THE JOURNAL.

Huntingdon, Tuesday, February 1, 1848. DP See fourth page.

D- On our first page will be found a statement of the Receipts and Expenditures of Huntingdon county. Also, a very proper and wholesome enactment by our Town Council, relative to preserving the good order of the town

THANKS.—Jas. M. Power, A. King and D. Blair, Esqr's, have our thanks for favors from Harrisburg. Also, Hons. S. Cameron, A. Stewart, and J. Blanchard, for valuable documents from Washington.

The reasons influencing the Coun ty Commissioners, in ordering the sale and removal of the materials contained in the old Court House, will be found in the opinion of their Counsel, A. K. Cor-Esq., published in another column.

IF- It is said that Gen. Cameron is the opinion that the Pa. Volunteers will be recalled. We hope so. Those who survive are very anxious to return to their homes.

IP Hon. J. R. Poinsett, for several ears Secretary of War under President Van Buren, and at one time Minister to Mexico, is out in a letter against the Mexican war, and in favor of the with-drawal of our troops. We expect to We expect to see at least a column of this week's Globe devoted to proving this prominent member of the Locofoco party, a vile Tory. We shall publish the letter next Tory. week.

Dauphin County. The Whigs held their County Conven-tion to elect delegates to the State and National Conventions, on Monday of last week. The contest between the friends of Gens. Scott and Taylor was very animated. Resolutions in favor of Gen. Scorr, as the Whig candidate for President were adopted by a vote of 35 to 5. A resolution was also adopted in favor of Capt. S. D. KARNS, for Canal Commis-

soner. "Has the Editor of the Huntingdon Journal forgotten that a Whig meeting was held in that county last fall, at which Gen. TAYLOR was nominated for the Presidency \mathcal{V} —Pa. Intelligencer. No. We recollect the little demon-stration well. It assembled without

stration well. It assembled without any previous notice; nine persons were present, six of whom preferred General Scott for the Presidency. But we do not recollect that either Taylor or Scott was nominated for the Presidency. Res-olutions complimentary to both were adopted, which were reported to the meeting by a Scott man. Are our friends of the Intelligencer satisfied ? stration well. It assembled without

The Globe of last week tacitly admits that the Tariff items which it administration of the failed price of the failed price of the failed phile resolution about which so much ado was made in its columns, was only one of its silly forgeries. Our neighbor is thus making a reputa-tion for himself that we can assure him we do not envy.

SPECIAL ELECTION .--- The Governor has SPECIAL ELECTION.—The Governor has appointed the 23d of Febuary, as the day for holding a special election in the sixth Congressional district, composed of the counties of Bucks and Lehigh, to supply the vacancy occosinned by the death of the Hon. J. W. Hornbeck.

DEATH OF CAPT. BUTLER .--- It is with deep regret we announce the death of Capt. John Butler, of the 3d Dragoons. Captain Butler died at Brazos, on his way to the United States.

GEN. TAYLOR The Washington correspondent of the "North American" says:---"Much has been said of the position of Gen. Taylor in regard to a National Convention. I wish I was free to speak of all that is within my knowledge; but this I can say and do say emphatically, that his imme-diate advisers look to a Convention for his nomination; that he does not dis-countenance their views, and that he will accede to whatever course is adopted. On this matter I speak FROM THE BOOK, and cannot be mistaken by possibility, for I have seen the evidence and satisfied myself. I could make this expression NUCH STRONGER, but confidence restrains me."

Mr. NILL, nominated by Gov. Shunk as Judge of the district composed of Chester and Delaware counties, was re-jected by the Senate last week, 19 to 13, Presidency.

Attempt to Disgrace Gen. Scott. "Independent," the able and fearless Washington correspondent of the North American, thus speaks of the attempt now making to disgrace Gen. Scott in

