

MAJ. JOS. W. PATTON.

TRIUMPHANT VINDICATION.

Our Canal Commissioner candidate, Maj. Patton, had the misfortune to "fail" and take the benefit of the bankrupt act. Although thousands of members of the Loco-foco party took the benefit of the same act, yet the party is now loudly condemning Mr. Patton for the same thing!

From a statement published in the papers, it would seem that less than four thousand dollars of all the liabilities of Mr. Patton, remain unpaid. What say poor men, therefore, to the attempts made by the Loco-foco papers, to hunt down an honest man, because he had the misfortune to fail in business? One, too, who has been struggling nobly to pay all demands against him, when there was nothing to compel him to do so, but his own stern integrity! The letter of JACOB M. HALDEMAN, Esq. of Harrisburg, and the certificates of nine other creditors, some of whom belong to the Loco-foco party, given below, should forever close the mouths of these unprincipled slanders who have been attempting to filch from Mr. Patton his good name, in order to subvert their political purposes. It would be exceedingly gratifying to the creditors of some Loco-foco editors we know of, who have been engaged in this unholy crusade against Mr. Patton, if they would only evince the same disposition to pay off "old scores" that Mr. P. has done.

To all we say, read the FACTS and evidence, and then doubt, if you can, the incorruptible honesty and purity of character of the Whig nominee for Canal Commissioner:

Testimony of Jacob M. Halde-man, and others:

To the Editor of the Penna Telegraph:

SIR—I have learned that Joseph W. Patton is charged by some of his political opponents with defrauding his creditors by means of the Bankrupt Law.—Believing the charge to be unfounded and unjust, and having an intimate knowledge of the cause of his pecuniary difficulties, I have thought proper, as an act of justice to Mr. Patton, to make the following statement:

In 1831, I owned one-third of an Iron establishment in Cumberland county, at which Mr. Patton had managed the year preceding. Mr. Patton, although without capital, was induced by the solicitations, and liberal offers of assistance from the owner of the other two-thirds of the property, (who was anxious to have his services in the management of the concern,) to purchase my interest for \$22,750, besides agreeing to pay my share of the debts then owing by the concern. Some time after making the purchase, he discovered that the owner was very much involved in pecuniary difficulties, and that it would most likely involve himself, and prevent him from paying for the property. He expressed a wish to sell out, but did not succeed in getting a purchaser. I advised him to go on and do the best he could. The next year his partner failed, and from that time Mr. Patton carried on the works himself under many difficulties and embarrassments until the fall of 1835, when he failed. I then stated to him that if he would pay me a balance of about \$450 of unpaid interest, I would take back the real property and release him entirely, which he was then not able to do.

He paid while he held the property, the yearly interest on the purchase money; (excepting the \$450,) \$2,750 on account of the principal, and a portion of the debt due by the concern when he purchased. His personal property was sold for the benefit of other creditors, and the real estate was bought by me at Sheriff's sale for about twelve thousand dollars less than he was to pay me for it. In 1839 he paid me the balance of interest due at the time he failed, and I then told him I would give him a release at any time he wished. It appears that as the judgments were still unsatisfied, he thought it necessary to return the amount of twelve thousand dollars in his statement of liabilities, although I never intended asking him to pay it. Mr. Patton was young and energetic, and easily led to embrace an opportunity, as he and I thought it of rising in the world. Unfortunately it turned out very differently from his expectations, when he entered into the concern. Mr. Patton came to live with me upwards of twenty years ago, a young man, and assisted me in carrying on my Iron works, milling and farming for several years. I can state with pleasure that I never had in my employment a man with whom I was better pleased, and I cheerfully give my testimony as to his industry, sobriety, integrity, and qualifications for business.

J. M. HALDEMAN.

CARLEISLE, Sept. 7, 1847.

This is to certify that when Jos. W. Patton failed, I was liable for him to the amount of about two thousand dollars, from which I was relieved by the sale of his personal property, with the exception of about sixty dollars, which he paid me some years after; and, although differing in my political opinions with Mr.

Patton, I consider it due to him to say that his conduct towards me was highly honorable.

WM. MOORE.

MILLERSBURG, Sept. 6, 1847.

