



THE HUNTINGDON JOURNAL.

“One country, one constitution, one destiny.”

Huntingdon, Wednesday morning, Dec. 27, 1843.

V. B. PALMER, Esq. (No. 59, Pine street below Third, Philadelphia) is authorized to act as Agent for this paper, to procure subscriptions and advertisements.

The Huntingdon Journal has a larger circulation than any other Newspaper in Huntingdon county. We state this fact for the benefit of Advertisers.

“Once more our glorious Banner out Upon the breeze we throw; Beneath its folds, with song and shout, Let's charge upon the foe!”

FOR PRESIDENT, HENRY CLAY, OF KENTUCKY.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT, JOHN SERGEANT, OF PENNSYLVANIA.

FOR GOVERNOR, GEN. JAMES IRVIN, OF CENTRE COUNTY.

Congress. The Protest of the Whig members against the admission of those elected by general ticket, was disposed of on Wednesday last, by laying it and the motions in relation thereto then pending, on the table—yeas 116, nays 59. Nothing else worthy of note has been done since our last.

By agreement of the members of the bar, all the causes after the thirty-first on the trial list for the second week of the January term, have been continued. We have inserted the list this week as agreed upon as above stated. Parties and witnesses in other causes than those published in to-day's paper, need not attend Court.

We learn that there is to be a glorious hunting match, or circle hunt, in the neighborhood of Hollidaysburg, on New Years day. The town of sport may expect a rich treat, as the whole neighborhood will turn out, and it is said there will be upwards of 7000 persons in attendance. We wondered where so great a number of sportsmen would come from until we learned that brother Dougherty would bring out the laborers at the Marble Quarry on “Mount Carrara” en masse, to participate in the fun.

THE LADIES' NATIONAL MAGAZINE for January has been received. All the contributions to this number are from the best female writers in America, and the pictorial embellishments are unsurpassed by any we have ever seen. This number commences the fifth volume.—Terms:—\$2.00 a year, invariably in advance.

Huntingdon Female Library Association.

By a notice in another column, it will be seen that the annual meeting of this association, for the election of officers, will take place at the library room, on Saturday next, at 2 o'clock.

We are indebted to one of the members for the following statement of facts relative to the association.

The Library Association was founded in 1839, by the exertions of a few ladies—the funds raised by contributions of \$5 00 each from some liberal gentlemen, by smaller sums from others, and by subscriptions of 50 cents to be paid annually, the whole amounting to about \$90 00, with which they purchased books and book-cases. The ladies have the entire management of the institution, furnishing a room, &c.—devoting the whole sum since collected by fines and subscriptions (averaging yearly \$24) to purchase books, consisting of the best standard works in History, Biography, Travels and Poetry. The Library now contains about 400 volumes, 30 volumes were added last year by purchase and the gift of the “last census” and a volume of “statistics” from the State.

Were the means enlarged by an increased subscription list, the means of rational enjoyment, and the advantages obtained by reading good books, would of course be much extended and the result appear in the improved morals and deportment of the rising generation.

The trial of Mohawk, the Seneca Indian, who murdered in July last, the family of James Wigton, in Butler county, Pa., terminated on the 15th inst., in a verdict of guilty of murder of the first degree. A motion was made for a new trial, which is to be argued at an adjourned court in January.

A young lady of the Jewish persuasion, in St. Louis, was resuscitated while the last sad rites of sepulture were performing, after having been supposed dead for several days.

A Mr. Newhill Puckott, of Lynesville, Granville county, North Carolina, a short time since procured some seed of the Chinese Tea which he says matures perfectly well in our climate, and can be raised in abundance with very little trouble.

There were several attempts to fire the city of Louisville, on the night of the 7th inst.

Report of the Secretary of the Navy.

