sition, and have received sufficient distinctions during my humble life. Not the least of these distinctions do I regard the late prompt *war measures* of Congress and the President, and the noble-hearted Louisianians, and the other whole-souled Western and Southern men, in not only indirectly, but expressly, generously, and unanimously approving my conduct in having for many months urged the adoption of the principal measures which have recently been carried as by acclamation.

I do not wish to have the place of any General or other officer known to me. I, sir, was born at a time and reared among men who had not learned the art of marching to distinction by trampling under foot the claims of their dearest friends or brother soldiers.

Very respectfully yours,
EDMUND PENDLETON GAINES,
Major General United States Army,
Commanding the Western Division,
Hon. Wm. L. Marcy, Secretary of War, Wash'tn.

Important from the South.

Late and Interesting from Tampico—Attack upon that Place.—The Norfolk (Va.) Herald, of the 2d inst., has been favoured with the following extract of a letter to a gentleman in that city, dated,

U. S. Ship St. Mary,
Off Tampico, June 13th, 1846.

The war grows apace. On the 8th inst. we discovered the enemy erecting another fort on the North side of the entrance to the river, and at one o'clock P. M., we got the ship under weigh under topsail, stood in, and when within a mile of the fort and gun boats, the latter 3 in number, tonning about one hundred, opened a fire upon them both. Being on a lee shore and a shoal water, we were not able to fire more than eight shot, before it become necessary to claw off, which we did; but at 3 o'clock, returned, and continued the firing until we had fired 70 shells, and 29 round solid shot. In the last rencontre, the enemy returned our fire, with about 10 shot from 18 pound guns, 4 of which passed near us, 2 fell directly under our "fore foot," one passed between the fore and main top-mast, and one over the foot, the others fell at a distance.

The first shell which burst over the fort ejected every soldier from the neighborhood, the whole of them taking immediately to the woods. One of our shells passed one of the schooner's masts, and exploded beyond her, a fragment having struck the bowsprit and bullwarks, tearing both considerably, as we have learned, since the fight. One corner of the custom house was knocked down—a house on the north side of the river, was fired by the explosion of a shell; and a soldier at the Fort on guard, by the bursting of another shell, exchanged his musket for vacancy, it having been shattered, without, I believe, injuring his valuable person. Having driven the party, from the embryo fort, we returned to our anchorage at half past three o'clock.

We were not satisfied, however, with this engagement; for yesterday we projected a plan for cutting out our gunboats, and accordingly at dusk, hoisted out all boats, arrived there, the launch having a 9 pound in the bows, and at 10½ o'clock P. M., got under weigh, and brought the ship nearer the shore, about 1½ miles off. It takes a longer time to describe the minutiæ of this affair, than I can devote to it now. We had desired to make the attack before the moon rose, but could not. At 11 o'clock she was lifting her head above the horizon, when our 5 boats left the ship, every thing being previously arranged by our gallant Captain.—Mind you, we not only had the difficulty of capturing 3 heavy gunboats with 50 or more men on each, and quell a Fort, of which we had to pass within 50 yards, but there was a dangerous bar to be crossed, *but first to be found.*

We pulled into the shore with muffled oars, literally feeling our way, for at one time we would be quite in the breakers, and then too far see-ward, with a strong tide beneath and a bright moon above us, every thing seeming to conspire against our daring expedition. In seeking our way to the mouth of the river we were obliged to pass near the shore for a distance of 200 yards, and the noise consequent upon the difficulty of finding our way through a passage of which we knew nothing, betrayed us to the sentinels along the shore, who rapidly communicated with the encampment, and it conveyed intelligence to the gunboats, so that unknown to us, our foe was watching our every movement.

However at about 1, A. M., we had discovered the narrow enterance to the mouth of the river, and were pulling in, when, within 200 yards of the Fort, near which we had to pass, much to our surprise, as you may imagine, bang! went a dozen muskets, and the balls whizzed about our ears. We laid on our oars, and in 5 minutes after the firing commenced, the guns in the launch were trained and "let drive." A gun rather heavier, from one of the gun boats, succeeded to this; the shot passed clear of us, and the gun in the launch was loaded and fired again, when the firing on shore ceased. There were also fired from the launch a few carbines.

