

indignation of every honest man, no matter what may be his political predilections. Resolutions sustaining the act of 242, were, some time since, unanimously passed in the Senate, and it was confidently hoped that they would meet with no epposition in the House. But contrary to this just expectation, they were stoutly opposed in that body hy a number of the Locofoco leaders in their speeches, and by offering amendments, which, if adopted, would have entirely defeated the object of the true friends of protection. After battling these resolutions for about ten days in Cemmittee of the Whole, they are taken up on second reading and through the agency of the previous questions and the speech of the salar provided the cost three of the state of the state provided the cost three of the motive power fund; and prohibits also the payment out of the State Treasury, of expenses of removing criminals charged with offences in another county of State for trial; and provides that the unexpended balance of any item in the Bill is to remain in the Treasury.

The Tariff Resolutions have at length been disposed of in the House. The discussion upon them had become dry and uninteresting to every one who was forced to hear it, and peculiarly annoying to those who feel that action and not talk upon this shard by offering amendments, which, if adopted, would have entirely deleated the object of the true friends of protection. After battling these resolutions for about ten days in Committee of the Whole, they are taken up on second reading and through the agency of the previous question, passed. No sooner is this done, however, than the leaders become alarmed for their popularity—not with the people, but the Polk administration—and they stick on resolutions lauding the old rejected Sub-treasury scheme, and against the distribution of the proceeds of the public lands, and call upon "the party" to support them in so doing. They did not call in vain: the party sustained these resolutions, embracing matter entirely toreign to the subject under consideration, and thus placed the tariff resolutions in the subject wide and a Sub-Treasury, and against the subject wide and as Sub-Treasury, and gainst the party sustained these for them. Conduct like this, we repeat is disgraceful, and that in clevating them to power, the people have been most ruinously and villainously decived.

\*\*CO\*We clipthe following extract from an edito.\*\*

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The clip the following extract from an editorial article in the Harrisburg Argus. It is a hard hit at the representative from the two counties spoken of, who have been loudly declaiming against the unjust provisions of the Tariff of 1842. It also shows the great State importance of protecting and fostering our domestic manufacturers:

"There is one anthractic furnace, located at Harrisburg, owned by Ex Governor Porter, which consumes 12,000 tons of anthractic coal, from the Wyoming Valley, 12,000 tons iron ore, from Columbia, and the Cumberland Valley, and 4000 tons limestone, from the quarries on the canal. The canal tolls on the coal, iron ore, limestone, iron manufactured, and goods and provision for the workmen, exceeds \$10,000 annually, and is equal to she whole State tax paid by the county of Bradford, and more than truther times as much as is paid by the county of Tioga!

compound. But I must be more explicit and orderly in my statement.

The subject remained in Committee of the Whole
precisely as stated in my last letter, until yesterday
afternoon, that is to say—the Senate Resolutions
which instruct our Senators and request our Representatives in Congress to oppose any attempt to
modify or altar the Tariff act of 1842, having been taken up, Mr. Burrill offered an amendment as a substitute, asserting certain generalitees in relation to a tariff, about as definite as Gen. Jackson's "Judicious Tariff" and desiring our Senators &c. to vote for any tariff inconsistent with those latitudinarian principles; and to this Mr. Piollett of Bradford had offered an amendment as a substitute characterizing the tariff act of 1842 as "unequal and unjust" and instructing our Senators &c. to go for its modification. These amendments were given at length in my last letter, and upon the varieus phases of the question, thus presented, the debate was kept up, Mesars, Magchan, Bartholomew, Shuman, Breckenridge, Edie, Bigham, Nicholson and others having made speeches in favor of the Tariff of 1842; Messrs, Burrill, Burnsile, Galloway, Boughner and others in favor of Mr. Burill's proposition, and Messrs. Webb, Knox, Kline, and Piollett in favor of the amendment of the last named gentleman. sales shows the great State importance of protecting and festering our demotic manufacturers:

