



Democratic Whig Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT: GEN. ZACHARY TAYLOR.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT: MILLARD FILLMORE.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER: NER MIDDLESWARTH.

V. B. PALMER, Esq., is our authorized agent for receiving advertisements and subscriptions in the cities of Philadelphia, Baltimore and New York, and for collecting and receiving for the same.

Rough and Ready Club.

We are requested to state that the Rough and Ready Club of Huntingdon, will hold their next meeting on SATURDAY EVENING, August 5, at the House of Peter Livingston.

Death of Ex-Governor Shunk.

Ex-Governor Shunk, after a protracted illness, departed this life on Thursday evening last, at 7 o'clock. In the language of the Daily News which we adopt, this event will cause deep melancholy throughout the State. The distinguished deceased has been prominently identified with the local politics of our State for twenty years, or more, and was universally esteemed among a large circle of friends and acquaintances. Personally, indeed, we know of no enemies the Ex-Governor had. His manner, and courteous demeanor were calculated to make friends, rather than enemies. His moral worth was undisputed, and his integrity unimpeachable. With his own party, he was very popular, as was manifested in the enthusiastic support they gave him, on the two occasions that he was before the people for their suffrages. The closing scenes of his life were truly sublime and impressive. He died in perfect consciousness, and in the happy hope of an immortal resurrection in the life beyond the grave. Peace to his ashes!

His remains were conveyed to the Trappe, in Montgomery, the place of his birth and former residence.

Pa. Volunteers.

Gen. Patterson, Col. Wyncoop, and the Pottsville company passed through this place on Thursday morning last before daylight. During the day five Philadelphia companies, to wit, Capts. Scott, Hill, Morehead, Bennett and Binders, passed through. At the earnest solicitation of our citizens, who had turned out in procession on the approach of Capt. Scott's company, these companies, with the exception of Capt. Hill's, tarried a brief time with us, and thus afforded our citizens an opportunity to take the brave returning soldiers by the hand, and welcome them to the State whose honor they have so gallantly maintained on the field of battle. After partaking of a dinner hastily provided for them by our citizens, they again embarked on their boats, and proceeded on their way, all anxious to reach their homes, and again mingle with the relatives and friends from whom they have been so long absent. A generous and richly deserved welcome awaits them in Philadelphia. We were much pleased to see the officers and men looking so well. The regiment has been reduced in numbers about one half during the campaign in Mexico.

Washington House, Harrisburg, Pa.

This well known and commodious house, (as will be seen by a card in another column,) is again under the management of Wm. T. SANDERS, who has fitted it up in a new and superior style.—We take pleasure in commending Mr. S. to the patronage of the public, feeling assured that his accommodations and courteous treatment, will give satisfaction to all who may favor his house with their custom.

The Globe cannot understand what Washington and Taylor means by saying that they were opposed to "leaving our own to stand on foreign land." Whether sufficiently lucid to meet the comprehension of our neighbor or not, the People both understand and appreciate the sentiment, as will be evidenced by their votes on the 7th day of November next.

Not Commenced.

The Globe of last week informs us that the Cass men "haven't commenced [the campaign] yet," in this county. From the attempts thus far made by our Cass friends, we fully concur in the truth of our neighbor's statement. And he might add that Cassism is not likely to have much of a "commencement" in these diggings or any where else.

Pole Raising in Alexandria.

All the friends of "OLD ZACK" (which includes almost every body,) are invited to Alexandria on Saturday next, as will be seen by an invitation of the "Rough and Ready Club" of that place, published in another column. The entire Taylor army of Huntingdon, with the exception of a small force which will necessarily be left to garrison the town, will be there.

Boys, do you hear that?

We are informed by a gentleman from Lewis-town, that a vote was taken by the first Regiment on their way down the Canal, and out of 368, the vote stood—Taylor 308, Cass 60!

Gen. Scott.

One of the Captains who stopped with us on Thursday last, said in our presence that every man in the army condemned the Administration for its treatment of Gen. Scott.

Whig Candidate for Governor.