When Jos. W. Patton failed in business he was indebted to the firm of J. D. Paxton & Co. about eleven hundred dollars. He made several payments on account, amounting to about nine hundred dollars, and leaving a balance unpaid of two hundred dollars.—Knowing that the means of paying his debts was to be acquired by his personal exertions I think he merits praise for what he has done, rather than censure because he has not been able to pay all.

J. D. PAXTON.

ADAMS COUNTY, Sept. 4, 1847.

This is to certify that when Jos. W. Patton failed in business, he was in my debt for hauling wood. That he made payments at different times, on account, both before and since he took the benefit of the Bankrupt Law, UNTIL THE WHOLE AMOUNT WAS PAID.

EDWARD WARREN.

SHIPPENSBURG, Sept. 4, 1847.

This is to certify that when Jos. W. Patton failed in business, he was largely in my debt. That since then he has made me frequent payments, amounting altogether to about FIFTEEN HUNDRED DOLLARS. One or two payments were made shortly after he received the benefit of the Bankrupt Law. He is still considerably in my debt. I have always had confidence in Mr. Patton's disposition to pay his debts whenever he would be able to do so, and that confidence has been strengthened by the fact of his making PAYMENTS WHEN NOTHING COMPELLED HIM TO DO SO, BUT HIS HONOR AND HONESTY.

PAUL MARTIN.

SHIPPENSBURG, Sept. 4, 1847.

This is to certify that Jos. W. Patton was about sixty dollars in my debt when he failed in business. That about two or three years after, when I was prevented by bad health from attending to my business, I sent my account against him to a friend, to whom he PAID THE FULL AMOUNT. Although differing from Mr. Patton in my political opinions, I deem it due to him to thus certify to his HONORABLE CONDUCT TOWARDS ME.

L. K. DONAVAN.

SHIPPENSBURG, Sept. 4, 1847.

This is to certify that when Jos. W. Patton received the benefit of the Bankrupt Law, he owed me fifty dollars. That since then he has made me several payments until the whole, (with the exception of one dollar) has been paid; the last payment being made on the 21st February, 1846. I may add that I had been offered forty dollars for my claim but refused it, believing in the honor and honesty of Mr. Patton, and that he would pay whenever it was in his power. I have not been disappointed. I have generally voted with the Democratic party.

JOHN BUTTS.

MARY ANN FURNACK, Sept. 4, 1847.

I do certify that when Jos. W. Patton received the benefit of the Bankrupt Law he was considerably in my debt for coaling wood. That since then he has made me three payments on account, and I have confidence that Mr. Patton will pay me the whole whenever he may be able to do so.

DAVID BAXTER.

FRANKLIN COUNTY, Sept. 7, 1847.

This is to certify that since Jos. W. Patton has received the benefit of the Bankrupt Law he has paid part of what he owed me, and I rely on Mr. Patton's promise to pay me whenever he can do so.

JOHN HORNISH.

PAPARTOWN, Sept. 7, 1847.

This is to certify that when Jos. W. Patton received the benefit of the Bankrupt Law he was indebted to me. That since then, about two years ago he paid me fifty dollars on account, and that he has made me another payment since; and about one half of the debt being paid.

MATTHEW MOORE.

The Armistice—Gen. Scott's Letter:
The following brief letter will explain the motive which actuated Gen. Scott in tendering to the Mexicans a short armistice.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY,
Coyocan, August 21, 1847.

To His Excellency the President and General-in-Chief of the Republic of Mexico.
Sir—Too much blood has already been shed in this unnatural war between the two great Republics of this continent. It is time that the differences between them should be amicably and honorably settled, and it is known to your Excellency that a commissioner on the part of the United States, clothed with full power to that end, is with this army. To enable the two Republics to enter on negotiations, I am willing to sign, on reasonable terms, a short armistice.

I shall wait with impatience until to-morrow morning for a direct answer to this communication; but shall, in the meantime seize and occupy such positions outside of the capital as I may deem necessary to the shelter and comfort of the army.

I have the honor to remain, with the highest consideration and respect, your Excellency's most obedient servant.

WINFIELD SCOTT.