"There is one anthracite furnace, located at Harrisburg, owned by Ex Governor Porter, which consenses 12,000 and unjust" and instructing our Senators &c. to so of anthracite coal, from the Wyoming Valley, 12,000 tons iron ore, from the Quarriers on the canal. The canal tolls on the coal, its length in my last letter, and upon the various of constituents, and the Cumberland Valley, and down the valley and was septimentally and instructing our Senators &c. to so it an intracting our Senators &c. to so it an intractice coal, from the Wyoming Valley, 12,000 tons iron ore, from the quarriers on the canal. The canal tolls on the coal, income the various of the same state of the question, thus presented, the desire was keptup, Messrs. Magchan, Bartholomew, Shuman, Breckenridge, Edie, Bigham, Nicholson and others having made speeches in favor of the Taiffo 1842; Messrs. Burrill, Burnsile, Galloway, Boughner and others in favor of the Taiffo 1842; Messrs. Burrill, Burnsile, Galloway, Boughner and others in favor of the Taiffo 1842; Messrs. Burrill, Burnsile, Galloway, Boughner and others in favor of the poor-house, and his fished late of the amendments were both lost in Committee of the poor-house, and his diabolical conduct is attrib from the house of the poor-house, and his diabolical conduct is attrib from the content of the poor-house, and his diabolical conduct is attrib for the Angle Proceeded to the poor-house, and his fished the content of the poor-house, and his diabolical conduct is attrib from the house of the poor-house, and his diabolical conduct is attrib from the House of Delegation of the poor-house, and his diabolical conduct is attrib from the house of the poor-house, and his diabolical conduct is attrib from the house of the poor-house, and his diabolical conduct is attrib from the house of the poor-house, and his diabolical conduct is attrib from the house of the poor-house, and his fine to the house in an

Pennsylvania Legislature.

Pennsylvania Legislat

The Resolutions will be returned to the Senate for concurrence in the spendage. It is evident from the course of the Loco Focos on this question, that they care nothing about the Tariff of 1842, or the interests of Penn's, provided they can manage by hook or by crook to take care of "the party."

A Bill to reduce the Capital Stock of the Brie and North East Rail Road Company from \$5.000,000 was negatived in the House one day this week by a large vote. Since that time the vote has been re-considered, and the Bill is postponed. A Bill to incorporate the Lewisburg University in Union county has passed final reading in both Houses, besides a number of others which it were uscless to mention here.

The Balt. & Ohio Rail Road Bill has been warmly debated in the Senate but has not yet come to a

somewhere, y'elept Misses Pike have been teaching the science of mnemonics to our citizens. They are said to be quite protoges in the way of recollecting figures, &c. and have nad respectable audiences. Some say they are used as buils by the gentlemen who are with them, and that considerable money has been caught thereby. They are smart gals however, and the memories of some gentlemen have been amazingly quickened by their presence.

Your's &c.

# PHI.

Amid to the Widdlo Route.

Among the signs favorable to the completion of a railroad by the middle route, is the movement in the county of Huntingdon, recommending the measure as due to the people and búsifices of the State, and required to develope, and placé in the proper market, the produce of the west, as well as the mineral and vegetable stores of our own State, while at the same time, it secured to the State the advantages and profits of the enterprise.

But Huntingdon county has done more—she has felt it her duty to contribute something besides encouraging vords. She feels the importance of the measure, and she is willing to secure its advantage to hreaff at a fair price. She does not expect to obtain the advantage without some outley. She feels it her duty to put her hand to her pure, and then to the good work. Empty handed efforts are useless. Huntingdon county, therefore, has resolved to ask the Legislature of the State for permission to subscribe to the stock of the Middle Route Railroad, so as to do her part in the good work.

Huntingdon county has done semething of the

work.

Huntingdon county has done something of the kind before, we believe. Anxious to derive all the advantages possible from a turnpike, whose completion ingered for want of funds, she applied her means to the making of bridges, and thus completed a work which promoted the convenience of the people, without ultimately injuring the funds of the county—and we believe Huntingdon county is entirely out of debt.

The Trouble in South America.

A correspondent of the New York Sun writing from the United States brig Bainbridge, off Montevidoe, Nev. 11th, gives these particulars

from the United States brig Bainbridge, off Montevidoe, Nov. 11th, gives these particulars:

