

FROM MEXICO.

SANTA ANNA REPORTED TO HAVE BEEN SHOT BY HIS SOLDIERS—DISTRESS OF THE MEXICAN ARMY—GREAT EXCITEMENT.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9, 1847.

The Southern mail of this evening brings the Picayune, Extra, of the 2d inst., containing news from Anton Lizardo to the 20th ult.—Letters received state that the Mexican Congress on the 8th, after a stormy debate, approved the first section of a bill authorizing the Government to raise fifteen millions by the hypothecation and sale of certain property belonging to the Church—Santa Anna opposed this, and it is rumored that his opposition so exasperated his soldiers that they had shot him.

This report needs confirmation, but many circumstances render it not improbable. The army was in great distress.

The passage of the law created the greatest excitement in Mexico. The churches were closed, and every indication of mourning and resistance evinced by those who support the religious establishments. The Mexican Congress and Mexican press everywhere appeared thoroughly aroused. "The issue they make is 'Ser o no ser'—to be or not to be."

It is stated on the authority of dates not so late as contained in the Picayune extra, that Santa Anna had withdrawn 15,000 men from San Luis, and marched with them towards the city of Mexico, affairs there requiring his presence.

FROM THE ARMY.

The steamers McKim and Alabama have arrived at New Orleans, and Galveston dates to the 29th, and Brazos to the 31st ult. have been received.

Gen. Worth, with his command, had arrived at Brazos via Camargo, on the 23d. Gens. Scott and Worth are to take command of the main and regular army now concentrating at Tampico, or at some place in its neighborhood.

The new recruits rendezvous at the island of Lobos, 60 miles south of Tampico.

The opinion is almost universal, that the movement is to be against Vera Cruz, and it is understood that that place is to be invested by land and water.

Col. Harney, with five companies of dragoons, was expected to arrive at Matamoros on the 21st ult., on which day Col. Duncan arrived there.

Gen. Taylor had returned to Monterey, where he was to remain in command of the volunteers.

His orders to this effect had proceeded from Gen. Scott, who now holds the chief command.

Gen. Wool was at Saltillo, or its neighborhood, in command of a force of 3,000.

The country from Reynosa, Camargo and Mier, and through to Monterey, are filled with marauding Mexicans and robbers.

Col. Harney had been arrested by Gen. Scott, for disobedience of orders, and was to be tried immediately by a court martial.

Gen. Worth is said to be quite unwell. Gen. Scott and staff were at the Brazos, but it was thought would sail in a few days for Tampico.

The First Pennsylvania Regiment had arrived at Brazos—all well. It is said they had been ordered to Lobos.

Gen. Patterson arrived at Tampico on the 23d, with 4,500 men. Gens. Twigs, Quitman, and Pillow were along.

The steamer Cincinnati had been lost on the 22d, near Tampico.

LATER FROM MEXICO.

The New Orleans Picayune of the 3d instant, gives the particulars of the discussion in the Mexican Congress on the project to raise \$15,000,000 by mortgages on the property of the Clergy, selling the same if necessary to raise the same. The project was laid before Congress on the night of the 7th, and the discussion commenced the next morning, and lasted until 7 o'clock in the evening, when a statement was read from the Vicar General in opposition to the project. After much discussion the project as to the mortgage was carried by a vote of 55 to 31.

The question giving power to sell the Church property was then discussed, and also decided in the affirmative—44 to 36. The great argument of ministry in the debate was, that unless means were placed in the command of the Government, the Vice President would not be responsible for the safety of the country, and he was apprehensive that without funds to carry on the war, the army would be disbanded, and march upon the Capital to light the torch of civil war.

The files of papers received, contain no accounts of the Congress having touched upon the question of peace with the United States. On the contrary, in all the debates the most hostile feeling is exhibited. Santa Anna in reply to the Committee that proceeded to San Luis to congratulate him upon his election to the Presidency, stated that he had sufficient private means to support the war for six months. The audience dispersed highly gratified at this information. The Mexican Government has advanced Gen. La Vega from brevet title to the rank of Brig. General.

