

To Advertisers.

Advertisements must be handed in on Tuesday morning before 9 o'clock to insure their insertion in next morning's paper.

Whig Principles.

The principal objects which, I suppose, engage the common desire and the common exertions of the Whig party, to bring about, in the Government of the United States are:

- 1. A SOUND NATIONAL CURRENCY, regulated by the will and authority of the nation.
2. AN ADEQUATE REVENUE, with fair protection to AMERICAN INDUSTRY.
3. JUST RESTRAINTS ON THE EXECUTIVE POWER, embracing farther restrictions on the exercise of the veto.
4. A faithful administration of the PUBLIC DOMAINS, with an equitable DISTRIBUTION of the proceeds of sales of it among all the States.
5. AN HONEST and ECONOMICAL ADMINISTRATION OF THE GOVERNMENT, leaving public officers perfect freedom of thought and of the right of suffrage, but with suitable restraints against improper interference in elections.
6. An amendment of the Constitution, limiting the incumbent of the Presidential office to a SINGLE TERM.

County Committee.

Huntingdon Boro'. T. H. Cremer, Chairman. Allegheny—Jos. Higgins. Antes—Graham M'Camant. Barre—Robert Cummins. Blair—James A. M'Callan. Birmingham Borough—James Clarke. Cromwell—Thomas E. Orison. Cass—Maj. John Stever. Dublin—Erice X. Blair. Franklin—James Dysart. Frankstown—Seth R. M'Cune. Gayport—William M. Lloyd. Henderson—Adam H. Hall. Hopewell—James Entekin, Jr. Huston—Jacob Hoover. Hollidaysburg borough—Nicholas Hewitt. Morris—John Keller. Porter—Israel Grafius, Esq. Shirley—Benjamin Leas. Snyder—John Kratzer. Springfield—K. L. Green. Tell—David Hackford. Tod—Mordcaio Chilcote. Tyrone—James Morrow. Union—Eliot Smith, Esq. Walker—Thomas M'Callan. Warriorsmark—William Hutchison. West—Dr. John M'ulloch. Woodbury—Elias Hoover. Williamsburg borough—John K. Neff.

Democratic Whig State Committee of Pennsylvania.

Hon. JOHN REED, Carlisle. JAMES HANNA, Philadelphia city. W. M'MAHON, do. JOHN S. RICHARDS, Reading. GEO. W. HAMERSLY, Lancaster. THOS. G. M'ULLOCH, Chambersburg. U. V. PENNIPACKER, Chester co. R. S. GASSATT, Allegheny. WILLIAM STEWART, Mercer. JOHN BLANCHARD, Bellefonte. THOS. STRATHERS, Warren. THOS. H. SILL, Erie. ROBERT SMITH, Gettysburg. HENRY PEPPER, Harrisburg. HENRY W. SNYDER, Union county.

THE NOMINATIONS.

We this week place at the head of our paper the names of those whom the National Convention has selected for the highest offices in the gift of any free people.

The United States Gazette says:—"Of him who stands first, we need say nothing. The voice of congratulation rings out loud and deep where ever the announcement has reached, and multitudes, in their enthusiasm, have testified how deeply he is seated in the affections of the people. The candidate for the Vice Presidency is a man worthy of the best endeavors of the Whig party—one whose name is fair and proof against assault—who has labored not only for the cause, but with the statesman who is to be the President of the United States."

The National Intelligencer, after making brief mention of the Presidential nomination, thus speaks of Mr. Frelinghuysen:—"With regard to the gentleman selected as the Whig candidate for the Vice Presidency, Theodore Frelinghuysen, of New Jersey, besides being a Whig of the first order—one who stood side by side in the Senate with Mr. Clay for many years—is a citizen of character so pure and unimpeachable that malignity itself would not dare to utter a syllable in his prejudice."

Mr. Clay on the Annexation of Texas.

Henry Clay has written a Letter to the National Intelligencer on the subject of the Annexation of Texas to the United States, which will be read with great interest and satisfaction. Its frank and manly sentiments will endear the distinguished author still more to the people of the Union.