American, thus speaks of the attempt now making to disgrace Gen. Scott in the enemy's country : The indignation of the country and the just retribution of universal excertaion, must be the dorm of this new and wan-ton prostitution of power, to the base purposes of personal and political ven-geance. What is it, but a repetition of the attempt to destroy Taylor and his galiant band at Buena Vista 1 What is it but a continuation of that system of oppression which has been practised against *every Whig* officer who has dis-tinguished himself in this war 1. This court, I repeat, is an anomaly, such as never before has been witnessed. Gen. Towson, it is said by military men, holds no lineal rank in the army. Gen. Cushing, the subservient tool of any party that will pay best—the political Scapin who turned his back upon him-self—the apostate who abandoned the party upon whose shoulders he first clambered into notice, for a convenient price, and the pliant instrument of the present Executive, is also one of this trio. Col. Butler, of La, a junior Col-onel, is the third. Such is the tribunal, before which the scar-covered hero of Lundy's Lane and the laurel crowned warrior of Mexico is summoned, in the face of the enemy, manacled with char-ges, advanced by one who owes him more than he does living man, or an hundred-fold such merits as he claims, for all of honor and advancement in his profession that he now enjoys ! Is there an American whose blood does not boil at this violent indignity ! Is there one that does not feel that he ought to strike down the petty tyrant, who has stretched forth the hereuiean hand of power, to crush one who has given a long life of honor and useduness to the service of his country ?

hand of power, to crush one who has given a long life of honor and usefulness

given a long life of honor and usefulness to the service of his country 1 Gen. Scott, presuming the operations of the campaign to be closed, applied in November, for leave to return to the United States. The result of the Court of Inquiry will not affect this applica-tion, and he may be expected home as soon as its proceedings have closed, if he determines to attend it, which is questioned, or sooner, unless the Presi-dent considers it *politic* to change his views.

TOWN COUNCIL ... THE RAILROAD.

By the following extract from the pro-ceedings of our Town Council, it will be seen that authority has been given to the Engineers of the Pa. Railroad company, to locate said road in Allegheny street. This is right, and will be re-sponded to by the almost unanimous voice of our citizens: [EXTRACT FROM THE MINUTES.]

[EXTRACT FROM THE MINUTES.] "WHEREAS, The engineers of the Penn'a Railroad Gompany are about locating the said road in or through the borough of Huntingdon, and it is believed that the interests of the borough would be more advanced by locating the same in Allegheny street rather than in Washington street: Bo it therefore. Resolved, That the said Pennsylvania Railroad Company shall have full power and authority to fix the location of said road in and through A'le-gheny street, in the borough of Huntingdon. On the adoption of the above resolution, the vote stood as follows, viz: Yean-Messrs. Dorris, Orbison, Simpson, Saxton and Bumbaugh, Chair man-5. Nays-Messrs. Africa and Raymond, 2. Attest, Jons Allanteur, Clerk.

After, Jors Allanton, Clerk, CRUEL AND INFAMOUS !—According to the correspondent of the Ledger the President will order the recall of the Pennsylvania and South Carolina Vol-unteers from Mexico, previded Congress passes the ten regiments it is said do not number mote than two hundred men each, while the new ten regiments would comprise 8000 men. What a fearful tyranny is the one man power ! Polk can order the recall of the volunteers at once, but he dares to say to Congress you must provide these eight thousand new men, or the six hundred brave but home-sick volunteers shall suffer and die in Mexico. Oh, the "tender-mer-cies" of James K. Polk!

07 Gen. Pierce, one of the President's Gen Pierce, one of the President's partizan appointments to the army has reached Washington. His report will probably not please the administration very well, as the Louisville Journal says that while the General was in that city, on his way from Mexico, he talk-ed freely of the war, and expressed himself strongly against the military occu-pation of Mexico, declaring at the same time that annexation would be a great deal worse. Drawing from Mexico the future expenses of the war he thought absurdly impracticable, and how the war is to be ended he could not for the life of him tell.

D Our neighbor of the Globe thinks en. Scott stands no chance for the Presidential nomination. Perhaps he does not. If so, Gen. Taylor will be the man. Which of the two will be most

FROM WASHINGTON

The Ten Regiment bill is still unde scussion in the Senate. The Nation al Intelligencer, is of opinion that this bill will not pass Congress. The debate on the President's Message is still going on in the House of

Representatives.

GFN. SCOTT SUSPENDED!

In reply to Mr. Crittenden, Gen. Cass stated in the Senate on Thursday last, that Gen. Scott had been suspended, and the command would devolve upon Gen. Butter. The Daily News, in commenting up-

The Daily News, in commenting up-on the above says: GENERAL SCOTT, the victorious and magnanimous soldier, is suspended. In the moment of his triumph and at the summit of his glory he is cast down, from the proud eminence so gallantly attained, by the mousing politicians at home, whom his spirit defies, and to whose sordidness his uncalculating pat-riotism is an ever present rebuke. Winfield Scott! the successful com-mander-in-chief in a campaign—we do not say unsurpassed—but unequalled in the unnuals of war for its decisiveness and brilliancy—is to be subjected to the humiliation of a Court of Inquiry apon the promptings of a junior—while that junior, put under arrest by him for acts

whose achievements, unsurpassed in the annals of any nation, have given un-dying renown to the arms of his coun-try, and who, if report be true, has even

"To make this grateful act complete, e Court should be held at Cerro Gordo, Chapultepec, and not at Perote."