At this time we had not passed the point, and after getting inside we should have been obliged to pull at least 300 yds before reaching the object of our expedition. The enemy being already on the alert and with superior force, it would have been almost *madness* to proceed, and the object would not have compensated for the sacrifice we should have made. Besides, the passage through which we had to pass was not wide enough to admit the boats except in single file, so that the gunboats would have raked us fore and aft before we could have come alongside of them. If we had passed the Fort I believe we should have carried the boats to a certainty. We had with us 35 men and marines; the 1st and 2d Lieutenants, Master, and all the Mids, except two. We returned to the ship at 2, A. M., much fatigued and disappointed. I will write —— by this conveyance, and tell you of the next day's fight.

Yours, &c.

Dreadful Shipwreck—Thity Lives Lost!

A slip from the office of the Newport Herald and Rhode Islander, dated Saturday, 27 inst., gives the particulars of a most melancholy shipreck, which occurred in the Vineyard on the 26th. The slip says:—

The news of the loss of the brig Sutledge, Capt. Graham, of and from Pictou, N. S., from Fall River, was received here this morning, about half past 9 o'clock, by the arrival of the schooner Dusky Sally, Capt. Wilder, of and from Hingham. On the arrival of the schooner at Stevens's wharf, the information rapidly spread to all parts of the town, and the fearfully appalling scene presented, was one the like of which our inhabitants have seldom had occasion to witness. On the deck lay the dead bodies of those who had been picked up from the wreck, surrounded by their kindred and friends, who had been rescued from a watery grave, giving vent to their feelings in the most agonizing manner.

The following particulars of the loss of the brig, we received from the Captain, who was among the survivers:—The Brig Sutlegde, of and from Pictou, for Fall River, sailed on the 12th of June, with 56 passengers—men, woman, and children. On the evening of the 26th, at 8 o'clock, it being thick and foggy came to anchor; and at 2 o'clock next morning got under way, and about half past 3 struck on a ledge of rocks, in the Vineyard, called the Sow and Pigs, soon after which the tide having caused her to slew round, she backed off the Ledge, filled, and went down; bow first, in ten fathoms of water. Previous to her going down, the mate was sent below, forward, to ascertain if the brig leaked, but he discoverd nothing that looked like it.—The pump was then ordered to be sounded, but before that could be done, water was reported in the forecastle.

The boat was then got out, and the passengers rushed into it, when the Captain gave orders to shove her from the brig.—He then jumped overboard, and swam to the boat, and kept her as close to the brig as possible, picking up such as jumped into the water. The whole number picked up by the Captain's boat was 31 alive. The schooner Dusky Sally being near, sent her boat to assist, and succeeded in saving six more alive, who were in the water, and 3 more from the rigging of the sunken brig. Sixteen dead bodies, 4 women and 12 children, were also picked up by the two boats, which, together with the survivors, were put on board the D. S., and brought to this place, as above stated. The captain also states that another vessel was at the same time picking up what was adrift from the wreck, &c.

The passengers were all foreigners—mostly Scotch, and, we understand, were on their way to Pennsylvania, were they expected to find employment in the mining establishments.

The Demand from Mexico.

The Washington Union, in the course of an article on the Mexican War, says that the objects of the Administration are "reparation, justice, peace," and proceeds:

"In view of these objects, before the war can close Mexico must relinquish her absurd territorial pretentions—must provide for the full payment of the indemnity which she ows to our citizens—must render us full justice in every respect—and, finally, must establish peace with us upon conditions and garantees which shall secure its permanance. This much of the purposes of the adminstration we gain from the character of its recent action, and from all its public declarations. Beyond this point we do not intend to proceed. Nor do we believe, that the country will ask of this administration, at this juncture, in the midst of war, to say anything more of its plans of pacification. We wage a war against the war party of Mexico to secure a just peace. No other than a just peace can be concluded. This nation will sanction no other. When Mexico shall proffer any terms of peace, she will be heard.—When she shall proffer suitable terms, they will be accepted. Till this be done, our war will march steadily and vigorously on—it will ascend the table lands of Mexico—it will march from province to province, and from stronghold to stronghold, until finally it shall dictate to Paredes, or to any successor, if need be, a compulsory peace, on proper terms, within the walls of his capital!"

Sons of Temperance.

The following resolutions were adopted at a regular meeting of Standing Stone Division, No. 17, of the Sons of Temperance, held on the evening of July 4, 1846.

Resolved, That the thanks of this division are hereby tendered to the Ladies and citizens of Huntingdon, who so generously contributed to the dinner of which we have this day partaken, and rendered their assistance in preparing the same.

Resolved, That the foregoing resolution be published in the papers of this place.