The Editor of the Philadelphia Inquirer remarks in reference to it, that "it has given great satisfaction in that city not only to the political friends of the distinguished author, but to hundreds of others who cherish national honor and national honesty, as far more important than partisan views or purposes. The letter is regarded not only as a glorious emanation from the mind of a great statesman, but as the legitimate offspring of the heart of a true patriot. The views throughout are calm, dignified, truthful, Christian, Republican and American. They are expressed in clear and forcible, chaste as well as elegant language. It is really refreshing to read such a paper upon so grave and important a subject. Its personal is calculated to make one love his country more, and at the same time, to encourage and stimulate the noblest emotions and principles of the human heart. This letter will decide many a doubting mind, as to the propriety of annexing Texas under the circumstances. We have heard it praised warmly and generously by individuals who are known to us as decided in their political opposition to Mr. Clay. It may be read with pleasure, because of its pacific doctrines—because of the earnest and eloquent manner in which it sustains good faith and national honor; because of the manly spirit it in-

culcates, in relation to weak and strong national antagonists; and because of the patriotic views which it embodies, in relation to the preservation of the Union. Every Whig must feel proud of this document and its sentiments, every Christian must commend and applaud them."

Mr. Van Buren on the Annexation of Texas.

Martin Van Buren has also written a letter, to one of his political friends, on the Texas Question. The letter was published in the Washington Globe, and filled about seven columns of that paper. The effect of this letter upon the Locofocos is well described in the following extract from "Oliver Old-school's" letter of the 28th ult.

"Great has been the commotion in the locofoco camp, to-day. Had a bomb fallen among the party as they sat in conclave the consternation could scarcely have been greater than that produced by Mr. Van Buren's letter in the Globe of last evening, on the subject of Texas. Those of his party from the South were committed to annexation, and most confidently anticipated that Mr. Van Buren would go with them for it; and when, yesterday morning, Mr. Clay's letter appeared in the Intelligencer, against annexation, they exulted in the hope of having a new issue made up with the Whigs. You can perhaps imagine their confusion and dismay when they found their own man had taken the same ground. They have been, to-day, gathered together in little knots and squads, in every part of the city, looking cross, anxious, perplexed and puzzled. One of the leading members of the House, on being rallied this evening upon the position in which they stood, jocosely remarked that he had not made up his mind whether to swear he had always been opposed to annexation and for Van Buren, but one or the other he would swear to-morrow: he would think of it to-night—consult his pillow, as the phrase is. So you see, they perceive that they must either give up annexation or surrender Van Buren. Mr. Calhoun, Mr. Wilkins and Mr. Wickliffe, have been out to-day, apparently extremely busy, in various parts of the city—Whether their visits to different messes had anything to do with the future operations or determination of the party, I cannot say, but they are among the same men, and I learn that it has been proposed by some of the Southern locos to form a Southern party at once, not with the view of opposing Mr. Clay's election, but his administration, and putting Mr. Calhoun forward as the Southern candidate for 1848. If this is done, the present campaign will be given up and allowed to go by default, or at least no strenuous opposition will be made to Mr. Clay's election. Mr. Tyler, I presume, on the other hand, will now press himself forward, under the banner and with the shibboleth of "Tyler and Texas." What number of votes he will be able to obtain, remains to be seen: where the first is to come from, indeed I am unable to say.

I learn that the friends of Col. Johnson have had their hopes revived by this movement of Mr. Van Buren, and have written to the Colonel to-day to push forward for the Presidency."

Nearly all the Locofoco papers in the country, from the Washington Globe down to the very least of them, had broken ground for annexation; and some had already denounced our candidate for the Presidency as a traitor to his country because he opposed the measure. They will now "turn about and wheel about" and begin again on a different track, or go the whole swine for "Tyler and Texas," a fit association.

Hon. Charles J. Ingersoll has said that he had lived in the days of the Revolution, he would have been a Tory. In a recent speech upon the Oregon question, he said:

"No man admires or respects the English more than I do; no man has more reason to venerate them, for I believe every drop of my blood is English, and as I have been very often reproached, some of it came from a Tory ancestor."

