

FROM THE ARMY.

The steamer Edith arrived at New Orleans on the 2d inst. The news brought by her from from the Army is of the most important and exciting character. It was reported that on the 16th of December, an express from Gen. Worth, at Saltillo, arrived at Monterey, with intelligence that Gen. Worth had learned through his spies, that Santa Anna was within three days march of Saltillo, at the head of an army of 20,000 or 30,000 men. It was added that the express bore a call upon Gen. Taylor for reinforcements; but that the General and his staff had left Monterey two days before, to join his command at Victoria; and that said command was two days in advance of him. General Butler, however, who had charge at Monterey, immediately sent off despatches to Gen. Marshall at Camargo, and to Gen. Patterson, at Matamoras, to send forward all the troops they could spare. It was added, that Gen. Patterson had left Matamoras, only the day before the news reached that place, that it was nevertheless promptly forwarded to him, and that on receiving it, he started on his return, with a view of proceeding to Monterey. But we have seen a letter dated Matamoras, Dec. 23d, which mentions the alarming reports with regard to Santa Anna's movement upon Saltillo, but discredits them. It was affirmed also, that Gen. Patterson had not changed his route towards Victoria, and that a portion of his troops had left that day. These statements, it will be seen, are conflicting; and yet the accounts by the express are so detailed, and have such an air of probability, that they are at least calculated to excite apprehension. The New Orleans Delta of the 2d, in alluding to the intelligence, gives the report that Santa Anna was at the head of 15,000 troops, and within four days of Saltillo—that Gen. Worth, unable to maintain his ground against such overwhelming numbers, was slowly falling back in the direction of Monterey; and that Gen. Taylor, in the anticipation of an attack upon that city, was fortifying it on every point. This, it will be seen, differs from the other rumor, to the effect that Gen. Taylor had left Monterey for Victoria. The Delta gives yet another statement, thus: "From Mr. Fowler, a gentleman of this city, who came passenger in the steam propeller Virginia, and who left Saltillo on the 17th ult., we have subsequently learned that, previous to his leaving, Gen. Worth's spies had come into camp and reported that Santa Anna was within three or four days' march of Saltillo, and rapidly advancing, at the head of about 15,000 men. Gen. Worth immediately sent an express to Gen. Taylor, which reached him at Victoria at 11 o'clock, P. M. on the 17th; and at 3 o'clock, A. M., the next day General Taylor despatched two regiments, the Kentucky and Tennessee volunteers, to reinforce Gen. Worth at Saltillo, intending to follow himself as soon as possible, with all his disposable force. Gen. Taylor felt confident of his being able to arrive at Saltillo before Santa Anna could reach there. The whole force of Gen. Taylor would then amount to about 10,000 men, which he considered sufficient to cope with any force that Santa Anna could bring against him."

Gen. Scott arrived at the Brazos on the 28th ult.

Later from the Army.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14. By the Southern Mail we have later dates from the army, which reached N. Orleans by the arrival there of the steamship Alabama. She left the Brazos on the 3d, at which date there was no news of especial interest from Saltillo, from which it was inferred that the danger of an attack was not so imminent as supposed, when Gen. Worth's express was despatched. The remains of Watson, Ridgely, and other Baltimoreans, had arrived at New Orleans. Lieut. Boyle, of Washington, died on the passage. The dates from Matamoras are to the 1st inst. Since the last dates rumors of battles—marches and countermarches—Wool's column cut off—Worth's division driven back to Monterey from Saltillo—that he and Gen. Taylor were shut up in Monterey, have prevailed. Gen. Scott and his staff left two days previous, in great haste, for Camargo. In going up the river they met a steamer with a mail bringing intelligence that part of the corps of observation, belonging to Santa Anna's army, had been near Parras, where Wool was, and that Wool had joined Worth at Saltillo. Gen. Patterson's division had crossed the river San Fernando five days previous, and would soon be at his destination. Gen. Taylor, it was thought, would no doubt return home as soon as Gen. Scott takes command. When Gen. Patterson reaches Victoria all the passes to San Luis will be shut up. Advice have been received from Tampico to the 30th ult. Everything was then quiet and orderly. The rumors of attacks upon Tampico were considered as only Mexican tales. On the 20th of December, Com. Perry, with several vessels, took possession of Laguna, and destroyed the guns & munitions of war found in the port and town. Com. Sands, with two vessels, had

been left in charge. Off the Alvarado the Mississippi captured the Mexican schooner Amelia, and sent her to New Orleans. Purser Crosby had been killed on board the Viven, by accidentally falling from aloft. Santa Anna has been declared by the new Congress, as duly elected President by the Republic. From a further examination of the files of Mexican papers, it appears that no direct action was had upon the subject of the war by the Mexican Congress.