"Circumstances" having rendered it necessary to go into an election for Governor this Fall, and a Whig State Convention, in conformity with those circumstances, being called to meet on the 31st of August next to nominate a Whig Candidate for that office, it becomes the duty of the friends of correct principles to cast about and see who among the many talented Whig Statesmen of Pennsylvania would be most likely to secure success for those principles on the second Tuesday of October next. Actuated by no other motive than an ardent desire for success, we have no hesitation in proclaiming our preference for the Hon. JAMES COOPER of Adams county. Aside from the fact of his having been prominent in the Convention of 1817, and very generally at that time looked to as the candidate that would succeed Gen. Irvin, we believe that it is clearly the policy of the party to select him at this time as their standard bearer in Pennsylvania. His eloquence and pleasing manners, which renders him a popular favorite wherever he goes, would even add to the enthusiasm which now pervades the Whig ranks. He possesses the elements of a popular leader in an eminent degree. And his talents and experience would enable him to fill the Executive chair in a manner not only creditable to himself and his party, but to the advantage of every citizen of the Commonwealth. And we are firm in the faith, that with TAYLOR, FILLMORE, COOPER and MIDDLESWARTH, Pennsylvania will go Whig in October and November next, beyond all peradventure.

The Daily News of the 21st inst.

expresses the sentiments of the entire Whig party of this section of the State, in an article relative to the coming Whig State Convention, and the nomination for Governor. The Whigs here, like their gallant leader, "NEVER SURRENDER."

We have been requested to state that unless the flasks left at McConnelstown by the "Rough and Ready Club" are called for they will be disposed of according to law.—Globe.

If the writer of the above is present at the sale, there need be no apprehension that the "flasks" will go below cost.

Hon. A. RAMSEY, of Dauphin is mentioned by a correspondent of the Daily News for Secretary of State under Governor Johnson. No better selection could be made.

The Pa. (York) Republican, has been enlarged. It always has been one of the best Whig papers in the interior, and this improvement will materially add to its attractions and usefulness.

Confirmed.

The soldiers who passed through on Thursday last confirmed the statement of Sergeant Graeff, that Gen. Cass had been hung in effigy, when the news that his bill which takes one dollar a month out of the pockets of the poor soldiers, reached the army. And they say too, that Cass cannot even get the votes of wild democrats are left among them, unless that dollar is refunded.

The Cass men of this place walked to McConnelstown on Saturday evening last and held a meeting. The affair excited but little interest. Gen. Wilson and the prosecuting attorney made characteristic speeches. Of course but few listened to them.

Whig State Convention.

The State Central Committee have fixed on THURSDAY, the 31st day of August next for holding the Whig State Convention to nominate a candidate for Governor.

Characteristic.

After inducing the rank and file Locofocos to walk to the McConnelstown meeting, the leaders mounted their horses, which they had stationed on the opposite side of the river, and rode!

Crops and Politics.

Under this title the Boston Transcript gives an account of the observations made by a friend in the course of an extensive tour through the West and South.—The report is equally favorable in both particulars. The earth is yielding abundantly, and every body is going for Taylor.

The Burlington Free Press states that

"the whole Cass party of Vermont would make but a thin settlement in an ordinary shool district. The man who sells himself body and soul, to the propagation of slavery raises a mighty small peep among the Green mountain boys!"

It is quite laughable to see the locofoco papers now abusing Martin Van Buren, and confirming all that the Whigs said about him in 1840. As Gen. Jackson remarked, "Truth is mighty, and will prevail."

Where is your platform, gentlemen Whigs?

Give us a platform! A platform!—Keystone. That fellow needn't bawl so lustily for a platform! The hangan will provide him one at a proper time.—Louisville Journal.

Break in the Canal.

We regret to learn that a portion of the Aque-duct at Newport was swept away by a water-spout on Saturday last, and that the Canal from that place to Duncan's Island has been so much damaged that it will require 10 or 12 days to repair it.

The acting Governor of the State, Hon. Wm. F. Johnson, was in Pittsburg on Friday, and the editor of the Gazette learned from the Governor that he intends, in due time, to issue a writ for the election of Governor in October, as he considers that the Constitution in this case is imperative. The Gazette says "Mr. Johnson is a hearty, hale-looking man, in the prime of life, with popular address and courteous manners."

WILL CASS WITHDRAW?—John Van Buren has written to a friend in Congress to inquire if Cass's friends still insist on running him to distract and defeat the Democratic party? John thinks he had as well back out.

The Liberty Party.

The Liberty Party have issued an address, in which they avow a determination to adhere to nominations of the Hon. P. Hale and the Hon. Leicester King for the offices of President and Vice President.

A POLK ELECTOR OUT FOR TAYLOR.