POLITICAL MILLERISM.—The loco-foco friends of Jesse Miller are predicting that the Whig party will come to an end at the approaching election. Just so we have seen the delusion of Millerism foretell the destruction of the world, year after year, for a quarter century past.

Shunk against Old Zack!

The Carlisle Herald says:—The last movement of the Shunk party is manifested in their futile attempts to put down the TAYLOR movement which has broken out so extensively in the loco-foco party, in several counties. This is according to orders from Washington!

At the Shunk meetings in Chester and Berks counties resolutions offered by prominent Loco-focos in favor of the Old Whig General were VOTED DOWN by the Shunkites though not without great difficulty. In Cumberland county the Shunkites voted Gen. Taylor to be "not in good enough company" to receive their support! In Perry county a set of Taylor resolutions were passed by acclamation in the loco-foco county meeting, but the Shunk organ there edited by George Stroop refuses to publish them! In Union county the Taylor democrats were driven from the Shunk county meeting, and forced into a separate organization of their own!

In Lycoming county, as we learn by the Muncy Luminary a democratic meeting was held last week in favor of Gen. Taylor, but the Shunkites would not participate in it. The Luminary says:—"One thing was observed that the SHUNK MEN ALL REFUSED TO HAVE ANY THING TO DO WITH THE MEETING. Let the people remember this." In this opposition to the glorious old Hero of Palo Alto and Buena Vista the people may plainly see how completely Frs. R. Shunk is under the thumb of the Polk administration.

Half of the last session of Congress, was spent by the friends of Polk in various attempts to censure, degrade and embarrass the military operations of Old Zack, and now the puny efforts of Francis R. Shunk and Jesse Miller are exercised in the vain attempt at PULLING DOWN the popular feeling in favor of the Old Hero? Ye gods! just think of it—Francis R. Shunk and Jesse Miller putting down Old Zachary Taylor.

Pretty Pointed.
The following is from the N. Y. Mirror, a neutral paper—a genus generally leaning to loco-focism:

EASILY ACCOUNTED FOR.—The abuse of Generals Taylor and Scott in yesterday's Sun, is but an echo from the Organ at Washington. The gamblers of the Administration who are fattening on the spoils of this bloody war are anxious to hide their guilt by throwing blame upon the Generals in the field.—But it will not do. The people know who began the war, and who have power to end it.

KILLED BY A PANTHER.—The Glens Falls, N. Y., Clarion says:—Near Indian Lake, in the North part of this county, or Hamilton county, there resides an Indian family, which recently numbered three male members, well known to hunters and fishermen in those regions as "Old Sabile," "Lige," and a "Little Joe." Lige and Little Joe recently spent a day in pursuit of a panther, without overtaking him. They returned to their cabin, and on the next morning Little Joe arose early and went to a spring, a few rods from the cabin, for water, when a panther (supposed to be the same one they had been in pursuit of,) sprang upon him, and literally tearing him to pieces, before assistance could reach him from the cabin.

THE MORMONS.—A passenger in the Lake of the Woods, from Upper Missouri, informs the St. Louis Republican that the Mormons are in a flourishing condition, in their new location on the fine lands of the Pottawotomie purchase, on both sides of the river, above Council Bluffs. They have planted immense fields of corn—to the extent, it is estimated, of 30,000 acres—and other grain and produce. They have built, also, a town, called "Winter Quarters," which already contains a population of some seven thousand souls. This town is entirely picketed in. It is represented that the Mormons are on friendly terms with the Indians, and rarely molest them, although they are accused of occasionally stealing cattle. Immense herds of buffalo were seen on the plains, and crossing the Missouri, at the mouth of a river called Stillwater.

AN INCIDENT AT THE BATTLE OF MONTEREY.—While Col. Davis, with his command, was hotly engaged with the enemy, exposed to their direct fire, a man in a long great surtout suddenly rode up, and dismounting, placed himself in the middle of the street. There, in face of their fire, he coolly drew from a case, suspended about his person, a spy-glass, with which, having adjusted it to a proper focus, he proceeded to reconnoitre the Mexican battery. Having satisfied himself as to the information he sought, he shut up the glass, returned it to its case, and approaching Col. Davis, said to him: "Sir, the enemy has but two pieces, and by making a detour to the right, you can take them in flank."