So it seems that Mr. Ingersoll has really "defined his position." Some of his locofoco friends have doubted that he formerly possessed any friendship for the Tories; but he has "let the cat out of the bag"—he stands before the people a leader of the locofoco party, and acknowledges that "every drop of his blood is English," and that "some of it came from a Tory ancestor." Of course he will always, either directly or indirectly, oppose the American Protective System. He cannot be expected to do otherwise.—Forum.

SHERIFFALTY.

MR. EDITOR:—I sometimes hear the question asked, "Who shall be our next Sheriff?" a question in which the people generally feel considerable interest. In looking over the newspapers of our county, I see that but one person—Jacob Straight-hoof—has yet offered himself as a candidate for that important office. It is, however, whispered by some, that they suppose that Mr. Such-a-one and Mr. So-and-so are trying to get the nomination. Now, I ask you, Mr. Editor, and the people of the county, whether every person who wishes and hopes to be the candidate of his party, ought not, like the candidate above named, come out publicly, or if he has friends who wish him to be the candidate, whether they should not announce their preference to the electors. Secret nominations must sooner or later prove ruinous to any party that suffers them. The delegate system, when not abused, is a good one; but what must be thought when a convention of delegates place in nomination a candidate who is afraid to give his name to the public before the delegates are chosen by the people? Conventions are intended for the purpose of canvassing the CLAIMS, the COMPETENCY and the AVAILABILITY of the different candidates before the public, and to select one from the number for the whole party to unite upon. But when there is but one candidate, what necessity can there be for a convention? It would be a wholesome rule if the convention would consider no man a candidate for nomination who does not, at least ten days before the time for electing delegates, announce himself as such in one or more of the newspapers in the county, or by handbills, so that the people could elect delegates understandingly. The same rule might, in my opinion, with much propriety be extended to candidates for the other offices of the county. BEN COON.

May 7th 1844.

State Sabbath Convention.

The undersigned, believing that the profanation of the Sabbath is an evil of alarming magnitude, demanding for its suppression the united influence of all its friends—believing, also, that a meeting of delegates from various parts of the state of Pennsylvania, would produce a favorable impression on the public mind, and promote harmonious co-operation in future plans, to sustain this Divine institution, on the perpetuity of which the prosperity of Religion and our civil Institutions depend; recommend that a State Sabbath Convention be held at Harrisburg, on THURSDAY, THE 30TH OF MAY, A. D. 1844, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

It is also recommended that public meetings be held in the various towns of the State, to appoint delegates, and to suggest topics of general interest for the consideration of the Convention.—Where such meetings may not be held, Churches are invited to make the appointments.

Individuals and delegates from other States, who may find it practicable to attend, are cordially invited to participate in the proceedings of the Convention.

- Harrisburg. John A. Wier Wm. R. DeWitt John C. Bucher A. Atwood Jacob M. Aul J. F. Mesick David Lingle, jr. C. W. Schaeffer William Keller G. S. Parker Samuel H. Clark H. Walters James W. Wier Geo. H. Small Hamilton Alricks Geo. P. Weistling Herman Alricks F. Wyeth Luther Reily J. J. Clyde R. J. Ross

- Philadelphia. John A. Bower James N. Linnard Thomas Robins David Weatherly Michael Reed Jos. R. Dickson Thomas Robeson Chas. Woodward Hugh Elliott J. S. Rosswell Martin Buchler Thomas T. Mason

- Carlisle. J. P. Durbin M. Caldwell J. M'Clintock Henry Duffield Thomas V. Moore R. Angeny Henry Tarring

- Franklin County. Jacob Oyster David Oaks S. Kennedy S. M. Armstrong John Smith Jasper E. Brady Frederick Smith Thomas Carson

- Reading. William Strong William Darling Lewistown. Mosh'im Schmucker J. S. Woods H. S. Heister Ephraim Banks J. M. Coggeshall Henry Eisenbise

- Members of the Legislature. James Ross Snowden, Venango county. George Bush, of Wayne " Joseph Hammer Schuykill " Robert Parke, Chester " John M'Wen, Indiana " James D. Dunlap, Erie " Benjamin Jordan, Dauphin " G. V. Lawrence, Washington " Thomas Nicholson, Beaver " Jona's M'Williams, Huntingdon " John Linton, Cambria " David Sankey, Mercer "

Thomas W. Dorr is now on trial for treason against the State of Rhode Island.

