



Huntingdon, Wednesday, October 14, 1846.

We have been disappointed in receiving paper, which is our only excuse for issuing a half sheet this week.

DISTRESSING.—A son of Mr. Solomon Keever, of Barree township, in this county, while in company with a number of young ladies 'grape-hunting,' accidentally shot himself on Monday last. It is supposed the trigger of his gun caught in some bushes, and was thus discharged.

Melancholy Casualty. The Lewistown Gazette of Saturday last says:—On Friday afternoon of last week, three young girls, Miss Keppering, Miss Bare and Miss Baker, were rowing in Mr. Jacob Ort's Spring house, about one mile from this place. They had went to the Spring House for the purpose of securing the milk and their articles in it, from being flooded, here being indications of a heavy storm of rain. While in the spring house, he rain poured down in torrents, filling the lower story instantly, and covering the floor of the loft to the depth of some two feet, the torrent rushing in at the door and rendering their escape impossible. Their bodies were extricated by some persons who hurried to their assistance, but too late to save their lives.

ROBBERIES.—The Lewistown Gazette says:—The Hotel of James Turner, Esq., was entered on Wednesday night of last week, and two trunks opened. The thief, however, was not so successful as he anticipated, there being nothing in the trunks but clothing, an article which does not appear to be in his line of business, as there was nothing missing from them. He forced open a desk in the bar in which there was about \$15-00, which he secured, and then departed.

On Sunday evening last the Drug Store of Mr. Wm. Marks was entered by some one, and about five hundred dollars in notes and specie stolen. This was one of the boldest robberies that could well be imagined. It was committed about 8 or 9 o'clock in the evening, the moon shining brightly, and Mr. Marks himself in an adjoining room at the time. There is no clue by which the rogue can be caught in either case.

David Blair. The vote received by this gentleman in the Huntingdon district, must be very gratifying to his feelings. It will be seen that he has received 13 majority, where there appears to be, by the vote on the balance of the ticket, a Locofoco majority of from 40 to 60. This is certainly a very flattering indication of the estimation in which Mr. Blair is held among his neighbors.

THE COUNTRY DISTRICTS.—Our friends have done nobly in the country districts. They have shown by their turn out that they are reliable Whigs—that rain or shine they can be depended on, when a call is made upon them to uphold long cherished principles. The Whigs of the Lower End districts have exceeded the expectations of the most sanguine, after the day turned out so unfavorable. They deserve, and will receive the hearty thanks of their Whig brethren every where, for their "gallant bearing on this occasion."

Huntingdon District. Our friends abroad should not be surprised at the vote for Congress in this district. It must be recollected that this is the home of Gen. Wilson, and that, as a gentleman and neighbor, he is universally respected. And also, that the most untiring exertions were made by his friends, both previous to the election and at the polls, to secure a large vote for him here. Under these circumstances, a number of whigs forgot principle, and voted for the man. Our hope is, that it will not change the result in the district.

DEATH OF A CANDIDATE.—We learn by the western mail of this morning, that E. GALBRAITH, Esq., the Whig candidate for Register & Recorder, in Blair county, died at his residence in Hollidaysburg, on yesterday.

In nine weeks 14,000 dogs were killed in Louisville, Ky.

THE ELECTION. HUNTINGDON O. K!

We are proud to inform our Whig friends, both at home and abroad, that Old Huntingdon has taken her stand on the side of Whig principles. Sufficient returns have been received to show that the whole Whig Ticket has been triumphantly elected by an average majority of 300. This is truly a gratifying result, taking everything into consideration. The rain came down in torrents during almost the entire day, which produced such a sudden rise in the small streams, as to prevent numbers from getting to the polls who were even willing to turn out in the rain. And when we add the inclemency of the weather (causing a small vote) to the desperate exertions made by the Locos, to carry the county, we think all will agree that the Whigs have performed their duty manfully.

It was confidently expected by the Locos all over the State, that the election of Blair county would leave Old Huntingdon Locofoco. The result of yesterday's election will show them the fallacy of that expectation. At a full turn out we can thrash Locofocoism at least 650 in what still remains of this gallant old county; and when Gen. James Irvin comes upon the course, we say to all concerned, "Stand firm!"—as with him we can beat the best Locofoco in the State at least nine hundred.

Whigs of Huntingdon county! your first charge, has been a gallant one.—Persevere in the good cause, and our country must eventually be redeemed from the blighting influence of Locofoco measures.

