

THE JOURNAL.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1846.

POLK & DALLAS TICKET.

Congress—A. PORTER WILSON.
Assembly—BENJAMIN F. PATTON.
Commissioners—BENJAMIN GROVE,
JAMES G. LIGHTNER.
Auditors—GEORGE JACKSON,
DAVID BURKEET,
JAMES MURPHY.
The friends of Free Trade are expected to vote the above Ticket.

The Issue in October Next.

JAMES M. POWER, WILLIAM B. FOSTER,
AND THE
Whig Tariff of '42. British Tariff of '46.
People of Pennsylvania, here is the issue fairly stated. The election of JAMES M. POWER will be regarded all over the Union as evidence not to be misunderstood, that PENNSYLVANIA IS NOT TO BE PROSTRATED IN THE DUST, or her HONEST VOTERS CHEATED AND HUMBLED with impunity, while every vote polled for WILLIAM B. FOSTER will be deemed an expression in favor of FREE TRADE and the BRITISH TARIFF of 1846.

VOTERS OF HUNTINGDON COUNTY, BEAR IN MIND THAT EVERY VOTE CAST FOR WILLIAM B. FOSTER AND THE LOCOFOCO TICKET, IS A DEAD SHOT IN FAVOR OF FREE TRADE AND THE BRITISH TARIFF OF 1846.

Which is the British Party?

LET IT BE REMEMBERED, that the London Times says:—"HENCEFORTH THE PRINCIPLE OF DUTIES FOR PROTECTION MUST BE CONSIDERED AS ABANDONED IN THE UNITED STATES."

LET IT BE REMEMBERED, that the same paper says:—"THE ALTERATION OF THE AMERICAN TARIFF CANNOT BUT BE REGARDED AS A GREAT TRIUMPH, GAINED BY THE PRINCIPLE OF FREE TRADE."

LET IT BE REMEMBERED, that the Liverpool Standard says:—"THAT THE NEW TARIFF IN THE U. STATES IS A MEASURE WHICH WILL BE RECEIVED WITH INFINITE SATISFACTION BY THE BRITISH MERCHANT AND MANUFACTURER."

LET IT BE REMEMBERED, that the same paper, in speaking of this matter, says:—"THE GENERAL EFFECT MUST BE TO INCREASE THE VALUE OF THE AMERICAN MARKET TO THE BRITISH MANUFACTURER, WHILE IT MAY ARREST THE PROGRESS OF THE PEOPLE OF THE EASTERN STATES IN MANUFACTURING SKILL."

LET IT BE REMEMBERED, that the Montreal Courier, referring to the passage of M'Kay's bill, says:—"AS ENGLISHMEN, WE ARE OF COURSE PLEASED THAT THE TARIFF IS ABOLISHED, AS TAKEN IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOLITION OF OUR CORN LAWS, IT WILL OPEN AN IMMENSE MARKET FOR US; BUT IF WE WERE AMERICANS, WE SHOULD CERTAINLY BE TARIFF MEN."

LET IT BE REMEMBERED, that THIS BILL, SO LAUDED BY BRITISH EDITORS, WAS ADOPTED BY A LOCOFOCO CONGRESS—THAT IT IS APPROVED OF BY THE LOCOFOCO LEADERS IN THIS DISTRICT, AND THAT, IN OBEDIENCE TO THEIR WISHES, AND THE GENERAL TENDENCY OF THE LOCOFOCO PARTY TO FREE TRADE, Gen. Wilson HAS COME OUT UNDER HIS OWN SIGNATURE, IN FAVOR OF A COMPROMISE BETWEEN THE FREE LABOR OF THE NORTH AND THE SLAVE LABOR OF THE SOUTH.

VOTERS! IN VIEW OF ALL THESE THINGS, GO TO THE POLLS, AND CAST YOUR VOTES ON THE SIDE OF REASON AND PATRIOTISM.

The Free Trade Blight.