The Pittsburg American states that Judge MYERS, of Clarion county, a gentleman with considerable influence in that section of the State heretofore a prominent politician in the loco-foco ranks, a Polk elector in 1844, has left the party, and openly advocates the election of Gen. TAYLOR. There are many others in that part of the State who have left the party and rally under the banner of Taylor and Fillmore. The reason assigned for the change is the great frauds committed in the campaign of 1844.

MICHIGAN IN DANGER.

A prominent "Democrat," and strong partisan of Cass, in a letter written, under the date of July 6th, from Grand Rapids in Michigan to a Merchant in New York City, says: "As to politics, we hardly know where we are. We have Cass men and Taylor men and Van Buren men. I hope the most Cass men, but it is not improbable that we may lose the State."

In giving this, the New York Evening Post well says, this expression of apprehension is full of significance.

When even Michigan, in the opinion of Mr. Cass's most judicious friends, is likely to abandon him, there can be but little expectation of success in other Western States."

The Volunteers.

Col. Irwin, and the officers of the 2d regiment Ohio volunteers, says the Louisville Courier, publish a card in the New Orleans papers, addressed to Gen. W. O. Butler, in which they refer very severely on the War Department, on account of the order for the volunteers to be mustered out of the service at the point they were formed. They represent their men as being almost naked, many of them without coats, stockings, shoes, or a change of linen, and all without money. They had twice applied for clothing in Mexico, but were refused, and now they were compelled to go to their homes and friends in the filthy and destitute condition above noted. Like complaints have been made by all the volunteers who have passed here, and all because our beautiful administration wished to save the paltry mileage they would have to give the hard-working, self-sacrificing, and poor, suffering volunteers. We imagine that Messrs. Cass and Butler will get precious few of the votes of the returned soldiers.

IMPORTANT LEGAL DECISION.

The Law Journal for July, contains an able opinion by the Hon. Ellis Lewis, delivered at the June term of the Court of Common Pleas of Lancaster county, in a case where a decedent had devised all his property to his widow, "provided she remain a widow during her life; but in case she should marry again, my will is she shall leave the premises," &c. The widow having married again, suit was brought by other heirs of the husband to recover the property. Judge Lewis decided that "the condition in restraint of marriage is void, and the second marriage of the widow does not divest her estate"—"the principles of morality—the policy of the law—the doctrine of the common law—the law of nature, and the law of God, unite in condemning as void the condition attempted to be imposed by this testator upon his widow."

OHIO FOR TAYLOR.

A great effort has been and is now made, to create the impression that Gen. Taylor cannot carry the vote of Ohio.—All such statements are supremely absurd.—Nearly all these papers, which at first hesitated, have now raised the old Whig banner. And mark the language of the following letter, from that noble champion who avows his enlistment for the campaign.

DEAR SIR:—I have been absent from home the last eight or ten days, in the North western part of this State, and have but this moment received your letter inviting me to your Carthage meeting on the 8th inst. I could not attend it even had I received your note in time; but say to our Taylor friends all is right in the Northwestern portion of Ohio, and that we mean that old Rough and Ready shall not fall behind our beloved and venerated Harrison, in the coming contest.

Yours truly,

JOSEPH VANCE.

R. M. Corwin, Esq., of the Whig executive committee.

Gen. Taylor on the Eve of the Battle of Buena Vista.

On the 21st of February, 1847, when the countless army of Santa Anna had taken up their position at Buena Vista, to vanquish the Spartan band of citizen soldiers under the command of General Taylor, this pure and brave man thus wrote in a private letter to a friend: "This may be the last communication you will receive from me; I have been stripped by the government of regular troops, and reduced in volunteers; and thus stripped and at the mercy of the foe have been expected to retreat or resign; but I shall do neither. I care not for myself, but feel deeply for the noble soldiers who are about to be sacrificed for their country—we shall stand still and give them battle, relying on a just Providence for a right result."

Slave Territory Question.

Mr. Clayton, from the select Committee on the territory question, on Tuesday last reported a bill establishing the territorial government of Oregon after the manner proposed in the bill already before the Senate, which recognises the law of the provisional government prohibiting slavery, until the territorial legislature shall convene and settle the matter for itself. The committee also propose to give to California and New Mexico a temporary government—this government to be restricted from passing laws relative to the subject of slavery. In any contest that may arise as to the right of a person to hold slaves, the difficulty shall be decided by the Courts, subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States. The Report, it is said, received the approbation of all the members of the committee except Underwood of Kentucky and Clark of Rhode Island.