In our next we shall be able to give the official returns.

The following are the majorities for Congress and Assembly, as far as heard from:

Table with 4 columns: Name, Blair, Wilson, Blair, Patton. Rows include Huntingdon, Dublin, Warriorsmark, Barree, Shirley, Porter, Union, Roxbury, West, Walker, Murray's Run, Cromwell, Birmingham, Jackson, Cass, Tod, Clay, Franklin.

We are unable to give the vote on the balance of the ticket. Power, it is thought from what has already been received will have from 5 to 600 in the county. The vote on the balance of our county ticket, will fall but little short of that received by Mr. Blair, the Assembly candidate.

Power's majority in the Huntingdon District is 33 and in Jackson township 75 over Foster. The Locofocos of Jackson, it appears, voted for Morton.

BLAIR COUNTY.

We have received the following returns from Blair county:

Table with 4 columns: Name, Power, Foster, Blair, Wilson. Rows include Hollidaysburg, Frankstown, Gayport, Blair, Catharine, Tyrone, Williamsburg, Huston, Snyder.

The districts to hear from it is thought will increase Mr. Blanchard's majority to 450—Power's not less than 1000.



THURSDAY, 11 o'clock, A. M. We stop the press to announce the following glorious result for Congress in this district.

THE CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Table with 4 columns: Name, Blair, Wilson. Rows include Huntingdon, Blair, Millin, Centre, Juniata.

Blanchard's maj. 460 The above vote for Congress will not be materially altered by the official returns. Three cheers for the Old Iron District!!

The whigs have carried their whole ticket in Millin by 100 majority.

Power's majority in Cambria county is reported at 300.

FROM MEXICO.

WAR! WAR!! CAPITULATION OF MONTEREY, AFTER THREE DAYS FIGHTING.

Col. Watson of Baltimore killed, and not less than Five Hundred Americans killed and wounded—300 reported killed.

Since the news from Mexico, on our first page, was put in type, we have received the following important intelligence:

From the U. S. Gazette. The following hasty account of the operations before and during the engagement at Monterey, from the 19th to the 28th September, is taken from the New Orleans papers.

On the 19th Gen. Taylor arrived at Monterey with about 6,000 men, and after reconnoitering the city at about fifteen or sixteen hundred yards from the Cathedral front, during which he was fired upon from the battery, his force encamped at the Walnut Springs, three miles short of the city. This was the nearest position the army could obtain a supply of water and bread, and out of the reach of the enemies batteries, the remainder of the 19th was occupied by the engineers in making reconnoissances of the city batteries and commanding heights.

On the 20th Gen. Worth was ordered with his division to move by a circuitous route to the right, to gain the Saltillo road, beyond the west end of the town, to storm the heights above the Bishop's Palace, which vital part the enemy appeared to have strangely neglected. Circumstances caused his halt on the night of the 20th, short of the intended position.

On Monday, the 21st, he continued his route, and after an encounter with a large body of the enemy's cavalry and infantry, supported by the artillery from the heights, he repelled them with much loss, and finally encamped, covering the passage of the Saltillo road. It was here discovered, that besides the fort at the Bishop's Palace, and the occupation of the heights above, two forts commanding eminences on the opposite side of the Singuin had been fortified and occupied; these two latter heights were then stormed and carried, the guns of the last fort carried being immediately turned, with a plunging fire upon the Bishop's Palace.

On the same morning the First Division of the Regular Troops under Gen. Twiggs, and the Volunteer Division under Gen. Butler, were ordered under arms to make a diversion to the left of the town in favor of the important operations of Gen. Worth. The 20 inch mortars and the 24 pounder howitzers had been put in battery the night of the 20th, in a ravine, 1400 yards distant from the Cathedral Fort, and were supported by the 4th regiment of infantry.

At 8 o'clock A. M. on the 21st the order was given for the battery to open on the Cathedral and town, and immediately after the first division, with the 3d and 4th infantry in advance under Colonel Garland, who were ordered to reconnoiter and skirmish with the enemy on the extreme left of the city, and should prospect of success offer, to carry the most advanced battery. This attack was directed by Major Mansfield, Engineer; Capt. Williams, Topographical Engineer, and Major Kinney, Quarter Master to the Texian Division. A heavy fire from the first battery was immediately opened upon the advanced, but the troops soon turned. At entering and engaging with the enemy in the streets of the city, having passed through an incessant cross fire from the citadel and from the 1st and 2d batteries, and from the infantry who lined the parapets, streets and house tops of the city.