Extract from the minutes
JOHN SCOTT, Jr., R. S.

☞ The Locofocos of Washington County have nominated Wm. Hopkins, Esq., for Congress, and Richard Donaldson and Samuel Barnet, Esqrs., for Assembly.

The Markets.

Philadelphia, July 2, 1846.

FLOUR.—The market is at a stand as regards export transactions, and the only sales are some small lots at $3 75 a $3 87½ for fair and good brands Western and Penn'a. Rye Flour and Corn Meal, steady, with small sales at $2 60 each.—Wheat—Prices hardly supported; we hear of no sales to-day. Whiskey—Sales of hhds and bbls at 20 a 20½ c.

Baltimore, July 2, 1846.

FLOUR.—Susquehanna Flour is selling at $3,-87½; City Mills at 4 12½. Rye Flour. $2,87½.—Corn Meal $2 87½ a $3. Wheat, 88 cents. Rye, 63. Oats, 29. Whiskey 21 and 22 cents in hhds. and bbls.

The Central Rail Road

IS a thing as yet existing only in men's imaginations, but the late arrival at NEFF'S confectionary, of the finest assortment of

Fruits, Candies, &c.,

ever received in Huntingdon, is a reality that can't be contradicted. Here you can buy candies of every description, Nuts, water, soda, sweet and butter Crackers, bunch Raisins, Prunes, Figs, Oranges Lemons, sarsaparilla and lemon Syrup; Cigars of all qualities; Scoth Herring and fresh Cheese, and in short all articles usually kept in an establishment of this kind. Rossell's celebrated

MINERAL WATER

always on hand during the summer. Lemonade made in such a style that whoever drinks once, will never think of caling elsewhere for this delicious beverage. The lovers of

ICE-CREAM

can always be accommodated with the very best that can be made, and parties supplied upon the shortest notice.

The cash principle is strictly adhered to; therefore I will sell, can sell, and DO SELL cheaper than any other establishment in Huntingdon, or "further" than any in Huntingdon county. Let those who doubt call and see.

☞ Don't forget the place:—One Door east of the Exchange Hotel, Market Square.
EDWIN W. NEFF.

Huntingdon, July 8, 1846.

$20 REWARD.

ESCAPED from the custody of the undersigned near Huntingdon Furnace, on the 25t ult., THOMAS MOORE, under an arrest on behalf of the Commonwealth. Said Moore is a man of about 25 years of age; about 5 feet 10 inches in height; fair complexion and dark hair. The above reward will be paid for his apprehension and delivery into the hands of the subscriber, residing in Petersburg, Huntingdon county, or upon his delivery to the Sheriff of said county.

SAMUEL TOMPSON,
Constable of West Township.

July 8, 1846.

PUBLIC SALE,

Of Valuable Real Estate!!

BY virtue of authority given in the last Will and Testament of James Entrekin, Esq., dec'd, the undersigned Executors of the said dec'd will offer at public sale the following described Real Estate, at the Lower Mill, as it is called, on James Creek, near the late residence of said deceased, on

Tuesday, *the 25th of August*, 1846,

at 1 o'clock P. M. of said day, viz:

No. 1.

A tract of Land, being the part of the old Mansion tract, lying on the south side of the Raystown branch of the Juniata River, containing

200 Acres,

more or less, thereon erected a a two story Log House and a good Log Barn. The said land is part of two surveys, and most of it is first rate bottom land and in a tolerable state of cultivation.

No. 2.

A Tract of land, containing 100 acres, more or less, on which is erected a

Grist Mill & Dwelling House.

The Mill is situated on the waters of James Creek, and is known as Entriken's Lower Mill; it is one of the best water powers in that vicinity. There is about thirty acres cleared. This is a very desirable property.

No. 3.

A tract of land adjoining the last mentioned tract, containing 190 acres, more or less, and principally timber land.

No. 4.

Also, a Tract of ridge land adjoining the last mentioned tract, in a state of nature; it is well timbered and is good land, and well calculated to make an excellent farm. It contains 315 acres more or less.

No. 5.

Also, a Tract of land surveyed in the name of Wm. Barrack, a part of which is cleared and pretty well cultivated. There is a tolerable house and barn erected on it—it contains 275 acres more or less.

No. 6.

Also, a Tract of Land containing 90 acres, more or less, adjoining the last described tract, all of which is well timbered.

No. 7.

Also, a Tract of Land known as the old mill tract, containing 200 acres more or less—adjoining the last mentioned tract, a part of it cleared and there is erected on it two small houses, and a frame of a new Barn, raised to the square.