The Governors of Zacatecas and Durango were hostile to Santa Anna, and

refused to comply with his demands that the ordinary and extraordinary resources of these States should be placed at his disposal. The Mexican editors appear to be well acquainted with the number and movements of our troops, which they give with great exactness.

They contain Santa Anna's dispatch of the late attack upon Capt. May. The letters of the Picayune's correspondent mention the rumored death of Santa Anna, but it still needs confirmation.

IMPORTANT BILL.

The following highly important bill has passed the lower branch of the Legislature. It is to be hoped that it will pass the Senate and become a law:

AN ACT

To Prevent Kidnapping—Preserve the Public Peace—Prohibit the exercise of certain Powers heretofore exercised by Judges, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen and Jailors in this Commonwealth—and to Repeal certain Slave Laws.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That if any person or persons shall, from and after the passage of this act, by force or violence, take and carry away, or cause to be taken or carried away, and shall, by fraud or false pretence, seduce or cause to be seduced, or shall attempt so to take, carry away or seduce, any free negro or mulatto, from any part or parts of this Commonwealth, to any other place or places whatsoever, out of this Commonwealth, with a design and intention of selling and disposing of, or of causing to be sold, or of keeping and detaining, or of causing to be kept and detained, such free negro or mulatto, as a slave or servant for life, or for any term whatsoever, every such person or persons, his or their aiders and abettors, shall be deemed guilty of high misdemeanor, and, on conviction thereof, in any court of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth, having competent jurisdiction, shall be sentenced to pay, at the discretion of the court passing the sentence, any sum not less than \$500 nor more than \$2,000, one-half whereof shall be paid to the person or persons who shall prosecute for the same, and the other half to this Commonwealth; and moreover, shall be sentenced to undergo a punishment, by solitary confinement in the proper penitentiary, at hard labor, for a period not less than five years, nor exceeding twelve years; and on conviction of the second offence of the kind, the person so offending shall be sentenced to pay a like fine, and undergo a punishment by solitary confinement in the penitentiary for twenty-one years.

SEC. 2. That if any person or persons shall hereafter knowingly sell, transfer or assign, or shall knowingly purchase, take a transfer or assignment of any free negro or mulatto, for the purpose of fraudulently removing, exporting or carrying such free negro or mulatto out of this state, with the design, or intent by fraud, or false pretences, of making him or her a slave or servant for life, or for any term whatsoever, every person so offending shall be deemed guilty of a high misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof in any court of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth, shall be sentenced by such court to pay a fine of not less than \$500 nor more than \$2,000, one-half whereof shall be paid to the person or persons who shall prosecute for the same, and the other half to this Commonwealth; and moreover, shall be sentenced, at the discretion of the court, to undergo a punishment by solitary confinement, at hard labor in the proper penitentiary, for a period not less than five years nor exceeding twelve years.

SEC. 3. That no judge of any of the courts of this Commonwealth, nor any alderman or justice of the peace of said Commonwealth, shall have jurisdiction or take cognizance of the case of any fugitive from labor from any of the United States or territories, under a certain act of Congress passed on the 12th day of February, 1853, entitled "An act respecting fugitives from justice and persons escaping from the service of their masters," nor shall any such judge, alderman or justice of the peace of this Commonwealth issue or grant any certificate or warrant of removal of any such fugitive from labor under the said act of Congress, or under any other law, authority or act of the Congress of the U. S.; and if any alderman or justice of the peace of this Commonwealth shall take cognizance or jurisdiction of the case of any such fugitive, or shall grant or issue any certificate or warrant of removal as aforesaid, then, and in either case, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor in office, and shall, on conviction thereof, be sentenced to pay, at the discretion of the court, any sum not less than \$500 nor exceeding \$1,000, the one-half to the party prosecuting for the same, and the other half to the use of this Commonwealth.