"And who are you?" "I sir am Major Mansfield, of the Corps of Engineers." "All right! come on boys!" responded the Colonel. The batteries were soon carried.

FROM MEXICO.

SCOTT'S GREAT VICTORIES—THE NEWS CONFIRMED—NEGOTIATIONS COMMENTED.

The Washington Union states that the Government has received letters from Mr. Trist confirmatory of the important intelligence from Mexico. The victory of Gen. Scott was decisive, and the city of Mexico at his mercy, when, in compliance with suggestions from the British Minister and prominent Mexican officers, a suspension of hostilities was proposed by Gen. Scott. We learn, generally, that the last battle (indeed the only one of consequence after Gen. Scott left Puebla) was the hardest fought and the bloodiest which has taken place in all this sanguinary war. It commenced on the 19th; continued till night; and was resumed in the morning. Valencia's division was finally vanquished in the morning, with the loss of all his artillery, seven hundred killed and wounded, and three thousand prisoners.

The division under Santa Anna, consisting of between 20 and 30,000 men, of his own troops and the levy en masse of the city of Mexico, was engaged by 5000 men under the brave Worth, who, after an obstinate battle of long duration, a large part of it bayonet to bayonet, finally achieved a complete victory over the immense Mexican host, which broke and fled, some into the city, and large bodies elsewhere. The Mexican loss in this desperate afternoon battle was 5000 killed and wounded; and our own loss, we grieve to say, was nearly 1000 men.

The Mexican army was well supplied with artillery strongly posted, but it was all captured. Neither their artillery, their numbers, nor their desperate resistance could withstand the valor of our troops, directed by the able and skillful dispositions of the brave and veteran Scott, whose name is associated with so many well-fought fields in the annals of our country.

The rumors as to the probable success of negotiations are very conflicting, some affirming that it was progressing favorably, while others expected little from it. Gen. Quitman, Persifer F. Smith, and Pierce, were appointed Commissioners to meet the Mexican commission, among which was Ex-President Herrera.

Gen. Scott's wound was occasioned by a grape shot, which struck him on the outside of the leg, below the knee, and gave him so little pain at the time that he said nothing about it; but it has since caused him much uneasiness.

The N. O. Picayune recalls its opinion that the City was not at the mercy of Gen. Scott, and says it was entirely optional with him whether to march in and take possession or not.

It is reported that Paredes and Bustamante are both approaching the capital from different directions, with strong forces, breathing death and destruction to the Americans.

The number of deserters found fighting against us, and now among the prisoners, is 72. A Court Martial was in session, with Col. Garland as President, and it was thought full justice would be done the precious rascals.

Riley, the Irishman who commanded them makes his boasts of what he has done, and says he expects no mercy.

SCROFULA.—Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills will be found a radical cure for every kind of scrofula, because they cleanse and purify the body of all humors, and every thing that is opposed to health, and impart such an energy to the circulation, that health and vigor are given to the whole frame. From two to four of said Indian Vegetable Pills, taken on going to bed, will soon make a perfect cure of the most obstinate case of Scrofula; at the same time the constitution will undergo such a radical change, that Scrofula, as well as every other complaint, will be banished from the body, and new life and vigor will be given to the whole frame.

Beware of sugar coated counterfeits. The only original and genuine Indian Vegetable Pills have the signature of William Wright written with a pen on the top label of each box. None other is genuine and to counterfeit this is Forgery. The genuine for sale by F. K. SIMONSON, Sole Agent for Huntington; Charles Porter, Alexandria; Blair & Robinson, Shade Gap; Blair & Co., Frankstown; Orthon & Co., Orthonia; A. O. Brown, Shilbursburg; Hunter & Co., West Barre and Petersburg; Graff & Co., Manor Hill; D. S. Bell, McElavy's Fort; James Maguire, Sausburg; John W. Myton, Ennsville; George H. Steiner, Water Street; A. & W. Cresswell, Petersburg; Milliken & Kessler, Mill-creek; and wholesale and retail at the principal office, 169 Race street, Philadelphia. Sep. 7, 47.