The rear of the first battery was soon turned amid the reverse fire of the troops through the gorge of work and killed or dislodged the 4th artillery and infantry from it and the building occupied by infantry immediately in its rear. The 1st division was followed and supported by the Mississippi and Tennessee and first Ohio Regiments, the two former Regiments being the first to scale and occupy the fort. The success of the day here stopped. The Mississippi, Tennessee and Ohio Regiments though warmly engaged in the streets for some time after the capture of the first battery and its adjoining defences, were unable from exertion and the loss they had suffered to gain more advantage. A heavy shower of rain also coming up caused a suspension of hostilities before the close of the day. The 1st and first Infantry and Baltimore Battalion remained, as the garrison of the captured position under Col. Garland, assisted by Captain Riddleley's battery.—Two 12 pounders, one 4 pounder and 1 howitzer were captured in the fort.—Three officers and some 20 or 30 men were taken prisoners.

One of the 12 pounders was served against the 2nd fort and defences, with the captured ammunition, by Captain Riddley. The storming party of Gen. Worth's division also captured two 9 pounders which were immediately turned upon their former owners.

On the morning of the 22d, Gen. Worth continued his operations and positions of his division, stormed and carried successively the heights above the Bishop's Palace, both of which were carried by a command under Captain

Vinton, 3d artillery. In these operations, the company of Louisiana troops, under Capt. Blanchard, performed efficient and gallant service as part of Capt Vinton's command. Four pieces of artillery, with a good supply of ammunition, were captured in the Bishop's Palace this day, some of which were turned upon the enemy's defences in the city.

On the evening of the 22d, Col. Garland and his command were relieved as the garrison of the captured fort. Early in the morning Gen. Quitman, from his position, discovered that the 2d and 3d forts east of the city had been entirely abandoned by the enemy, who, apprehending another assault on the night of the 22d, had retired from all their defences to the main palace in the immediate vicinity. A command of two companies of Mississippi, and two of Tennessee troops, were then thrown into the street to reconnoiter, and soon became hotly engaged with the enemy, they were soon supported by Colonel Woods' regiment and the Texas Rangers, dismounted by Bragg's light battery and the 3d infantry. The enemy's fire was constant and uninterrupted from the streets, house tops, barricades, &c., in the vicinity of the Palace. The pieces of Bragg's battery were also used with much efficiency far into the heart of the city. This engagement lasted the best part of the day, our troops having driven the scattered parties of the enemy, and penetrated quite to the defences of the main Palace. The advantage thus gained, it was not considered necessary to hold, as the enemy had permanently abandoned its defences except the main Palace, its immediate vicinity; and the cathedral, fort or citadel.

Early in the afternoon of the same day, Gen. Worth assailed, from the Bishop's Palace, the west side of the city, and succeeded in driving the enemy and maintaining his position within a short distance of the main Palace; on that side of the city, towards evening, the mortar had also been planted in the cemetery enclosed, and during the night did great execution in the circumscribed camp of the enemy on the Palace. So ended the operations of the 23d.

Early in the morning of the 24th, a communication was sent to Gen. Taylor from Gen. Ampudia, under a flag of truce, making an offer of capitulation, to which the former refused to accede, as it asked more than the American Commander would under any circumstances grant. At the same time a demand to surrender was in reply made upon Gen. Ampudia. 12 o'clock M. was the hour at which the acceptance or non-acceptance was to be communicated to the American General.

At 11 A. M. the Mexican General sent, requesting a personal conference with Gen. Taylor, which was granted, the principal officers of rank on either side accompanying their Generals. After several offers in relation to the capitulation of the city being made on either side and refused; at 4 1/2 o'clock P. M. Gen. Taylor arose and saying that he would give Gen. Ampudia one hour to consider and accept or refuse, left the conference with his officers. At the expiration of the hour the discharge of the mortar was to be the signal for the recommencement of hostilities. Before the expiration of the hour, however, an officer was sent on the part of Gen. Ampudia to inform the American General that he would avoid the effusion of blood, the national honor being satisfied by the exertions of the Mexican troops, he had, after consultation with his general officers decided to capitulate, accepting the offer of the American General. Ampudia's force is estimated at 11000.