SEC. 4. That if any person or persons claiming any negro or mulatto as fugitive from servitude or labor, shall, under any authority or pretence whatsoever, violently and tumultuously seize upon and carry away to any place, or attempt to seize and carry away, in a riotous, violent, tumultuous and unreasonable manner, and so as to disturb or endanger the public peace, any negro or mulatto within this Commonwealth, either with or without the intention of taking such negro or mulatto, before any district or circuit judge, the person or persons so offending against the peace of

this Commonwealth shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, before any court of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth, shall be sentenced by such court to pay a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$1,000, with costs of prosecution; and further, to be confined in the county jail for any period at the discretion of the court, not exceeding three months.

SEC. 5. That nothing in this act shall be construed to take away what is hereby declared to be invested in the judges of this Commonwealth, the right, power and authority at all times, on application made, to issue the writ of habeas corpus, and to inquire into the causes and legality of the arrest or imprisonment of any human being within this Commonwealth.

SEC. 6. It shall not be lawful to use any jail or prison of this Commonwealth for the detention of any person claimed as a fugitive from servitude or labor, except in cases where jurisdiction may lawfully be taken by any judge, under the provisions of this act; and any jailor or keeper of any prison, or other person, who shall offend against the provisions of this section, shall, on conviction thereof, pay a fine of \$500, one-half thereof for the use of the Commonwealth, and the other half to the person who prosecutes; and shall, moreover, be removed from office, and be incapable of holding such office of jailor or keeper of a prison at any time during his natural life.

SEC. 7. That so much of the act of the general assembly entitled "An Act for the gradual abolition of slavery," passed the 1st day of March, 1780, as authorizes the owners or masters of slaves to bring and retain such slaves within this Commonwealth for the period of six months, in involuntary servitude, or for any period of time whatsoever, and so much of said act as prevents a slave from giving testimony against any person whatsoever, be and the same is hereby repealed.

SEC. 8. So much of the laws of this Commonwealth as are hereby altered, be and the same are hereby repealed.

CONGRESS.

The bill for raising Ten Regiments of Regulars to serve during the war, has become a law.

Both Houses have been principally engaged during the past week debating the Three Million Bill, which proposes to give the President that amount of money to buy a peace with Mexico.

In the Senate, on Tuesday, the 9th inst., Mr. CALHOUN having the floor, spoke for an hour in explanation of his views with regard to the war. He was in favor of abandoning offensive operations, and of establishing a line, commencing with the mouth of the Rio Grande, thence up the river to Del Paso, thence due west striking the Gulf of California near its head, and so probably across the Gulf and Isthmus to the Pacific, and holding this line, acting altogether on the defensive.

In addition to this, he was for establishing custom houses at points now in our possession, and levying moderate duties to meet the expenses of holding the line proposed, which expense would be about two millions and a quarter per annum. One fort at the north of the river, another at Camargo, and a third at Del Paso, were all that was necessary. And after the first of the year, five regiments only could defend the line. He explained that he was not in favor of holding this line permanently, but merely holding it subject to a treaty of peace. He thought the adoption of this policy would incline Mexico to peace, seeing that we attempt only what we are able to perform, and were not attempting to destroy her as a nation, and to overthrow her religion.

It was our true policy to make Mexico a great nation. There was a mysterious connection between her fate and ours, and we were to the day when she should cease to exist as a republic. He then stated his objections to the further prosecution of the war towards the city of Mexico. His speech generally endorsed the views of General Taylor.

On Wednesday Mr. CASS replied to Mr. Calhoun. He advocated a vigorous prosecution of the war, and the acquisition of more territory. He said the people of the U. S. wanted more room!