We learn from the Report of the Secretary that the United States Navy, at the present time, consists of the following number and description of vessels: One ship of 120 guns; nine ships of the line of 90 guns each; one razer of 62 guns; twelve 52 gun frigates; one 50 gun frigate; two 48 gun frigates; eleven first class sloops of war of 24 guns each; three 22 gun sloops; five 16 gun sloops; two sloops for store ships, 6 guns each.—There are also four first class sloops on the stocks nearly ready for launching. Eleven 10 gun brigs and schooners; three ditto used as store ships, and one for a receiving vessel at Charleston. The steam ship Mississippi of 12 guns, the Fulton of 8 guns, the Princeton (Ericson's propeller) of 12 guns, the Union of 4 guns, (with Hunter's submerged wheels), the Poinsett of 2 guns, and an iron steamer, the Michigan, of 6 guns, nearly ready to launch on lake Erie. There are likewise four small schooners employed as packing or receiving vessels. In all, sixty-six vessels of the various descriptions.

The schooner Grampus has not been heard from since the 14th of March last, when she was off Charleston, S. C., and is supposed to have been lost, with all hands, in some of the severe gales which occurred about that time.

Allusion is made to the loss of the Missouri, and the other naval disasters which have occurred during the year, are briefly referred to.

Report of the Postmaster General.

The Revenue of the Department this year has met the expenditures. The Postmaster thinks this should always be so, and that the Department should never be a source of revenue, nor its expenses, exceed its receipts, but that its income should always regulate the expenditures.

The amount of annual transportations of the mail, as ascertained on the 30th June, 1842, was 34,835,991 miles; the cost of which was \$3,110,783.

The amount of annual transportation of the 30th June, 1843, was 35,252,805 miles; the cost of which was \$2,976,284.

It will be observed, that the cost of transportation for the last year was less by \$134,499 than it was for the previous year, while the transportation throughout the year was greater by 416,814 miles.

The number of Post Offices supplied in 1842, was 13,814.

To accommodate the service to the extension of population, reductions in the service in some sections, and an extension or increase in other portions of the Union, was rendered necessary.

The aggregate of these reductions was \$134,253, and the amount of additional and new service was \$98,555. For a more detailed statement of service I refer your Excellency to the report of the First Assistant Postmaster General, No. 1.

For similar reasons it became necessary to discontinue, in the year preceding 1st July, 1843, 400 Post Offices, and to establish, during the same period, 481.

The total expenditures of the Department for the fiscal year ending the 30th June, 1842, as stated in the report of this Department to the House of Representatives, under date of the 28th of February, 1843, were \$4,975,370 42. In this amount was included \$392,664 51 for debts paid out of the special appropriation at the extra session.

The total expenditures of the service for the year ending 30th June, 1843, were \$4,374,713 75, including payments on accounts of debts due by the Department, for which the appropriation above was made.

The amount of gross revenue for the year ending the 30th June, 1841, as stated in my annual report of 31 December, 1842, was \$4,379,317 78. That of 1842, was \$4,546,246 13.

The revenue of 1843, so far as the returns exhibit the amount for the year ending 30th June, is \$4,295,925 43.

Report of the Secretary of War.

The regular army consists of 716 commissioned officers, 17 military storekeepers, and 7,590 enlisted men, (non-commissioned officers, artificers, musicians and privates, of the dragoons, artillery, infantry, and riflemen,) 40 sergeants, and 250 enlisted men, of ordnance, making an aggregate of 8,613, and of the following character: General and Staff Officers, Medical Department, Corps of Engineers, Corps of Topographical Engineers, Ordnance Corps, 1 Regiment of Dragoons, 4 Regiments of Artillery, 8 Regiments of Infantry, 1 Regiment of Riflemen.

Some farther provision is believed to be necessary effectually to prevent duelling between the officers of the army and citizens.

The officers and men have been kept in a constant state of employment, and there have been but few removals of troops from one post to another.—The state of our relations with Great Britain has enabled the Commanding General to withdraw from Forts Fairfield and Kent on the Northeastern frontier, the troops there stationed.

Several Companies have been removed from Florida to other posts, there being no apprehension of any danger in that region from the Indians.