The terms of capitulation were in effect as follows:

That the officers should be allowed to march out with their side arms—that the cavalry and infantry should be allowed to march out with their arms and accoutrements—that the artillery should be allowed to march out with one battery of six pieces, and 21 rounds of ammunition—that all other munitions of war and supplies should be turned over to a board of American officers appointed to receive them—that the Mexican army should be allowed seven days to evacuate the city, and that the American troops should not occupy it until evacuated; that the Cathedral fort or citadel should be evacuated at 10 o'clock A. M. the next day, the 25th.

The Mexicans then marching out and the American Garrison marching in, the Mexicans allowed to salute their flag when hauled down, that there should be an armistice of eight weeks, during which time neither army should pass a line running from the Rinconada through Lanares and San Fernando, this lenient offer of the American General was declined with the concurrence of his Generals and by motives of good policy, and consideration for the good defence of their city by the Mexican Army.

Killed, Capt. Williams, topographical engineer; Lt. Terrett, 1st Infantry; Capt. L N Morris, 3d do; Capt. Field, 3d do; Maj. Barbour, 3d do; Lt. Cowin, 3d do; Lt. Haslett, 3d do; Lt. Hoskins, 3d do; Lt. Wood, 4th do; Capt. Mack-Kabett, 8th do; Capt. Watson, Balt. Battalion; Capt. Battlen, 1st Tennessee regiment; Lt. Putnam, 1st do; A Lt. in a Georgia company, wounded; Maj. Lear, 3d Infantry, severely; Capt. Bainbridge, 3d do slightly; Lt. R Graham, 4th do severely; Capt. Limotte 1st do slightly; Lt Dilworth, 1st do severely; Maj. Abercrombie, 1st do slightly; Lt Wainwright, 4th do slightly; Lt Rossell 5th do slightly; Lt Potter 7th do slightly; Maj. Mansfield, engineer, slightly; General Butler volunteer division slightly wounded; Col Mitchell, Ohio volunteers, slightly wounded; Col McClung, Mississippi regiment, severely; Major Alexander, Tennessee volunteers; Lt Allen do do; Lt Scudder, do do; Lt Nixon, do do; Capt Dowler, Morris regiment; Lt Thomas, Texas regiment; Lt

Armstrong, Ohio regiment; Capt Gillespie, Texas Rangers, mortally wounded, since dead.

Whig Victory in Maryland.

The intelligence from Maryland is of the most gratifying character. In BALTIMORE CITY the Whigs have broken through the usual heavy loco loco majority and elected their State Senator and two members of the Legislature—leaving the locofocos three members, who escape defeat by the skin of their teeth. The successful candidates are, for the Senate KEYSER, (whig) majority 7 votes, for Legislature Messrs. Kennedy and Patterson, (whigs) average majority 40, and Messrs. Baughman, Ware, and Cox, (locos) average majority 65.—In 1844 Carroll carried the city by upwards of 1100, and Polk by upwards of 500. Last year, on the Legislative vote, the Whigs were beaten in the city near 4000, while the Locofocos beat Whigs, Natives, and all opposition combined, upwards of 600!

The Daily Chronicle received last evening, sums up the returns from the State, as follows:

The Senatorial election returns are complete. They show that the Senate will be composed of 13 Whigs and 8 Democrats. In the House of Delegates, as far as heard from, the Whigs have gained 15 and lost 5 members, being a nett Whig gain of 10 members. Taking it for granted that St. Mary's, the only County yet to be heard from, will return Whigs as heretofore, the House will stand 53 Whigs to 29 Democrats: The official vote of the City of Baltimore, shows that the majority of Charles M. Keyser, Esq., the Whig Senator elect, is three.

Since the above was in type we learn that St. Mary's county has returned 3 Whigs to the House of Delegates.

On Friday last, in Pittsburg, a most brutal attack was made with a cane upon Rev. George Upfold, Rector of Trinity Church, by Major R. J. Dunn. The offence which caused the attack was the refusal of the Reverend gentleman to administer the ordinance of communion on account of alleged intemperate habits.

The Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 10, 1846. FLOUR.—There was no movement in the market worthy of notice, and the sales mostly confined to home use at \$5 25 a \$5 37 1/2 for fair and good retailing brands; holders uniformly ask the former rate for standard shipping brands; the market, however, closes quiet. Rye Flour and Corn Meal inactive at \$3 75. Wheat more sought after, and about 10,000 bushels Penna sold at 106 for good reds, including a lot of old prime quality at 109 1/2 a 110c in store. Corn dull, and mostly going into store; 300 bushels Penna flat sold at 70c.