On Thursday Mr. CORWIN of Ohio, replied to Mr. Cass with a sarcasm and power that startled at times all who listened. He denied all the positions laid down by the Senator from Michigan, and ridiculed the idea that with 100,000,000 of acres of land we wanted more room. Alexander wanted room and conquered nations to obtain it, but what became of him and his room? Napoleon wanted room, and the end of that man was the prison of St. Helena.

The great European powers wanted room, and to obtain it they had destroyed Poland. Nebuchadnezer wanted room, and he had done it. We too, want room, and are to have it by robbing Mexico of two thirds of her soil! We had got one fourth of it in the possession of Texas. We wanted more by securing California, not because Mexico was willing to give it to us, but because we wanted room.

A similar bill, reported by Mr. C. J. Ingersoll, is pending in the House. Mr. Wilmot of Pa., has submitted his famous anti-slavery resolutions as an amendment, prohibiting the extension of slavery to territory now free, acquired or to be acquired. This proviso, it is thought, will be rejected.

The Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 12, 1847.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The foreign news received on Wednesday evening caused an advance of 37½ a 50 cts. per bl in Flour—Sales of 9,000 bls at \$6.37½ a 6.50, including a lot of old stock at \$6.25 and a choice brand at upwards of \$6.50. Rye Flour—A sale at \$4.50, and 1000 bls for future delivery at \$4.75. Corn Meal—Sales of several parcels for future delivery at \$4.75 a 4.87½.

GRAIN.—Wheat—stock very light, and prices have advanced. Sales of 8000 bushels good Penna. red at \$1.37½ to 1.41 per bushel—white wheat we quote \$1.55. Corn—Sales of 22,000 bushels since Wednesday noon at 95 to 100 cts for Penna. flat and round yellow, and 90 a 95 cts from wagons. Oats—Penna. is worth 40 cts. and scarce.

MARRIED.

On Thursday, 11th inst., by the Rev. Wm. T. Bunker, Mr. THOMAS WESTBROOK to Miss MARY HELFRIGHT, both of Huntingdon county.

On the evening of the 11th inst., by Rev. G. Stevenson, Mr. SIMON GRATZ to Miss ISABELLA TEMPLETON, both of Orbitsonia.

LENN, SMITH & CO., (Successors to Potts, Linn & Harris,) WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, No. 2134 Market Street, Philada.

KEEP constantly on hand a full assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Surgical Instruments, Oils, Paints, Varnishes, Window Glass, Dye Stuffs, Patent Medicines, &c. &c., all of which they offer to country merchants, and others, on the most advantageous terms. All orders, by letter or otherwise, filled with the greatest care and despatch.

CLAUDIUS B. LINN, HORACE P. SMITH, ALEXANDER MORGAN.

feb17-6m

SIX CENTS REWARD.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the 6th day of February, A. D. 1847, HENRY BRINGER, an indentured apprentice to the Tailoring business. Said Henry is about 19 years old, five feet, five or six inches high, light complexion, and rather a dull looking boy. All persons are hereby forbidden harboring or trusting said boy on my account, for I will pay no debts of his contracting; and will take all legal measures to protect my own interest in regard to said boy. The above reward, but no charges, will be paid to any person who will return him to me.

A. WILLOUGHBY, Huntingdon, Feb. 17, 1847-3t

PAY UP! PAY UP!!

THE subscriber would respectfully but earnestly inform all those who are indebted to him, that he must have money, and hopes that they will come forward at once, and pay up their bills. All those who do not attend to this matter previous to the first of April next, will find their accounts placed in the hands of the proper officer for collection.

JACOB SNYDER, Huntingdon, Feb. 17, 1847-6t

Bridge Proposals—Re-Letting.

JAMES BURK, to whom was allotted the erection of the bridge across the Juniata river, at the borough of Alexandria, on the great road leading through Woodcock Valley to Bedford, having failed to comply with the contract entered into with the Commissioners of Huntingdon county, we have concluded to re-let the same; and hereby invite proposals prior to, or on, Wednesday, the 10th day of March, for building said bridge. The plan and specifications can be seen at our office in Huntingdon.