THE LOAN BILL.—The editor of the N. York Tribune, who has just returned from Washington, says that the Loan Bill will probably pass, so modified as to authorize Mr. Walker to sell the stock for what it will bring.

Important, if True.

Important, if True. WAINGTON, Jan. 27. There is no longer any doubt that the Government have recieved important despatches from Mexico, but their char-acter remains concealed. The cabinet have to-day held a consultation, and great anxiety is felt to hear the result. There is a letter in town from a gentle-my high character in New Orleans, which states that Mr. Trist *Ans actually* with it states that Mr. Trist *Ans actually* with it will arrive soon. The despatches recieved here seem to confirm this state-net, and I have no doubt that in sixty days we will have a semblance, at least, of a treaty of peace signed. Mr. Trist Kreaty could not be recognized by this Treaty and that they are in, that technical ob-points the River fills and the reaty treaty and the treaty treaty treaty and the

Another Court Martial.

Great excitemcent exists among the Naval men in Washington, in conse-quence of a prevailing report that the a prevailing report that the officers of the Gulf Squadron, in reply to a circular from the Commodore, re-questing information upon the subject, have returned for answer that the conduct of a Post Captain at the batteries before Vera Cruz, was unbecoming an officer in the presence of an enemy

LOCOFOCO NATIONAL CONVENTION .- The caucus of the Locofoco members of Congress on Monday evening, at Washing-ton, passed a resolution to hold the National Convention at Baltimore, on the 4th Monday in May.

Speech of Gen. Taylor. A dinner was recently given to Gen. Taylor at Lafayette, La. The follwing is a report of the old Hero's remarks in reply to a toast to his honor:

tion.

The Tariff of 1846 is beginning work finely. The amount of specie ex-ported from New York during the week ending on Friday last, was \$744,437, or nearly three quarters of a million of dol-lars--to pay for British goods imported under the new Tariff! No wonder that there is unusual tightness in the money market.

TERRIBLE STEAMBOAT DISASTER .--- The

New Orleans Picayune of the 20th ult., says: By the arrival of the Childe Harold, by the arrival of the Childe Harold, yesterday, we learned from her officers and passengers of another terrible dis-aster, by which probably forty lives were lost. The steamboat Yallabusha, from Red River for this port, with a full cargo of cotton, was entirely destroyed by fire on the night of Tuesday last, the 18th inst.

Some of our contemporaries suggest that, as the Government ordered on Genersls Quitman and Shields to exchange views in regard to the Mexican war, it ought to send for General Taylor, as his longer experience would en-able him to afford them even more valu-able information. The Government ought not to deny itself the pleasure of a visit from the old hero.

IF It appears from an exchange paper that Ramcelain, the Senator in the Ohio Legislature, who got up the scurrilous petition, asking that the Hon. Thomas Corwin resign his seat in Con-gress, and that he be confined in the pententiary until the conclusion of the Maxican war, had once received a severe pententiary until the conclusion of the Mexican war, had once received a severe cowhiding from the Hon. Senator in Congress, and took this mean way of venting his spite. That he deserved the cowhiding there can be but little doubt ; and that he justly deserves another, is

Mr. Buchanan will receive the Locofoco nomination in Pennsylvania for the Presidency. So we think.

The Comparative Intelligence of Na-tions.—There is not in Spain more than one journal to every 900,000 individuals, whilst in Switzerland there is one to 66,000; in France one to 52,000; in England one to 46,000; and in the Uni-ted States one to every 10,000 persons. Presidential nomination. Perhaps he does not. If so, Gen. Taylor will be that man. Which of the two will be most likely to allay our neighbor's apprehen-sions of defeat ? Defrom reading the Pa Intelligen-cer, we would infer that its editors are decidedly friendly to Gen. Taylor for the Presidency. Hand Monday in May. Definition to Portsmouth (Ohio) Tribune is in the following sensible language : ATTENTION !- The extreme modesty of the subscriber has hitherto kept him from advertising, but as forbearance would appear no longer to be a virtue, here goes