MARRIED.

On the 27th inst., by the Rev. J. Plunket, Mr. JOSEPH CORNELIUS, of Bath, Morgan county, Va. (formerly of Huntingdon county, Pa.) to Miss ELIZABETH McENTIRE, of Martinsburg, Berkeley county, Va.

DEED.

On Friday morning last, in this Borough, MARTIN GRAFFIUS, aged 79 years, in Porter township, on Thursday last, WILLIAM ROBB, aged about 36 years. In Waterstreet, on Friday evening last, ANTHONY J. STEWART; aged 46 years.

PUBLIC SALE.

The following described Real Estate, late the property of Henry P. Dorsey, decd., will be offered at public sale, at the Court House, in the borough of Huntingdon, on WEDNESDAY, the 12th day of November, at 10 o'clock, A. M. viz: Three lots of ground in the borough of Huntingdon, lying east of the old Court House, adjoining each other, and fronting on Allegheny and Market streets, on which are erected a large stone dwelling house, kitchen and other buildings. Also, a frame dwelling house, stable, carriage-house, &c., with a well of good water. The above lots will be divided if desired by purchasers, on the day of sale.

Also, a lot of ground in the borough of Alexandria, fronting on the turnpike and Main street, on which is a well built double brick dwelling house, well finished; also a stable and other improvements, with a tract of water. Also, a tract of land situate in West township, Huntingdon county, adjoining lands of Neff's, Morris' and others, containing about 152 acres; about 40 of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation, with a dwelling house thereon. This remainder of the tract is covered with valuable timber. The terms will be—one-third of the purchase money on confirmation of the sale, the remainder in three equal annual payments, with interest, for which bond and mortgage will be required. THOMAS DUNCAN, JOHN P. DORSEY, WILLIAM DORRIS, Guardian of Greenberry and Henry P. Dorsey.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, by precept me directed by the Judges of the Common Pleas of the county of Huntingdon, bearing date the 2d day of September, A. D. 1846, I am commanded to make public proclamation throughout my whole bailiwick that a Court of Common Pleas will be held at the Court House in the borough of Huntingdon, in the county of Huntingdon, on the third Monday (and 16th day) of November, A. D. 1846, for the trial of all issues in said court, which remain undetermined before the said judges, when and where all jurors, witnesses and suitors, in the trial of all said issues are required. Dated at Huntingdon, the 2d day of September, A. D. 1846, and the 70th year of American Independence. JOHN ARMITAGE, Sheriff. SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Huntingdon, Oct. 10, 1846.

Syrup of Horehound.

HANCE'S Compound Syrup of Horehound—for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Spitting of Blood, Pain in the Side and Breast, Bronchitis, Croup, Asthma, and all diseases arising from a disordered condition of the lungs or neglected cold. TAKE TIME BY THE FORELOCK; In a piece of advice which is suitable to all seasons, and applicable to all purposes; though there is no instance in which this piece of advice is more valuable than to persons who are troubled with cough, for, if they neglect what may appear to them very trifling in the beginning, it may lead to inflammation of lungs, and finally consumption. To all who have a cough, we would say, procure a bottle of Hance's Compound Syrup of Horehound. This medicine is pleasant to take, and it may save you years of suffering. Price 60 cents per bottle, or 6 bottles for \$2.50. Prepared and sold by SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore street, and corner of Charles and Pratt streets. oct15-ly

AGENTS—T. Read & Son, Huntingdon; Moore & Swoope; Alexandria; A. O. Brown, Shirleysburg; W. W. Buchanan, Mill Creek; Spencer & Flood, Williamsburg.

Sarsaparilla or Blood Pills.