The Miners' Journal says the large curtailment of the shipments of Coal, the reduction of wages, and the stoppage of new work, it is estimated, has caused a loss to labor alone in the Schuylkill region, of twenty-five thousand dollars per week, independent of the losses sustained by business. It is also estimated that nearly, if not quite, 1,000 Laborers, Miners, Mechanics, &c., have already left the Coal Region, seeking employment elsewhere—yet there are prints that do not hesitate to tell the people that the British Bill of 1846 will benefit the laboring community in this region. Miners and Laborers, do you believe it? If not, your only remedy is at the ballot-box.

Canal Commissioner.

The Locofoco State Central Committee have issued an address, calling upon the faithful to re-elect Wm. B. Foster Canal Commissioner. They seem to expect the people to swallow such stories as this:

"In addition to Mr. Foster's qualifications as an engineer, he is a thorough accountant, and perfectly familiar with the duties of every officer on the line—of the manner of settling their accounts at the accounting department, and has the vigilance and energy to compel settlements to be made, and the money to be accounted for at the proper time. We feel no hesitation in affirming that, as no defalcations have occurred that none will occur under his superintendence."

The italics are in the original. To show what reliance can be placed in the assertions of this committee, we copy the following extract from a report made to the Legislature, April 5, 1845, and unanimously adopted by the House of Representatives:

"It is a vain hope to expect to carry on our immense receipts and disbursements on the public works, and also arising from an annual tax necessary to pay the interest on the public debt, unless public officers will do their duty. IT IS DEEPLY TO BE REGRETTED THAT IN MANY INSTANCES ON THE PUBLIC WORKS, THE DEFAULTING OFFICERS HAVE BEEN RE-APPOINTED AND CONTINUED, IN THE FACE OF THE KNOWLEDGE OF LARGE EXISTING DEFALCATIONS."

"Your Committee might enumerate instances of this character, but it is useless—let the black list herewith presented, speak for itself."

For the whole of this report, see 2nd volume of House Journal, page 690. For the "black list" referred to, see pages 702 to 705 of same volume.—Many of the defalcations are marked as having occurred in 1844 and 1845. It will be remembered that at the time this report was made, Wm. B. Foster had been a member of the Board of Canal Commissioners for TWO YEARS!

The way Foster Manages.

We are credibly informed, says the Harrisburg Intelligencer, that a rope or ropes were recently purchased by the Canal Commissioners in Philadelphia, for which they paid \$16,000, when when the same size and quality was offered to be made by Mr. Weaver, the great rope manufacturer, for \$12,000. But Mr. Weaver is a Whig, and the other manufacturer a Locofoco—so the Locofoco must have the job, and the PEOPLE must pay!

This is the kind of reform Mr. Foster has instituted upon the public works.

Whig Prophecy Verified.

During the election campaign of 1844 the Whigs throughout the Union zealously urged the election of Mr. Clay, and prophesied that his defeat would bring just what it has brought, upon the country. They said if James K. Polk be elected, we shall have a revenue Tariff. We shall have no Protection. We shall have no Distribution. We shall have War upon the Banks. We shall have WAR WITH MEXICO. We shall have the Sub-Treasury. We shall have a Standing Army. We shall assume the Debt of Texas. We shall have Polk, Dallas & Texas, instead of Clay, Frelinghuysen and the Union as it is.

Such were the predictions of the Whig press throughout the land, and while they labored to impress their honest convictions upon the minds of the People, their statements were branded as falsehoods by LOCOFOCO LEADERS!—Have they not been fulfilled almost to the very letter? And in addition to this truly appalling list of grievances, we may add, the Public Treasury squandered, and a National Debt incurred of FIFTY MILLIONS OF DOLLARS!

Let the Locofoco press deny these facts if they have the audacity to do so! Let them again attempt to discredit the Whig press, recking as the Locofoco organs do with falsehood and branded with infamy by a deceived, betrayed and ruined people! Let their flood gates of slander open more open, and the People will know how to appreciate their professions, their truth, their pollution and labor of love for Polk, Walker, Free Trade and the British Tariff!—The intelligent of our country can no longer be led to the slaughter, hoodwinked. They are fully sensible of the imposition practiced upon them, and they will take good care that it shall not be repeated. Revenge burns in their hearts, and they will feed the fire of their first opportunity that offers.—Pa. Telegraph.

