juniata Cabinet Manufacturing Establishment.

JOHN H. WHITTAKER.

Respectfully begs leave to inform his friends and customers and the public generally, that he has built a large and commodious shop immediately in the rear of the public house of John Whittaker, Sr., on the bank between the river and canal, where he will constantly keep on hand furniture of all kinds, of the best quality, embracing all descriptions, kinds, styles and varieties of parlor, medium and plain household furniture, which will be offered for sale at the very

LOWEST RATES. In order to accommodate the public, with all kinds of work in his line of business, he has just supplied himself with a large lot of the best quality of Cherry, Walnut, Maple, Poplar, and all kinds of Veneering of the most popular fashion. He will offer neither botched or half-finished work for sale, and will at all times submit his work to the most rigid inspection.

Merchants, Professional men, Farmers, Mechanics, Hotel Proprietors, Laboring men—all are invited to call and examine his furniture, before purchasing elsewhere. "Seeing is believing." Coffins will be made on the shortest notice, of either Cherry, Walnut or Poplar, as may be desired, and funerals attended.

He flatters himself that by industry and close attention to his business, he will be able to please all who may give him a call. Old furniture will at all times be repaired in the neatest and most durable manner, at low rates. All kinds of country produce will be taken in exchange for furniture, repairing, &c. Huntingdon, May 29, 1849.

SELECT SCHOOL, Huntingdon, Pennsylvania.

The undersigned announces to his former patrons and the friends of sound Education generally, that he is about to establish, in the new "Huntingdon Academy" building, a permanent PRIVATE SCHOOL for young persons and children of both sexes.

The course of instruction will comprise all the branches usually taught in the best English Academies, and will be well suited to prepare pupils for the ordinary avocations of life, and the more important and responsible duties of good citizens.

The internal management of the school will be with the Teachers; but he will be assisted by the general supervision of a Board of nine gentlemen, justly esteemed for their private worth, public spirit, and correct and comprehensive educational views. With this important aid, and sustained by the approbation and kind encouragement of many of the best and purest minds in this community, the undersigned feels confident that he will be able to introduce with ease, and maintain without difficulty, such Regulations as will give to the Institution, a high character, as well as intellectual character—a character that will secure the confidence and respect of all good men.

The building is a new three story brick structure delightfully situated on the high ground back of town, and affording a commanding view of the valley of Huntingdon and its agreeable mountain scenery. The school room is large and well ventilated; and the chambers are so arranged as to accommodate comfortably several boarders, who will be taken on reasonable terms, and treated with all the faithfulness that parental solicitude can desire or impose. The number of pupils will be comparatively limited, and the sexes always kept separate except when in the recitation room. The school year will be divided into four Sessions of eleven weeks each with suitable vacations; the first session commencing, this year, in July or August; but hereafter not until the first of September.

TERMS OF TUITION PER SESSION:—Primary classes \$3.00. Geography, with the use of Globes and Outline Maps, Grammar, Composition, &c., \$3.50. Astronomy, Philosophy, Book-keeping, the various branches of Mathematics, &c., \$4.00.

For particulars apply to the Teacher, J. A. HALL.

REFERENCES: Rev. John Peebles, Wm. P. Orison, Esq., Hon. Geo. Taylor, M. Crowner, Esq., Judge Gwin, Maj. James Steel, Maj. Wm. B. Zeigler, Messrs. James Allison, James Maguire, and John N. Prowell, M. D., Maj. D. McMurtrie, J. H. Dorsey, M. D., Maj. D. McMurtrie, Thos. Fisher, Wm. Morris, J. P. Anderson, A. W. Benedict, Esq., Gen. A. P. Wilson, Hon. John Ker, Jacob Miller, Esq., Jas. Clark. Huntingdon, June 19, 1849.

FEVER & AGUE. Child Fever, Dumb Ague, Intermittent & Remittent Fevers, & all the various forms of Bilious Diseases. SPEEDILY & THOROUGHLY CURED. Dr. Osgood's India Cholorogue.

This excellent compound, which never fails in the cure of Fever and Ague, is for sale by the proprietor's agents, T. READ & SON, Huntingdon; L. G. KESSLER, Mill Creek.

WHAT IS THE MATTER with me, Doctor? What is the cause of this hollow complexion, jaundiced eye, depression of spirits, pain in the side and shoulder, weariness of body, bitter taste in the mouth? Such is the inquiry and such the symptoms of many a sufferer! It is the liver which is diseased, and the Cholorogue is the remedy always successful in curing it. Try it, and judge for yourself. For sale by above named agents.

BETTER DIE THAN LIVE, if I am to be tortured from day to day with this horrible Ague, exclaims the poor sufferer whose life has become a burden from the racking paroxysms of an intermittent, and whose confidence in human aid is destroyed by the failure of remedies to produce the promised relief. Such has been the situation of thousands who are now rejoicing in all the blessings of health from the use of Dr. Osgood's India Cholorogue. In no instance does it fail to effect a speedy and permanent cure. For sale by above named agents.