JOHN F. MILLER, DANIEL TRAGUE, ROBT. CUMMINS, Commissioners.

feb17-3t

Bridge Proposals.

THE undersigned, Commissioners of Huntingdon county, will receive proposals at their office in Huntingdon, on Tuesday, the 23d day of February, for the erection of a bridge across Crooked creek, in Walker township, where the road leading from Huntingdon to Etrinken mill crosses the same near the residence of John M'Alban. The plan and specifications can be seen at the Commissioner's office.

JOHN F. MILLER, DANIEL TRAGUE, ROBT. CUMMINS, Commissioners.

feb17-3t

Fulling Mill for Rent.

THE subscriber offers for rent the FULLING MILL situated at the mouth of the Little Juniata about midway between Alexandria and Petersburg. This mill is in good order, and the location excellent. Possession will be given on the 1st day of April next.

WM SWOOPÉ, feb3-3t Huntingdon, Pa.

FARM FOR RENT.

THE undersigned will rent to any one well recommended, his Farm, situated on Piney Ridge. The improvements are a House and Barn, with other outbuildings. There are 100 acres cleared land—good meadows well watered. Also, an excellent Orchard of Fruit. Possession given on the 1st of April next. For further information apply to P. L. ANG, McConnells town, Hunt. co. Pa.

feb3-3t

FOR RENT.

THE undersigned offers for rent the following property, viz: One Dwelling House and Shop, both of which are comfortably situated in the town of Shaefersville, on the turnpike, about one-fourth of a mile west of Waterstreet. This would be a very good situation for a Wagon maker or some other mechanic. Any person wishing to rent, will please call on the undersigned, who resides in Shaefersville, Morris tp., Hunt. co., Pa.

feb3-3t PETER TIPPERY.

PENNSYLVANIA, Huntingdon County, ss:

IN the matter of the appeal, by William Etrinken, from the decree of the Register for the Probate of Wills and granting Letters of Administration, in and for the county of Huntingdon, in admitting to Probate an instrument of writing, purporting to be the Last Will and Testament of James Etrinken, Esq., late of Hopewell township, in said county of Huntingdon, in the State of Pennsylvania, NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested in the Estate of the said James Etrinken, Esq., deceased directly or indirectly, that a Register's Court will be held at the Court House of the county of Huntingdon, in the State of Pennsylvania, on the second Monday and 12th day of April, 1847, for the purpose of hearing the appeal of the said William Etrinken from the decree of the Register, admitting the aforesaid will of James Etrinken, Esq., to Probate, at which time and place all persons interested in the estate of the said James Etrinken, Esq., dead, are notified and required to attend, to hear the judgment and decree of the Register's Court in the premises.

feb3-6w JACOB MILLER, Register.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

AT ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, will be exposed to public sale on the Mansion Property, on FRIDAY, 19th day of February next, at 1 o'clock, P. M. the following described real estate of Joseph Thompson late of West township, dec'd, viz: The Mansion Property situated in the village of Fairfield, West township, on the road leading from Huntingdon to Bellefonte, also on the road leading from Alexandria to Lewistown, containing 14 acres, with a Large Two Story Frame House, a Well of good Water at the door—also a Large Frame Stable thereon a d other improvements. The property is suitable for almost any kind of public business.

Also, 1 of an acre in said village, adjoining lots of Geo. Hallman, James Myton, Jr., and others. Also, about 4 acres of land, more or less, in said township, on the Globe Run, adjoining lands of John Henry, Jacob Eberle and others, thereon erected a Log Dwelling House and Frame Stable.

Also, 14 acres 137 perches of land on said Globe Run, adjoining lands of Jacob Eberle, John Hewit and others, nearly adjoining the last mentioned piece, all of which is under fence, about eight acres cleared, under good cultivation, having two never failing springs of water thereon.