The Mexican papers convey a strong impression that San Luis is to be the great battle-ground of the war. Gen. Jessup and his staff, together with 240 sick and discharged soldiers, came passengers in the Alabama.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

The following are the standing Committees of the Pa. Legislature for the present session: SENATE. Accounts.—Messrs. Carson, Benner, Smyser, Hill, Rich. Pensions and Gratuities.—Messrs. Bigler, agoneller, Ross, Darragh, Boas. Judiciary.—Messrs. Sanderson, Johnson, Black, Williamson, Dimmick. Militia.—Messrs. Smyser, Mason, Cornman, Morrison. Banks.—Messrs. Crabb, Gillis, Anderson, Darsie, Jordan. Education.—Messrs. Black, Harris, Crecraft, Smith, Wagonseller. Roads & Bridges.—Messrs. Hill, Rich, Pottier, Caron, Hoover. Internal Improvements.—Messrs. Gillis, Crabb, Johnson, Overfield, Harris. Agricultural and Domestic Manufactures.—Messrs. Morrison, Mason, Carson, Pottier, Boas. Compare Bills.—Messrs. Cornman, Hoover, Richards, Levis, Mason. Election District.—Messrs. Levis, Richards, Benner, Boas, Dimmick. Corporations.—Messrs. Johnson, Harris, Hoover, Richards, Anderson. Vice & Immorality.—Messrs. Darragh, Pottier, Smyser, Crecraft, Benner. Estates & Escheats.—Messrs. Williamson, Black, Smith, Dimmick, Crecraft. Finance.—Messrs. Darsie, Bigler, Crabb, Ross, Sanderson. Private Claims for Damages.—Messrs. Smith, Overfield, Darsie, Gillis, Cornman. Library.—Messrs. Williamson, Sanderson, Wagonseller. Public Buildings & Grounds.—Messrs. Jordan, Overfield, Morrison. Retrenchment & Reform.—Messrs. Rich, Hill, Jordan, Bigler, Levis.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Ways & Means.—Messrs. Trego, Allison, Haly, Forsyth, Pumroy, of Mercer, Ives, Jackson. Judiciary.—Messrs. Bigham, Haly, Knox, Edie, Fox, Leyburn, Patterson, Blair, Hasson. Claims.—Messrs. Lawrence, Connor, Haymaker, McKnight, Ives, Reed and Souder. Agriculture.—Messrs. Gould, Warner, Fansold, Sharp, Jacoby, Breidenthal, Graf. Pensions & Gratuities.—Messrs. Pomero, (of F.), McAbee, Fassit, Lockhart, Daly, Phillips, Perry. Domestic Manufactures.—Messrs. Allison, Dickinson, Krick, Bassler, Vleit, Ross, Sipes. Accounts.—Messrs. Connor, Mather, Colvin, Kaufman, Pearce, Sanborn, Bush. Education.—Messrs. McCurdy, Bull, Anderson, Black, Pomeroy, (of F.) Dickinson, Montelius. Vice & Immorality.—Messrs. Ladley, McMinn, Levan, Sharp, Jacoby, Reynolds, Fernstermaecker. Militia System.—Messrs. Harris, Burns, McAllister, Noble, Evans, Gebley, Myers. Election Districts.—Messrs. Hunter, Bentz, Bowman, Hilands, McMinn, Kinneer. Banks.—Messrs. Edie, Gratz, Piollet, McAbee, Sanborn, Kline, Mather. Estates & Escheats.—Messrs. Knox, Blair, Wilson, Leyburn, Matthias, Hasson, Keatly. Roads & Bridges.—Messrs. McCurdy, Pauling, Louchlin, Shelby, Weller, McAllister, Reynolds. Local Appropriations.—Messrs. Donaldson, Thompson, Long, Wilson, Morrison, Robins, Rupert. Corporations.—Messrs. Matthias, Morton, Donaldson, Fox, Kinneer, Ludley, Worrell. Lands.—Messrs. Patterson, McMinn, Westner, Burns, Bull, Gould, Morrison, Kerr. Compare Bills.—Messrs. Mackey, Thomas, Bushell, Morton, Boughner. Printing.—Messrs. Evans, Myers, Montelius. Library.—Messrs. Fox, McCurdy Colvin. Inland Navigation and Internal Improvements.—Messrs. Hilands, Trego, Evans, Westen, Clark, Gratz, Harris, Thompson, Knox, Hunter, Allison, Krick, Fernon. Retrenchment and Reform.—Messrs. Pomeroy, (of Mercer.) Clark, Mackey, Levan, Robins, McCurdy, Klingensmith. Alfred L. Pollard, the "nice young man" mentioned some weeks ago, as having been "jugged" by the officers of justice, for the crime of bigamy, after having a fair and impartial trial during the last week's court, at Lewistown, has been justly sentenced to imprisonment in the Eastern penitentiary at hard labor, for the term of two years.—Lewistown Gaz.

