

What has the War Cost Us?

What has the war cost us? One Hundred and Twenty Millions of Dollars! ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY MILLIONS OF DOLLARS! Is this a great sum? Is it a loss to us? Could we have made any use of it?

With the interest of \$120,000,000 we might found a National Gallery, that would rank with the British Museum as the British Museum does with the Cabinet of Pennsylvania College.

The famous "Garden of Plants," founded and endowed at Paris by Richilieu in the times of Louis the Fourteenth, and which is the greatest in the world, did not cost, from then till now, as much as three months of the Mexican war.

With \$120,000,000, a School-house and Church might crown every hill-top from the Penobscot to the Rio Grande, and teachers of knowledge and righteousness might do their mission of good without money or price for any one.

With \$120,000,000 we might connect every town in our land by railroad, and the Magnetic-Telegraph might be made to stretch its magic wires along every thoroughfare from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

With \$120,000,000 we might build such a Navy as the world never saw, and carry on such a commerce as Venice, in her palmy days, never dreamed of; our flag might float on every breeze, our sails whiten every sea, and our name be heard and feared in every harbor between the poles.

With \$120,000,000 we might feed every poor man, cloth every beggar, and relieve every distress, not once only, but always, as long as the population of the globe did not exceed 950,000,000.

Starvation, poverty and famine need never find a foothold on earth. And more, with \$120,000,000 we might give the Bible and tell the tidings of our Holy Faith, to every Heathen land, to every foreign nation, and to every human soul.

The government complains that the Post Office Department is a heavy tax upon the Treasury on account of the low rates of Postage. Devote four months' interest of the Mexican War debt to this end, and our people would never hear the word "Postage."

The Government doles out with a miser's hand and a miser's spirit, trifling, pitiful sums for harbors on our Western Rivers, and Lakes. Devote two months' interest of the Mexican War debt to this end, and no more petitions for appropriations would come from the people of the West.

This is the way to calculate the cost of the War; and these are not idle fancies. Let no reader be satisfied until he works with his pencil each one of these statements. Figures will verify them all. Is our country able to squander money on this waste? Is gold a matter of such little concern as to be disposed of in this summary manner? What says the Farmer, whose taxed land helps to heap up these hordes of wasted money? What says the Mechanic, whose taxed "occupation" aids in amassing this squandered treasure?

What say the PEOPLE, who pay for it in their cloths, food, books, houses, furniture and property? Can we afford it? We might be doing good with it, such as no country ever done. Is this, then, the much boasted destiny of our great country—to tax her people, collect and borrow an immense sum, and spend it shedding blood and killing men? Heaven forbid!! The war has cost us \$120,000,000, and what have we gained? Respect abroad? No. Unity at home? No. Fear in Mexico? Doubtful. But this we have gained: we have taught our people to love the excitement, the glory, the sin of War; we have taught them the unholy lesson that "might makes right"; we have called into vigorous play the cruel passions of a NATION'S NATURE; we have given a taste for blood, and tiger-like they'll seek it, and gorge, and gorge, and gorge! Enough of this—let us have Peace! By the good which \$120,000,000 can do—by the harm that is doing—let us implore the Rulers for Peace!

But the War costs more—it costs in a way that money cannot count. Who will estimate by dollars and cents the cost of the broken limbs, the shattered constitutions, and the legions of crippled soldiers? Who will estimate by dollars and cents the cost of the broken hearts, the stricken spirits, and the bowed heads of fathers made childless—of Mothers made sorrowful—of wives made widows? But more than all, who will estimate by dollars and cents the cost of the undying part of the ten thousand fallen?

Answer these three questions—add that to the \$120,000,000—and then say, ye American People, IS IT NOT TIME FOR PEACE?—Adams Sentinel.

THE FOLLOWING resolutions which were passed at the Whig meeting at Lewistown, Millin county, evince the proper Whig spirit, and the determination to triumph this fall:

Resolved, That the Whigs of Millin CAN give a majority for Irvin and Patton, and the county ticket.