Broad Top Rail Road. PUBLIC MEETING.
A public meeting of the citizens of Tod township, Huntington, and Liberty and Broad Top townships, Bedford county, will be held at SROENSTOWN, on SATURDAY, the 25th inst., for the purpose of adopting measures to further the project of constructing a Railroad from the Borough of Huntington to Stonerstown.

DAVID BLAIR, Esq., of Huntington, and ALEXANDER KEYS, Esq., of Bedford, are expected to be present and address the meeting. The friends of the aforesaid project, and the public generally, are invited to attend. Sep. 14, 1847. MANY CITIZENS.

Auditor's Notice.
The undersigned, auditors appointed by the Court to distribute the proceeds of the Sheriff's sale of the real estate of Pollock, Lightner and Carothers, and report the facts, &c., will meet for that purpose at the office of J. Sewell Stewart, on Friday the 22d day of October next, (A. D. 1847,) when and where all persons interested are required to present their claims, or be debarred thereafter from coming in for a share of such proceeds.

GEO. TAYLOR,
THOS. P. CAMPBELL,
J. SEWELL STEWART,
Auditors.
Sept. 21, 1847-11

Real Estate For Sale.

BY virtue of authority given to the undersigned in the Will of James Entriken, Esq., late of Hopewell township, Huntington county, deceased, who will expose at Public Sale, at the house of Robert Speer, in Cassville, in said county, on Thursday the 28th day of October, 1847, all the right, interest and claim of the said James Entriken, deceased, to the following mentioned and described tracts of UNSEATED LAND:

No. 1. One Tract surveyed in the name of Dorsey Belt, situate on Shirley's Nob, in Cass township, about one mile from the town of Cassville, containing 250 acres, more or less—tolerably well timbered; adjoining lands of Robert Speer, Daniel Kurfman and others.

No. 2. One other Tract, being part of a tract surveyed in the name of Adam Keith, situate in Tod township, adjoining lands of John Savage, Reuben Trexler's heirs, and others; containing 100 acres, more or less—part of it can be cultivated.

No. 3. One equal undivided fourth part of a Tract known by the name of the Saw-Mill Tract, situate in said township, formerly of the estate of Philip Snare, dec'd., adjoining lands of Adams Houck, Amos Clark and others, on Tough Creek; containing about 200 acres, more or less—a small part of which has been cleared, the residue tolerably well timbered.

No. 4. A part of a Tract of Land surveyed in the name of Mary Foster, situate in Broad Top township, in Bedford county, on Broad Top Mountain, adjoining lands of John Leer, Richard Foster and others, containing 35 acres, more or less.—This tract is said to have coal on it.

No. 5. IMPROVED LAND.—One other tract situate in Hopewell township, Huntington county—surveyed in the name of George Myers—adjoining lands of Matthew Garner, John Shultz, and land devised by said James Entriken, dec'd., to James Steel—containing 300 acres, more or less. There is a small improvement on this tract—about 40 acres cleared—having thereon erected a hewed log house and a cabin barn.

No. 6. Also, one other Tract of Unseated Land, situate in Hopewell township, aforesaid, adjoining lands of John Garner, William Steel's heirs and others—surveyed in the name of James Entriken—containing 250 acres, more or less; tolerably well timbered.

The Terms of Sale will be CASH. Any further information will be given on application to James Entriken, Jr., at his residence at Coffee Run, Hopewell township, before the day of sale.

JAMES ENTRIKEN,
JAMES STEEL,
Executors of James Entriken, dec'd.
Sept. 21, 1847.—ts

NOTICE.
To the heirs and Legal Representatives of Jacob Stouffer, late of West Lampeter Township, Lancaster County, deceased.
AT an Orphans' Court held for said county, on Monday the 20th September, 1847, on motion of N. Ellmaker, Attorney for Christian Rohrer and wife, rule granted upon the said heirs and legal representatives, and all persons interested in the estate of Jacob Stouffer, late of West Lampeter township, dec'd., to appear in the Orphans' Court of Lancaster county, on Monday the 11th day of October, A. D. 1847, at 10 o'clock forenoon, to accept or refuse the real estate of said dec'd., at the valuation thereof made and confirmed; and in case of refusal, to show cause why the same should not be sold according to law.