MORE OF IT.—Two or three manufacturing establishments have lately closed up within a few miles of Wilmington. The principal of one of those firms two years ago made a speech in Wilmington, declaring that the manufacturers of this country could get along without protection. He is now "done up and bursted!"—Daily Eagle.

The Low Wages System.

The Locofoco organs, who advocate the British Tariff with great zeal, are highly indignant at the manufacturers who have been obliged to reduce the wages of their hands to guard against the destruction that awaits them upon the operation of Free Trade, by which the manufacturers of England and France, where labor brings only from one dollar five to one dollar seventy five cents A WEEK, will be introduced into our country with but twenty per cent. protection to our own labor! These organs calculate to make a little political capital by abusing the employers and pretending to sympathize with the workmen, in whose reduction of wages they glory, and for which they have labored with a zeal and a recklessness unsurpassed by pirates on the high seas.

Do these Free Trade organs suppose that their hypocrisy is not seen by those whom they design to gull and dupe!—Do they not know that the doctrine of the party as given out by Mr. Buchanan, has for years been for "A REDUCTION OF THE WAGES OF LABOR, TO THE PRICES OF EUROPE." Mr. Buchanan said in the U. S. Senate in 1842, in his famous speech against the Tariff Bill:

"REDUCE YOUR WAGES TO THE STANDARD OF PRICES THROUGHOUT THE WORLD, AND YOU WILL COVER THE COUNTRY WITH BLESSINGS AND BENEFITS!"

And yet, when they have passed a Tariff against the wishes of the people, and their own PARTY PLEDGES, which FORCES the manufacturers to a reduction of wages to save themselves from bankruptcy, and those employed by them, from idleness and want, these Locofoco advocates for a reduction of wages in this country, to the standard of prices throughout the world, turn and revile those who make the smallest approach to it! But such hypocrisy and crocodile tears will not accomplish the object desired. The mechanics and laborers of our country have been taught by better experience WHO ARE THEIR FRIENDS, and who their foes, and they will speak their mind freely at the ballot box on the second Tuesday of October. We don't fear the result.—Pa. Telegraph.

FOREIGN NEWS.

From the Philadelphia Daily Chronicle.
ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP
GREAT WESTERN.
SIX DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

Improvement in the Cotton Market—Rise in the Price of Grain—Demand for all kinds of Provisions—Failure of the Potato Crop—Intelligence from France, Spain, India, &c., &c.

The favorite steamer Great Western arrived at New York yesterday, about one o'clock, after a very boisterous passage. On the 19th, 20th, and 21st instants, she experienced tremendous gales, in which she lost her wheel house, quarter-boats, ice-house, and suffered much other damage.

The political news is not of much importance.

The markets for all descriptions of American produce was advancing. The crops in the United Kingdom are not more than an average in quantity or quality; we must therefore look rather to other countries for a sufficient supply for the large and increasing consumption that is now going forward.

The failure of the potato crop is universal. The reports from every part of the United Kingdom, are appalling, whilst letter after letter from the continent of Europe, details the ravages which this strange and unaccountable disease has made in France, Belgium, Holland and Prussia.

Accounts from France, as to the harvest in that country, are most distressing. A very large quantity of wheat will therefore be required for its immediate wants. All over the north of Europe, rye, a staple article of consumption, has yielded miserably short.

We extract the following from Wilmer & Smith's European Times:

The employment of the people on public works in Ireland will, it is clear, be carried out on a large scale.

The present popular Lord Lieutenant has already issued nearly fifty commissions for the holding of baronial sessions in different parts of Ireland, and upon the investigation and decision of the majorities in session, as to the condition of their respective districts, he will act. With the confidence which exists at present in the money market, and the encouraging prospects that are before us, there is every reason to believe that the present prices may be maintained, if, indeed, they do not advance. As an article of human food, the use of potatoes seems likely to become extinct.