Gen. Shields' Opinion of Gen. Scott. A public dinner was recently given at Washington city, to the gallant Generals Quitman and Shields, who had just returned from Gen. Scott's army in Mexi-co. A large concourse of gentlemen were present on the occasion ; and among

the speeches made, was one by Gen. Shields, himself a democrat, speaking in the following complimentary manner of Gen. Scott: GEN. SHIELDS rose and said -Mr. Pre-

GEN. SHIELDS rose and suid — Mr. Pre-sident, with your permission and the permission of the company, I wish as a subordinate officer of the American army, to give the health of that distinguished commander, under whom my honorable and gallant friend and myself have had the honor to serve. I feel it due from me to Gen. Scott (applause)—first as one of his officers, having returned from the head quarters of the army, which he has so nobly and succesfully comman-ded. I think it is still further due, re-turning as I do with a conviction that that army was commanded in such man-ner by Gen. Scott as to call forth the ap-plause, and admiration, and high regard, not only of his countrymen, but of the whole world. It would be a foolish and useless undertaking on my pait to at-tempt adequately to describe before this intelligent assembly, the skill and high military knowledge displayed by Gen. Scott in the conduct of that army, from its landing at Vera Cruz until it entered at the garita in Mexico. If I should attempt the task I would fail. I could not portray with justness the con-duct of that distinguished commander in the hazardous enterprize in which he has been engaged. But I will say this, that in the history of the world—in the an-nals of all military affairs and enterpri-ress that have ever read, I find no enter-prise comparable with the capture of Vera Cruz. One of the strongest positions in the world—so strong indeed, that it was deemed almost timpregnable by the military minds of the world, and yet on a coast the most difficult of access, it fell before an army of 12,000 men with the loss of only two score. (Applause.) And the same skill which enabled him to accomplish this undertaking marked every movement of his progress until he entered the city of Mexico. In the remarks of Major Gen. Jessup respecting the bravery, and gallantry, and intelligence of the officers of our ar-my, I heartily concur. Neither England, France nor any other country in the world, has such a body of intelligent young office

With your permission, Mr. President,

and that of the company, I give you the health of Major General WINFIELD Scott. [Great applause.]

The Anti-Wilmot Proviso Locofocos of New York, met in State Conven-tion at Albany, on Wednesday last. They adopted an address against the Proviso, and in favor of the Administra-tion. They expressed no preference for the Presidency.

Appointments by the Canal Commissioners.

Appointments by the Canal Com missio COLLECTORS. A. B. Cummings, Philadelphia, Wm. Gamble, Paoli. Robert Laverty, Parkesburg. John F. Housten, Columbia. John R. Manderfield, Portsmouth. A. Stewart, Swatara Acqueduct. Samuel Marquart, out-let lock, Portsmou Samuel S. Bigler, Harrisburg. George Zeigler, Puncari Slaand bridge. Jno. Shoemaker, Juniata Aqueduct. Ym. R. McCay, Lewistown. J. M. Cunningham, Huntingdon. Obed Edson, Johnstown. Jas. A. WCulloch, Freeport. Lewi G. Clover, Pittsburg. J. H. Morrison, Northumberland. Jas. S. Cambell, Bervick. Jas. B. Juniap. Easton. Jacob Hibbs, Bristol.

Jacob Hibbs, Bristol. WKIGMANTERS. Jared Ketcham, Philadelphia. J. H. Duchman, Lancaster. A. P. Moderwell, Columbia. G. L. Mytinger, Portsmouth. George Potts, Weigh lock, Hollidaysburg. F. R. West, Weigh Scales, Johnstow Geo. A. Kurtz, Pittsburg. Jacob G. Chesney, Northumberland. Chas. E. Weygant, Easton.

Sureny, Eastern Sureny, Eastern Division. John Maglaughlin, Eastern Division. James Turner, Lower Juniata. John Ross, Upper Juniata. William M'Pherson, Upper Western. George Blattenberger, Susquahanna. Thomas Benneti, West Branch. Wim. K. Huffnsgle, Deleware Division

DEER and PIRE.

