

POLK & DALLAS TICKET.

Congress—A. PORTER WILSON. Assembly—BENJAMIN F. PATTON. Commissioners—BENJAMIN GROVE, JAMES G. LIGHTNER. Auditors—GEORGE JACKSON, DAVID BURKET, JAMES MURPHY.

The Issue in October Next.

JAMES M. POWER, WILLIAM B. FOSTER, AND THE WHIG TARIFF OF '42. BRITISH TARIFF OF '46. People of Pennsylvania, here is the issue fairly stated.

VOTERS OF HUNTINGDON COUNTY, BEAR IN MIND THAT EVERY VOTE CAST FOR WILLIAM B. FOSTER AND THE LOCOFOC TICKET, IS A DEAD SHOT IN FAVOR OF FREE TRADE AND THE BRITISH TARIFF OF 1846.

The Last "KANE" Letter.

Mr. CLARK—As you did not publish the whole of Gen. Wilson's letter, I have thought that it would be as well to give the thing entire.

Gen. Wilson was a member of the Baltimore Convention; it palmed upon the people Polk and Dallas; and proclaimed Revenue Tariff doctrine—he marched behind the banner of 1844, inscribed "Polk, Dallas and the Tariff of 1842"—he read the "Kane Letter," and made speeches, to prove that that banner was not a fraud.

I have received your communication of the 10th inst., informing me that I had been selected by your Convention as the Democratic candidate for Congress, in this District.

Although not asked by you for an expression of opinion in reference to the Tariff policy, yet I deem it my duty—so absorbing is the question—to communicate my views upon it, with frankness and candor.

After this, one would expect nothing but "frankness," "candor" and "straight-forwardness." One who knew all the facts would suppose, that an acknowledgment of the deceit and fraud of '44, was about to be made, and after asking pardon, I presume, was going to promise to do so no more, but instead of that, he attempts to play a game of the same kind.

That it is clearly the policy of Pennsylvania to have an eye to something more than mere revenue for the support of government in assessing duties upon imports, but few will deny.

Pennsylvania's policy is to have an eye to something more than Revenue,—her interests are ruinously compromised if discriminations in favor of iron and coal, &c., are lost sight of.

The Tariff of '42 undoubtedly guarded with especial care those interests. It has been repealed, and nothing short of revolution in public opinion upon

this question in the exclusive cotton, rice, tobacco, and grain growing States, can restore that act for many years. In regard to its merits I am free to say that it had many. That it had defects has been generally admitted.

"The Tariff of '42 guarded Pennsylvania's interest with special care—it has been repealed, and cannot be restored for many years, without a revolution in the South and West—it had merits—it had defects—it was oppressive to some portions of the confederacy—if he had been in Congress he would have voted with his party members from this State."

A LETTER FROM LABORING MEN TO GEN. A. P. WILSON. As we insert Gen. Wilson's letter entire, we thought it no more than fair to give the Laboring Men, who addressed the General, another hearing.

PORTER TOWNSHIP, Sept. 21, 1846. Gen. A. P. WILSON—Sir:—We were right glad to see your letter in the "True Democrat," accepting the nomination for Congress in the 17th district.

Here the delicacy of the subject is developed. The General knows that there are a few men who are opposed to all Protective Tariffs; he knows to which party they belong, and with the greatest delicacy he reaches for them.

That it is clearly the policy of Pennsylvania to have an eye to something more than mere revenue for the support of government in assessing duties upon imports, but few will deny.

Very respectfully yours, &c., GEORGE H. WOODS, JAMES D. WOODS, JOHN KEITH, HENRY LARKINS, SAMUEL DEWITT, JOURDEN BARNES, HENRY NEVILLE, PATRICK DAVIS, CURTIS LARKINS, JOHN DAVIS.

ment, abandon the protective policy altogether, and I would, therefore, should I be elected to represent this district in Congress, use every effort to amend that act so as to extend to the manufacturers, laborers in our coal mines, iron works, and the other branches of mechanical employment that require it, that full preference over foreign labor, that need and should have, at the same time being careful to avoid the introduction of any change calculated to prejudice the farmer.