Attest,
JAMES DYSART,
Clerk of Orphans' Court.
Sept. 21, 1847.

NEW GOODS!
At the Cheap Corner!
THE subscriber would most respectfully invite the public to call and examine one of the most splendid!

Stock of Goods
ever opened in this county. It is needless to undertake naming the articles or price: as the price would be so low you could not believe it until you would see it, and the variety so great that I could not do justice to myself or the goods by attempting to give you any idea of the quality. Thankful for past favors, I still hope to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

JOHN N. PROWELL,
"CHEAP CORNER,"
Huntingdon, Sept. 21, 1847.
N. B. Country Produce taken in exchange for goods.

Stray Steer.
Came to the residence of the subscriber residing near Greenwood Furnace, Jackson township, Huntington county, about the 12th of August last, a red and white spotted STEER two years old last Spring, both ears slit; there has been two letters pinned on his lip which can not be distinguished now. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, or otherwise he will be disposed of according to law.

WM. MUSSER.
Sept. 21, 1847-4t

To Purchasers of Unseated Lands.
PERSONS who purchased unseated lands at the Treasurer's sale of 1846, and have neglected to lift their Deeds are requested to do so on or before the 20th of October next. After that time they will be left in the hands of an officer for collection.

JOS. LAW, Treasurer.
Sept. 21, 1847-3t.

CITY OF MEXICO TAKEN!
Ready-Made Clothing.
THE subscriber offers for sale a splendid and reasonable assortment of Ready-Made Clothing, just opening at his new stand, in the corner of the brick building opposite John Whittaker's Tavern, in the Borough of Huntington; consisting of the following seasonable articles, warranted well made and fashionably cut, viz:

2 dozen blanket over-coats of different sizes and qualities.
1 do Gentleman's Fashionable Cloaks.
1 do Dress and sack coats.
1 do well made Fancy Vests.
1 do Pants—cassimer, satinett, cassinett and corduroy, plain, figured and striped.
1 do Shirts (pleated breasts).
3 do Plain checkered cotton shirts.
Also, a variety of satin and silk stocks, handkerchiefs and short stockings, together with a variety of articles of men's and boy's wear; all of which will be sold CHEAPER than at any other establishment in the county.

Please call and examine for yourselves. Customer's price punctually attended to.
Sept. 14, '47. BENJAMIN SNARE.

To Those Interested.
WILL take notice that you who neglected to settle your accounts with the subscriber, according to former notice, will be expected to settle them shortly. JOHN N. PROWELL.
Huntingdon, Sept. 7, 1847-2t

Valuable Real Estate at Orphans' Court Sale.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Huntington county, will be offered for sale at Public Vendue or Outcry, on the premises, on Wednesday, the 14th day of October next, 1847, all that certain Messuage, Plantation, and Tract of Land, (part of the real estate of Robert Moore, of the borough of Huntington, dec'd.) situate in Walker township, in said county, near the village of Smithfield and the Turnpike road, and about one mile West of the borough of Huntington, adjoining lands of John McCahan, John Hildebrand, John Ker, and others, containing 247 acres, be the same more or less, about 150 acres of which is cleared, about 50 acres thereof being meadow ground, with a new frame dwelling house, a large new frame barn, and a young apple orchard thereon.

Also, on Thursday, the 15th day of October next, will be offered on the premises, all that certain other messuage, plantation, and tract of land, (also part of the real estate late of the said Robert Moore, dec'd.) situate on Spruce Creek, near Colerain Forge, in Franklin township, in said county, adjoining lands of Shorb, Stewart & Co., of David Henderson, the Huntington Furnace Lands, and lands of others, containing 280 acres and 135 perches, and allowance, be the same more or less; a large part of which is cleared, with a large two story brick dwelling house, a large frame barn, and other buildings and improvements thereon.

TERMS OF SALE.—One third of the purchase money to be paid on the confirmation of the sale; another third in one year thereafter with interest; and the remaining third on or immediately after the death of Margaret Moore, widow of the said Robert Moore, dec'd., the interest of which last mentioned third to be paid regularly and annually, to the said widow during her life—said payments, &c. to be secured by the bonds and mortgages of the purchasers.

