

# THE JOURNAL.



Huntingdon, Tuesday, August 17, 1847.

## WHIG NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR:  
**GEN. JAMES IRVIN,**  
OF CENTRE COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER:  
**JOSEPH W. PATTON,**  
OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

**Whig County Ticket.**  
ASSEMBLY:  
DAVID BLAIR, of Huntingdon.  
SHERIFF:  
JOHN G. STEWART, of Huntingdon.  
TREASURER:  
ISAAC NEFF, of West.  
COMMISSIONER:  
JOSHUA GREENLAND, of Cass.  
AUDITOR:  
JAMES GILLAM, of Barree.

V. B. PALMER, Esq., N. W. corner of Third and Chestnut streets, Philadelphia, is our authorized agent for receiving advertisements and subscriptions, and collecting and receiving for the same.

On our first page will be found a dialogue, entitled "Political Difficulties." It is from the pen of a Huntingdon county Mechanic, and we commend it to the attention of all honest democrats.

On our fourth page will be found an amusing account of a "Trip to the Cave" in Sinking Valley. The attention of our young friends is invited to it.

## COUNTY MEETING.

The Whig County Meeting on Wednesday evening last, was one of those old fashioned demonstrations of popular feeling with which we were familiar in 1840, and to participate in which always gave us renewed confidence of success. At an early hour the Court House was crowded with the bone and sinew of the county. The old stand-bys of the party, who have never wavered in their support of correct principles, were there in goodly numbers, to respond to the nomination of their old friend and neighbor Gen. IRVIN, and to assist in adopting measures to secure his election in October. Many of those, too, who have formerly acted with the Locofocos, but who have become disgusted with the time-serving humbuggery of that party, were also there, and gave in their adhesion to the correctness of Whig principles, and avowed their determination to support the candidates of the Whig party. After the organization was completed, the meeting was addressed by A. K. CORRYN, JOHN WILLIAMSON, and A. W. BENEDICT, Esqs. Even if our space would allow it, we would only be doing injustice to these gentlemen by attempting to give an abstract of their truly able and eloquent addresses. Suffice it to say that the objects and aims of the Whig party were presented by them in a bold and manly style, and the ruinous measures of the National and State Administrations, commented on in a strain calculated to carry conviction to every honest heart. Our friend Mr. Benedict also took up and refuted some of the falsehoods uttered on the previous evening by Mr. Shunk's Deputy Attorney General. We do not know whether the young "gentleman" was in the Court House, but can safely predict, if he was, that he will not again attempt a similar harangue in the bailiwick of that "Same Old Coon."

Altogether, the meeting was a most cheering evidence of the continued popularity of Gen. JAMES IRVIN, among the farmers and mechanics of Old Huntingdon. A popularity secured by merit, and which all the detraction of Locofoco presses and leaders is unable to impair. We can therefore confidently assure our Whig friends throughout the State that the Whigs of Huntingdon will do their whole duty in October.

What the editor of the "Globe" means by calling upon us to "retract" our charges against its editor, we are at a loss to determine. A low, dishonest, and false insinuation was directed at us through that paper, and we only called upon the writer to define his meaning. We made no charges whatever, and therefore have nothing to retract.—The editor can either accept our explanation, or make good the threat contained in his last paper, as best suits his inclination.

## THE TICKET.

The Whig County Ticket, as nominated by the Convention on Wednesday last, will be found at our mast head. The gentlemen composing it, are all good and unflinching Whigs, who have in times past done good service in the ranks of the party. And all honest and capable to perform the duties of the respective offices for which they have been put in nomination.

Our Representative of last winter, DAVID BLAIR, Esq., has been again put in nomination. All agree that the County never had a more able and efficient representative at Harrisburg. And all know who visited the Capitol during the last session, that none stood higher, or had more influence in the House, than had Mr. B. In addition to his promptness in attending to the business committed to his hands by his constituents, it is well known that he was one of those who stood up on all occasions for despatching the business with all possible haste, thereby saving to the tax payers thousands of dollars, by making the session the shortest which we have had for the last twenty years. He will doubtless be re-elected by a largely increased majority.

JOHN G. STEWART, the candidate for Sheriff is an active, energetic man; well calculated in every point of view, to make an efficient and popular officer. He is poor, too, and needs as much as any one who could have been selected, the profits arising from the office. He deserves and will, no doubt, receive the entire support of the party.

ISAAC NEFF, the candidate for Treasurer, is one of the old veterans of the Whig party, who has never flinched in the support of Whig principles. The name is deservedly popular in the County, but is seldom before the public for office. Look out, therefore, for a sweeping majority for the Whig County Treasurer on this occasion.