Terms of sale—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on commission of sale, one-third in 1 year thereafter with interest, and the residue at the death of the widow, the interest of which to be paid her annually during her natural life—to be secured by the bond and mortgage of the purchaser.

JACOB MILLER, Clerk.

Attendance given by JNO. W. THOMSON, Admr. jv20-t4

CABINET WARE-ROOM.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he continues to carry on the CABINET MAKING business in all its various branches at his old stand in Market street directly opposite the Post Office. He is here prepared to make to order any article in his line; such as Sideboards, Sofas, Secretaries, Bureaus, Centres, Pier, Hall, Card, Dining and Work Tables, Washstands, High Field French and Low Post Bedsteads. All work done by the subscriber warranted to be of the best materials and workmanship, and at the lowest prices.

Coffins made and funerals attended, either in town or country, at the shortest notice. He keeps a splendid Hearse for the accommodation of his customers.

Persons wanting any article in his line of business, are requested to give him a call, as he intends keeping a handsome assortment constantly on hand.

THOMAS BURCHINELL, Huntingdon, Feb. 3, 1847-1f

STEAM IRON RAILING FACTORY,

RIDGE ROAD,

Above Buttonwood Street, Philada.

At this establishment may be found the greatest variety of Plans and beautiful Patterns of IRON RAILINGS in the United States, to which the attention of those in want of any description, and especially for Cemeteries, is particularly invited.

The principal part of all the handsome Railings at Lau et Hill, Monument, and other celebrated Cemeteries in the city and county of Philadelphia, which have been so highly extolled by the public press, were executed at this manufactory.

A large Warehouse is connected with the establishment, where is kept constantly on hand a large stock of ready-made Iron Railings, Ornamental Iron Gates, new style plain and ornamental Iron Posts, Pedestals, Iron Arbors, &c. Also in great variety, Wrought and Cast Iron Ornamentals, suitable for Railings and other purposes.

The subscriber would also state that in his Pattern and Designing Department he has employed some of the best talent in the country, whose constant attention is devoted to the business—forming altogether one of the most complete and systematic establishments of the kind in the Union.

ROBERT WOOD, Proprietor, Ridge Road, above Buttonwood st. Philadelphia, Feb. 3, 1847-6m

NEW ESTABLISHMENT!

BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTORY.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity, that he has inaugurated the manufacture of

BOOTS & SHOES, at his New Stand, in Hill street, three doors above Gen. Wilson's office, where he will be happy to accommodate all who wish to be fitted at astonishing low prices, for CASH. Come on, then; he has a superior new stock of leather, selected with a view to the wants of all—men, women or children. He therefore respectfully solicits the patronage of his old friends and the public generally.

CHARLES S. BLACK, dec30, '46-1y.

ENCOURAGE HOME LABOR!

ADAMS & BOAT'S CARRIAGE AND WAGON MANUFACTORY,

Opposite the Presbyterian Church, Huntingdon. THE subscribers respectfully inform the public, that they are at all times prepared to execute any orders in their line of business, at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

Carriages, Buggies, Wagons, Sleighs, Dearborns, and Carts, made to order, of the best materials, and at reasonable prices.

Repairing of all kinds of vehicles, done on the shortest notice.

Those wanting neat, cheap and durable articles in our line of business, are respectfully requested to give us a call.

dec30, '46-1y ADAMS & BOAT.

ADMINISTRATRIX NOTICE.

Estate of Adm H. Hall, dec'd. NOTICE is hereby given, that letters of administration upon the said estate have been granted to the undersigned. All persons having claims or demands against the same are requested to make them known, and all those indebted will make immediate payment to SUSAN HAMPSON, Executor.

feb13-6t

JOB-WORK OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS NEATLY EXECUTED

at the Journal office.

COUGHS & COLDS.

DR. DAVIS'S COMPOUND SYRUP

OF WILD CHERRY AND TAR.

FOR the cure of Pulmonary Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Influenza, Bronchitis, Pleurisy, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Breast or Side, Spitting of Blood, Croup, Nervous Tremors, Hooping Cough, &c.