The recent extinction of the Indian title to the southern and western shore of Lake Superior, and the value of those lands for their mineral wealth will probably lead to the peopling of that region with great rapidity. Sound policy, therefore dictates that means be promptly taken to make an interrupted navigation from that Lake to Lake Huron, the expense of which the Secretary thinks would not exceed one hundred thousand dollars.

The state of our National Armories reflects credit on the officers placed in charge of them. The Secretary of War visited and inspected that at Springfield in July last, and found it in excellent order.—That at Harper's Ferry is also judiciously conducted.

The value of property under charge of this branch of the service is \$18,303,021 07.

Our Indian relations have, in the main, been peaceable, and the exceptions growing out of a few individual acts of violence have not been sanctioned or justified by the tribes to which the offenders belonged.

During the recess of Congress the Secretary di-

rected a commencement to be made of the history of all the Indian tribes, as far as could be derived from the documents in this Department.

The report of the Commissioner of Pensions exhibits very clearly and distinctly the state and condition of the business of this office. There yet remain on the rolls 21,064 pensioners for revolutionary service, including widows. Under the act of 1838, granting pensions for five years, to widows of revolutionary soldiers, 9,895 claims have been presented, of which 7,855 have been admitted.—Under the laws granting pensions to invalids for wounds and injuries in military service, there are now on the rolls 2,720 persons.

The Whig Banner.

To the politeness of Mr. Levi Fahnestock, chairman of the Whig Banner Committee, we are indebted (says the Whig) for the following description of the splendid banner now preparing for presentation to the delegation having the largest proportionate number in attendance at the Young Men's Convention from any State but Maryland.

The committee appointed to designate and procure the Banner to be presented on behalf of the Whigs of Baltimore, to such State Delegation of the Young Men's Whig National Convention of Ratification, as shall have the largest proportionate number in attendance, having in view the Whig population of the several states as tested at the Presidential election of 1840, and their relative distance from this city, have decided to procure one, which the following is a description and explanation

The Banner will be painted on Satin. On the front side will be painted a portrait of Henry Clay on a shield, supported by two female figures, one on the right, Agriculture, supported by a sheaf of Wheat; the one on the left, Fame, in the act of recording the many noble, useful and patriotic acts in the life of that great American Statesman as Patriot. An Eagle perched on the top of the Shield, will represent the arms of the United States, supported by Henry Clay. On the back ground will be painted appropriate emblems, representing: Agriculture, Commerce, Manufactures, and Mechanic Arts; and below the vignette will be painted in gold, two Cornucopias, the fruit and flowers contained therein painted in natural colors; all intended to be illustrative of the abundance, and eternal beneficial effects that will flow from the establishment of the measures advocated by the Whig party, with Mr. Clay at its head. Part of the front side of the banner will also be richly embroidered with chenille.

On the reverse will be painted in the form of a Wreath, the Coat of Arms of each of the States of the Union, connected by richly painted and gilded work—inside of the wreath thus formed, will be painted an appropriate motto.

The top piece usually consisting of a round straight rod, will be something entirely unique, being in the form of a broad bow, highly carved with fruit, flowers, &c., and richly gilded. The fringe, tassels, &c., and other ornamental work will be of the most splendid description.

The Banner will be supported by a staff cupped in the hands of Henry Clay himself, from the side of his own Ashland. On the top of the staff, over the Banner, will be placed, plated with gold, the Roman Fasces, or bound rods, representing the unanimity of the Whig party, and their determination to maintain inviolate the Union of the States.

The design is by Mr. William Curlett, a superior artist of this city, by whom it will be painted.—The arrangement of the Banner, Embroidery, Tassels, &c., will be executed under the direct of Mr. John Grade. The entire costs of the Banner will be about eighteen hundred dollars.