He believes the act of '46 entirely too low for adequate protection. So do all the Free Trade men; for they are opposed to adequate protection; and does the General say he is in favor of it? No, indeed! But he says about as much as Sir Robert Walker would say; he is for as much as he thinks is needed or required.

In effecting this alteration, there should be one thing kept steadily in view; it is this, that national legislation upon this subject should extend beyond the manufacturer—that care should be taken that the benefits granted to the laborer should not be appropriated and monopolized by his employer.

With this expression of opinion, I leave the whole subject with the people of the district, to carry out their views upon this difficult question, by the election of a man whose opinions coincide with the majority. I am respectfully, Your friend, A. P. WILSON.

THE TARIFF ON IRON. There are those, says the Sunbury American, (locofoco paper) who know but little and care less about the operations of the Tariff, who ask whether, 30 per cent. is not enough on pig iron.

THE TARIFF ON IRON. There are those, says the Sunbury American, (locofoco paper) who know but little and care less about the operations of the Tariff, who ask whether, 30 per cent. is not enough on pig iron.

THE TARIFF ON IRON. There are those, says the Sunbury American, (locofoco paper) who know but little and care less about the operations of the Tariff, who ask whether, 30 per cent. is not enough on pig iron.

THE TARIFF ON IRON. There are those, says the Sunbury American, (locofoco paper) who know but little and care less about the operations of the Tariff, who ask whether, 30 per cent. is not enough on pig iron.

THE TARIFF ON IRON. There are those, says the Sunbury American, (locofoco paper) who know but little and care less about the operations of the Tariff, who ask whether, 30 per cent. is not enough on pig iron.

THE TARIFF ON IRON. There are those, says the Sunbury American, (locofoco paper) who know but little and care less about the operations of the Tariff, who ask whether, 30 per cent. is not enough on pig iron.

THE TARIFF ON IRON. There are those, says the Sunbury American, (locofoco paper) who know but little and care less about the operations of the Tariff, who ask whether, 30 per cent. is not enough on pig iron.

THE TARIFF ON IRON. There are those, says the Sunbury American, (locofoco paper) who know but little and care less about the operations of the Tariff, who ask whether, 30 per cent. is not enough on pig iron.

THE TARIFF ON IRON. There are those, says the Sunbury American, (locofoco paper) who know but little and care less about the operations of the Tariff, who ask whether, 30 per cent. is not enough on pig iron.

FROM MEXICO.

Remored Refusal by Mexico of the Proposals for Peace. The U. S. Steam Frigate Princeton, arrived at Pensacola on the 12th inst., from Vera Cruz, which place she left on the 6th inst.

U. S. SHIP PRINCETON, Pensacola, Sept. 10, 1846. The ship arrived here this evening, four days from Vera Cruz, with despatches in answer to those sent from the State Department which were published about the close of the session.

A new Ministry has been formed. Almonte is Secretary of War, and Rejon of Foreign Affairs. Santa Anna is at his country seat near Jalapa. It was expected he would go to the capitol in a day or two.

He prefers spending his evenings in the "Cafes," to advancing against Old Rough and Ready. The papers are pressing him but he will not move; in fact, the soldiers have no desire to march.

THE TARIFF ON IRON. There are those, says the Sunbury American, (locofoco paper) who know but little and care less about the operations of the Tariff, who ask whether, 30 per cent. is not enough on pig iron.

THE TARIFF ON IRON. There are those, says the Sunbury American, (locofoco paper) who know but little and care less about the operations of the Tariff, who ask whether, 30 per cent. is not enough on pig iron.

THE TARIFF ON IRON. There are those, says the Sunbury American, (locofoco paper) who know but little and care less about the operations of the Tariff, who ask whether, 30 per cent. is not enough on pig iron.

THE TARIFF ON IRON. There are those, says the Sunbury American, (locofoco paper) who know but little and care less about the operations of the Tariff, who ask whether, 30 per cent. is not enough on pig iron.

THE TARIFF ON IRON. There are those, says the Sunbury American, (locofoco paper) who know but little and care less about the operations of the Tariff, who ask whether, 30 per cent. is not enough on pig iron.