How few who think aright among the thinking few. How many never think, but on 'y' think they do."

THE SENTIMENT IMPLIED in the above exclamation is on no subject more fully exemplified than on that of health. But few give it a single thought, and fewer still reflect upon it with the observation and good sense which matters of minor consequence receive. As observation teaches the fact that Dr. Osgood's India Cholorogue is a never failing remedy in Fever and Ague, good sense would surely indicate its prompt and immediate use. For sale by the above named agents. June 26, 1849.

LATEST ARRIVAL! Great Slaughter of High Prices! The Town in Commotion! Nobody Killed, but Several Badly Wounded!

DORSEY & MAGUIRE

Have the satisfaction to announce to the citizens of Huntingdon and the neighboring country that they have just received from the eastern cities, a splendid stock of new SPRING & SUMMER GOODS,

which have been selected with great care. Our stock consists of all the various styles of LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S DRESS GOODS,

ROOTS, SHOES, and HATS of all kinds.—Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, &c. We invite all to give us a call, as we take pleasure in showing our Goods.

Thankful for past favors, we hope by strict attention to business to receive a liberal share of public patronage. Huntingdon, April 3, 1849.

Stray Mare.

CAME to the residence of the subscriber, residing in Walker township, Huntingdon county, about the 16th of June inst., a stray MARE.—Said Mare is about 12 years of age; color, Strawberry Roan, and shod all round. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise I will dispose of her according to law. WILLIAM RIDENOUR. June 26—3t.

RESOLUTION

Relative to an Amendment of the Constitution.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met: That the Constitution of this Commonwealth be amended in the second section of the fifth article, so that it shall read as follows: The Judges of the Supreme Court, of the several Courts of Common Pleas, and of such other Courts of Record as are or shall be established by law, shall be elected by the qualified electors of the Commonwealth in the manner following, to wit: The Judges of the Supreme Court, by the qualified electors of the Commonwealth at large. The President Judges of the several Courts of Common Pleas, and of such other Courts of Record as are or shall be established by law, and all other Judges required to be lea- ned in the law, by the qualified electors of the respective districts over which they are to preside or act as Judges. And the Associate Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas by the qualified electors of the Counties respectively. The Judges of the Supreme Court shall hold their offices for the term of fifteen years; if they shall so long behave themselves well: (subject to the allotment hereinafter provided for, subsequent to the first election.) The President Judges of the several Courts of Common Pleas, and of such other Courts of Record as are or shall be established by law, and all other Judges required to be lea- ned in the law, shall hold their offices for the term of ten years, if they shall so long behave themselves well: The Associate Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas shall hold their offices for the term of five years, if they shall so long behave themselves well: all of whom shall be commissioned by the Governor, but for any reasonable cause which shall not be sufficient grounds of impeachment, the Governor shall remove any of them on the address of two-thirds of each branch of the Legislature. The first election shall take place at the general election of this Commonwealth next after the adoption of this amendment, and the commissions of all the judges who may be in office shall expire on the first Monday of December following, when the terms of the new judges shall commence. The persons who shall then be elected Judges of the Supreme Court shall hold their offices as follows: one of them for three years, one for six years, one for nine years, one for twelve years, and one for fifteen years, the term of each to be decided by lot by the said judges as soon after the election as convenient, and the result certified by them to the Governor, that the commissions may be issued in accordance thereto. The judge whose commission will first expire shall be Chief Justice during his term, and thereafter each judge whose commission shall first expire shall in turn be the Chief Justice, and if two or more commissions shall expire on the same day, the judges holding them shall decide by lot which shall be the Chief Justice. Any vacancies happening by death, resignation, or otherwise, in any of the said courts, shall be filled by appointment by the Governor, to continue till the first Monday of December succeeding the next general election. The Judges of the Supreme Court and the President Judges of the several Courts of Common Pleas shall, at stated times, receive for their services an adequate compensation, to be fixed by law, which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office; but they shall receive no fees or perquisites of office, nor hold any other office of profit under this Commonwealth, or under the government of the United States, or any other State of this Union. The Judges of the Supreme Court during their continuance in office shall reside within this Commonwealth, and the other Judges during their continuance in office shall reside within the district or county for which they were respectively elected.

WILLIAM F. PACKER, Speaker of the House of Representatives. GEO. DARSIE, Speaker of the Senate.

In the Senate, March 1, 1849. Resolved, That this resolution pass. Yeas 21, Nays 8. Extract from the Journal. SAML. W. PEARSON, Clerk.

In the House of Representatives, April 2, 1849. Resolved, That this resolution pass.—Yeas 58, Nays 26. Extract from the Journal. WM. JACK, Clerk.

Secretary's Office. Filed April 5, 1849. A. L. RUSSELL, Dep. Sec. of the Com.

Secretary's Office. Pennsylvania, ss. I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original Resolution of the General Assembly, entitled "A Resolution relative to an amendment of the Constitution," as the same remains on file in this office.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand, and caused to be affixed the seal of the Secretary's Office at Harrisburg, this eleventh day of June Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine. TOWNSEND HAINES, Sec'y of the Com.