THE MARKETS.

The Flour and grain market continues without change. Flour is selling in Philadelphia at \$5 25 and Wheat at \$1 12 a \$1 13.

POLE RAISING—"MORE GRAPE."

The "Rough and Ready Club" of the borough of Alexandria and Porter township, at a recent meeting, "Resolved, to raise a pole, on Saturday 29th inst., in Alexandria." This pole will bear aloft a flag, having inscribed thereon—"Taylor and Fillmore," &c., honestly and fearlessly, declaring to the world, the principles and feelings, that actuate the supporters and adherents of the hero of "Buena Vista" in the approaching political contest—conscientiously believing that his elevation to the chair of the Chief Magistrate of these United States, and carrying out the principles publicly expressed by him, will have a tendency to bring our now excited and agitated Republic, back to the halcyon and glorious days of Washington!

THE PEOPLE IN THE FIELD!

MR. CLARK—Dr. Sir.—Yesterday was a great day with us—the People were out in their strength—the spirit of '40" was in our midst, and the Whigs of Shirley, Tell, Dublin, Clay, Cromwell and Springfield were with us. Short as the notice had been, and busy as we all were with our harvests, yet there is a magic in the name of Old Zack, a divinity in his principles—a loftiness in his position that stirs the hearts of the honest people, and rouses them to action and exertion. The meeting numbered over THREE HUNDRED and was organized by appointing the following officers:

HENRY BREWSTER, Esq., President. G. W. HUDSON, JAS. RAMSEY, BRUCE X. BLAIR, BENEDICT SEYMOUR, GEN. WILSON, GEN. STILES, Esq., and Doct. J. A. SHARPE, Vice Presidents. Capt. S. McKintistry, D. N. CAROTHERS, B. WIGFORD, Wm. Stewart and Benjamin Lease, Esq's, Secretaries.

The assemblage was then addressed by Col. Wharton, Theo. H. Cremer, J. Sewell Stewart, John Williamson, Esq's, and Col. A. K. Cornyn.

LETTER FROM MR. WILMOT.

The Hon. David Wilmot out at last for Van Buren and against Cass. The Elmira (N. Y.) Gazette, a loco loco paper, which supports Mr. Van Buren for the Presidency, publishes the following extract of a letter from the Hon. DAVID WILMOT of the Bradford district, to a friend in that place. JUNE 29, 1848.

MY DEAR FRIEND.—You have been misinformed. I shall support Van Buren with the whole strength of my patriotism, and do all in my power to get up an electoral ticket for him in Pennsylvania.

My motto is fight to the last on this great question. I expect Polk will buy up enough in Congress to pass something which they intend to call a "Compromise" to give slavery about half or two-thirds of the acquired territory. I intend to give them notice that I will introduce a bill to "repeat" any such act, and so far from producing quiet, it will be the commencement of agitation."

We had almost been induced to believe by the remarks of the Cass papers, that Wilmot was supporting Cass for the Presidency. The above letter shows the opposite to be the fact. Mr. Wilmot adheres firmly to the principles of his celebrated Proviso—he is now, as before, opposed to the extension of slavery into free territory—and for that reason cannot and will not support Mr. Cass, who is the pledged advocate of Southern interests and Southern measures, and especially in this Slavery business.

[Correspondence of the New York Courier.]

Gen. Taylor to Gov. Morehead. There is something very singular about the delay in General Taylor's acceptance of the nomination by the Whig Convention. Governor Morehead, the President, wrote him on the very night of the nomination, mailing the letter at Philadelphia, informing him officially that he had been selected as the Whig candidate. I understand that a letter has been received here from New Orleans, where Gen. Taylor was when it was written, stating in the most explicit manner that he had received no official notice of his nomination.

What has become of Gov. Morehead's letter? It was written and mailed at Philadelphia on the 9th of June. Two other letters, written and mailed at the same time from the same city, are known never to have reached their destination. It certainly seems strange that three letters bearing outward evidence that they were upon political topics, and concerned the interests of the Whig party, should have happened to miscarry on that particular occasion.

CHARACTERISTIC.

The Ohio Statesman, edited by Sam Medary, publishes the affidavits of two men, said to have been volunteers in Mexico, proving Gen. Taylor to be profane. The story is, that the two fellows stole some chickens at a rancho, and Old Zack swore at them, and said "they were thieves, who had come to Mexico to steal and not to fight." Their own statement proves that Gen. Taylor judged them rightly. Men, says the Boston Atlas, who would sign such an affidavit would rob hen-roosts.