REMOVAL.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT. Jacob Snyder.

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Huntingdon, and the public in general, that he has removed his tailoring establishment to the shop lately occupied by John Bumbaugh, as a saddle shop, in Main street in the borough of Huntingdon, two doors east of Thomas Read & Son's Drug and Drygood store, where he will continue the

Tailoring Business, in all its various branches, and is ready to accommodate all who may favor him with a call.

He receives, regularly, from New York, Scott's New York, Paris and London FASHIONS; and he is determined to employ none but the best and most experienced workmen; and he guarantees to execute all orders in his line in the most fashionable and workmanlike manner, or according to the wishes and orders of customers.

COUNTRY PRODUCE will be taken at the market price, in payment for work.

He has strict attention to business, he hopes to obtain a share of public patronage. N. B. He has just received from New York Scott's reports of New York, Paris and London Fashions for spring and summer of 1844. He can now accommodate his customers with the latest styles. April 3, 1844.—tf.

NOTICE.

The public are notified that on the 19th day of March, A. D. 1844, I purchased at Constable Sale, as the property of James Shortbill, of the (ridge) Henderson township, in the county of Huntingdon, the following described (amongst other) property, goods and chattels—which I have left in his care during my pleasure—to wit: 12 acres of wheat in the ground; 5 do rye; 2 mares, 1 gray and 1 strawberry roan; 11 head of sheep; 4 hogs; 1 eight day clock; 1 plough; 1 Harrow; 2 set of horse gears; 1 wind mill; 1 log chain; 2 hay forks; 1 shovel; 1 cutting box; 1 sled; 1 large metal kettle; 1 small grindstone. All persons are cautioned against removing, levying upon, or in any wise intermeddling with the said property, or any part thereof. JAMES WILSON. Mill Creek, March 27, 1844.—3t.

BLANK BONDS to Constables for Stay of Execution, under the new law, just printed, and for sale, at this office.

Sheriffalty.

FRIENDS AND FELLOW CITIZENS:—At the solicitation of a number of friends, in different parts of the county, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of

SHERIFF

at the general election in 1844, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention.—In the event of my success, my best efforts shall be exerted to discharge the duties of the office with fidelity. JACOB STRAIGHTHOOF. Tyrone tp., April 17, 1844.—tac.

BRIGADE ORDERS.

THE Volunteers and Militia composing the 2nd Brigade 10th Division Pennsylvania militia, are hereby required to form by companies on Monday the 6th day of May next, and by Battalions for inspection as follows:

- 149th Regiment 1st Battalion on Monday the 13th day of May next. 2nd Battalion on Tuesday the 14th day of May. 62nd Regiment 1st Battalion on Wednesday the 15th day of May. 2nd Battalion on Thursday the 16th day of May. 1st Volunteer Battalion commanded by Major Bell on the same day. 32nd Regiment will meet on Friday the 17th day of May. 2nd Volunteer Battalion commanded by Col. Buchfield, on Saturday the 18th day of May. 151st Regiment 1st Battalion on Monday the 20th day of May. 4th Volunteer Battalion commanded by Major Williams, on Tuesday the 21st day of May. 151st Regiment 2nd Battalion on Wednesday the 22d day of May. 29th Regiment 1st Battalion on Thursday the 23d day of May. 2nd Battalion on Friday the 24th day of May. 142nd Regiment 2nd Battalion on Tuesday the 28th day of May. 1st Battalion on Wednesday the 29th day of May. 3rd Volunteer Battalion commanded by Col. Barrett, on Thursday the 30th day of May.

JOHN BURKETT, Brigade Inspector 2d B. 10th D. P. M. Ironsville, April 13, 1844.