Resolved, THAT THEY WILL.

VERY GOOD.—The Doylestown Intelligence asks:

"Why are the Locofoco politicians like the city bakers? D'ye give it up? Because they are the first to announce a rise in flour, and the last to discover a FALL.

Arrival of the Steamship Cambria.

TWO WEEKS LATER NEWS.

DECLINE IN BREADSTUFFS.

BOSTON, Aug. 18.—7 o'clock, P.M. The Cambria reached the dock at 15 minutes past 5 o'clock, with Liverpool dates to the 4th inst.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.—Parliament has been dissolved, and the new elections are proceeding vigorously. So far as the returns have been made, they show a complete triumph for the free trade principle.

Lord John Russell, who will form the new Cabinet has been re-elected for the city of London.

The prospects of the harvests continue unexceptionably encouraging, and everywhere promises a most abundant yield. It has already commenced in several of the southern counties. The crops of wheat, oats and barley, are unusually healthy, and the potatoe crop, notwithstanding all that has been said about the re-appearance of the rot, is affected to a very insignificant extent.

Reports from Ireland are equally glowing, and famine and disease are rapidly vanishing. The succession of the pre-legacy priesthood gentry of the country to the old Ireland party are large, and the weekly contributions steadily increase. It is expected that a large proportion of Peepers will be returned to the Imperial Parliament at the election.

The remains of Mr. O'Connell were embarked at Birkenhead for Dublin on Sunday, where they arrived on the following day.

Several heavy failures have occurred in the corn trade, and many others of a serious character are apprehended.

A formidable conspiracy of the most diabolical character has been discovered at Rome. The object of the conspirators, who amounted to several hundreds in number, was to massacre the citizens and remove the Pope to Naples by force. Five Cardinals, of exalted civil and military offices, have been discovered to have been abettors.

Popular feeling has become more tranquil in France. The King was well received by the people on the celebration of the glorious three days.

The Chamber of Deputies is about to be dissolved.

Several sanguinary battles have been fought between the Russians and Circassians. The former having been defeated with considerable loss.

Switzerland is threatened with revolution. The Sonder, a band, or Catholic league, have armed themselves, but they are likely to be suppressed.

The Wesleyan Conference commenced their sittings at Liverpool on Wednesday last. The Rev. Samuel Jackson was elected President.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 4, 11 o'clock, A. M.—The Corn Market—Best Western Canal Flour 27s to 27s 6d per bbl. Philadelphia and Baltimore, warranted sweet, 26s to 26s 6d; sour 21s to 23s. Richmond and Alexandria 25s to 26s; New Orleans and Ohio 23s to 25s.

U. S. Wheat, white and mixed, 8s to 9s per 70 lbs; red 7s 6d to 8s 9d. Oats per 45 lbs, 3s to 3s 4d. Barley per 60 lbs, 4s to 5s. Rye per 480 lbs, 30s to 31s. Peas per 504 lbs, 30 to 40s. Indian Corn, round 26s to 30s per qr; unshod and heated 20s to 24s. Indian Corn Meal, 14s per bbl. Some parcels of Indian Corn which had been slightly heated but restored, were yesterday sold by auction at 25s per qr, and some Western Canal Flour at 21s 6d to 23s 6d per bbl, but the transactions were generally unimportant.

The above is the result of yesterday's market, and shows a serious decline in breadstuffs. A panic has decidedly taken place, accelerated by the gradual downward tendency of the late London markets, the highly favorable state of the home crops, and the stiffness of the money market.

In the London Corn market on Monday a reduction upon Wheat of 8 to 10s per quarter took place. We have no quotations to give of yesterday's transactions.

METALS.—U. S. Lead, pig in bond, per ton £16 to 17. Iron, British bar £9 5s; rod £10 5s; hoops £11 5s to £11 10s; sheets £11 10s. In Wales bar £8 10s to £12 6s; Scotch pig £4; on the Clyde £3 10s.

DEATH OF MR. RAPP.—By a gentleman just from Beaver, we have intelligence of the death of George Rapp, the patriarch of the celebrated association at Economy. He was in the 92d year of his age.