By the Court,
JOB MILLER, Clerk.
Sale to commence at 1 o'clock P. M., of each of said days. Attendance will be given by GEO. H. STEINER, Acting Ex'r of Robt. Moore, dec'd.

The farm on Spruce Creek is first rate lime stone land, in a good state of cultivation, and, for productiveness, is not surpassed by any farm in the county. It is, moreover, well situated, being in a desirable neighborhood, and where there is always a good cash market for everything produced on a farm. It is situated near the Water Street and Spruce Creek Turnpike, and is about one mile from the probable route of the Penn'a Rail Road.—As this property could be divided so as to make two farms, bidders may possibly make arrangements to purchase in view of a subsequent division.

The property near Huntington, is valuable from its location, and the improvements upon it. The purchaser will find it necessary to spend but little upon either the fences or the buildings.

G. H. S.

Orphans' Court Sale.
BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Huntington county, will be exposed to Sale, at the Court House, in the borough of Huntington, on Wednesday, the 27th day of October next, all the right, title and interest of Agnes Stitt and Jane Stitt, minor children of John Stitt, of Franklin county, in, and to the following described Real Estate, (each of said minors being entitled to one undivided tenth part of the same), to-wit:

A Lot of Ground, situate in the borough of Shilbursburg, in said county, on the West side of Maine street and extending back from said street—feet on an alley, adjoining a lot of Mrs. Bowser on the North West, and a lot of David Freaker on the South-east, with a Log weather-boarded house, stable, garden and well of water on the premises—formerly occupied by John Price as a tavern stand.

Also, A Lot of Ground, in the borough of Orthonia, in said county, situated at the corner of Cromwell and Ashman streets, directly opposite the residence of Thomas E. Orison, Esq., and on which lot are erected A Small Dwelling House and Blacksmith Shop, now in the occupancy of Richard Colegate.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock A. M.
WILLIAM DORRIS, Jr.,
Guardian of Agnes and Jane Stitt.
Huntingdon, Sept. 14, 1847-4t

SADDLE, HARNESS AND TRUNK MANUFACTORY.
Frederick Bzell,
RESPECTFULLY returns thanks to his friends and the public for past favors, and takes this opportunity to inform them that he still continues at the old stand, one door east of Carrom's Tavern, and nearly opposite the Post Office, where he is at all times prepared to manufacture All kinds of Harness, Saddles, Trunks, Mattresses, Sofas, Cushions, &c., &c., at the shortest notice and most reasonable prices.

All kinds of hides and skins, and country produce, for which the highest market prices will be allowed, taken in exchange.
Huntingdon, Aug. 31, 1847.

Fall Millinery Goods.
JOHN STONE & SONS,
Importers and Dealers in Silks, Robbons and Millinery Goods, No. 45 South Second Street, Philadelphia.

ARE now opening for the Fall Trade a very rich assortment of Millinery Goods, a large proportion of which are of their own importation, viz:—Bonnet Silks, figured and plain.
Bonnet Satins, of all colors and qualities.
Fancy Homet and Cap Ribbons, a very handsome assortment.
Silk Plushes.
Silk Velvets, black and colored, of all qualities.
French and American Artificial Flowers.
Fancy Laces, Cap Stuffs, Lace Trimmings.
Bonnet Crowns, Tips, Buckrams, Willows, &c.
They have also received by the late arrivals a very beautiful assortment of Fancy Feathers, direct from the manufacturers in Paris.
Phila. sept. 7, '47.

BRICK! BRICK!
THE subscriber respectfully announces to his friends and the public generally, that he continues to manufacture, in the borough of Petersburg, the very best quality of BRICK, which he will dispose of on the most reasonable terms. All orders will be filled at the shortest notice. Those wanting the article for building, paving or any other purpose, would do well to give me call.

ABRAHAM STEVENS.
Petersburg, Aug. 31, 1847.

John Scott, jr.,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Huntington, Pa.—
Has removed his office to the middle room of "Snare's Row," directly opposite Fisher & M'Murric's store, where he will attend with promptness and fidelity to all business with which he may be entrusted in Huntington or the adjoining counties.
Huntingdon Sept. 23, 1846.