[From the Philadelphia Saturday Gleaner.] THE FINANCES OF PENNSYLVANIA.

An Abstract from the Report of the State Treasurer. This is a document of more than ordinary interest and importance, especially at the present moment, when anxiety is felt as to the prompt payment of the semi-annual interest on the State Debt. The receipts during the last fiscal year, amounted to \$3,529,057. Balance in the Treasury, Nov. 30th, 1845, \$384,886. Total revenue, \$3,913,943. Expenditures for the same period, \$3,529,254. Thus the balance in the Treasury on the 30th of Nov. 1846, was \$384,678. The Treasurer states that during the year, the Treasury has not only been in a condition to meet all the demands upon it, including the interest on the public debt, but a portion of that debt has been discharged, viz: the sum of \$246,816. The important result is also exhibited, that the receipts within the fiscal year, were equal to the expenditures, without regard to any sum in the Treasury at the commencement of the year. This is indeed a gratifying statement, honorable alike to the Commonwealth, the people and the State Treasurer. During the last two years, the taxes imposed have been cheerfully & promptly paid, no loans have been made, the public liabilities have been met, and the State revenues have increased. Col. Snowden estimates that the revenues in all, for the present fiscal year, will amount to \$4,026,178; while the expenditures will amount to but \$3,447,058. And that thus, the balance in the Treasury on the 30th of November, 1847, will amount to upwards of \$579,000. The public debt is \$4,079,577. During the year, the receipts from the public improvements amounted to \$1,357,203. The entire expenditures on the public works for the same period, \$732,067. Net receipts, \$625,135. This amount exhibits the actual receipts in payment at the Treasury, without reference to the amount reported by the Canal Officers. The fiscal year closed on the 30th of November. The above aggregate of profits was applied, with the other revenues of the State, to the payment of the interest on the public debt, and the general expenses of the State Government. The amount of relief notes in circulation on the 1st of January last, was \$1,031,664. The loans which are due, or will fall due in the current year, and for which no provision is made, except so far as the relief notes are provided for, amount to \$3,438,030. There are thirty-seven separate loans, which compose the State Debt; and the Treasurer recommends that they be consolidated into a less number. Also that coupons should be attached to the consolidated or new stocks, should such be issued, and to the new transfers of the old stock. Also that these coupons be made receivable for all dues for the Commonwealth. With regard to the interest due in February, the Treasurer states that the matter will depend upon the amount of receipts for the present month of January; and he remarks that if a deficit should occur, the interest can be paid as on former occasions, inasmuch as a considerable portion is not immediately demanded, and by proper measures, some of the accruing revenues may be anticipated. He thinks, moreover, that a deficiency at a particular period, cannot interfere with the general result as estimated, namely—that for the year, the revenue, if faithfully collected, will not only be adequate to the expenditures, but reduce the existing debt, and leave a balance in the Treasury, of \$579,119. Tampico under Martial Law. The New Orleans Delta of the 30th ult. says:—"Capt. Hardy, of the schr. H. M. Johnson, from Tampico, on the 18th inst., informs our Reporter that Col. Gates, the commandant at Tampico, had proclaimed the place to be under martial law on the 15th inst. On the 16th arms were distributed to all the American citizens in the place, including captains of vessels in port and sailors. Col. Gates having had cause to suspect that the Mexicans had arms concealed in the place, instituted a search for them, and discovered about six hundred stand and a quantity of ammunition; about 300 of the muskets were found to be loaded. The whole military force at Tampico on the 16th, amounted to from 8 to 900 men. The steamship Virginia arrived from Brazos with 320 men of the Alabama regiment. The steam propellers, Tennessee and James Cage, arrived on the 18th inst., and proceeded up the river as the H. M. Johnson was coming out. They appeared to have a number of troops—cavalry and their horses on board."