The death of this gentleman may be regarded as a matter of considerable importance, as he stood in the light of a petty sovereign, and the choice of a successor is a matter of moment, affecting an influence beyond the little nation over which he may be said to have reigned for more than forty years, with more than absolute sovereignty.—American.

Mr. Edward Norfolk, of Salem, Mass. has invented a loom, simple in its mechanism, noiseless in its operation, and capable, he says, of causing a saving of fifteen per cent. in the manufacture of cotton. The motion of the shuttle is derived directly from the lathe with a positive accelerated motion, and moves, therefore, directly at the speed of the lathe without noise. A girl can tend six of these lathes as easily as four of the common movement.

[For the Huntingdon Journal.]

A Historical Delusion.

It is stated in a new "History of" several Counties such as "Northumberland, Huntingdon, Mifflin, &c.," by J. D. Rupp, that at the town of Huntingdon, "the Grave-Yard" within the limits of the borough, covered with half grown forest trees, is (strange to tell) an admired and much frequented spot by the Lion? Who would not be appalled at reading this? How many lovers of the Beautiful may not already have been deterred from visiting the delightful village of Huntingdon? Who would not just as leave, and considerable learner too, pitch himself headlong at once, without boots or moccasins, into an African jungle as venture within the limits of a borough covered with half grown forest trees, which (strange to tell) was an admired and much frequented spot by the Lion? No wonder many strangers stay away.—For surely there are more that don't come, than do.—Now we would beg leave to interrupt Mr. Rupp who has thus abruptly corrupted the public mind. We assure the community and public, that diligent search has been made by day and night, but no lions have been seen there in that "spot" except two or three Dandy-lions, and a few scattered dandelions. But these are harmless things. Perhaps the Historian was lost in dreaming of Sampson's riddle. At all events it was but a dream. "The Lion," though sought for carefully, has always been "absente carne." "There is no lion—there is no lion!"

DAUPHIN COUNTY.—The Whigs of this sterling Whig county, have nominated the following ticket:

Assembly.—JOHN FOX, and THEO. GRATZ.

Commissioners.—HENRY PEPPER, JACOB D. HOFFMAN.

County Treasurer.—GEO. HOEHLER. Director of the Poor.—DAVID HOOVER.

Auditor.—LE RUE METZGAR.

Gov. SHUNK.—We wish the people to remember that Gov. Shunk, Has held office over thirty years. Has received during that time from the State Treasury \$72,000.

Has provided for several of his relations by appointing them to office. Has violated the Constitution by appointing John M. Berrell Judge of the Tenth District.

Has treated the people with contempt in making that appointment. Has pocketed the bill which authorized the people to elect their own Lawyers and Surveyors.

Has signed bills and afterwards admitted that he did not know what he was signing. Has advised the withholding the interest on the State debt. Has aided in the Tariff swindle, and Has supported Polk and his administration down to the present time.—Pittsburg Morning Herald.

"The Tennessee regiment marched to Mexico 2,000 strong; of these, 1330 have been buried there, and 770 only have returned to their homes."—An Exchange Paper.

A sad story simply told! 1330 buried—1330 graves dug—1330 dead bodies are thrown in, a few clods and stones are cast upon them, the surviving comrade drops a tear of sympathy, and all is over—there they lie until the graves give up their dead! There is a world of wo, that few hearts can feel, hidden under the words that head this article. We cannot feel this wo, nor tell the depth of meaning in the sentence—for among that 1330, were none of those we knew or loved. Our family circles may yet be unbroken—there may be no "vacant place" around our table—the destroyer War may have passed our doors, and left no mark there. But not so with every house in the land. 1330 family circles have wept for him that is gone; 1330 "vacant places" tell the silent tale of bitter anguish; the "lintel and the side-posts" of 1330 houses were unmarked, and the loud lamentations of the heart-stricken there in testify but too plainly that the destroying angel passed them not by.—Six out of every ten have been left—four only have returned to reap the uncertain honors of the warrior. Some died in the hour of battle—some perhaps in the moment of victory—some in the treacherous ambush—but most of them fell victims to disease, that most dreaded enemy to the soldier, for no bravery can stand against it, no tactics cheat it of its victim. But how they died, is no matter—they all died, 1330 out of 2,000!

