



Huntington, Tuesday, July 6, 1847.

WHIG NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR: GEN. JAMES IRVIN, OF CENTRE COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER: JOSEPH W. PATTON, OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

V. B. PALMER, Esq., N. W. corner of Third and Chestnut streets, Philadelphia, is our authorized agent for receiving advertisements and subscriptions, and collecting and receiving for the same.

To Business Men. The HUNTINGDON JOURNAL has a much larger circulation in Huntingdon county, than any other paper published in it, and consequently is the most desirable advertising medium.

DELEGATE MEETINGS AND COUNTY CONVENTION.

THE Democratic Whigs of the several Townships will hold meetings, at the usual places, on Saturday, August 8th, 1847, for the purpose of electing two delegates to represent their several townships in County Convention, to be held in Huntingdon on Wednesday, the 11th day of August, 1847, to place in nomination a Ticket, to be supported at the coming election.

The Committee would urge upon the friends of truth and order, the importance of attending the primary meetings. All who love their party, its principles, its organization, and desire its success—and believe it the safeguard of our Laws and privileges, should be early in the field, and faithful and untiring in its endeavors to secure success. Neglect of a first duty will bring coldness and carelessness, in the performance of subsequent ones. Old Huntingdon has arrayed herself already among the faithful.—She must maintain her post of honor.

- A. W. BENEDICT, J. W. THOMPSON, JOHN READ, JACOB SNYDER, A. H. BUMBAUGH, A. ALLISON, E. ORBISON, JAMES MAGUIRE, J. P. DEWEES, J. M. STEVENS, JOSHUA GREENLAND, JAMES CLARKE, JOHN SWOOPE, ISAAC WOOLVERTON, County Committee.

FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

The "JOURNAL" will be furnished from the present time, until after the October election, at the low rate of Fifty Cents per copy, when clubs of four or more can be raised—the money to accompany the order. Will the friends of IRVIN and PATTON throughout the county exert themselves to have clubs raised, and forward the names and money without delay? Now is the time to act!

The Charter of American Liberty—the Declaration of Independence—will be found on our fourth page. This document should receive at least an annual perusal by every lover of his country and her free institutions.

The request of an "Operator" will be attended to in our next. The "strictures" of a "Washingtonian" have been mislaid. If the MS can be found we will give them a place.

"WE RISE TO EXPLAIN."—Some of our Presbyterians friends, we understand, are at a loss to know why we headed the resolutions of the General Assembly, relating to the war, "More Treason." We answer, because the supporters of the President stigmatize every one who dares express regret on account of the existence of the war, or ventures to doubt the propriety of its commencement, as "traitors to the country."—And the heading of the resolutions was therefore intended as irony upon them, and not as any reflection upon the members of the General Assembly.

An article in our last, commenting on an article which appeared in the Harrisburg Union, relative to establishing manufacturing establishments, should have been credited to the Lewistown Gazette instead of the Juniata Times.—Our friend of the Gazette will excuse the mistake.

COUNTERFEITS.—\$100 notes on the Dayton Branch of the State Bank of Ohio have made their appearance. Also, counterfeit \$10 notes on the Cayuga County Bank, New York, and \$1 notes on the State Bank of Indiana.

GULL TRAPS.

The Locofoco papers in general are teeming with anonymous letters designed to show, in the babyish language of one of the writers, "that 'old daddy Shunk' will be elected by an overwhelming majority." And one, no doubt a "gentleman from the neighborhood of Bellefonte," as he dates at that place, asserts that "many old and heretofore firm Whigs, express themselves openly opposed to the election of Gen. Irvin."

These letters, as they are founded in falsehood, of course assign no reasons for the bold assertions which they contain. The editors invariably introduce them as letters, and assume it as a fixed fact that the "toiling millions" will swallow any dose prepared by "gentlemen," by which we understand them to mean those worn out political hacks and party paid clerks who infest Washington and Harrisburg and other places in the country. There was a time, perhaps, when a majority of the people believed everything they saw in print—there may be a few such persons yet; but we opine that the mass of voters have not forgotten that they have heretofore been deceived, betrayed, and swindled out of their suffrages by the same "gentlemen" and the same editors, who now write and publish falsehoods with so much avidity.

The letter of Jas. K. Polk to John K. Kane, is fresh in the memory of Pennsylvanians—and so is the story of "Mr. Polk's near neighbor;" and the people see that the anonymous stories told by irresponsible Locofoco leaders in this campaign are but miserable imitations of those villainous impositions of the campaign of 1844. And it is a significant fact, that the authors of all those frauds, forgeries and impositions have since been rewarded with good offices under the National or State Government. No wonder, then, that office-seekers are vying with each other in inventing schemes to defraud the honest yeomanry out of their votes.