"WHOSO SHEDDETH MAN'S BLOOD, BY MAN SHALL HIS BLOOD BE SHED."—General Leslie Combs has lately received a letter announcing that the fiend O'Brien, who murdered his son two years ago, has at length met his deserts, having been shot by some Mexicans at Matamoras, where he settled himself as a trader. Just before his death, he had murdered a gentleman named Townsend, who had a claim against him.

CONGRESS.

Military matters has occupied the attention of Congress principally, during the past week. The Army Bill, for raising ten additional Regiments of Regulars to serve during the war, passed the House on Monday of last week, by a vote of 171, to 24. During the discussion which arose upon this bill, Mr. Ficklin, a Locofoco member from Illinois, made a most disgraceful attack upon Gen. Taylor.—Notwithstanding the glorious achievements of "Old Rough and Ready," this tory member of Congress had the audacity to commence an attack in his rear, by pronouncing him, in the halls of Congress, incompetent to lead an army.—Not content with attempting to sully the fair fame of Gen. Scott, the Locofocos are now essaying to sear the fresh green laurels which encircle the brow of Old Rough and Ready. The political graves of these men are already dug and yawning to receive them. An effort was made to engraft Mr. Polk's Lieutenant-General project upon the Military Bill in the House, but failed by a vote of 90 to 120! On Tuesday the death of Senator PENNYPACKER of Virginia, was announced in both Houses, and the customary resolutions passed. No other business was transacted. It is but a few days since the death of Senator Barrow was announced, and now we are called upon to record the demise of another distinguished member of the same body. On Wednesday, the House met and immediately adjourned to the Senate Chamber, to attend the funeral of Hon. J. S. Pennypacker, which took place at 11 o'clock. Rev. Mr. Slicer, Chaplain of the Senate, officiated. The ceremonies were exceedingly solemn, and the procession, consisting of the President, Heads of the different Departments, members of Congress, and others, very long. On Thursday, in Senate Mr. Benton, from the Military Committee, reported the bill, increasing the army ten regiments, with amendments relative to the force to be employed. The amendments were adopted. Mr. Cameron moved that a section of land be given to every soldier who should serve to the end of the war, which was discussed by Messrs. Benton, Cameron, Clayton, Badger, Corwin and Crittenden. The Army Bill was laid over until Friday. Mr. Dix was speaking in favor of the bill to create a Lieutenant General, when the Senate adjourned. The House went into Committee of the Whole on the Oregon bill, during the discussion of which Mr. Burt defended slavery and the South. Mr. Seaman reported a bill to prevent the importation of foreign paupers. WASHINGTON, Jan. 15. SENATE.—Mr. Benton reported a bill this morning, granting sections of land to the regulars in the army, as well as the volunteers who may serve during the war. Mr. Cameron opposed the bill, fearing that it would kill his amendment to the Ten Regiment bill—offered yesterday. The Lieutenant General bill was then taken up, and Mr. Badger spoke in opposition to the measure, which he said was one of injustice to Generals Taylor and Scott. When Mr. Badger had concluded, Mr. Mangum moved, as a test question, to lay the bill upon the table, when his motion prevailed by 28 yeas to 21 nays. This defeats the proposition for the appointment of a Lieutenant General. THE GREATEST JOKE YET.—Under this head, the New York Herald has the following well merited thrust at a tadpole politician, who, it appears, cannot see any military capacity in General Taylor:—"It is the opinion of the Hon. Mr. Ficklin, of Illinois, that 'Old Rough and Ready' has not conducted the war with true military skill—that the old soldier, without men or pontons, was at fault because he did not pursue the Mexicans across the Rio Grande, and cut the throats of every mother's son of them. We recommend Mr. Polk to make this Mr. Ficklin the Lieutenant General of the Army."