But we who have no losses to lament, no dead friend to weep over, have we no sympathy for those who have suffered? If we have sympathy at all, let it be a real, true and active sympathy—a sympathy that leads us to feel for the living as well as the dead—a sympathy that makes us all desire and strive for PEACE.—Adams Sentinel.

SUNDAY IN CUBA.—The last Havana papers state that the Governor has granted permission for six bull fights to take place in the Plaza de Toros, on as many successive Sundays, the net receipts of the performances to go to the expenses of a public exhibition of the products of Cuban industry—the others to be for the benefit of the managers of the Plaza.

[Correspondence of the N. Y. Express.]

A Shocking Murder.

DEPOSIT, Aug. 6th, 1847. A horrible deed was perpetrated in Scott township, Wayne county, Pa., only eight miles from this place, on Sunday last, which has no parallel in the catalogue of crimes. Mrs. Williams, wife of the Rev. Gersham Williams, aged about 56, left her residence in the morning to attend a Sabbath School, in the neighborhood, only one mile and a half from her house. While passing through the woods she was attacked by a fiend in human shape, thrown out of the road and throttled until she died; there is no doubt the fiend effected his purpose from the bruises found about her body. He was disturbed by the noise of Mr. Williams' carriage, which soon came up and passed on to the school house with a portion of the family, and two sisters of the unfortunate Mrs. Williams, who a day or two had arrived from their residence in your city, on a visit to their friends, and sisters. The family on arriving at the school house, finding Mrs. W. absent, and upon inquiry that she had not been there, became greatly alarmed, consequently returned with several others.

The body was found about a quarter of a mile from the school house, a few feet from the road, behind a log, and her clothes were much torn, and other evidences that she came to her death by strangulation. The perpetrator, on hearing the approach of the carriage, left his victim, went towards Deposit, about half a mile with a view to escape, finally turned about to return, when he was taken by his pursuers. He immediately confessed the attack and its object, and was going back to see if the woman was dead, if not, to consummate the act he first contemplated. The murderer stood before his victim a prisoner, in one hour after the body was found and less than two hours after the deed was committed. He says his name is John Bell.

FEMALE COURAGE.—A servant girl of Lisle, remarkable for her fearless disposition, laid a wager that she would go into a charnel-house at midnight with a light and bring from thence a dead man's skull. Accordingly, at the appointed time, she went but the person with whom she made the bet had gone before and hid himself in the place.—When he heard her descend and take up the skull, he called out in a hollow dismal voice "Leave me my head!" The girl instead of displaying symptoms of horror or fright, very coolly laid it down and said, "Well there it is," and took up another, upon which the voice repeated "Leave me my head." But the heroic girl observing it was the same voice that had called before, answered in her own country dialect, "Nae, nae, friend, ye cana ha'twa heads."

DANIEL BOONE'S SWORD.—The Galena Mercury says—We have in our possession, at this office, the identical sword used by Daniel Boone in his many battles with the Indians, in Ohio and Kentucky. It is a rough looking piece of furniture. The blade is short and roughly made, but appears to be of good steel; the haft or handle is covered with a piece of buckhorn, and the guard is made of iron wrought to the thickness of one-eighth of an inch. It was the first, and for a long time the only sword in Kentucky; at the battle of Blue Licks it was the only one in possession of the whites. It was afterwards lost in the Licking river by Col. Todd, where it lay for several years, but was finally recovered and identified by Mrs. Todd as the same sword which her husband had borrowed from Daniel Boone.