The cotton market continues steady, and although we cannot fix a higher quotation, yet on some descriptions, there has been an upward inclination. Considerable anxiety prevails respecting the new crop. The next accounts are eagerly looked for, and prices will probably take their complexion from the advances by the in-coming and the succeeding packets.

The grain markets with us, as with our continental neighbors, are on the rise.

INDIA.—The news from India is calculated to produce a feeling of uneasiness in a political as well as in a com-

mercial sense. Sir Henry Hardinge, it seems now to be universally admitted, notwithstanding the skill and bravery evinced in the war with the Sikhs, has made a bungling business of it, and in all probability the work will have to be done over again. Mistaken clemency in the case of semi-barbarians is often-times positive cruelty.

The victories which the British army achieved on the banks of the Sutledge have not terminated in that amicable arrangement and profitable settlement which was hoped for, and peremptorily boasted of. Ghoolab Singh finds himself beset by pecuniary difficulties. He either cannot or is unwilling to pay his debts. In all such emergencies in India, civil war is the first development, and resistance of the British people, and consequently the war will have to be renewed in the Pusjaub and the province of Lahore, and the territory conditionally assigned to the Ghoolab Singh re-peopled and attached to the British territory. The ravages of the cholera have diminished in Scinderg; it appears they have been exaggerated.

"THE DALLAS NIGHT CAP."—The large bagging and bale-rope factory of Messrs. C. Shultz & Co. Maysville, Ky., has suspended operations. By this 120 laborers are thrown out of employment, whose wages furnished food for 600 mouths. The Eagle attributes the suspension to the passage of the late Tariff, which, by reducing the duty on the foreign article, it cannot be made without loss. The establishment turned 500 yds. of bagging and one ton of bale-rope per day, consuming about 936 tons of hemp annually. This will be supplied by the hemp and labor of foreign countries.

The Native Americans of Baltimore have determined not to run a ticket at the coming election. They say that the struggle is between the Whig Tariff of '42 and the Locofoco British Tariff of '46; and in such a case it is the height of folly to waste their votes on a third ticket. The abolitionists of Chester county have come to the same sensible conclusion.

The War.

A letter to the New Orleans Bee says:—"I met with an old acquaintance direct from the Rio Grande, having served a three months' tour. As regards the feelings of the Mexicans as to the war and towards the American forces, he thinks that they are inveterately hostile, and that if General Taylor should meet with even a partial defeat, the population would turn out en masse, and that the army would be entirely destroyed. He estimates the whole force upon the Rio Grande at 10,000, of which 6,000 were at Camargo and advancing upon Monterey, so that unless negotiation should settle the matter, we may consider the war as just begun."

At the recent election in the young and thriving State of Indiana, a vote of the people was taken on the question of amending the Constitution of that State, which resulted thus:—For Convention, 33,173; against, 28,943; majority for a Convention, 4,330.

RICH.—"Thomas, there's too much bustle here."
"Where, pa?"
"I mean there's too much noise—you must stop it."
"Is noise a bustle, pa?"
"Yes, child."
"Golly gracious—then sister Sally does wear the biggest noise you ever saw, pa!"

The Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 2, 1846.

Flour & MEAL.—The tenor of the European advices received on the date of our last review, being considered favorable for the holders of bread stuffs in this country, in connection with the limited stocks in first hands in the Atlantic markets, caused the prices here to advance fully 25 cts. per brl.—the sales for shipment reaching 7,000 brls. at \$4 75 a \$4 87 1-2 for good and choice brands of fresh ground, and \$4 50 for round old stock Penna. Rye Flour.—The market has been cleared of all that could be had at \$3 a \$3 25 per brl., and for the limited stock on hand holders are firm at \$3 50, with small sales. Corn Meal also continues scarce, and in request; sales of old stock Penna. at \$2 62 1-2, a \$2 75, and fresh ground at \$3 a \$3 25 per brl.

GRAIN.—There has been a fair demand for wheat this week, and the receipts being light, prices are higher. Sales of good to prime Penna. red early in the week, at 97 cts. a \$1; and white at \$1 a \$1 01; since, sales of red at \$1 01 a \$1 03, and white at \$1 05 a \$1 08 per bushel. Rye.—A sale of Penna. at 68c. Corn continues scarce, and prices are higher; sales of Penna. yellow at 70 a 73c.—Southern do. at 60 a 63, and since at 70c. Oats comes forward more freely, and sell at 30 a 32c.