OLD FATHER RITCHIE AND SEVERAL OTHER LOCOFOCO EDITORS, NOT SATISFIED WITH ATTACKING GEN. TAYLOR, ARE ACTUALLY ASSAILING OLD WHITEY.

It won't be safe for them to "assail him in the rear" as they did Gen. Scott. He might kick their brains out.—Louisville Journal.

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DISGRACEFUL!

The fervor and enthusiasm of a political campaign invariably produce many things that are exceptional to the proprieties and decencies of life; they are, however, generally overlooked and suffered to pass without special remark, except perhaps by the most reflecting and moral portions of the community. They are attributed to the thoughtless ardor of party zeal, and willfully forgotten in the excitement of the strife. But there are some things not so venial; and an article has just arrested our eye, which, in view of the deliberation inseparable from its composition and publication, is highly reprehensible and almost unpardonable. It originated in a Philadelphia paper, and we find it copied into the columns of a journal where, to say the least, we never expected to see such an outrage upon the decencies of life.

The article professes to be the "Catechism of the Taylor party," and is introduced with some remarks, from which we take one or two sentences, sufficiently indicative of the moral sense of the individual to whom it was committed for publication:

"The following exquisite parody was sent us yesterday, and we relish its points so much that we omit our usual article, in order to make immediate room for it."

From this "exquisite parody," which we have no inclination to insert at length, we take one specimen:—"Q.—Rehearse the articles of thy belief. "A.—I believe all that Harry says—that great 'em bodiment,' and in the 'Godlike Daniel,' his right-hand man, who was conceived by the Hartford Convention, suffered the pains of always getting the go-by, died several times, and stuck up his head, however, at the last Whig Convention; who ascended into Boston, and now sitteth on the right hand of Abbot Lawrence, from whence he will demand his rights in 1852, if that whig party get resuscitated from nativism by their time."

We affirm no "rigid righteousness," nor do we aspire to be a "teacher in Israel," but really it seems to us that nobody at all sensible of the importance of that common reverence which pertains to and should be cherished for sacred things, can read such a paragraph without an instinctive aversion of feeling. Apart from the impropriety of such a publication as it relates to the individual, and of so flagrant a violation of the respect due to the feelings of a very large portion of the community with reference to all parties, the demoralizing effect of deliberate levity on the part of the press in the allusion to or use of religious things, is inconceivable. The safety of our republic is more nearly allied with the influences of a pure christianity than perhaps any of us are sufficiently aware; and to what extent soever we may have occasion to object to sectarianism and fanaticism, we are not the less convinced of the necessity and importance of the reverential use of sacred things.

The papers alluded to in the above are the Philadelphia Times and Keystone, and the Washington Union. The former a leading Locofoco paper in Philadelphia, and the latter the organ of the Polk administration, and the leading Locofoco paper in the United States! We ask the attention of the religious community to the commentary of the Sun, a paper neutral in politics.

[From the Daily News.]

General Taylor.—Testimony of Father McElroy. The late Father Anthony Rey, and the venerable Father McElroy, now pastor of the Endicott Street Catholic Church, in Boston, were appointed Chaplains in the Army of the United States under Gen. Taylor, in 1816.

The talented and liberal editor of the Albany Evening Journal, Thurlow Weed, Esq., in a recent visit to Boston, called on Father McElroy, and obtained from that distinguished Clergyman, the following character of Major General Taylor. Mr. Weed, says:—"We called a few evenings since, when in Boston, upon the venerable Father McElroy, one of Gen. TAYLOR'S Chaplains, who is now Pastor of a Church in Endicott street, and who is confessedly among the most enlightened and devoted Philanthropists and Christians in the Union. He was near Gen. Taylor through his most trying scenes in Mexico. He confirms, in the most emphatic language, all the highly favorable opinions we had previously heard expressed by Maj. KIRBY, Capt. HENRY and other distinguished officers who have served long and reputably with him. Father McElroy says that Gen. Taylor is a truly great and good man.—Courage, guided by prudence, and justice, tempered with humanity, are, with Gen. TAYLOR, prominent characteristics. Temperance and simplicity of habit and manner mark his intercourse with society. Integrity and Patriotism stand out boldly in all his official acts. In a word, Father McElroy expresses, as the result of a familiar acquaintance, his conviction that Gen. TAYLOR, in the elements that form his character, and the motives and objects which prompt and guide him, bears a strong and marked resemblance to WASHINGTON."