HANCE'S Sarsaparilla or Blood Pills—Fifty Pills in a box. The cheapest and best medicine in existence. Every person who is subject to bilious fever, should purify their blood and system by using a box of the Sarsaparilla or Blood Pills. Persons afflicted with constiveness should try Hance's Sarsaparilla or Blood Pills. Young ladies and gentlemen troubled with pimples on the face, should try the Sarsaparilla or blood pills. Singing in the ears relieved by Hance's Sarsaparilla or blood pills. Headache and dizziness cured by using the Sarsaparilla or blood pills. Drowsiness and general debility cured by Hance's Sarsaparilla or blood pills. Dyspepsia can be cured by using the Sarsaparilla or blood pills. Persons who have taken considerable portions of mercury, and in consequence have pains in the bones, should use freely Hance's Sarsaparilla or blood pills. Persons in want of a pill that is purely vegetable, and is warranted not to contain a particle of mercury, should use the Sarsaparilla OR BLOOD PILLS. The genuine for sale by SETH S. HANCE, 105 Baltimore street, and corner of Charles and Pratt streets, Baltimore. oct15-ly

AGENTS—T. Read & Son, Huntingdon; Moore & Swoope, Alexandria; Spencer & Flood, Williamsburg; W. W. Buchanan, Mill Creek; A. O. Brown, Shirleysburg.

EXTENSIVE CLOTHING EMPORIUM.

THE greatest bargains are to be had at M. TRACY'S OLD ESTABLISHED PIONEER LINE, No. 292 Market street, Philadelphia, who has just finished one of the largest and most complete assortments of FALL and WINTER Clothing in the city, consisting of Super Black Dress Coats, from \$10 to \$14 00 Do Frock do " 10 to 14 00 Do Blue dress do " 10 to 14 00 Super Blk Beaver lung Coats from 8 to 12 00 Do Cloth do do 10 to 15 00 Do Brown Cloth do do 10 to 14 00 Pilot Cloth Bang Coats, from 3 to 5 00 Super Blk Sack Coats, do 9 to 13 00 Do Brown Sack Coats, do 8 to 12 00 Tweed Coats, do 3 to 6 00 Union Cassimere Coats, do 5 to 6 00 Blk Cloth Cloaks, do 10 to 18 00 Business Cloaks, do 6 to 7 00 Black Cassimere Pants, do 4 to 5 00 Do Fancy cassimere, do 4 to 5 00 Satin Vests, do 2 50 to 4 00 Merino Vests, do 2 to 4 00 Silk Velvet Vests, do 3 to 4 50 Gentlemen in want of CLOTHING, may depend upon being suited in every respect, as we are determined not to be undersold by any competitor in the business: All goods are purchased for CASH, which enables us to sell at little lower than those who deal on the credit system; it being a self-evident fact that the "nimble sixer" is better than the slow shilling. Don't forget the number—292 Market street, Philadelphia. oct6-3m M. TRACY.

Valuable Real Estate for Sale.

Will be exposed to public sale on the premises, on MONDAY, the 26th day of October next, that valuable tract of Limestone land, situate in Warriormark township, in the county of Huntingdon, and State of Pennsylvania, known as the property of Santiel Spanogle, decd., bounded by lands of John Spitzer, Henry Spanogle, the heirs of George Mong, decd, and others, containing about 118 acres, of which about 70 acres are cleared, and in a good state of cultivation. The improvements are a two story dwelling house, a good barn, with out-houses, a good orchard of fruit trees, and a never-failing spring of limestone water. Said property must and will be sold. The terms of sale will be made known on said day by ABRAHAM BUCK, AZARIAH SACKETS, Esq.'s of Santiel Spanogle, decd. oct6-18

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to C. Snyder & Co., Steevens, Snyder & Co., or to C. Snyder, continuing the business of the latter firm since its dissolution, are hereby notified that unless payment be made to, and discharges or receipts obtained from the undersigned, or one of them, before the 1st day of November next, their several accounts will be left with a Justice of the Peace for collection. The books &c. are in the possession of George Taylor, with whom persons wishing to make payment, may call. GEO. TAYLOR, DAVID BLACK.

Assignees of C. Snyder & Co., Steevens, Snyder & Co. &c. sept30-17.

Oakridge Female Seminary.

This is a Family School into which only about 12 boarders, and with one or two exceptions, no other scholars, are admitted; a peculiar feature which offers unusual facilities for the cultivation of proper religious sentiments, as well as for mutual improvement. The assistant teachers are from the Pittsfield and Mount Holyoke Female Seminaries of Massachusetts. The location of the school is elevated, beautiful, healthful, and half a mile from Gettysburg. The course of studies is as extensive as at any other Institution, and the terms as low. The next session will commence Nov. 2. Parents who are seeking a suitable school for their daughters, can obtain further information by application by letter or otherwise to the Principal, Professor H. HAUPY, Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa. sept23 JUSTICE'S blanks of all kinds for sale at this office. JOB-WORK of all descriptions neatly executed at the Journal office.