IRON has increased in demand, chiefly for home use, and the sales amount to about 700 tons, including Charcoal pig, at \$27 a \$29, and Anthracite do. at \$25 a \$27; \$22 and \$21 per ton for Nos. 1, 2 and 3. Bar Iron is dull at \$72 50 a \$80, and Blooms at \$52 50 a \$60 per ton. In other descriptions no change.

MARRIED.

On the 29th ult., in Alexandria, by the Rev. John McKinney, Mr. CHARLES BYRNE to Miss ANN MOORE.

EXTENSIVE CLOTHING EMPORIUM.

THE greatest bargains are to be had at M. TRACY'S OLD ESTABLISHED PIONEER LINE, No. 292 Market street, Philadelphia, who has just finished one of the largest and most complete assortment of FALL and WINTER Clothing in the city, consisting of
Super Black Dress Coats, from \$10 to \$14 00
Do Frock do " 10 to 14 00
Do Blue dress do " 10 to 14 00
Super bl'k Beaver bangup Coats from 8 to 12 00
Do Cloth do do 10 to 15 00
Do brown Cloth do do 10 to 14 00
Pilot Cloth Bangup Coats, from 3 to 5 00
Super bl'k Sack Coats, do 9 to 13 00
Do brown Sack Coats, do 8 to 12 00
Tweed Coats, do 3 to 6 00
Union Cassimere Coats, do 5 to 6 00
Blk Cloth Coats, do 10 to 18 00
Business Cloaks, do 6 to 7 00
Black Cassimere Pants, do 4 to 5 00
Do Fancy cassimere, do 4 to 5 00
Satin Vests, do 2 50 to 4 00
Merino Vests, do 2 to 4 00
Silk Velvet Vests, do 3 to 4 50

Gentlemen in want of CLOTHING, may depend upon being suited in every respect, as we are determined not to be undersold by any competitor in the business. All goods are purchased for CASH, which enables us to sell a little lower than those who deal on the credit system; it being a self-evident fact that the "nimble squire" is better than the slow shilling. Don't forget the number—292 Market street, Philadelphia.
oct6-3m M. TRACY.

Valuable Real Estate for Sale.

WILL be exposed to public sale on the premises, on MONDAY, the 26th day of October next, that valuable tract of Limestone land, situated in Warriorsmark township, in the county of Huntingdon, and State of Pennsylvania, known as the property of Samuel Spangle, dec'd., bounded by lands of John Spittler, Henry Spangle, the heirs of George Mong, dec'd., and others, containing about 118 acres, of which about 70 acres are cleared, and in a good state of cultivation. The improvements are a two story dwelling house, a good barn, with out-houses, a good orchard of fruit trees, and a never-failing spring of limestone water. Said property must and will be sold. The terms of sale will be made known on said day by
ABRAHAM RUCK,
AZARIAH SACKETT,
oct6-16 Esrs of Saml. Spangle, dec'd.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to C. Snyder & Co., Stevens, Snyder & Co., or to C. Snyder, continuing the business of the latter firm since its dissolution, are hereby notified that unless payment be made to, and discharges or receipts obtained from the undersigned, or one of them, before the 1st day of November next, their several accounts will be left with a Justice of the Peace for collection. The books &c. are in the possession of George Taylor, with whom persons wishing to make payment, may call.
GEO. TAYLOR,
DAVID BLACK,
Assignees of C. Snyder & Co., Stevens, Snyder & Co. &c.
sept30-4f

Sale of Valuable Real Estate.

THE subscribers offer for sale that valuable Real Estate, Two tracts of land situated on the Banks of the Little Juniata river, one mile below Birmingham; the first tract situated in Warriorsmark township, Huntingdon county, the other tract situated in Tyrone township, Blair county, the River being the line between the two tracts, and also the line between Huntingdon and Blair counties, well known as the property of Andrew Robeson, of Warriorsmark township, now deceased.