ACQUITTAL OF JOB PECK.—This individual, says the Iowa Standard, who was lodged in Washington County jail, upon a charge of killing JESSE BILL JOHNSON, has been acquitted after a fair and impartial trial. There were upwards of 50 witnesses present. The prisoner at the bar, say those who were there, manifested no anxiety as to his fate.

HUMORS.—We wish it to be distinctly understood, the certificates and other proofs of excellence of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry which appears in this paper occasionally, are fully and strictly true. None other will be given. The following is from a well known builder:

NEW YORK, March 10, 1844. I was last fall attacked with pain and a sore soreness of the chest, which continued for a number of weeks. I had previously, for several years, been subject to a permanent weakness, caused by a strain. This last attack gave me much apprehension. I feared it was the commencement of a fatal disease. About the middle of December I began to take Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry—from the first of which soon removed all soreness from the chest, and added strength and vigor to the lungs—and now I regard myself as perfectly sound and well.

JOHN BROWN, 61 Ann street. For sale by Thomas Read, Huntingdon and James Orr, Hollidaysburg.

SUDDEN DEATH, APOPLEXY, BRISTLING OF VESSELS, &c.—Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills are certain to prevent the above dreadful consequences, because they purge from the body those morbid humors which, when floating in the general circulation, are the cause of a determination or rush of blood to the head, a pressure upon the brain, and other dreadful results.—From two to six of said Indian Vegetable Pills, taken every night, on going to bed, will in a short time so completely cleanse the body from every thing that is opposed to health that sudden death, apoplexy, bursting of blood vessels, or indeed any malady, will be in a manner impossible.

Wright's Vegetable Indian Pills also aid and improve digestion, and purify the blood and therefore give health and vigor to the whole frame, as well as drive disease of every name from the body.

Beware of Counterfeits.—The public are cautioned against the many spurious medicines which in order to deceive are made in outward appearance, closely to resemble the above wonderful Pills. Beware of agents, or at the office of the General Depot, No. 169 Race street, Philadelphia, and be particular to ask for WRIGHT'S Indian Vegetable Pills.

The genuine medicines can be obtained at the store of Wm. Stewart, Huntingdon,

MARRIED.

On Thursday the 21st inst., by the Rev. H. Dill, Mr. ALEXANDER PORT to CAROLINE COUCH, all of this county.

On the same day, by the Rev. J. G. M'GON, Mr. SIMON WRIGHT to Miss ELEN ESTEP, all of Union township.

On the same day, by the Rev. Jesse Wright, Mr. GEORGE W. HAMPSON of Union tp., to Miss RACHEL WILSON of Cassville.

On the same day, by Benj. Greenland, Esq., Mr. WILLIAM BROWN of Springfield township, to Miss CATHARINE GREENLAND of Cass tp.

At Antea Forge on Thursday the 12th inst., by the Rev. W. B. Bingham, Mr. HUGI MULHOLLEN to Miss MARY ANN SFUGART, all of Huntingdon county.

On the 14th inst., by the Rev. L. E. Allen, Mr. ONRAD HARRIS to Miss MARY ADLEMAN, all of Hollidaysburg.

On the 29th ult., by the same, Mr. JOHN B. ANGLE to Miss JANE BELL, all of Allegheny township Huntingdon county.

\$15 REWARD.

Was stolen from the stable of the subscriber living on the Ridges, on the night of the 25th of December, a

Dark Brown Mare, with a star on her forehead, and her left hind foot white. The above reward will be given to any person who will take up the said mare and return her to me.

WM. SANKEY.

Dec. 27, 1843.

Library Association.

The annual meeting of the “Huntingdon Female Library Association,” for the election of officers, will take place on Saturday the 30th inst., at the Library room, at 2 o'clock, when members are requested to pay their subscription.

Persons desirous of becoming subscribers can have access to some of the best new publications by paying the trifling sum of 50 cts.

Dec. 27, 1843.

For Sale or Rent.