Estate of John Isenberg, late of Porter township, dec'd.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration upon the said estate have been granted to the undersigned. All persons having claims or demands against the same are requested to make them known without delay, and all persons indebted to make immediate payment to DAVID ISENBERG, } Adm'r. WILLIAM CHRISTY, }

April 17, 1844.

ESTATE OF WILLIAM SANKEY, late of Henderson township, Huntingdon county, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, that letters testamentary upon the said estate have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same are requested to present them duly authenticated for settlement, to WILLIAM SANKEY, Esq'r. March 13, 1844. Hendersontp.

NEW TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.

JOHN SMITH, RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Huntingdon and its vicinity, that he has commenced the

Tailoring Business in Main street, in the borough of Huntingdon, one door west of the store of Ches. Read & Son, where he is ready to accommodate all who may favor him with a call. He receives regularly the

LATEST FASHIONS; and is determined to employ none but the best and most experienced workmen. He will execute all orders in his line in the most workmanlike manner, and on the shortest notice. By strict attention to business and endeavoring to please, he hopes to merit and receive a share of the public patronage.

Country produce will be taken in payment for work. March 20, 1844.—tf.

List of Letters

Remaining in the Post Office at Huntingdon April 1st, 1844. If not called for previous to the 1st of July next, will be sent to the General Post Office as dead letters. Alexander Henry M'Clenehan Maxell Barnes Mortimer Musselman Martin Buchanan Wm. Cohn Madam Rouse Barbary Carbaugh Abraham Reichard John Gnaib Sam'l Sr Rothrock J A Hazlewood John Strong David Jackson Henry Shoemaker Perry Lum Philip Rev Semple Francis M'Comb John Thyhurst Samuel M'Donald Abner E. Thompson William Taylor John

From Europe. DAVID SNARE, P. M. April 3, 1844.

Furnace to Let.

The Valley Furnace is situate on Silver Creek, near Pottsville in the Schuylkill Coal Region. Beds of Anthracite Coal and Strata of Iron ore are opened for work, close by the stack. The public railway runs by the works, giving a daily communication at all seasons, with the city of Philadelphia. Limestone is cheaply had by canal or railway.

The ore is exactly the same as that of the coal fields of Great Britain, from which nearly all the iron is made in that country. It fluxes very easily. The "black band" iron stone, from which the Scotch gray iron is made, exists in this coal basin; but no search has been made for workable beds, the discovery being recent.

The Furnace is newly built, with a good steam engine and blowing apparatus. Its yield is about 35 tons weekly, and there is an extensive consumption of Iron in the coal district. There is no other Furnace in working order in that region. The Furnace will be rented on very favorable terms to any person having sufficient capital to conduct the business properly. Apply to J. S. SILVER, 342 North Sixth street, Philadelphia. April 3, 1844.

Jewelry! Jewelry!! Jewelry!!!

JUST received, a stock of the most magnificent Jewelry ever came up the Pike. Consisting of GOLD PATENT LEVERS, Ladies GOLD ANCHOR LEVERS, full jeweled, SILVER PATENT LEVERS, double and single cased, SILVER ANCHOR LEVERS, full jeweled, double and single cased ENGLISH WATCHES, Imitation Levers, QUARTER and FRENCH WATCHES &c &c Also

Gold Tob Chains, and Seals.

of the most fashionable patterns. Gold Pencils, Spectacles, Guard Chains, Keys, Bracelets set with topaz, Medallions, Finger Rings, Ear Rings, Breast Pins, set with topaz, amethyst, &c. &c. Miniature Cases, Silk Purces, Coral Beads, Pocket Books, Musical Boxes, Mathematical Instruments, Silver Spectacles, Table Spoons, Tea and Salt Spoons, Sugar Tongs, Lowends patent Silver Pencils, Razors of the finest quality, HENRY CLAY pen knives, a superior article, Steel Pens, Spy Classes, Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Platina Points, &c. &c. All the above articles will be sold cheaper than ever heretofore.

Clock and Watch repairing done as usual, very cheap for cash.