On the 14th inst., in Walker township, by Rev. G. W. Willard, Mr. A. J. HASLET to Miss MARY MONDROF, both of this county. On the same day, by Rev. W. Bunker, Mr. WM. MORNINGSTAR to Miss MARY ANN PEIGHTAL, both of this county.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, will be exposed to public sale on the premises, on Friday, the 12th day of February next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described Real Estate of Rodney McKinty, late of Shirley township, decd. viz: 187 acres first-rate land, being mostly bottom, and well calculated for either Meadow or Farm land, with a large and convenient Brick Dwelling House, Double Log Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, and other out-buildings—a good young Orchard of grafted fruit—a well of good water at the door. There are about 100 acres of cleared land, 10 of which are meadow—the whole in a good state of cultivation. Also, one other Farm adjoining the above, containing 197 acres, about 70 of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation, and 10 acres are meadow. The above two farms are desirable situations, and the land susceptible of being made equal to any in the county, in point of fertility. They are handsomely situated, being on the Angewick creek, about one mile from the borough of Shirleyburg, and about four from the canal. The State road from Chambersburg to Huntingdon passes through both. Terms of Sale—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation: One-third in one year thereafter, with interest; the residue immediately after the death of the widow of said deceased—the interest on the latter to be paid regularly to said widow during her natural life—and the whole to be secured by the bond and mortgage of the purchaser. Attendance will be given on the day of sale, and the property shown in the meantime. By J. H. SHANNON, Jy20-18

JOSEPH SHANNON. NOTICE. TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—I, Thomas Walker, of Dublin township, Huntingdon county, give a promissory note of hand to Eliza Curry, Ann Curry, James Curry and Mathew Curry, for thirty-five dollars and sixty-eight cents, bearing date March 14th, A. D. 1843. As I never received value for the same, I hereby forewarn any person or persons from taking an assignment of said note as I am determined not to pay the same unless compelled by law. his Jy20-18 THOMAS WALKER, mark.

HANCE'S Sarsaparilla Vegetable or Blood Pills.