HOT AND COLD BLAST IRON.—Mr. R. Stevenson, the engineer, has been making a series of experiments upon the relative strengths of hot and cold blast iron, the result of which will be a complete revolution in the iron trade.—Hitherto cold blast iron has brought a higher price, and has been considered in every respect superior to hot blast. Previous, however, to the construction of the high level bridge at Newcastle-upon-Tyne, intended to connect the York and Newcastle with the Newcastle and Berwick Railway, Mr. Stevenson caused more than one hundred experiments to be made with the various sorts of Pig Iron—the result of which has been to prove that hot blast is superior to cold, in the proportion of 9 to 7; and moreover, that pig iron No. 3 is better iron than No. 1, which, up to this time, has sold much higher in the market.—Antheum.

DISCRETION THE BETTER PART OF VALOR.—The Albany Journal, in speaking of an officer whom it considers not overvalorous, calls up the following old, but excellent anecdote of a *Jane Captain*.—"Fellow Soldiers," said the limping man in regimentals, "at length our efforts to bring the enemy to battle are crowned with success. There he is, before you; march boldly up and give him battle.—Never say die! Fight bravely!—but should you be overpowered by superior numbers, make a safe and cautious retreat. And, as I am a little lame, I believe I'll start now!"

KENTUCKY.—The Frankfort Yeoman expresses the opinion that the Convention question has been carried by a majority of 30,000, and perhaps 10,000 over a constitutional majority. The question has to be submitted to the people once more.

The Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 20, 1847. FLOUR and MEAL.—Prices of Flour are firm at \$5 87 a \$6 for Western, and \$6 a \$6 12 for fresh ground. Rye Flour is worth \$3 25 for old and \$3 50 for new; Corn Meal \$3 25. GRAIN.—Small sales of Pa. Wheat, red, new, were made at \$1 27 per bushel, in store; good old Western is held at \$1 25 a \$1 27. Sales of 1000 bus. of Corn were made at 77c. No sales of Rye. Oats, old, are worth 50c for Northern, and 45c for new.

DIED, On the 20th inst., in this borough, Mrs. ESTER CLARKE, aged 50 years 7 months, and 18 days.

[The deceased was extensively known as the amiable and obliging Landlady of the Mansion Temperance House, in this borough; and she possessed the esteem of all who knew her, for her truly kind disposition. She was a Lady of more than usual energy and perseverance. By her own unaided exertions, she not only maintained, educated, and reared up in respectability her own children, but the promptings of her benevolent and kind heart, also induced her to take charge of three little children of a widowed sister, whom she was providing for with all the care and tenderness of a mother. Mrs. C. was a member of the Presbyterian Church of this place. Her loss will be severely felt by her own family, and lamented by an extensive circle of friends.]

B. E. MOORE. I. N. RISDON. MOORE & RISDON, MERCHANT TAILORS, No. 70 South Third Street, nearly opposite the Exchange, Philadelphia.

RESPECTFULLY announce to their friends and the public that they are constantly prepared to make to order, of the finest and best materials, and at moderate prices, every article of Fashionable Clothing constituting a Gentleman's Wardrobe, for which their complete stock of choice and carefully selected Cloths, Cassimeres, Vesting, &c., of the latest and most desirable patterns, are particularly designed.

Their own practical knowledge of the business and a personal attention to every garment, enables them to give entire satisfaction, and to both old and new customers they respectfully tender an invitation to give them a call. Having been for years connected with some of the best and most fashionable establishments in this country, employing none but first rate workmen, and being in the constant receipt of the latest fashions, and best styles of goods, they are fully prepared to accommodate customers in the best manner. Philada., Aug. 24, 1847.

NOTICE To the Heirs and legal Representatives of JACOB STOFFER, late of Lampeter township, Lancaster county, deceased.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of said county, I will hold an Inquisition on Thursday the 16th of September, 1847, at 10 o'clock, in the afternoon, at the house of Christian Bohrer, (Big Spring) W. Lampeter township, Lancaster co., to make partition of the Real Estate of said deceased, situate in said township, among the said heirs and legal representatives—and if the same cannot be done, then to make a valuation of the same according to law,—at which time and place all interested can attend if they think proper. DAVID HARTMAN, Sheriff. Lancaster, Aug. 24, 47.