Whenever any statement concerning Gen. Irvin and his prospects appear in Locofoco papers, not accompanied by the name of some responsible person, the people may safely set them down as unworthy of belief; and when purporting to be made over the signature of a citizen, let the people even then beware and see that it be not a forgery.

Taylor Meeting at Harrisburg. A Meeting of the "One Term" wing of the Locofoco party, was held in Harrisburg on the evening of the 22d ult., at which Gen. Taylor was nominated for the Presidency. Judge Dock presided, assisted by Jas. Peacock, the Post Master, and others. Senator CAMERON introduced J. M. REED and Ex-Recorder VAUX of Philadelphia, who made Taylor speeches! The feelings of the meeting towards the present State Administration may be inferred from the following which we find in the Pa. Telegraph:

"He that Runs can Read." At the Democratic Taylor meeting on Saturday night, resolutions introduced in favor of "SHUNK AND LONG-STRETH," were opposed by GEN. CAMERON, and voted down by a substitute offered by Col. Salisbury that the proceedings of the meeting be signed by the officers and published.—We need scarcely say that this has given great offence to the friends of Shunk, and caused an open quarrel that is not likely to be easily allayed.

GEN. CAMERON AND GOV. SHUNK.—What do our Locofoco cotemporaries, who have been asserting that all was right between Cameron and Shunk, think of the late move of the General in the Taylor meeting at Harrisburg? Opposing resolutions in favor of Shunk, does not look much like supporting his election. Gen. Cameron may be friendly to Mr. Shunk, but we think he has a very strange way of showing it!

EFFECTS OF THE WAR.—The Mexican War is truly Haman's gallow, destined to hang its inventors. Instead of a trap for the Whigs, as designed by the managers at Washington, it is the means of hastening and rendering certain the downfall of the party that needlessly produced it. It is likely not only to give us a Whig President, and secure Whig ascendancy in the Union for a long time to come; but it promises to give us several States heretofore hopelessly wedded to locofocoism. Among these is Missouri, so long under the sway of Col. Benton. There the Whigs are about to bring out a candidate for Governor, Col. Doniphan, the Hero of Sacramento, a true and sterling Whig, who, it is said, will sweep the State by an immense majority. Thus good comes out of evil, and a righteous retribution falls upon those who have wickedly produced a war which even Col. Benton has declared might and should have been avoided.

A letter is going the rounds of the papers, purporting to come from Gen. Taylor, in which the following sentence occurs: "In no case can I permit myself to be the candidate of any party or yield myself to party schemes." The Washington Whig pronounces the letter a forgery.

VIRGINIA ELECTION.—Morgan county, Va. has returned A. Michael, Whig, to the Legislature, by 13 majority. His majority in April was one, and he resigned in consequence of his election being disputed. This result makes a tie on joint ballot.

Anniversary of American Independence.

Celebration at the Warm Springs. The anniversary of American Independence was celebrated by the citizens of this place and neighborhood, on Saturday last, at the "Warm Springs;" kept by Jas. Carmont, Jr. And although no very general notice had been given of the celebration, about three hundred persons, including Ladies and Gentlemen old age and youth, assembled together to celebrate with "thanksgiving and festivity" the "glorious and immortal day" of American Independence.

At 2 o'clock P. M. the company sat down to a sumptuous dinner provided for them by mine host of the "Springs;" and we have rarely seen a company do more ample justice to the "good things" prepared for them, than did those assembled on this occasion. Mr. Carmont done himself great credit in making provision for his guests—and the guests gave him a practical demonstration that his efforts to please were highly appreciated by them.

After the removal of the cloth the company organized by the appointment of Major SAMUEL CALDWELL, President; JOHN REED, Esq., E. L. FLOWMAN, H. A. BUMBAUGH, OWEN BOAT and A. GWIN, Esq. Vice Presidents; James Clark and B. J. Kough, Secretaries.

On motion, Major GEO. RAYMOND read, in a clear and forcible style, the Declaration of Independence.

A. K. CORNYN, Esq., being then called for, came forward and addressed the company in his own peculiar energetic and fervent style. His remarks were listened to with marked attention and greeted with rounds of applause.

JOHN SCOTT, Esq. was then called for, and addressed the company. His remarks were truly eloquent and purely patriotic; and the sentiments he expressed found a hearty response in the breasts of all present.