The undersigned will either sell or lease on favorable terms, that tract of land situated in West township, Huntingdon Co., near the mouth of Murrays Run, adjoining lands of John Stewart, Nathan Gorsuch and others containing about

250 ACRES,

of which about 50 are cleared, with a small hewed log house and barn thereon, the same being about two miles distant from the Warm Springs. Any person wishing to purchase or rent the farm, can call upon Bell & Orison, in Huntingdon, who will attend to selling or leasing the same. Possession will be given on the 1st of April next.

ABRAHAM CARTER.

Dec. 27, 1843.

To Let.

The Washington Hotel, in the borough of Bellefonte, now in the tenure of George Armstrong, will be let for a term of years, from the first day of April next. It is the old stand kept by the late Evan Miles, in his life time, for upwards of twenty-five years, and is one of the best in the interior of Pennsylvania. Apply to the subscriber in Bellefonte, Centre county.

REBECCA MILES.

Dec. 27, 1843.

Huntingdon Academy.

PROPOSALS will be received for building an Academy in connection with a dwelling house, in the borough of Huntingdon, up to the 19th day of January next. A plan of the building and specifications may be seen on application to the undersigned. The proposals must state the sum required including the use of the materials on the premises known as “the old brick church,” and also the amount exclusive.

W. ORBISON, Sec. of the Board.

Dec. 20, 1843.

Public Sale.

WILL be sold at public sale on Saturday the 13th day of January next, at 1 o'clock P. M., on the premises,

A LOT OF GROUND, in the town of Smithfield (being No. 4 in the plan of said town) on which is erected a Two story log Dwelling House & Stable. Also, a lot of ground adjoining the same, containing

12 Acres,

more or less. The property is well situated on the south side of the Juniata river, and is bounded by lands of John McCahan and Robert Moore's heirs. Sale to be made in pursuance of the last will and testament of Levi Westbrook, dec'd.

Terms made known on the day of sale by

JOHN KER, Ex'r.

Dec. 20, 1843.

ISAAC FISHER ATTORNEY AT LAW.

HAS removed to Huntingdon, with the intention of making it the place of his future residence, and will attend to such legal business as may be entrusted to him.

Dec. 20, 1843.

TO THE Manufacturers of Iron.

THE Furnace and Forge with lands and ore beds appurtenant, in Cromwell township, Huntingdon county, called the “Chester Iron Works,” are offered for rent on a lease for a term of years. The rent will be received in either money or iron, as the tenant may prefer.

For further particulars inquire of the subscriber at Huntingdon.

ISAAC FISHER, Attorney and agent for Martha Pennock, the owner.

Dec. 20, 1843.

Peach Trees, &c.

40,000 inoculated peach trees for sale at the nursery of the subscriber, of the choicest fruit embracing 16 different kinds, at 6 cents each at the nursery. They are 7 feet high—2 years old from the stone, 1 year from the inoculation.

Also, every variety of inoculated Cherry Trees, at 37 1/2 cents each at the nursery.—Packing in mats and moss at fair prices. All orders promptly attended to.

DAVID ROE.

Haddonfield, N. J., } December 13th 1843 }

WRIGHT'S Indian Vegetable Pills.

If, during the continuance of storms and floods, the channels of

OUR MIGHTY RIVERS become so obstructed as to afford an insufficient outlet for the superabundant waters, we can expect nothing less than that the surrounding country will be

Overwhelmed with the Flood. In like manner with the human body—if the skin, kidneys and bowels (the natural outlets for useless and corrupt humors) become so obstructed as to fail in affording a full discharge of those impurities which are in all cases

THE CAUSE OF SICKNESS, we surely can expect no other results than that the whole frame will sooner or later be

OVERWHELMED WITH DISEASE

As in the first place, if we would prevent an inundation we must remove all obstructions, in order that there may be no hindrance to the free discharge of the superabundant waters. So, in the second place, if we would prevent and cure disease, we must open and keep open, all natural drains of the body.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills of the North American College of Health,

will be found one of the best if not the very BEST MEDICINE IN THE WORLD for carrying out this beautiful and simple theory, because they completely cleanse the stomach and bowels from all bilious humors, and other impurity, and at the same time promote a healthy discharge from the lungs, skin and kidneys; consequently as all the natural drains are opened,

DISEASE

OF EVERY NAME IS LITERALLY DRIVEN FROM THE BODY.