No. 8.

Also, one other Tract of Land surveyed in the name of George Myers, containing 200 acres more or less, on which is erected a log house and barn; a part cleared and in a tolerable state of cultivation.

Purchasers, wishing to examine the property are invited to call and examine the premises, and any information desired can be had by applying to Jas. Entrekin, at Coffee Run.

The above property will be sold free from all incumbrance—and the Terms will be easy, and made known on the day of Sale.

JAS. ENTREKIN,
JAS. STEEL,
Exr's of Jas. Entrekin, dec'd.

June 24, 1846—ts

Blanks!

A large supply of JUSTICES' BLANKS, on superior paper, just printed, and for sale at this office.

IMPORTANT
TO ALL COUNTRY
HOUSEKEEPERS.

You may be sure of obtaining, at all times, pure and highly flavored

TEAS,

By the single pound or larger quantity, at the

Pekin Tea Company's Warehouse,
30 *South Second Street, between Market and Chesnut Streets, Philadelphia.*

Heretofore it has been very difficult, indeed, almost impossible, always to obtain good Green and Black Teas. But now you have only to visit the Pekin Tea Company's Store, to obtain as delicious and fragrant Tea as you could wish for. All tastes can here be suited, with the advantage of getting a pure article at a low price.

June 24, 1846.

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS FURNISHING DEPOTS;

Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibition, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut St.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover Sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore St.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va., Mechanics Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main St.; Saratoga Springs Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church St.

June 24, 1846.

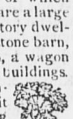
VALUABLE REAE ESTATE AT

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold at Public Sale on Tuesday, the 1st day of September next on the premises, that well known tract of land situate in Porter township, Huntingdon county, Pa., on the waters of the little Juniata River, known as the property of Israel Cryder, dec'd, bounded by lands of Conrad Bucher, George Hyle, dec'd, and others, containing about

338 ACRES,

of first rate land, about 220 acres of which are cleared. The improvements are a large and commodious two story dwelling house, and good stone barn, of a large size. Also, a wagon shed and other out buildings. The property also contains two large Orchards of Fruit Trees, and a First-rate Cider Mill, and several springs of excellent Limetsone Water. There is also erected on the same property a Woolen Factory or Fulling Mill, with all the necessary implements, which said Factory, together with about **25** acres of land adjoining the same, will be sold separate from the other property, and the balance will be sold to suit purchasers.



The terms will be made known on the day of the sale by the undersigned, residing on said property.

GEORGE S. CRYDER,
Surviving Ex'r of Israel Cryder, dec'd.

June 27, 1846.—ts.

☞ Hollidaysburg Register insert ts., and charge Ex'r.

Valuable Real Estate At Orphans' Court Sale.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, will be exposed to public vendue or outcry, on

Thursday the 31st day of July next,

at the public house of SAMUEL SHEFFY, in Jackson township, *EIGHT TRACTS* of Unseated Land, late the property of Jacob K. Neff, dec'd, situate in said township, one containing 400 acres, surveyed on a warrant in the name of Henry Canan: One containing 400 acres, surveyed on a warrant in the name of David Stewart: One containing 400 acres, surveyed on a warrant in the name of A. Johnson: One containing 400 acres, surveyed on a warrant in the name of High Johnson: One containing 400 acres, surveyed on a warrant in the name of Henry West: One containing 400 acres, surveyed on a warrant in the name of Thos. McCune: One containing 420 acres, surveyed on a wrrrant in the name of James Dean, and one containing 400 acres, surveyed on a warrant in the name of John Adams.

TERMS—One-half of the purchase money to be paid on the confirmation of the sales, respectively, and the balance within one year thereafter, with interest, to be secured by the bond and mortgage of the purchaser.

By order of the Court,
JACOB MILLER, Clerk.

Attendance will be given by
JOHN NEFF, *Ex'r.*

June 17, 1846.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE subscribers doing business under the firm of Rothrock & Jones, in Huntingdon, dissolved partnership by mutual consent on the 15th instant. All persons having accounts with said firm, will please call and settle the same with E. M. Jones.

WM. ROTHROCK.
E. M. JONES.

June 24, 1846.

CAUTION.

All persons are cautioned against purchaseing a Note of $25 I gave Wm Eastep, dated in July, 1843, payable in the fall of 1847, as I never received any value or consideration for said note, and am determined not to pay it unless compelled by a due course of law.