At the close of the speaking, on motion of Jas. Clark, three hearty cheers were given by the entire company, for the Officers and Soldiers of the American Army, now in Mexico.

The meeting then adjourned, and each one returned to his home apparently highly gratified with the exercises of the day.

One of the enormous charges against Gen. Irvin, for which, as Locofoco prints would have it, the people ought to reject him, is that he voted against refunding Gen. Jackson's fine. Upon examining the Extra Globe, first session of the 28th Congress, page 120, it will be found that Gen. Irvin voted in the affirmative on the question. This charge being disposed of, what shall we have next!

THE DECLINE IN PRODUCE.—It is now thought by many that the recent attack upon the Lewistown Bank, by the Hollidaysburg Standard, is the true cause of the decline in the grain market! The Globe man has not yet given his opinion! The public await it with breathless anxiety.

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The Young Guard in Motion!

The Whigs of Gettysburg, Adams county, (the home of Hon. JAS. COOPER) held a meeting on Thursday evening last, for the purpose of electing delegates to a county convention. After the business of the meeting was transacted, the Hon. James Cooper being called for made an able and eloquent appeal to the Whigs present to prepare for the coming contest. In concluding a notice of Mr. C's speech, the Stars says:

Mr. Cooper appealed to his friends by all the considerations of attachment and devotion which they had so often manifested for him, to give Gen. IRVIN and Mr. PATTON an earnest and cordial support. Adams county must not falter in her fidelity to the Whig cause; and he felt assured that no true son of hers, would ever desert the standard of the party, or disgrace the name which she had earned by her resolute steadiness, resembling that of the "Young Guard" of Napoleon, which had so often turned the tide of war on the battle-fields of Europe.

Mr. Coopers remark's were eloquent throughout, and elicited from the meeting the warmest demonstrations of applause. After he had concluded, the following Resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we, the neighbors and personal friends of the Hon. James Cooper, cordially respond to the nomination of GEN. JAS. IRVIN for the office of Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; and pledge ourselves to our Whig brethren throughout the State to use every honorable effort in our power to secure his election.

Resolved, That we in like manner, cheerfully respond to the nomination of JOS. W. PATTON, the Whig nominee for the office of Canal Commissioner, and pledge ourselves to give him a zealous and cordial support.

The Ball has now been opened; on Monday the Ticket to be supported by the Whigs of this county will have been completed, and then every man will be expected to roll up his sleeves and go to work; and our brethren throughout the State may rest assured that although overruled in their preferences for their distinguished fellow-citizens as the candidate of the party, there will be no faltering in the men who compose the "Young Guard!" With their gifted leader, they will "follow the Whig standard into the thickest of the fight," and be found, as heretofore, battling in the front rank.

A GOOD JOKE.—A correspondent of the Trenton Gazette states that, on the arrival of the President at Philadelphia, the "supes" of Arch-st. Theatre, not wishing to be outdone by their neighbors; threw out to the breeze one of the famous flags used in 1841 with the following inscription in the tallest kind of letters. "Polk, Dallas, Shunk and the Tariff of '42;" whereupon arose a shout which would have done honor to the unterrified of that eventful year. So matters stood for about an hour, when some of the older boys suggested an improvement by cutting off the Tariff; thus making, unwittingly, more of the history of Mr. Polk's intrigue for office and of his Administration, than either the young or the old boys intended.

FRUITS OF ANNEXATION.—The Galveston Telegraph learns that the holders of Texas promissory notes and bonds are going to make strenuous exertions to get the next Congress to assume the whole debt of Texas. "They are encouraged to expect success from the fact that the claims of Messrs. Dawson & Co., for the Texas Navy, were recommended to be paid by a committee of the House of Representatives at the last session of Congress. This recommendation was made on the ground that our revenue was pledged for the payment of this debt, and because the United States has now both our revenue and the navy."

ATTENTION! THE WHOLE!—A pamphlet has been issued by Andreas Bernardus Smolnikar, which gives notice to all men and women, that a Convention will be held on the 12th of August next, in Trumbull county, Ohio, to prepare for the millennium.

WHAT A DAY MAY BRING FOURTH.—On the 1st inst. Mrs. Margaret Day, wife of Geo. W. Day, of Bucks county, Pa., was safely delivered of four children, three girls and a boy.