"Not for a Day but for All Time." STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY.

HUNT'S LINIMENT. HAS now given abundant evidence of its healing powers, and proved itself the most extraordinary and wonderful medicine in the world.—In the short space of two years, it has acquired a reputation for curing disease and relieving pain far greater than any medicine ever discovered. Its wonderful cures have astonished the Medical Faculty, who now universally concede its great value. They speak of it in the highest terms, and commend its use.

It is condemned by none. On the contrary, its praise is universal. The cases of cures are so numerous that it would take volumes to recount them; and it is a fixed fact, and is not disputed, that as a Pain Extractor it has no equal. For the many astonishing cures, see the pamphlet, to be had of each agent. If you suffer with either of the diseases for which it is recommended, resort at once to its use and be cured. For the following diseases it is an infallible remedy: Spinal affections, Rheumatism, Paralysis, and all Nervous affections, Salt Rheum, Croup or Hives, Ague in the Breast and Face, Weakness of the Joints, Colds, Toothache, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Ulcerated Sores, Indolent Ulcers, Burns, Frosted Feet, Corns, Bunions, Fresh Wounds, Swellings and Bruises, Scrofulous Affections, Mosquito Bites, and Poisons.

This Liniment is sold by all the respectable Merchants and Druggists throughout the country, and by the Proprietors at Sing Sing, N. Y. GEORGE E. STANTON. AGENTS.—T. Read & Son, Huntingdon; B. F. Patton, Warriorsburg; James Clark, Birmingham; J. R. Hunter & Co., Petersburg; Milliken & Kessler, Mill Creek; A. O. Brown, Shirleysburg; T. E. Orhison & Co., Orbisonia; Blair & Maddon, Cromwell township; A. C. Blair, Clayville. Aug. 24, 1847-3m.

Sheriffality. FELLOW CITIZENS:—I offer myself to your consideration as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF at the ensuing election, and respectfully solicit your support. JOHN WRAY, West township, July 27, 1847.

Dissolution of Partnership. THE partnership which has existed since the 1st of April, A. D. 1844, between the subscribers, in the Mercantile business, at Manor Hill, Petersburg and Nell's Mill under the firm of John R. Hunter & Co., has this day (July 15) been dissolved by mutual consent. The business hereafter will be continued at Nell's Mill by Mr. Hunter, with whom the Books, &c., of the late firm are left for settlement. DAVID BLAIR, JOHN R. HUNTER. July 20, 1847.

S. Steel Blair, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Hollidaysburg, Pa. Will attend attend to all business entrusted to his care in Blair, Huntingdon and Indiana counties. A. B. 46

CHEAP WATCHES & JEWELRY

At the Philadelphia Watch and Jewelry Store, No. 96 North Second Street corner of Quarant. Gold Lever Watches, full jewelled 18 carat cases and gold Dial, 40 00 Silver Lever Watches full jewelled, 20 00 Silver Patent Lever Watches, seven jewels, 18 00 Silver Lepine Watches, jeweled, 12 00 Quarter Watches 8 00 Imitation/Quarter Watches, 6 00 Gold Spectacles, 7 00 Fine Silver Spectacles, 1 60 Gold Bracelets with Topaz Stones, 3 60 Gold Pens with silver Pencil and Holder, 1 25 Ladies Gold Pencils, 1 75 Silver Tea-spoons, from \$4 50 per set to 6 00 Gold Finger-Rings, from 37 50 cents to 80 00 Watch-Glasses.—Plain, 12 1/2 cts; patent 18 1/2; Lunet 25; other Articles in proportion. All goods warranted to be what they are sold for.

On hand some Gold and silver Levers, Lepines and Quarters lower than the above prices. Constantly on hand, an assortment of Silver Table, Desert, Tea salt and Mustard-spoons, Soup-Ladles, Sugar-Tongs, Napkin-Rings, Fruit and Butter Knives, Thimbles, Shields, Knitting Needle Cases and Sheaths, Purse and Reticle Clasps.—The silver warranted to be equal to American Coin.