Next on the Ticket comes the name of JOSHUA GREENLAND, the candidate for County Commissioner. This name of itself would be enough to ensure any man an election in Huntingdon county—so widely is it known and so highly is it respected. But in addition to the popularity of the name, the candidate in question is one of those quiet, unassuming men, of sound practical sense, that just fits him for the responsible office for which he has been nominated. Mr. Greenland is a blacksmith by trade, and will therefore look after the mechanical interests, while Messrs. Cummings and Teague take care of the Agricultural.

JAMES GILLAM, the candidate for Auditor, is a clear headed farmer of Barree, who is well known and universally respected in his neighborhood. He is a good Whig, and will make an honest and competent officer.

It is not presumed that none have been disappointed in the formation of the Ticket. Such a result could not be reasonably anticipated. But those who have been disappointed this year, may be successful in carrying out their views next. And if such now rise above their personal feelings, and go heartily into the support of the Ticket, they can reasonably ask, and will no doubt receive, the aid of those who now have their preferences gratified. And, indeed, this is the only true course for all well wishers of the Whig party and its principles to pursue. To adopt a different course, is only to destroy all the objects and aims of Whig organization, to wit: the success of Whig principles by electing to office those who entertain and uphold them.

There is a peculiar obligation resting upon the Whigs of Huntingdon county at this time, to present a bold and unbroken front to the enemy. The nomination of Gen. JAMES IRVIN, was urged upon the Whig party of the State because among other reasons, of his unbounded popularity in Huntingdon and the other counties of this District. Our favorite was successful, and it now becomes our duty to show our Whig brethren of the State that we are worthy of the honor they have done us. Let us go to work, then, at once—throw aside all little prejudices as regards men, look above the standard bearers to the standard itself," and thus move on in unbroken phalanx, until we shall have secured for IRVIN, PATTON, and the whole COUNTY TICKET, a majority worthy of Whigs of Old Huntingdon.

We are requested to state (by one who knows) that comfortable quarters and an obliging host will be found at Col. T. S. WEBB'S Eagle Hotel, in N. 3d st. Phil'a.

## "The Boys" Begging again—What's to be done?

What a pity it is that our County Commissioners will not bestow their patronage upon the "nice young men" in the lower street. The Sheriff will not agree to have his printing done at half price—the Whig candidate for Sheriff is not willing to pay the Locofoco part of the establishment twenty dollars for his influence, and as ever a short career in the Quarter Sessions is expensive, and therefore that pure, disinterested little sheet, the "Messenger," is in great danger of sinking. Can nothing be done for the "boys?" That is the question. It has been ascertained that fifteen dollars a "pair," is the very lowest the publishers can be secured for. Is there no candidate for office willing to make the investment? The "king's counsel" has already suffered pretty severely for the distinction he has gained by his flatterer orations through its columns, and the other benefactors are getting tired answering the demands for pennies.—If the County Commissioners are still determined to resist the study importunities of these "beggars" to do the County printing for nothing, and find themselves, they will indeed be desperate! Something must be done for the "boys" to pay the penalty of blackguard conduct. We doubt whether much could be raised by carrying round a hat, as the community seem delighted at the sound sense of the Jury, and a little disappointed at the tenderness of the Court, in not sending into seclusion the false apostle of Temperance. Poor George Mundy was sent to Moyamensing for a very small offence against the laws, and George Mundy has more wit, if not as much malignity, as the "Mundys" of the "Messenger." If we cannot give the "boys" a little money, (say a half or a quarter—the usual sum expected,) we will contribute our advice, which, if they follow, they will not have to practice a system of begging, which, though easily overlooked in the aged and infirm, must bring upon stout, active young men unmixt contempt. Pursue, then, an upright course. Cease envying your neighbors prosperity, and trying to filch from them their hard earnings by the publication of known falsehoods. Do not dishonor the "craft" by low "rattling." Quit begging, and if you cannot make a respectable living at your trade in an honorable way, take the spade or the mattock; or if your dignity revolts at that, the whip of a boat driver, and make an honest penny. We would have advised the army in Mexico, but the chivalry that exhausts itself in breaking the windows of a peaceable neighbor at night, is not the stuff to make warriors out of. And it also occurs to us that the gallant "Major" was satisfied with his brilliant campaign against the Mexican Nation last fall. That was certainly a dazzling affair so far as it went and was prosecuted with unusual energy up to the time of starting!