"General Oribe was not and is not fighting against the natives of this place, nor against the English, but against Rivera (who has been routed) and such as he was able to employ of the foreigners, the outcasts of their mother country, to whom he gave the use of arms, but not a vote. These hirelings are now but few;—the French and English have stepped in and supplied the places of the absconding; but in name and numbers, as yet, and to all appearances, their inactivity will be thrown saide, and their prowess brought against bribe, who, in my humble opinion, will be found to be no child at war, although it is certain he will never oppose the Anglo-French in open combat—far from it. He has an army of full 20,000, and all well mounted to a man, and who have been in actual service the last six years, inured to hardships and fatigue and privations auch as an English seldier is unacquainted with. Their food is such as we would revolt being horse flesh, which they prefer to neat cattle. They drive the horses before them to any place they wish to go, and can travel to the distance of thirty or forty leagues a day, capable thereby of appearing at points when least expected, and harassing an enemy and cutting off supplies at their option.
"Large forces can be obtained at a moment's

option.
"Large forces can be obtained at a moment's "Large forces can be obtained at a moment's warning, from other sources: such, for instance, as are under arms in the city of Buenos Ayres, and the Patagonian Indians, a fierce and warlike tribe. "Should the Anglo-French intervention continue, and Rossa hold out, England may expect to spend thousands of lives, and then not bring to terms a fee not so casily subducd. The Republics of Chili, Bolivia, and Peru, are apparently silent, but how long will they maintain a neutrality, should they see a sister Republic endangered and her institutions likely to crumble for the want of assistance F. The whole continent would take the alarm, and a general impulse succeed, and to a perfect union, not setting aside Brazil, in a united delence. The whole would be a compact too stable and powerful for the Anglo-French, and its results too impressive to die upon the shores of either ocean, but reach the very centre of European monarchy and overthrow the dynasty of hereditary title and distinction."

or on those who sent him there, and, we venture to easy, it would, perhaps, be well for the interests of Philadelphia if all her representatives in the State Legislature would always pursue the same enlightened and liberal course which has thus far characterised the legislative eareer of Mr. Gibbons.

We repeat, therefore, that we were pained and surprised, when we read the criticle above referred to in the North American. The Editor of that paper must have forgotten himself when he permitted the article to find its way into the columns of his paper. If Mr. Gibbons is to be midd a political sacrifice by the good citizene of the intelligent and enlightened city of Philadelphia, because, in the homest discharge of his Bernatorial duties, he does not confine himself to the contracted policy of fooking only to the interests of those reading between ing only to the interests of those residing I the Delaware and Schuylkill, but rises to dignity of a Pennsylvania Statesman, then vaurely mistaken the true character of the cit justice as to suppose for a moment, that it in the North American is a true index to ings and sentiments of the community in appeared. that City. But we will not do th

appeared.

The one than principle.—Mr. Bagby in the U. S. Senate, has submitted a resolution to amend the Constitution, providing—1st, so as to elect the President and Vice President of the U. States, for the term of eist years—both to be ineligible to the same post foreve: thereafter, 2d, That no member of Congress shall, during the term for which he is elected, or for four years thereafter, be eligible for the office of President or Vice President, 3d, That no ember of Congress shall, during the term for which he is elected, be eligible for either of the offices of Secretary of State, of the Treasury, of War, of the Navy, Attorney General, or Post Master General.

Delegate Elections and County Convention.

To the Whige of Huntingdon County:
Your Standing Committee, approving of the recommendation of the Whig members of the Liegislature, that a State Convertion be held on the 11th of March next, to nominate a candidate for the office of Canal Commissioner, and do such other things as the good of the party may seem to require, respectfully request you to meet in COUNTY MEETING, in the old Court House, in the borough of Hunging County County of Hunging County County of Hunging County County

COUNTY MEETING, in the borough of Huntingdon, on Saturday the 28th day of February inst., at one o'clock P. M., for the purpose of appointing Delegates to said State Convention; and to adopt such other measures as may be deemed expedient for the advancement of the Whig cause in this county. By the County Committee.

THEO. H. CREMER, Chairman.

Feb. 4, 1846.

## Real Estate at Public Sale.

The undersigned, Executor of the last will and testament of Jacob Houck, dec'd., by authority of the Will, will offer at public sale or outery on Thursday, the 19th of March next, upon the premises, all that certain tract or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the township of Tod, in the county of Huntingdon, containing

Muntingdon Female Seminary.

AN examination of the Pupils in this institution, under the care of Miss Howe, will take place on Tuesday next, 17th inst., commencing at 9 o'cleck. The following will be the order of exercises.

FOREMON—Binglish Grammar, Geography, Arithmetic, French Grammar, and 'Watts on the Mind."

AFILENOON—Algebra, Astronomy, French and Rhetorie.

Compositions between recitations, and drawings and paintings exhibited as usual. Citizens generally are respectfully invited to attend.

Pres't of Board Trustees,
Huntingdon, Feb. 11, 1846.