Also a great variety of Fine Gold Jewelry, consisting in part of Finger-Rings of all styles, set with Diamonds, Rubys, Emerald, Topaz, Garnet, Cornelian, Jasper, Cape May, Amethyst and other stones. Breastpins and Bracelets of all styles set with Stones, and Cameos and Enamelled; Ear-Rings of all styles; Gold Chains of all styles and of the finest quality, together with all other articles in the line, which will be sold unusually low, wholesale and retail.—Also Platina Lightning-Rod Points, by the dozen or single one.

O. CONRAD, Watchmaker & Jeweller N. B.—On hand M. J. Tobias & Co's. best quality full jewelled, Patent Lever Movements, in 18 Carat Gold Cases. Also a quantity of Movements which will be sold any style required, and sold at 5 per cent above the price of Importations. July 20, '47-1y.

PRIVATE SALE.

The subscribers offers for sale, a tract of land, situate in Barree township, Huntingdon county, on the South side of Stone creek, next below Couch's Iron Works, containing about one hundred and twenty one acres—about eighty acres of which are cleared, including about fifteen acres of bottom land, with a good two-story DWELLING HOUSE, and a bank Barn thereon erected; there is also a good bearing orchard, and a spring of never failing water near the house; there is also lime-stone, and the appearance of Iron Ore on the premises.

Any person wishing to purchase will be shown the said property by Jacob Zook, who resides on the same. An indispensable title will be given, and the terms made easy for the purchaser. A. BRADAM ZOOK, Near Allensville, Millin county, Pa. August 3, 1847.

N. B. If the above property is not sold before next November, it will then be offered at public sale. A. Z.

Great Spring and Summer Medicine.

HANCE'S Sarsaparilla Vegetable or Blood Pills.—Fifty pills in a box.—The cheapest and best medicine in existence—for purifying the blood, removing bile, correcting disorders of the stomach and bowels, costiveness, dyspepsia, swimming in the head, &c. Persons of a full habit, who are subject to headache, giddiness, drowsiness, and singing in the ears, arising from too great a flow of blood in the head, should never be without them, as many dangerous symptoms will be entirely carried off by their immediate use.

Read the following wonderful cure of dyspepsia: This is to certify that my wife was afflicted with the Dyspepsia for 12 years, and tried both advertised medicines and Thomsonian, but without effect; and myself attacked with blindness, and my head otherwise affected from hard drinking, so that I was apprehensive of fits; and seeing HANCE'S SARSAPARILLA PILLS advertised, I sent and got a box of them, which, to my astonishment, effected a cure of me and my wife both. I think them without a rival before the public. S. H. HALL, Albemarle st. near Wilk. For sale by Seth S. Hance, 108 Baltimore st., and corner of Charles & Pratt sts., Balt. [Nov 4-y

AGENTS.—T. Read & Son, Huntingdon; Moore & Swoope, Alexandria; A. O. Brown, Shirleysburg; W. W. Buchanan, Mill Creek; Spencer & Flood, Williamsburg.

HANCE'S Compound Syrup of Horehound, for the cure of coughs, colds, consumption, spitting of blood, pain in the side and breast, bronchitis, croup, and all diseases arising from a disordered condition of the lungs or neglected cold. The following sonnet was addressed to the proprietor by a young lady who was cured of Consumption: Ho! ye who pant with failing breath, And pine away and die; Hance shall "put away" your death, And light anew your eye. How sweet it melts upon the tongue, How grateful to the breast! A glorious theme for poet's song, Soothing his cough to rest. Hance! favored of the God's, art thou, A blessing to thy race, Let laurels flourish on thy brow, And wealth those laurels grace. When heroes are forgotten; kings Defunct; or, ceased to rain; Glory, for thee, shall flap her wings, Thou conquerer of pain. Price 50 cts. per bottle, or 6 bottles for \$2 50. Prepared and sold by Seth S. Hance, 108 Baltimore st., and corner Charles and Pratt sts. [Nov 15y

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