Proof follows upon proof of the virtues of DR. DAVIS'S SYRUP.

Read the following New Certificates:

MILFORD, Perry co., Pa., Oct. 1, 1846.

Messrs. Robinson, Collins & Co.—Sirs: This is to inform you that I was afflicted for 20 years with a violent pain in my breast, so much so that I could hardly lay in bed at night. Cough attended, followed by emaciation and other decided symptoms of consumption. I applied to several eminent physicians, and took a great deal of medicine without any relief whatever. I was advised to try Dr. Davis's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry and Tar, of which I took two bottles, which entirely relieved me of my complaint; therefore I can with confidence recommend it to all who are in a like manner afflicted, as a most valuable Medicine.

JOHN TOOMEY.

The authenticity of the above statement is vouched for by Mr. Isaac Murphy, a merchant of Milford, who knows Mr. Toomey, and the circumstances of his case. Mr. T. is now sixty years of age.

Price, \$1 per bottle.

Robison, Collins, & Co., Phila'd., general agents.

For sale by THOS. READ & SON, Huntingdon; P. Schoenberger, at all his Furnaces; Royers, at all their Furnaces; Patton & Tussey, Arch Springs; B. F. Bell, Laurel Run Mills, and Spencer & Flood, Williamsburg.

Feb. 10, 1847-6m.

HANCE'S Compound Syrup of Horehound, for the cure of coughs, colds, consumption, spitting of blood, pain in the side and breast, bronchitis, croup, and all diseases arising from a disordered condition of the lungs or neglected cold. The following sonnet was addressed to the proprietor by a young lady who was cured of Consumption:

Ho! ye who pant with failing breath,
And pine away and die;
Hance shall "put away" your death,
And light anew your eye.

How sweet it melts upon the tongue,
How grateful to the breast!
A glorious theme for poet's song,
Soothing his cough to rest.

Hance! favored of the Gods, art thou,
A blessing to thy race,
Let laurels flourish on thy brow,
And wealth those laurels grace.

When heroes are forgotten; kings
Defunct; or, ceased to rain;
Glorious, for thee, shall flap her wings,
Thou conquerer of pain.

AGENTS—T. Read & Son, Huntingdon; Moore & Swoope, Alexandria; Spencer & Flood, Williamsburg; W. W. Buchanan, Mill Creek; A. O. Browne, Shirlsberg.

HANCE'S Sarsaparilla Vegetable or Blood Pills, for purifying the blood.

BALTIMORE, July 29, 1843.

This is to certify, that I was afflicted with a violent pain in the breast and right arm, which I suppose proceeded from the impure state of my blood. I was recommended to take Hance's Sarsaparilla or Blood pills, and after taking one box, the pain was entirely removed from my breast and arm. I found them extremely gentle in their operation, and would recommend them to every person in want of a mild purgative. PATRICK ROCHE, No. 23 Conway street, between Howard and Eutaw.

In purchasing these pills let me add one word of caution. Always ask for Hance's pills, and purchase of none but those advertised as agents, and if convenient, call and see the proprietor himself. For sale by Seth S. Hance, 108 Baltimore st., and corner of Charles and Pratt sts., Baltimore. Price 25 cts. per box, of fifty pills each, for Hance's genuine pills, or 5 for \$1.

AGENTS—T. Read & Son, Huntingdon; Moore & Swoope, Alexandria; A. O. Brown, Shirlsberg; W. W. Buchanan, Mill Creek; Spencer & Flood, Williamsburg.

Auditor's Notice.

IN the matter of the sale of the personal property of Joseph Etris, by the Sheriff, the Court appointed the undersigned an auditor to ascertain and report the facts, and make an appropriation of the proceeds of said sale, &c., who will attend for that purpose the Probatory's Office, in the borough of Huntingdon, on Thursday, the 25th day of February next, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

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