"vid G. Eshelman, William Evans, John Fausold, Samuel Fegely, Joseph W. Fisher, Henry M. Fuller, Thomas Grove, Robert Hampson, George P. Henszey, Thomas J. Herring, Joseph Higgins, Charles Hertz, Joseph B. Hower, Robert Klotz, Harrison P. Laird, Abraham Lambertson, James J. Lewis, James W. Long, Jacob M. C. Cartney, John F. McCulloch, Hugh M'Kee, John M'Laughlin, Adam Martin, Samuel Marx, John C. Myers, Edward Nickleson, Stewart Pearce, James Porter, Henry C. Pratt, Alonzo Robb, George Ruple, Theodore Ryan, Bernard S. Schoonover, Samuel Seibert, John Sharp, Christian Snively, Thomas C. Steel, Jeremiah B. Stubbs, Jos. J. Stutzman, Marshall Swartzwelder, Samuel Taggart, Geo. T. Thorn, Nicholas Thorn, Arundel Wattles, Samuel Veirich, Alonzo I. Wilcox, Daniel Zerbey and William F. Packer, Speaker—58.

"Nays—Messrs. Augustus K. Cornyn, David M. Courtney, David Evans, Henry S. Evans, John Fenlon, John W. George, Thomas Gillespie, John B. Gordon, William Henry, James J. Kirk, Joseph Laubach, Robert R. Little, John S. McCalum, John M'Kee, William M'Sherry, Josiah Miller, William T. Morrison, John A. Otto, William Y. Roberts, John W. Roseberry, John B. Rutherford, R. Rundle Smith, John Smyth, John Souder, George Walters and David F. Williams—26.

"So the question was determined in the affirmative."

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Harrisburg, June 15, 1849. Pennsylvania, ss: I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the "Resolution relative to an amendment of the Constitution," as the same appears on the Journals of the two Houses of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, for the session of 1849.

Witness my hand and the seal of said office, the fifteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine. TOWNSEND HAINES, Secretary of the Commonwealth. June 26 1849.

LOIS OF GOOD THINGS!! ICE CREAM, CONFECTIONARY & BAKERY.

Louis Schneider, Thankful for past favors, most respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and its vicinity, that he has made every arrangement necessary to supply all who may favor him with a call, with the most choice varieties of ICE CREAM, Confectionaries, Cakes, Fruits and Nuts.

His private rooms are fitted up in a handsome style, which will make them a comfortable resort for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Parties can be furnished on the shortest notice with Ice Cream, Confectionaries, all kinds of Cakes and Fruits. Huntingdon, May 27, 1849.

LAST ARRIVAL! New Goods! New Goods! J. & W. SAXTON

HAVE just received and are now opening a splendid assortment of SPRING & SUMMER GOODS.

Their stock has been selected with great care, and at lower prices than those who purchased earlier, and comprises a general variety of every thing called for by the public. They have a beautiful variety of LADIES and GENTLEMEN'S Dress Goods, of the very latest styles, which for quality and cheapness cannot be surpassed. In addition to their large stock of Dry Goods, Housekeepers can be supplied with

Fresh Groceries, of a superior quality, very cheap; Hardware Queensware, &c., &c.

They invite the public to call and examine their stock. They make no charge for showing their Goods. May 1, 1849.

DENTAL SURGERY. Drs. Neff & Miller

RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity, that they have fitted up a room in the S. E. corner of Johnston's Hotel (entrance through Neff & Bro's Jewelry store) where they will take great pleasure in attending to all who may favor them with a call.

of all kinds, mounted on the most improved modern style. Also, plugging, filing and cleaning done with care and neatness.

N. B. Teeth Extracted with all the ease and dispatch that modern science can furnish.—Charges moderate.

Noticed to Purchasers of Unseated Land. ALL persons who have neglected lifting their Deeds for Unseated Land bought June 1848, are notified that if not attended to by the August Court, they will be left in other hands for collection. The Treasurer will be absent from home during the first three weeks of July. ISAAC NEFF, Treasurer.

Treasurer's Office, June 9, 1849.

\$40 REWARD. THE shop window of the subscriber was broken open on the night of the 14th inst., and the following described watches taken viz: one Gold Anchor Lever No. 16462. Two Silver Anchor Levers, the numbers not known—one was entirely new, with a silver dial and gold balance, and the other was second hand, with a screw balance, parachute and compensation escapement of the joints broken off. One English Watch No. 1111, no outside case. Three Quarters—No. 3913, No. 7, and the No. in, no in, not recollect. Also the cases of a French Watch No. 7 in case. In addition to these it is believed that two or three other watches were stolen, but the numbers or kind are not exactly known.

The above reward will be paid for the apprehension of the robber or robbers and recovery of the watches, or a reward in proportion for one or more of the watches. J. T. SCOTT. Huntingdon, June 19, 1849.