"If I had a beaux for a soldier who'd go." But we have already given too much space to a notice of the extremities the Pirates of the Messenger are reduced to. In their base attempts to injure us in our business, they are but acting as the mere tools of "Uncle Alek," and his man Friday, and should therefore not be held responsible. Those attempts have so far failed, and we have no fear of being injured by them whilst the Antimatons of Huntingdon county retain their good sense.

The "Globe" need not think to reconcile the People of Huntingdon to the stab directed at their interests by Mr. Shunk, in his veto of the Broad Top Railroad, by attempting to palm upon their understandings the miserable slang of the Governor in regard to the great danger of Corporations. All know that Mr. Shunk signed the Pa. Railroad Bill, and who pretends to say that is not a greater corporation than a little company to make a railroad from this town to Stonerstown? The humbug about giving the company the privilege of "farming five thousand acres of land" on Broad Top, does not alarm any body in the least. The idea is too ridiculous to receive a moment's consideration.—We advise our neighbor to drop all such clap trap in regard to this question, and set about at once to try and convince the people that the Governor has repented his error, and if elected, will sign the bill at once. This is the only way our neighbor can get Mr. Shunk out of the dilemma, and save him from the terrible drubbing that awaits him in October.

A Great Day in Huntingdon. Thursday last was the greatest day in Huntingdon, of which that venerable citizen, the "oldest inhabitant," has any recollection. The announcement that a procession of Odd Fellows, in full regalia, would take place had aroused the curiosity of the public; and accordingly, at an early hour in the day, all the avenues leading to the town were crowded, and by the middle of the day every nook and corner of our borough was filled to excess. We are unable to make any correct estimate of the number present, and will therefore not venture a supposition in the premises.

In another column will be found an account of the proceedings as furnished by Col. D. Buoy, Chief Marshal of the day. The procession made quite an imposing appearance, the regalia of one branch of the order being exceedingly rich and beautiful. The banners, too, were also elegantly got up, and attracted great attention and universal admiration. The music was very fine, and reflected great credit on the gentlemen composing the various bands in attendance. We had not the pleasure of hearing the address delivered by Hon. Geo. R. McFarlane, but understand that it was an able effort, and gave general satisfaction to the company. Whatever may be the opinions of many in regard to the objects and aims of Odd Fellowship, we think all were gratified, who witnessed the display on this occasion, with the respectable bearing of the members, and the good order which marked the proceedings of the day throughout.

Locofoco County Meeting. The Locofoco County meeting on Tuesday evening last, proved to be a most miserable failure. Had it not been for Shunk's office-holders and their relatives, an organization could scarcely have been effected. But happily there were a sufficient number of these disinterested patriots present, to make the affair move off. Judge Gwin was made chairman, Major S. Caldwell, County Surveyor, Secretary, and John Scott, Esq., Prosecuting Attorney, made the speech and reported the resolutions!—Who wonders that Shunk was opposed to giving the election of Prosecuting Attorney's to the People! Had an election taken place in Huntingdon county last year for that office, no one could have been found to stand up for the Shunk cause in the Locofoco county meeting on Tuesday night last. We had intended to take some notice of the palpable falsehoods uttered by the young gentleman in his speech, but after listening to the castigation he received on Wednesday evening, to a crowded Court House, we concluded to allow him to pass into the obscurity which awaits him after the 22d Tuesday of October next, without any further notice at our hands. It is worthy of remark that not a single applause was elicited by the speech, and the few present appeared very much relieved when the young gentleman took his seat. The meeting adjourned at an early hour, their countenances indicating the conviction of their hearts, that "old Shunk" is "no go" in Huntingdon county.

## POLK AND SHUNK TICKET.

Our Locofoco friends of this county placed the following ticket in nomination on Wednesday evening last. We shall have something to say in regard to the claims of some of these gentlemen to public favor, at a future time:  
Assembly.—DR. J. M. GEMMILL.  
Sheriff.—MATTHEW CROWNOVER.  
Treasurer.—DAVID BLACK.  
Commissioner.—ROBERT SPEER.  
Auditor.—ISAAC COOK.

The Whigs of Berks County assembled in mass meeting in the borough of Reading last week, to make arrangements for the fall election. Resolutions were adopted in favor of GEN. TAYLOR as the Whig candidate for President.

The Locofocos held a meeting on the next day, and voted down resolutions in favor of the old Hero.