A large assortment of eight day and thirty hour Clocks will be sold very cheap. All watches sold will be warranted for one year, and a written guarantee given, that if not found equal to warranty it will (during that period) be put in order without expense, or if injured, may be exchanged for any other watch of equal value. The warranty is considered void, should the watch, with which it is given, be put into the hands of another watch maker. D. BUOY. Huntingdon, April 10, 1844.

List of Letters

Remaining in the Post Office at Alexandria, Huntingdon county, Pa., on the 10th April, 1844, which if not taken out within three months will be sent to the General Post office as dead letters. Anderson John S M'Pherran Samuel Bicking Samuel Mensh Abraham Burk William Montgomery Mariah Baker Jno 2 Maguire James Cunningham John Neff Daniel Carman David Porter John Davis Owen Porter Charles Fisher Elizabeth Piper Daniel Fockler Henry Price Thompson Flemming Jno Roderick William Gemmill & Porter 2 Stoutenberger Ellen Gardner James Stevens & Patton Horrell Christopher Snyder Lewis Herrencane Jacob Stouffer Jonathan Hutchison Edward Sisler Michael Houz Daniel Welshans Jacob Kauffman Tobias White William Kelly Catharine Woolhearter Henry Alexandria April 17, 1844.

ALEXANDRIA FOUNDRY.

I. GRAFIUS & SON, RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Huntingdon county, and the public generally, that they have formed a partnership to carry on the Copper, Tin and Sheet Iron Business in all its branches, in Alexandria, where they manufacture and constantly keep on hand every description of ware in their line; such as New and Splendid Wood Stoves, 22, 24, 26, 28 and 30 inches long. RADIATOR STOVES, New Cooking Stoves of all kinds, and Also four sizes of Coal Stoves ALSO STOVE-PIPE, AND STOVES FINISHED All kinds of castings done, for Forges, Saw-mills and Threshing-machines. Also HOLLOW BOXES, MILL GUDGEONS, AND WAGON WARE; all of which is done in a workmanlike manner. Also, Copper, Dye, Wash, Fuller, Pressing, and Tea Kettles, for sale, wholesale and retail.

Persons favoring this establishment with their custom may depend on having their orders executed with fidelity and despatch. Old metal, copper, brass and pewter taken in exchange. Also wheat, rye, corn and oats taken at market price. Alexandria, Nov. 1, 1843.

NOTICE.—The subscriber respectfully requests all persons indebted to him for work done at the old establishment, previous to this date, to call and settle their accounts without delay. ISRAEL GRAFIUS. Nov. 1, 1843.

Caution.

ALL PERSONS are hereby cautioned against meddling with, selling, disturbing or removing the following property which I purchased at Constable's Sale, as the property of John Briggs, Jr. and Jackson Briggs, and left in their possession until I see proper to remove it. 3 clocks; 2 bureaus; 6 acres of wheat; 1 sleigh; 3 colts; 3-5 of ten acres of rye; 3-5 of ten acres of wheat 1 saddle and bridle; 1-5 of nine acres of wheat; 1 two horse wagon; 4 set of horse gears; 2 harrows; 1 spreader; 1-3 of three acres of rye; 1 crosscut saw; 3 empty hogheads; 1 straw box; 1 double bitted axe; 3-5 of three acres of wheat; 3-5 of seventeen acres of rye; 3 of seven acres of wheat; 3 milks cows; 1 bay mare; 1 plough; 1 pair double trees; 3 of one and a half acres of oats. JOHN BRIGGS, Sen. April 24, 1844.

Gray Horse.

CAME to the residence of subscriber, residing in Franklin township, Huntingdon county, on the 5th of April inst., one dark bay horse, dark mane and tail, star in the forehead, about 13 hands high, supposed to be 5 years old, with bridle and halter, no other marks worthy of notice. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be disposed of according to law. GEO. W. MATTERN. April 10, 1844.

JUSTICES' Blanks of all kinds, for sale at this Office.

FRANKLIN HOUSE.

Huntingdon, Pennsylvania. CHRISTIAN COUTS, WOULD most respectfully inform the citizens of this county, the public generally, and his old friends and customers in particular, that he has leased for a term of years, that large and commodious building on the West end of the Diamond, in the borough of Huntingdon, formerly kept by Andrew H. Hirst, which he has opened and furnished as a Public House, where every attention that will minister to the comfort and convenience of guests will always be found.