JACOB WALLS.

Union Township, June 23, 1846.

T. H. CREMER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
HUNTINGDON, PA

CAMP MEETING.

A camp meeting will be held for Warriors Mark Circuit, at Buffaloe Run about 5 miles from Walkersville, near the road leading to Bellefonte, to commence on Friday the 14th of August next.

No person or persons need apply for permission to dispose of any a ticle of trafic, whatever, within the limits prescribed by the law of the State of Pennsylvania.

G. BERKSTRESSER.

June, 24. 1846.

Orphans' Court Sale.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, will be exposed to public sale, as the property of Dr. William Smith, D. D., dec'd, at the old Court House in the borough of Huntingdon, on Saturday, the 11th day of July next, at 10 o'clock A. M. the following ground rents and real estate, viz:

The annual ground rent reserved and falling due the first Monday in September yearly, on Lots of ground in the village of Smithfield in Walker township, in said county, as follows:

1 Dollar on one half of Lot No One.
Do. " " "
1 Dollar on one half of Lot No. Two
Do. " " "
2 Dols. and 50 cts. on Lot No 3.
1 Dol. and " " " 4.
" " " " " 5.
1 Dol. and 50 cts. on Lot No. 6.
1 Dol. and 50 cts. on Lot No. 7.
1 Dol. and 50 cts. on Lot No. 8.

Also the annual ground reserve out of the following Lots in the village known by the name of "Port's town" in Henderson township, payable at the same time, viz:

Two Dols. on two Lots held by the heirs of John Port, dec'd.

One Dollar on one Lot held by John Leffart.

And also all the right, title and interest of the said Wm. Smith, D. D. in and to the Lot of ground in the Borough of Huntingdon on which the Court House is erected, with the appurtenances.

TERMS OF SALE.—One half of the purchase money on confirmation of the sale, and the residue in six months thereafter with interest, to be secured by Judgment Bill.

Attendance will be given by the undersigned or his Agent, W. Orbison, Esq.

LEONARD KIMBALL, Adm'r.

June, 10, 1846.

ALSO,

At the same time and place will be offered for sale the undivided half of one hundred acres of land, being the upper end of tract in the name of Samuel Findlay on Crooked creek, adjoining lands of John McCahan and others. Terms of sale will be made known at the time of sale.

LEONARD KIMBALL, Trustee.

To the heirs and legal representatives of Nathan Green, late of the townsyip of Warriorsmark, in the county of Huntingdon, dec'd.

At the term of April 1846, of the Orphans Court of Huntingdon county, a Rule was granted upon all the heirs and legal representatives of said deceased, to come into said Court on the second Monday of August next, and accept or refuse the real estate of said deceased at its valuation.

JOHN ARMITAGE, Shr'ff.

May 19, 1846— 6t.

CAUTION.

Ran away from the undersigned, living in the borough of Huntingdon, some time in April last, an indented apprentice to the Boot & Shoemaking business, named ANDREW CLARK; had on when he went away a brown cloth coat, dark grey cassinet pants and broad rimmed hat. All persons are hereby forewarned against harboring said apprentice, as I am determined to enforce the law upon any such person. Any person returning said apprentice to the undersigned will be rewarded.

The public are also cautioned against trusting said apprentice on my account, as I will pay no debts of his contracting.

DAVID MILLER.

June 10, 1846.

Shew's Daguerrian Rooms.

Mr. Shew would respectfully announce that he has fitted up rooms at

No. 117 Baltimore Street.

With a light expressly adapted to taking

Daguerreotype Miniatures,

Upon the most improved system.

He would especially call the attention of country operators to his facilities for furnishing Daguerreotype Aapparatus, Plates, Cases and Chemicals of the very best quality, and as cheap as any establishment in the United States.

Baltimore, May 27, 1846.—4m.

A New Patent Wind Mill for cleaning Grain.

THE subscribers having purchased Culp's Patent for the counties of Huntingdon, Centre, Mifflin and Juniata, would avail themselves of informing the Farmers that it is the greatest improvement ever made on Fanning Mills; for simplicity, cheapness, and durability there is none to equal it, and as for cleaning *speedily* and *well*, it alike surpasses all others.

We manufacture in Williamsburg, Blair county, where we will always have them on hand, and will receive and attend to orders promptly.

We will haul the Mills through the above mentioned district during the ensuing season.

HUYETT & GARVIN.

We, the undersigned, having the above named Mills in our own practical use, and having tried them well, we fully concur in the above statement.