MORE EVIDENCE.—The Harrisburg Telegraph says that the Editor during last week, had a conversation with a gentleman, formerly an officer in the army, with Gen. Taylor, and who has been personally and intimately acquainted with him for a great number of years, and who assured him that he has a perfect knowledge of the General's political character. He stated that Gen. Taylor was a "Whig, a whole Whig, and nothing but a Whig;" that he was opposed to the annexation of Texas; and opposed to the war with Mexico, believing that it could have been avoided with honor and safety. He stated further, that he was opposed to the further extension of slave territory; and in favor of a protective tariff.

## THE ELECTIONS.

THE WHIG SKIES BRIGHT.  
KENTUCKY.  
The results of the recent elections are of the most cheering character.

We are still without definite returns from this State. But what we have would seem to indicate that the Congressional delegation will stand 6 Whigs to 4 Locofocos. If this be so the Whigs lose one member owing to divisions in their ranks, in several of the districts. The Legislature is largely Whig.

We take the following from the North American of last evening. The probability is that Mr. Polk has received a rebuke from his own State.

TENNESSEE.  
COLUMBUS, O.—The mail brings me the Nashville Banner of Monday, which has unofficial returns from thirteen counties in Middle Tennessee, where the Democratic strength lies, and where in 1845 A. V. BROWN, D., received 30,292 votes, and FOSTER, W., 25,639, there has been a Whig gain of 1150.

In Eastern Tennessee, there is a Whig gain in Marion county, usually a strong Whig county.

The Banner has not a doubt of the election of a Whig Governor by twice the majority which the present Democratic Governor had in '45; his majority in the State then was 1470.

## NORTH CAROLINA.

The Whigs have carried the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 8th and 9th Districts certainly. The Democrats the 6th and 7th. In the 5th District the majorities for Kerr, Whig, are, Granville 174, Orange 190, Catham 576—total 940. Venable has 233 in Person county, and Caswell reported about 700. This elects Kerr by 7 votes, but Caswell is only in round numbers, and Polk's majority was 900.

The members of Congress elected, are:  
1st—T. L. Clingman, Whig.  
2d—Nathaniel Boyden, Whig, gain.  
3d—D. M. Barringer, Whig.  
4th—A. H. Shepperd, Whig.  
5th—Doubtful.  
6th—James J. McKay, Dem.  
7th—J. R. J. Daniel, Dem.  
8th—R. S. Donnell, Whig, gain.  
9th—David Outlaw, Whig, gain.

ALABAMA.  
The returns of the State are not yet full enough to tell who is Governor. No comparison can be formed with the last gubernatorial election, when an independent was elected. The following members of Congress are known to be elected:

1st John Gale, Whig, gain.  
2d H. H. Hilliard, Whig, re-elected.  
3d S. W. Harris, Dem.  
7th F. W. Bowdon, Dem.

## INDIANA.

ZANESVILLE, Aug. 13—8 P. M.  
We have the official returns from the 6th District of Indiana, and George G. Dunn, Whig, is elected to Congress by twelve majority.

In the 10th District, William Rockhill, Dem., is certainly elected. The Congressional Delegation, therefore, stands—Whigs, 4; Dem., 6.

1 Elish Embree, Whig gain.  
2 Thomas J. Henley, Dem.  
3 John L. Robinson, Dem.  
4 Caleb B. Smith, Whig.  
5 William W. Wick, Dem.  
6 Georg G. Dunn—Whig gain.  
7 Richard W. Thompson, Whig.  
8 John Pettit, Dem.  
9 Charles W. Cathcart, Dem.  
10 William Rockhill, Dem.

The Whigs gain in these elections render it certain that there will be a Whig majority in the next House of Representatives at Washington.

## Daring Robbery.

Just before going to press, we learn that a Pedlar, named David March, was robbed this morning about nine o'clock, on the Ridge between this place and Alexandria, of \$1632. Mr. M. thinks there were three robbers in company, two of whom tied him to a tree, gagged, and then robbed him of his money, which he had secured around his body. In cutting the money from his person, they inflicted a slight wound on his side. The following reward is offered for the recovery of the money and the apprehension of the robbers:

## \$100 REWARD

Will be paid for the apprehension of the robbers and the recovery of \$1550 in bank notes and \$82 in specie, forcibly taken from me this morning, about nine o'clock, on the Ridge, about 4 1-2 miles below the town of Alexandria. One of the robbers had on dark pants and light cross-barred or checkered coat. There was two or three in company.

DAVID MARCH.  
Huntingdon, Aug. 17, 1847.

COUNTERFEITS.—The "Philadelphia Ledger" of Friday last, says that well executed counterfeit \$5 notes, on the Bank of Middletown, Pa., are in circulation. Also \$3 notes on the Mechanic's Bank of Newark, N. J., and \$3 notes on the Marine Bank of New Bedford, which can be easily detected, on account of their bad execution.