His Table will at all times be abundantly supplied with the best to be had in the country. His Bar will be furnished with the best of Liquors, and

His Stabling is the very best in the borough, and will always be attended by the most trusty, attentive and experienced ostlers.

Mr. Coats pledges himself to make every exertion to render the "Franklin House" a home to all who may favor him with a call. Thankful to his old customers for past favors, he respectfully solicits a continuance of their custom.

Boards, by the year, month, or week, will be taken on reasonable terms. Huntingdon, Nov. 8, 1843.

Hardware & Cutlery.

MICHAEL V. BAKER, No. 215 MARKET STREET, (between 5th and 6th streets)

PHILADELPHIA.

MAKES this method to inform the Merchants of this vicinity that he has received by the late arrivals from England a large addition to his former stock, all laid in at the lowest prices for cash, and he now offers the same, as well as a complete assortment of American Hardware at a very small advance for cash or approved credit, and invites purchasers, visiting the city to examine his stock before buying. Among his assortment will be found the following description of goods in all their different varieties.

- Knives and Forks Files all kinds. Pocket and Pen Knives Hinges do Scissors and Razors Locks do Mill, Pitt & Cross cut saws Screws do Hand & other Saws Bolts do Shovels and Spades Augers do Seythes and Sickles Hatchets do Trace & Halter chains Hammers do Patent Metal Ware Gimblets do Steel of all kinds Chisels do Shovels and Tongs Plane Irons do Anvils and Vices Hoes do Horse nails Needles do Cutch & Wrought nails Awls do Capping & Hand Axes Sadrions do Hay & Manure Forks Spoons do Straw Knives Saucapans do Frying Pans Braces & Bits do Fish Hooks all kinds Candlesticks do Waiters do Steelyards do

Hardware & Cutlery.

The subscriber having just received (per late arrivals from England) direct from the Manufacturers, a large invoice of Hardware and Cutlery, which makes complete one of the best assorted stocks of

to be found in the city of Philadelphia, respectfully invites country Merchants to call and examine for themselves, as it is his fixed determination to sustain the reputation it has acquired of being the cheapest store in the city. Those who buy for CASH in preference to paying 15 or 20 per cent. for the sake of 6 month credit will please call before purchasing and get a list of my prices, which will satisfy them better than anything I can say in an advertisement, that a store established on the exclusive

Cash System, can sell cheaper than those who buy and sell on 6, 9 or 12 months credit.

I have just received a large Invoice of Newton Darling, Wilson's, Griffin's, Waldron's Inman's, Carr's and Harper's Hay and Manure Forks, Brads, Sad Irons, American Plane Irons and Saws, Rowland's and Ames' Shovels and Spades, together with a general assortment of Domestic Hardware, which will be sold very cheap for net cash and CASH ONLY.

HENRY L. ELDER, Importer, 493 Market St. between 13th and Broad, North side. Philadelphia, March 27, 1844.—

SPRING GOODS.

R. TANNER & CO., WOULD respectfully inform their customers and merchants generally, that they are now receiving direct from manufacturers, their spring stock of

BOOTS, SHOES, PALM LEAF HATS, &c., adapted expressly for the western trade.—These goods have been selected with care, and comprise one of the largest and best stock of SHOES, &c., in the country. Having been bought entirely for cash, we are enabled to offer them on as good terms as as they can be purchased either in the Philadelphia or New York markets.

MERCHANTS dealing in our line would find it to their advantage to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. Pittsburg, April 3, 1844.

Estate of Kimbor A. Barton, late of (Late of Shirley tp. dec'd.)

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration upon the said estate have been granted to the undersigned. All persons having claims or demands against the same are requested to make them known without delay, and all persons indebted to make immediate payment to BENJ. LEAS, Adm'r., de bonis non. March 27, 1844.—pd.

R. H. CREMER, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

A. K. CORNYN, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

HUNTINGDON, PA. Office in Main Street, two doors East of Mrs. McConnell's Temperance House