Among the passengers on the 21st inst. to Saut de Ste. Marie by the steamer Sam. Ward, was Dr. Jackson, appointed by the President Chief of the Surveying and Exploring Service on Lake Superior. We shall expect an interesting description of the Mineral Country from the learned doctor.

At a large Whig meeting in Charlotte, Va., on the 3d inst., Gen. Taylor was unanimously nominated for the Presidency.

A Democrat of Dauphin to his Political Brethren.

MR. EDITOR:—Having noticed in your last paper a communication from a Democrat of Centre to his political brethren, on the subject of the next gubernatorial election, permit me as a democrat—one who has acted with the democratic party for the last thirty years—and on behalf of many old democrats in this county, to express our approbation of the sentiments contained in the communication. They are sentiments which cannot but be espoused by every lover of true democracy; by all who feel interested in the political welfare of the Keystone State. Permit us also, to express our disapprobation for the man who now holds the situation, as nominee of the Democratic State Convention. How he obtained the nomination is sufficiently well known, at least to those, who, regardless of the people's rights, and of the democratic party, sacrificed every principle to carry out a design, which must prove deleterious to the democratic party, and to the prosperity of our commonwealth.

Let us for a moment, turn back, and ask what claim Shunk has for the support of the democracy? Witness his course in '44, when a convention of the people assembled in order to select a candidate for the gubernatorial chair.—After a large majority of said convention had declared H. A. Muhlenberg to be the regularly nominated candidate, this aspirant to office, not satisfied with his own rejection, determined to sever the union of the democratic party. Yes! Francis R. Shunk would have defeated the Democratic party in '44. He now comes before those people he would have defeated in '44, and asks their support! Can the Democracy—the friends of the lamented Muhlenberg give it? I answer, and I know, not alone, NO NEVER!—And every days' experience makes me more confident of the fact, that the Democracy—the friends of Muhlenberg—the One Term Men—CANNOT SUPPORT HIM. They cannot so easily forget his course in '44. And while the fire of patriotism burns within their bosoms they will never again vote for F. R. Shunk; rather will they see the candidate of the opposite party—who is known to be their friend—seated in the chair of State. If Democracy does not get its full principle carried out, it asks no compromises. Submission to tyrants it has always detested—sycophantic actions it equally abhors—and dishonorable conduct should be foreign to its character.

We can never as true and genuine democrats give our assent to the use of such foul and corrupt means as was used to place Shunk in re-nomination. That Mr. Shunk did force his re-nomination on the party, it is useless to attempt to conceal. But he has only half accomplished his end. He is yet to be elected.—And he will find "forcing" a more difficult operation than he has ever yet accomplished. In fact, the sovereign people know no such word as FORCE.

The fact of Francis R. Shunk having divided the party in 1844, without cause, requires of every true Democrat to deposit his vote in such a way as will put a quietus upon this political aspirant forever. Let the Democracy show on the "2nd Tuesday," that they will not suffer their rights to be invaded by broken down politicians and demagogues who have been turned out of office for their dishonesty; and by so doing, they will preserve the honor of the State, the purity of their principles, and defeat the schemes of an impure dynasty, who think the people their slaves, and must bow at every nod they may be pleased to make. When I express these sentiments, Mr. Editor, I am one only of thousands of Democrats who entertain the same opinions. In fact, it is utterly impossible for Gov. Shunk to effect his re-election. It matters not what means may be used. Let him indulge the vain dream while he can, for the 2nd Tuesday of October will bring a "change over the spirit of it," when he will find himself in a glorious minority of at least 20,000.

A DEMOCRAT OF DAUPHIN: EAST HANOVER, May 18, 1847.

The exports of Flour from New York since the 1st instant are upwards of 253,000 barrels, or more than 10,000 barrels per day. The exports of Corn, Wheat and Barley, during the same time, were nearly a million bushels a day. The Express says that this is an amount of export altogether unprecedented.

A POSER.—What is the difference between the course of Benedict Arnold, in granting a free PASS to Major Andre, (British Spy,) and James K. Polk, in doing the same thing for Santa Anna the Commander-in-chief of the Mexican forces?

IMPORTANT DECISION.—The long dubious question concerning the vested rights of umbrella buyers, has been settled by a decision of the Police Court at Boston. A penalty of \$3 was imposed upon Mr. Mahony, for hooking one of those articles "promiscuously," as though it were a subject of common plunder. Henceforth a man's personal estate includes his umbrella.

WHIG MEETING.