Nearly 100,000 emigrants left Liverpool in the first six months of the present year, in 431 ships.

## LATER FROM THE ARMY.

### GEN. SCOTT IN THE CAPITOL.

The last and most important news from the Army appears in the New Orleans National of the 2d inst. to the effect that Gen. Scott entered the city of Mexico on the 17th of July, after a severely contested struggle with a large Mexican force, about eight miles this side of the capitol, commanded by Santa Anna in person. Our loss is put down at three hundred killed and wounded, the slaughter of the enemy having been immense. As soon as the battle was decided, the civil authorities came out to meet Gen. Scott, and forthwith offered terms of capitulation, which were accepted.

Gen. TAYLOR was at Walnut Springs, near Monterey, still awaiting the arrival of reinforcements, when, it is confidently stated, he will advance on San Luis Potosi, and from thence to the city of Mexico. The health of all the troops is good at Saltillo, Monterey, Cerualvo, Mier and Matamoros. This remark applies to those recently arrived, as well as the more acclimated. Gen. Taylor's whole command at the present time is about 7000 men—not more. Of these, Gen. Wool has with him at Buena Vista, 2900, or thereabout; they are immediately under Gen. Taylor, at Monterey, 800; at Mier, Cerualvo and Matamoros, there are about 3300.

### LATER FROM MEXICO.

RICHMOND, August 13, 1847.

The Picayune and Delta of the 6th inst., contains intelligence brought by the arrival at New Orleans of the Steamer Ohio, from Brazos.

The Matamoros Flag states that it had been rumored there for a week that Gen. Scott had reached the city of Mexico with a loss of three hundred men, and it now learns on good authority that positive intelligence had been received there to that effect, but whether the fight occurred at Rio Frio or at the city itself, or what time General Scott arrived there, are matters still uncertain.

It was also asserted that Gen. Valencia had left San Luis for the capital with a large force. Gen. Hopping received information that Urrea was this side of the mountains with 4000 men. General Hopping immediately sent to Matamoros for a squadron of dragoons, but only one company was sent him.

Carabajal, with about 250 men, had been seen 25 leagues beyond Matamoros, and had detained a large number of mules, loaded for that place, besides one hundred cargoes of goods, sent from Matamoros for Monterey.

It was rumored at Buena Vista that Gen. Russ, with a force of three thousand men, was on his march, and that troops were also moving on Parras. A company of mounted men had been stationed at the pass below Saltillo, and pickets posted on the road to Nueva, and other measures taken to guard against any sudden movement.

Capt. Parker, with two pieces of Artillery, was sent to reconnoitre, but nothing had been discovered. Information had been received from Mexicans at Parras that the Indians had destroyed three ranchos and killed 300 Mexicans.

Apprehensions existed of an attack being made upon the depot at the mouth of the Rio Grande, where there are some seventy loads of public property, guarded by only fifteen men.

The steamer Fashion has not yet arrived.

Intelligence from Gen. Taylor's camp is up to the 26th ult. The papers from the city of Mexico received there are filled with allusions to the mission of Mr. Trist and his offers of peace, and state that the British minister advised its acceptance. The press however, denounce it as outrageous and insulting, and urge the people to repel "the Yankees."

Seventeen interments are reported at New Orleans from yellow fever during the twenty-four hours ending at 9 o'clock on the morning of the 5th inst. Six deaths occurred at the Charity Hospital subsequently on the same day.

ROBERT J. WALKER, Mr. Polk's Secretary of the Treasury is looked upon as a democrat good and true, although he voted for the Bankrupt Law and against its Repeal, and paid his debts by availing himself of the benefits of that Law. Mr. IRVIN, who also voted for the Law is denounced because he chose to pay his hands with money instead of the Bankrupt Law; and for so doing he is denounced as an aristocrat and hard-hearted ironmaster. From such facts the Locofocos conclude that the former is a better man than the latter—a strange manner of forming a correct opinion, truly.

The Editor of the Easton Argus, who is notorious for his reckless disregard of truth, charges one of Gen. Irvin's brothers, with having taken the benefit of the Bankrupt Law. This charge, like all others that emanate from the same source, is absolutely and unqualifiedly false. None of the General's brothers have taken the benefit of that law; and if we were dealing with an Editor who had the honesty and independence to retract a lie, we might expect him to do justice to a man he has foully slandered. Hutter, however, belongs to that class of Locofoco editors who act upon the principle that "a lie well stuck to is as good as the truth."—Whig