THE TARIFF ON IRON. There are those, says the Sunbury American, (locofoco paper) who know but little and care less about the operations of the Tariff, who ask whether, 30 per cent. is not enough on pig iron.

THE TARIFF ON IRON. There are those, says the Sunbury American, (locofoco paper) who know but little and care less about the operations of the Tariff, who ask whether, 30 per cent. is not enough on pig iron.

The Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 25, 1846. WHEAT FLOUR sold during the week at \$4 50 a \$4 75, closing at the latter rate on Friday evening.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 25, 1846. The flour market is rather firmer and more settled. Sales to a considerable extent of City Mills at \$4 62 and Howard street at the same price.

Apprentice Wanted. A native, intelligent, industrious lad, desirous of learning the Printing business, can obtain a situation in this office by making early application.

Sale of Valuable Real Estate. THE subscribers offer for sale that valuable Real Estate, Two tracts of land situate on the Banks of the Little Juniata river, one mile below Birmingham; one tract situate in Warriorsmark township, Huntingdon county, the other tract situate in Tyrone township, Blair county, the River being the line between the two tracts.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE. BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, will be exposed to public sale on Friday, October thirtieth, at the house of Samuel Steffy, Innkeeper, in Jackson township, Eight Tracts of Unsettled land, late the property of Jacob K. Neff, dec'd, situate in said township.

NOTICE. THE examination in the Huntingdon Academy will take place on Tuesday, the 6th of October next, to commence in the morning at 9 o'clock.

NOTICE. ALL persons indebted to C. Snyder & Co., Stevens, Snyder & Co., or to C. Snyder, continuing the business of the latter firm since its dissolution, are hereby notified that unless payment be made, or discharges or receipts obtained from the undersigned, or one of them, before the 1st day of November next, their several accounts will be left with a Justice of the Peace for collection.

CHEAP GOODS! THE store of "Stevens, Snyder & Co." will be kept open for a few days, and the stock, consisting of almost every article of merchandise brought to the country, will, during that time, be sold at cost prices.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE. Estate of John P. Carmon, deceased. THE undersigned, on the above named estate, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them properly authenticated for settlement, and all those indebted to said estate to pay immediately.

HARRIS, TURNER & IRVIN, WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, No. 201 Market Street, one door above Fifth, North Side, Philadelphia.

Oakridge Female Seminary. This is a Family School into which only about 12 boarders, and with one or two exceptions, no day scholars, are admitted.

Brooms, Buckets and Cedar Ware. MANLY ROWE, No. 63 North Third St., 2d door above Arch.

Ran Away FROM the subscriber on Sunday night the 13th inst. JOHN KORNBUCK, an apprentice to the Tin Sheet-iron and Stove business.

Auditor's Notice. THE undersigned, auditor, appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Huntingdon county, to distribute the monies arising from the Sheriff's sale of the real estate of Adam Hoovers, hereby gives notice to all persons interested, that he will attend for that purpose, at his office, in Huntingdon, on Wednesday, the 14th day of October next, 1846, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

Auditor's Notice. THE undersigned, auditor, appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Huntingdon county, to distribute the monies arising from the Sheriff's sale of the real estate of Jacob Stecher, John and Henry Greenwalt, and Philip Hoover, hereby gives notice to all persons interested, that he will attend for that purpose at his office, in Huntingdon, on Wednesday, the 14th day of October next, 1846, at one o'clock, P. M.

Auditor's Notice. THE undersigned, auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, to marshal and apportion the assets in the hands of Samuel Heigle, administrator of Jacob Minch, late of Morris township, dec'd, hereby gives notice to all persons interested, that he will attend for that purpose, at his office, in Huntingdon, on Wednesday, the 14th day of October next, 1846, at one o'clock, P. M.

Six Cents Reward. RAN away from the subscriber, on the 2nd day of September, a colored boy named ABRAHAM MURRELS, aged about 19 years, an indentured apprentice to the farming business.

\$20 REWARD. WAS stolen from the pasture field of the subscriber in Calhoun twp., Blair county, on the 29th ult., a Black Horse. He is about 7 years old; has a scar on his right hip, caused by a kick; has some white hair above his hind hoofs; and is in good condition.