David Ake	George Ake
David Good	Wm. Ake
Samuel Rhodes	M. Brenaman

Williamsburg, March 25, 1846—6m.

BLANK BONDS to Constables for Stay of Execution, under the new law, just printed, and for sale, at this office.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY
THE GREAT REMEDY FOR

Diseases of the Lungs and Breast.

ANOTHER ASTONISHING CURE.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, Always Triumphant! Cure follows cure! in its onward Victorious Career!

Dayton, Feb 11th, 1845.

Mr. J. W. Whitomore:—Dear Sir. As you are the regular authorized agent in Dayton, for the sale of "Dr. Wister's Balsam of Wild Cherry," I take this method of making a statement of facts to you (which I hope may be published to the world) in reference to an almost miraculous Cure, wrought in my case by means of the above Invaluable Balsam.

Language fails to describe the salutary effect it produced and the great benefit I derived from its use.

The citizens of Dayton and vicinity, well recollect, that on the 8th of August last, I received serious injury from the explosion of a cannon. A portion of its contents entered my right side and breast, and in all probability, some fragments or splinters of the ram-rod passed through the 'plura' and pierced the lungs.

After the lapse of six weeks, I was attacked with a distressing cough and violent pain in my right side. Some ten days after this, when in a paroxysm of coughing, suddenly an ulser broke, and a large quantity of offensive matter, mixed with blood, was discharged, most of which found passage through the opening of the wound: from this opening there frequently passed a quantity of air, supposed to issue from the lungs. During all this time my sufferings were almost intolerable.

My physicians, meanwhile, paid the strictest attention to me and did all in their power for my recovery. But with all their skill they could not reach the seat of distress, after the lungs had become affected. I was visited during this time by at least twenty physicians.

It was now reduced to a certainty, that inflamation of the lungs was rapidly taking place, and that this would terminate my life in a short time, was in the highest degree probable.

At this critical state, a messenger was dispatched to Cincinnati, and a celebrated physician, of that place was consulted. When he was made acquainted with my situation, he remarked that nothing could be done by medical aid, if the constiution itself was not sufficient to throw off the disease.

My friends now despaired of my recovery, and had no earthly ground of hope to survive many days. Fortunately at this juncture I saw one of Dr. Wistar's pamphlets, entitled 'Family Medical Gazette' or treaties on Consumption of the lungs, and had often heard of dying men 'catching at straws;' I felt like doing so myself. By the consent of my physicians, I sent to you for a bottle of medicine described viz; "Wistar's Balsam of wild Cherry," which relieved me almost immediately. After I had used some 5 or 6 bottles. I so far recovered as to be up and about. My cough ceased, and my lungs were restored to a healthy state—all from the healing and balmy influence, and powerful medical virtues of Wistar's Balsam.

Yours truly,
CHARLES R. SMITH.

☞ Read the following from Dr. Jacob Hoffman, a physician of extensive practice in Huntingdon county:

Dear Sir:—I procured one bottle of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, from Thomas Reed, Esq., of this place, and tried it in a case of obstinate Asthma on a child of Paul Schweble, in which many other remedies had been tried without any relief. The balsam gave sudden relief, and in my opinion the child is effectually cured by its use. Yours, &c,

JACOB HOFFMAN, M. D.

December 23, 1841.

The true and genuine 'Wister's Balsam of wild Cherry' is sold at establised agencies in all parts of the United States.

Price one dollar per bottle.

Sold by
SANFORD & PARK,
Cincinnati, Ohio.

Also, by Thomas Reed & Son, Huntingdon; Mrs. Mary Orr, Hollidaysburg; Gemmill & Porter, Alexandria.

NEW DAGUERRIAN ROOMS,
No. 116 Chesnut street.
Philadelphia.

T. B. Shew, who has been operator and conductor of the *Plumbe Daguerrian Gallery* for years past, having opened rooms at the above place, would invite all to examine his specimens.

Perfect colored likenesses guaranteed at

$1 50.

Constant and full supplies of Apparatus, Plates, Cases, Chemicals, and everything used in the business, for sale at the lowest rates, wholesale and retail, and all warranted good.

Wool Manufacturers.

THE subscribers would inform their former customers that they have recently received at their establishment in Chambersburg, a large quantity of

MACHINE CARDS,

and will keep, as heretofore, a full supply of the very best quality. Call and examine for yourselves.

JUSTICES' Blanks of all kinds, for sale at this Office.