The attention of the People of this bunty is invited to the provisions of the following bill, introduced into our State Ligislature, relative to the hunting of Deer and destruction of Pike within the bounds of Huntingdon county. This bill, we understand, will not be called up for some time, so that all who feel an in-

for some time, so that all who feel an in-terest in the matter may have an oppor-tunity to petition for or remonstrate against its passage :--AN ACT To prevent the hunting of deer with dogs, and to prevent the destruction of pike in the Juniata river and its tributaries, within the county of Huntingdon. Section 1. Re it encoded &r. That

and to prevent the destruction of pike in the Juniata river and its tributaries, within the county of Huntingdon. SECTION 1. Be it enacted &c. That from and after the passage of this act, if any person or persons in the county of Huntingdon shall hunt, chase or pursue, with any dog or dogs, with the design to kill or destroy any buck, doe or fawn within said county, at any season of the year, or shall entice any dog to dogs to chase as aforesaid with the like design, he or they, on being convicted thereof, shall forfeit and pay for every such offence the sum of twenty dollars, to be sued for and recoverable with costs of suit before any justice of the pacce in the name of the commonwealth, at the n-stance of any person who will suc there-for, as debts of like amount are now r-coverable by law; one-half of said fine or pensons suing for the same and the other half to the treasurer of the school district in which the offence has been committed, for the use of the common schols of such district. SECTOS 2. From and after the passage of this act, if any person or persons in the design to catch, take, kill or destroy, any luce or pike in the Juniat for fit and pay for every such offence the sum of fixe dollars, to be sued for and re-coverable duction, shall catch, take, kill or destroy, or shall fish for with the design to catch, take, kill or destroy, any luce or pike in the Juniat for of Huntingdon, between the first day of March and the first day of Sep-tember, in each and every year, he or the soment are now recoverable by law; one-half of said fine or penalty shall be puistice of the peace in the name of the commonwealth, at the instance of any person who will sue therefor, as debts of like amount are now recoverable by law; one-half of said fine or penalty shall be puistice of the peace in the name of the commonwealth, at the instance of any person who will sue therefor, as debts of like amount are now recoverable by law; one-half of said fine or penalty shall be puiste of the school district in which the

offence has been committed, for the use of the common schools of such district. INCENDARISM AND RIOTS IN PPILADEL-PHIA.—The Daily News of Monday con-tains accounts of no less than five fires— supposed to be the work of incendiaries —and as many firemen's fights, which took place in Philadelphia and its en-virons between Friday night and Mon-day morning. The rioters seem to have been too strong for the Police and when they interfered to prevent their nauling each other, the belligerents turned in and made common cause against the guardians of the public peace, treating them very severely, and not merely pre-venting arrests and rescuing the arrest-ed, but beating the officers. The whole day on Sunday was disturbed by the rioters. This is a bad business for the *City of Brotherly Love*; we hope that a stop may soon be put to reign of rowdy-ism.

rsm. FIGHTING FOR AMUSEMENT.— The Baron Von Grove, a Prussian nobleman, has been fighting in Mexico under the Amer-ican flag. He does not appear to have any particular object in view, except to enjoy himself a little, for he is merely in this country on a short visit, and is about to go to Cuba, and from thence he will soil home without waiting to re-cive the thanks of the country for which he has fought. He displayed a great deal of courage—took a fort at the Na-tional Bridge, and was wounded in the hip. We would really litte to know what feeling could urge a man, with a dollar in his pocket, to risk his life in a cause in which he cannot feel the slight-est interest. That a poor devil should hire himself as a target for sixpence a day is not wonderful, when he has no choice between fighting and starration— it is better to die by the sword than by famine j—but for a man possessing wealth and honor to run the risk of har-ing a bullet sent through his head, is ac-cording to our ideas, a little singular.— We would be using a mild term in cal-ling such a gentleman "eccentric." *Mr. Corwin not Rebuked.*—Some days since we noticed a netting received hays FIGHTING FOR AMUSEMENT .- The Baron

ling such a gentleman "eccentric." Mr. Corwin not Rebuked.—Some days since we noticed a petition received by the Ohio Legislature from certain citi-zens, that he be requested by the Legisla-ture to resign his seat in the Senate in consequence of his furions anti-war speech at the last sesion of Congress.— The committee to which the resolution .was referred, have reported adversely to the prayer of the petitioners, and virtu-ally endorsing all that Mr. C. said in that speech. Another petition similar to the foregoing was presented, but the House refused to receive it, 43 to 24.

John W. Thompson, ATTORNEYAT LAW,

WILLIAMSBURG, PA, WILLIAMSBURG, PA, WILL attend to all legal business entrusied to finin Blair and Huntingdon counties... Communications from a distance will receive the most prompt attention. feb1.6m.