## Orphan's Court Sale.

Orphan's Court Sale.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphan's Court, will be exposed to public sale on the premises, on Thursday the 5th day of March next, all that OUT LOT in or adjoining the town of Warriorsmark, in Hanitingdon county, adjoining lots of William Smith and Thos. Wallace, and that sold by the undersigned Executor to Geo. W. Russ; on the east, as nalley on the South, and a let of Jacob Buck on the North and East, containing, two acresand a quanter of ground.

TERMS OF SALE.—One half of the purchasen, and the residue in one year thereafter with interest, to be secured by the bond and mortgage of the purchaser.

BENJ. F. PATTON, Executor Feb. 11. of Wm. Shipley dec'd.

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Feb. 11. of Wm. Shipley dec'd.

LIEAT HER, MOROCCO AND
FINDING STORE.

No. 29, North 2nd street, Harriburg.
THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and neighboring counties, that he still continues to carry on the above business in all its branches, all of the best quality, and as low as can be bought anywhere, for Cash.
His stock consists partly of Sole Leather, Upper Leather, Call Skins, water proof
Kip, Harness Bridle, &c. &c. &c. Men's Morocco, Women's
Straights, Kid, Bindings,
Linings, &c. &c.
Shoe-thread, wholesale or retail, sparables, glass-paper, boot-cord, bristles, boot web, cork soles, lacers, awl blades, knives, hammers, awl hafts, brushes, colts, slick benes, files, rasps, instep leather, breaks and keys, jiggers, shoulder irons, shoe keys, seamsets, strip awls, well, keys, French wheels, heel slickers, shank wheels, collis, shoulder sticks, long sticks, measare straps, nippers, pincers, psuches, peg floats, gonges, pattent peg hafts, size sticks, tacks, &c. &c., and everything else in his line of business. Call and see before buying else where.

Minimistrators Notices

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of ROBERT EDWARDS, late of Tod tp., Huntingdon county, deed.

LETTERS of Administration on the said estate, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against it, will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay to

WM. EDWARDS, Adm'r.

Fcb. 11, 1846.—6t.

## Administrator's Notice.

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Edique of SARAH BEYER, late of Antes to.

Huntingdon county, dec'd.

LETTERS of Administration on the said
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ment, without delay, to

AARON BEYER, Adm'r.

Feb. 11, 1846.—6t. pd.

Orphan's Court Sale.

IN pursuance of an order of Orphans' Court, will be exposed to public sale on the premises on Thursday, the 5th day of March next, all the interest and estate of William Hunter, at the time of his decase in andto a certain

Hunter, at the time of his decase in and to a certain

Lot of Giround,

situate in the town of Warriorsmark, Huntingdon Co., fronting seventy feet on the Main street in said town, and extending one hundred and sixty-six feet in depth to an alley, adjoining a lot of Sam'l. Muthershaugh on the West, and an alley on the East, having thereon erected a frame house.

TERMS OF SALE.—One third of the purchase money to be paid on the confirmation of sale, and the residue in two equal annual payments thereafter, with interest, to be secured by the bonds and mortgage of thefpurchasers, BENJ. F. PATTON.

Adm'r. of Wm. Hunter, dec'd.

PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscriber will offer at public sale at the Court House in the borough of Huntingdon, on Wednesday of the April court, being the 15th day of April next—

A Debt and certificate thereof, of the Huntingdon, Cambria and Indiana turnpike Road Company, due to Christian Garber, dec'd, amounting to Seven thousand, One hundred and Nineteen Dollars and Eighty-five cents, with interest thereon from the 11th of January 1841. About one half of the interest has been paid yearly by John S. Isett, Esq., Sequestrator of said Road &c.

ALSO—A debt due by said company to Garber & Dorris, amounting to Nineteen hundred and Ninety-seven dollars and thirty-four cents, with interest thereon from the 10th day of January 1841, which interest has been paid in part, as above, &c.

There are several houses and lots of ground in the Borough of Hollidaysburg, and several lots of ground in Frankstown, belonging to the estate of Christian Garber, dec'd, which will be sold at private sale, as soon as a liberal offer is made for them. The lots in Frankstown front on the turnpike road on Main street, and extend across the canal, they adjoin each other and lay principally on the North and West of the lock, and are the only convenient lots in that town where tend across the canal, they adjoin each other and lay principally on the North and West of the lock, and are the only convenient lots in that town where wharves could be built on the Canal.

WILLIAM DORRIS,

Ex'r. of C. Garber, dec'd:

Huntingden, Feb. 11, 1846.