A meeting of the opponents of the present National and State Administrations convened in the Old Court House, in Huntingdon, on Saturday evening, 3d July, 1847, without any previous notice given, except the ringing of the bell. A respectable number of citizens being present, DANIEL AFRICA, Esq., was called to the chair, and DAVID SNARE, Esq., JOHN FLENNER, ALEX. CARMONT, and JOHN ARMITAGE, Esq., were appointed Vice Presidents; and Edward Summers and A. H. Bumbaugh, Secretaries.

On motion, J. S. Stewart, Esq., Wm. E. McMurtrie, Wm. Summers, J. D. Hall, Edmund Neff, Wm. Johnston, C. H. Miller, John J. Bumbaugh, Daniel Whittaker, Warren Raymond, Peter Livingston, J. F. Miller and Wm. A. Saxton, were appointed a committee to draft a preamble and resolutions expressing the sense of the meeting.

During the absence of the committee, A. K. CORNYN, Esq., having been called upon, entertained the audience by an eloquent address, in which he exposed the hypocrisy of the Polk administration in attempting to brand the great Whig party of the Union as traitors to common country, because they dare censure Mr. Polk for bringing about the deplorable war in which we are involved—showing that Mr. Polk himself rendered "aid and comfort" to the enemy by his admission of Santa Anna into Mexico—and pointing to the glorious names of such Whigs as Ringgold, Watson, Clay, Woods, Hardin and McKee, whose blood sealed their devotion to their country, as examples of Whig patriotism. He showed in glowing words, how the hypocritical knaves attempted to tarnish the hard earned fame of the Hero of the war, Gen. ZACHARY TAYLOR, by their vote of censure—how they attempted to supersede him by their Lieutenant General project—how they robbed him of his best troops, and in that condition expected their own passed General Santa Anna, with over 20,000 men, could crush him; but now, finding the old hero could withstand the shock of all their damning machinations to overthrow him, they change their plan of attack, and profess to be the steadfast friends of that injured old patriot. God save him from such friends. The Speaker then dwelt for a short time on the great importance of the coming election in this Commonwealth, exhorting all who wished well to the country and its institutions, all whose feelings were aroused by the abuse of the just and the brave, to join with us and condemn the weak, corrupt and imbecile Polk administration, by hurling from power its supporter and pliant tool, Francis R. Shunk.

At the close of Mr. Cornyn's address, the committee on resolutions, through their chairman, reported the following:

Resolved, That the people recognize in General ZACHARY TAYLOR a statesman and patriot, eminently fitted to preside over their interests as President of the United States. That he has won for himself and his country imperishable renown in the fearful and bloody strife of many a battle-field; and his unyielding courage and cool judgment may be viewed as the great cause, added to the stern bravery of the soldiers, of the glorious victories of the American arms over the fearful numbers of the best blood of the Aztecs.

Resolved, That that administration whose partisan zeal and uncalculated envy has wielded its purse and power to destroy the well earned fame and cripple the iron energies of such a commander and such a soldier, deserve and will receive the universal execration of a grateful people.

Resolved, That Locofoco enmity and ingratitude combined cannot and will not tarnish the fair fame of the hero of Lundy's Lane and Cerro Gordo—and the American people will yet do him justice in awarding him that distinguished post his character so richly deserves.

Resolved, That GEN. JAMES IRVIN is a man whose whole life is calculated to win our admiration and applause—a Pennsylvanian in every sense of the word; a man of more than ordinary judgment and discrimination, who uniting with his capillary those exalted virtues, HONESTY and LIBERILITY, is entitled to and shall receive our most active exertions to secure his election to the gubernatorial chair of Pennsylvania.

Resolved, That JOS. W. PATTON is, by practical experience upon our canals and railroads, well fitted to fill the responsible station of Canal Commissioner, and he shall therefore receive our energetic and united support for said office.

Which, on motion, were unanimously adopted by the meeting.

On motion, resolved, That the proceedings be signed by the officers and published in the Whig papers of Huntingdon and Blair counties.

[Signed by the Officers.]

SUNDAY.—"The battle of Palo Alto was fought on Sunday, the 8th day of May."

"The American army arrived and took position in front of Monterey on Sunday the 20th day of September—the battle commenced the next morning."

"The battle of Del Norte, New Mexico was fought on Sunday, 24th of January."

"The battle of Buena Vista commenced on Sunday, the 21st day of February."

"The surrender of the city and castle of Vera Cruz was made to General Scott, on Sunday, the 25th day of February."

"The battle of Sacramento Chihuahua, was fought on Sunday 28th day of March."

"The Battle of Sierra Gorda commenced on Sunday the 18th day of April."