The mansion tract in Warriorsmark township, contains 300 acres of excellent limestone land, about 100 acres cleared, and in a good state of cultivation, with three dwelling houses, a store barn and a good apple orchard thereon.

The other tract in Blair county contains 400 acres of excellent timber land, with a house and stable the on erected; there is an Ore bank on this tract, from which about 600 tons of Iron Ore of an excellent quality has been raised. A large part of this tract is good limestone land for farming. On these two tracts are four situations for Forges or Furnaces, perhaps the best sites in the State.—There is a number of springs on the two tracts of never failing water that keep the river free from ice for more than a mile.

This last tract of land is all woodland and well covered with timber.

One third of the purchase money to be paid on hand, the residue in two annual payments, thereafter.

Any person wishing to purchase one or both tracts will please call on David Robeson in Pleasant Valley, or Jacob Van Tries in Warriorsmark.

DAVID ROBESON,
JACOB VAN TRIES, Esquires.

sept30-4f. Holidays Register, insert the above, till forbid, and charge Executors.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, will be exposed to public sale on
Friday, October thirtieth,
at the house of Samuel Steffy, Innkeeper, in Jackson township, Eight Tracts of Unseated Land, late the property of Jacob K. Neff, dec'd., situated in said township; One containing 400 acres, surveyed on a warrant in the name of Henry Canss; One containing 400 acres, surveyed on a warrant in the name of David Stewart; One containing 400 acres, surveyed on a warrant in the name of A. Johnson; One containing 400 acres, surveyed on a warrant in the name of Hugh Johnston; One containing 400 acres, surveyed on a warrant in the name of Henry West; One containing 400 acres, surveyed on a warrant in the name of Thomas McGune; One containing 450 acres, surveyed on a warrant in the name of James Dean; and one containing 400 acres, surveyed on a warrant in the name of John Adams.

TERMS:

One half of the purchase money to be paid on the confirmation of the sales respectively, and the residue within one year thereafter, with interest to be secured by the bond and mortgage of the purchaser. By the Court,
JACOB MILLER, Clerk.

Attendance given by JOHN NEFF, Executor.
sept30-1s.

CLOTHING!

BUCK & MOORE.

254 Market Street, Philadelphia,
HAVE constantly on hand every description of Clothing, all of which are cut, trimmed and made in a manner not to be surpassed, and are warranted cheaper than the same quality of Goods in any other establishment in the United States.—Also, every description of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS at reduced prices. Those visiting the city will find it to their interest to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.
BUCK & MOORE,
sept30-1y.

Apprentice Wanted.

A n active, intelligent, industrious lad, desirous of learning the Printing business, can obtain a situation in this office by making early application.

CHEAP GOODS!

THE store of "Stevens, Snyder & Co." will be kept open for a few days, and the stock, consisting of almost every article of merchandise brought to the country, will, during that time, be retailed at cost prices. The goods must and will be sold; and those who wish to purchase will make money by giving the establishment an immediate call.
GEO. TAYLOR, Assignee.
DAVID BLACK, Assignee.
sept30-4f.

Auditor's Notice.

The undersigned, Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, to examine and decide upon the exceptions to the Administration account of Peter Hoffman, Administrator of Peter Hoffman, dec'd., late of Walker township, hereby gives notice that he will attend, for that purpose, at the Register's office, in Huntingdon, on Saturday the 7th day of November, 1846, at 1 o'clock P. M.; when and where all persons interested may attend, if they see proper.
sept30-4f. JOHN REED, Auditor.

HARRIS, TURNER & IRVIN,

DRUGGISTS.

No. 201 Market Street, one door above Fifth, North Side, Philadelphia.

IMPORTERS and Wholesale Dealers in DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, Patent Medicines, Obstetrical Instruments, Druggists' Glassware, Window Glass, Paints, Oils, Dyes, Perfumery, &c. Druggists, country Merchants and Physicians, supplied with the above articles on the most favorable terms. Strict and prompt attention paid to orders. Every article warranted.