—Fifty pills in a box—The cheapest and best medicine in existence—for purifying the blood, removing bile, correcting disorders of the stomach and bowels, costiveness, dyspepsia, swimming in the head, &c. Persons of a full habit, who are subject to headache, giddiness, drowsiness, and singing in the ears, arising from too great a flow of blood in the head, should never be without them, as many dangerous symptoms will be entirely carried off by their immediate use. Read the following wonderful cures of dyspepsia: This is to certify that my wife was afflicted with the Dyspepsia for 12 years, and tried both advertised medicines and Thomsonian, but without effect; and myself attacked with blindness, and my head otherwise affected from hard drinking, so that I was apprehensive of fits; and seeing HANCE'S SARSAPARILLA PILLS advertised, I went and got a box of them, which, to my astonishment, effected a cure of me and my wife both. I think them without a rival before the public. S. H. HALL, Albemarle st. near Wilk. For sale by Seth S. Hance, 108 Baltimore st., and corner of Charles & Pratt sts., Balt. [Nov-4-y] AGENTS—T. Read & Son, Huntingdon; Moore & Swoope, Alexandria; A. O. Brown, Shirleysburg; W. W. Buchanan, Mill Creek; Spencer & Flood, Williamsburg. SIX YEARS' EXPERIENCE HAS PROVED THAT, for the cure of coughs, colds, consumptions, asthma, spitting of blood, pain and oppression of the breast, there is nothing equal to Hance's Compound Syrup of Horehound. This medicine has now been in use for six years, during which time there has been a constant demand for it, and its popularity, instead of declining, has been always on the increase. During this time many new medicines have sprung up for the cure of the above complaints, some of which lasted only a few months, and others not as long; but Hance's Syrup has readily gone on gaining favor with all classes of society, until it has now become identified by many families as a REGULAR FAMILY MEDICINE. To those who have never used the Compound Syrup of Horehound, this notice is particularly directed to, as those who have once experienced its peculiarly happy effects, any praise of its merits would be superfluous. Price 50 cts. per bottle, or 6 bottles for \$2.50. For sale by Seth S. Hance, 108 Baltimore st., and corner of Charles and Pratt streets, Balt. [Nov-4-y] AGENTS—T. Read & Son, Huntingdon; Moore & Swoope, Alexandria; Spencer & Flood, Williamsburg; W. W. Buchanan, Mill Creek; A. O. Browne, Shirleysburg. WE have been permitted to copy the following letter from a lady of the highest repute in Boston, to her son, a young merchant, doing business in Baltimore. The riddle the old lady alludes to, we believe, is Hance's Hoarhound Syrup and Candy, which is doing wonders in the way of curing Asthma and Coughs.—Mizenos. Dear Thomas, you know my affliction, The cold that I caught at a dance, So I beg you will send me a bottle Of Hoarhound, extracted by Hance. Mrs. Johnson, I dare say you know her, And the story will sound like romance, Has been cured of her cough of long standing, By buying some Syrup from Hance. There's the doctor, too, bless the old fellow, For his health went astravelling to France, And came home to be cured of consumption, And lays it to Hoarhound and Hance. Mrs. Martin, your father's first cousin, Lay two or three days in a trance, And the first thing she said upon waking, Was—send for some Hoarhound to Hance. I yesterday sent for the Doctor, Who said I can see at a glance, There's but one thing can cure your disorder, And that is some Hoarhound from Hance. So you see, dearest Tom, my condition, If you would my enjoyments enhance, Do not fail to forward to morrow, A bottle of Syrup from Hance. Do not trust it by William nor Peter, For fear of some ugly mischance, For what shall I do, dearest Thomas, If I get not the Hoarhound from Hance? One bottle for me, and another Don't forget to direct to your cunts; They sell it at Sands', Irckon, But be sure 'tis the genuine Hance. Mrs. Brown was bent double with coughing, But now she's as straight as a lance; And the change has been wrought she assures me, By taking the Hoarhound from Hance. As I went to the store but last Friday, Mr. Butterman eyed me askance, And whispering said, 'Mrs. Davis, You must send for some Hoarhound to Hance.' Mrs. Pitts, who subscribes to the Mirror, In that I journal encountered by chance, Very lucky, the first advertisement, Had been seen 't my village from Hance. I remain my dear Thomas, as ever, Your mother, I love's fond Juzece, And if you would keep me here, darling, Pray send me the Hoarhound from Hance. Hance's Syrup and candy are for sale at 108 Baltimore street, Balt. Jy6-y AGENTS—T. Read & Son, Huntingdon; Moore & Swoope, Alexandria; Spencer & Flood, Williamsburg; W. W. Buchanan, Mill Creek; A. O. Browne, Shirleysburg. ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Estate of William Stewart, dec'd, late of Henderson township. NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration upon the said estate have been granted to the undersigned. All persons having claims or demands against the same are requested to make them known, and all those indebted to make immediate payment to SUSAN HAMPSON, Jy13-61] Executor.

ENCOURAGE HOME LABOR! ADAMS & BOAT'S CARRIAGE AND WAGON MANUFACTORY, Opposite the Presbyterian Church, Huntingdon. THE subscribers respectfully inform the public, that they are at all times prepared to execute any orders in their line of business, at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. Carriages, Buggies, Wagons, Sleighs, Dearborns, and Carts, made to order of the best materials, and at reasonable prices. Repairing of all kinds of vehicles, done on the shortest notice. Those wanting neat, cheap and durable articles in our line of business, are respectfully requested to give us a call. dec30-46-y. ADAMS & BOAT. J. Sewell Stewart, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Huntingdon, Pa. Office in Main street, five doors west of Mr. Buoy's jewelry establishment. T. H. Cremer, ATTORNEY AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.