The concurring testimony of good men, soldiers, statesmen and divines, in favor of Gen. TAYLOR, under circumstances which might be expected to provoke conflicting opinions, goes far to establish the patriotism and purity of his character. If there were seams in his corslet, his opponents, now that he is a candidate for President, would find them out, and send their javelins through them. If there were blemishes in his character, or stains upon his reputation, his rivals would be sure to point them out. But while his friends refer with pride to Gen. TAYLOR'S virtues, his opponents find him wholly unassailable."

VOICE OF THE VOLUNTEERS.—Out of 300 Massachusetts volunteers who reached Louisville, says the Journal, on their way home, but 11 were for Cass and all the rest were for Taylor.

The Loco Focos argue most logically against the whigs, thus: 1st. They never had any principles. 2d. Their principles were very bad ones. 3d. They have abandoned their principles.

The Barnburners in Ohio are moving.

At a recent meeting in Cincinnati, ratifying the nomination of Martin Van Buren, they adopted the following resolution: Resolved, That the free democracy of Hamilton county, respectfully invite John Van Buren to visit Cincinnati, and assist them in the conversion of the heathen democracy to the true faith.

THE VOLUNTEERS FOR GEN. TAYLOR.—INDIGNATION MEETING.

We learn from the Louisville Journal that the volunteers are returning home indignant at the manner in which they are to be discharged. They expected to be discharged at the first port in this country, and to be allowed there their pay and mileage, that each might return home in his own way or go and settle down wherever he wished.—Many of them had determined to fix themselves in the west, and not go home for a year or two. But not being able to get their bounty lands and mileage at New Orleans, they were compelled to submit. The volunteers aboard the steamer Hamer, from Baltimore and Ohio, on their way from New Orleans to Louisville, adopted the following resolutions. Out of 138 officers and men, 135 signed the proceedings.

ON BOARD THE STEAMBOAT M. B. HAMER.

New Orleans, July 3, 1848. At a meeting of the officers and men attached to the volunteer corps and returning from Mexico, convened on board the steamer M. B. Hamer, Capt. M. K. Taylor was called to the chair, when the following preamble and resolutions relative to the character of the recent orders for their transportation, were unanimously adopted: We, the undersigned, officers and men of the volunteer corps attached to the commands hereafter designated, and on board the steamboat M. B. Hamer, on our return from Mexico, cannot, in common with other volunteers, withhold the expression of our sense of the very signal manner in which we have been aggrieved. Directly contrary to all former precedents, when volunteers were discharged at the next seaport in the enemy's country, or the first landing place in the United States, and their remainder pay and mileage disbursed to them, we have been shipped for those points whereto we were mustered into service, without more regard for our health or comfort than is usually extended to slaves or cattle, three or four men being crowded into the space which should have been allotted to one. Nor could this distressing arrangement be obviated by any volition of our own. We had to embark in such vessels as were designated by Government orders received at New Orleans; and as the stated pay according to officers and men while in Mexico, where exorbitant prices are charged for the common necessities of life, rendered economy futile, the disappointment originating from being defrauded of our mileage, and for the pitiful purpose of saving a few thousand dollars to the National Treasury, has but intensified our distress. Add to this, that many of us, noncommissioned officers and men, have to journey to our homes, two or three hundred miles from those points where we shall be left by the Government conveyances, without money, without shoes or clothing, and with broken health, like vagrants or beggars, covered with rags and shame; and dependent on the precarious charity of strangers from which ignominious humiliation a liberal mileage or even a timely disbursement of our legitimate pay would have exempted us.

Resolved, That we most unconditionally denounce the manner of our transportation from New Orleans as anti-Democratic in every respect, because deeply degrading to the citizen soldier; and

Resolved, That although we have contributed to the elevating into power of the present administration, and expending our sweat and blood in fighting its battles in a foreign land, we shall earnestly do battle against it, and all falsely styled Democrats, at the coming election; and

Resolved, That we shall use every legitimate effort to advance to the chief magistracy of our country Gen. Z. TAYLOR, whom we believe to be a sound Democrat, a true patriot, the soldier's friend, the friend of justice, and of equal rights; and

Resolved, That the Taylor papers throughout the country give publicity to the above preamble and resolutions.