JOHN HARRIS, M. D.,
JAS. A. TURNER, Lte of Va.
WM. IRVIN, M. D.
sept23.

Oakridge Female Seminary.

This is a Family School into which only about 12 boarders, and with one or two exceptions, no day scholars, are admitted; a peculiar feature which offers unusual facilities for the cultivation of proper religious sentiments, as well as for mutual improvement. The assistant teachers are from the Pittsfield and Mount Holyoke Female Seminaries of Massachusetts.

The location of the school is elevated, beautiful, healthy, and half a mile from Gettysburg. The course of studies is as extensive as at any other institution, and the terms as low.

The next session will commence Nov. 2.

Parents who are seeking a suitable school for their daughters, can obtain further information by application by letter or otherwise to the Principal.

Professor H. HAUFF,
Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa.
sept23.

Brooms, Buckets and Cedar Ware.

MANLY ROWE,

No. 63 North Third st. 2d door above Arch, PHILADELPHIA.

I am enabled this fall to offer an unusually large assortment of the above articles. Also—Willow and French Baskets and Coaches, Wash Boards, Mats, Clothespins, Nest Boxes, Wood Pools & Trays, Boston Blinks, Siddles, Oil Paste Blacking, Shoe Brushes, Clamps, Hand Scrubs, Wall Brushes, Dusters, &c. and Wooden ware of every description.

Country Merchants will take notice that as I am now manufacturing extensively, and receiving directly from the Eastern Factories, I can furnish the Fall Trade with superior goods at prices greatly reduced from what I have hitherto been selling.
Sept. 16, '46.

Ran Away

FROM the subscriber on Sunday night the 13th inst., Joux RORUCK, an apprentice to the Tin Sheet-iron and Stove business. Said John is about 19 years old, 5 ft high, dark hair, a little curly, and has a very high appearance. All persons are cautioned against employing, trusting, or harboring him as the Law will be used against any one so doing. Any person delivering said John to me shall be rewarded with an old soldering-iron worth about a shilling.
WM. B. ZEIGLER.
sept23 6f.

JOHN SCOTT, JR.

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

HAS removed his office to the corner room of "Snare's Row," directly opposite Fisher & M'Murtree's store, where he will attend with promptness and fidelity to all business with which he may be entrusted in Huntingdon or the adjoining counties.
Huntingdon Sept. 23, 1846.

Auditor's Notice.

THE undersigned, auditor, appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Huntingdon county, to distribute the monies arising from the Sheriff's sale of the real estate of Adam Hovens, hereby gives notice to all persons interested, that he will attend for that purpose, at his office, in Huntingdon, on Wednesday, the 14th day of October next, 1846, at 1 o'clock, P. M.
GEO. TAYLOR, Auditor.
sept16-4f.

Auditor's Notice.

THE undersigned, auditor, appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Huntingdon county, to distribute the monies arising from the Sheriff's sale of the real estate of Jacob Steer, hereby gives notice to all persons interested, that he will attend for that purpose at his office, in Huntingdon, on Wednesday, the 14th day of October next, 1846, at one o'clock, P. M.
GEO. TAYLOR, Auditor.
sept16-4f.

Auditor's Notice.

THE undersigned, auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, to examine and apportion the assets in the hands of Samuel Beigle, administrator of Jacob Minch, late of Morris township, dec'd., hereby gives notice to all persons interested, that he will attend for that purpose, at his office, in Huntingdon, on Wednesday, the 14th day of October next, 1846, at one o'clock, P. M.
GEO. TAYLOR, Auditor.
sept16-4f.

Bolting Cloths.

THE subscribers have just received a large and general assortment of BOLTING CLOTHS, from the most approved Manufacturers, which they will sell low for cash, and warrant to answer the purpose.
CARSON & M'NAUGHTON.

PERSONS wishing to purchase any kind of WOOLLEN GOODS, will find that they can be had at very reduced prices, at almost cost, at the Cheap Cash Store of JOHN N. PROWELL,
Huntingdon, March 11, 1846.

Blankets!

A large supply of JUSTICES' BLANKS, on superior paper, just printed, and for sale at this office.