Caution.—As the great popularity and consequent great demand for Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills has raised up a host of counterfeiters, country storekeepers and agents will be on their guard against the many impostors who are travelling about the country selling to the unsuspecting a spurious article for the genuine.

It should be remembered that all authorized agents are provided with a certificate of agency, signed by WILLIAM WRIGHT, Vice President of the North American College of Health. Consequently, those who offer Indian Vegetable Pills, and cannot show a certificate as above described will be known as impostors.

The following highly respectable storekeepers have been appointed agents for the sale of

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, and of whom it is confidently believed the genuine medicines can be obtained:

William Stewart, Huntingdon. Henry Leamer, Hollidaysburg. B. F. Bell, Antea township. Robert McNamara, Newry. Samuel S. Isett, Tyrone township. Milkilens & Kessler, Mill Creek. A. & N. Cresswell, Petersburg. Gemmel & Porter, Alexandria. Moore & Steiner, Water Street. Joseph Patton, Jr. Duncansville. R. H. McCormick, Collinsville. Wolf & Willet, Frankstown. Henry Brewster, Shirleysburg. Walter Graham, Yellow Springs.

Office devoted exclusively to the sale of the medicine, wholesale and retail, No. 169 Race street, Philadelphia.

Beware of counterfeits.—The public are respectfully informed that medicine purporting to be Indian Pills made by one V. O. Flack, are not the genuine

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

The only security against imposition is to purchase from the regularly advertised agents, and in all cases be particular to ask for Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

Dec. 27, 1844.—1y.

Notice.

Thomas M'Namara and Samuel Royer, lately trading under the firm of M'Namara & Royer, at Portage Iron Works, and George W. M'Bride, Samuel Royer and Thomas M'Namara, lately trading under the firm of M'Bride, Royer & Co, at said Works, having by deed of assignm't bearing date the 10th day of May, 1842, recorded in the same month in the Recorder's office in and for Huntingdon county in record book C No. 2, pages 492 &c., assigned and transferred to the undersigned all debts and claims due and owing to the said late firms; and on account of said Portage Iron Works in trust for payment of creditors of said late firms; all persons are hereby required to make immediate settlement with and payment to the undersigned, of any and all debts and claims due and owing to either of the said late firms at said Works, to any person or persons whatever, but to the undersigned or one of them or their duly authorized attorney.

EDWARD BELL, JOSEPH HIGGINS, Portage Iron Works, Dec. 20, 1843.

To Farmers and Capitalists.

The tract of land near Brewster's Tannery, in Shirley township, called the “Roberts Farm,” containing two hundred and eighty acres more or less, seventy or eighty of which are cleared, with a house, a barn, a

Grist Mill with two run of Stones, and a saw mill thereon, about three miles from the town of Shirleysburg, is offered for sale. Farmers who wish to purchase a farm for themselves or their sons are invited to examine the “Roberts Farm.” If not sold at private sale, this farm will be offered at public outcry at the court house, in Huntingdon, on Thursday the 27th day of January, 1844.

For further particulars inquire of the subscriber at Huntingdon.

ISAAC FISHER, Attorney and agent of Martha Pennock, the owner.

Dec. 20, 1843.

ESTATE OF JEREMIAH GREENALL, Late of Cromwell township, Huntingdon county, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration upon the said estate have been granted to the undersigned. All persons having claims or demands against the same are requested to make them known without delay, and all persons indebted to make immediate payment to

JOHN R. HUNTER, Adm'r. Cromwell tp. Nov. 15, 1843.—6t.

BLANK BONDS—Judgment and com-

mon—for sale at this office.

BANK NOTE LIST.

Rates of Discount in Philadelphia.

Banks in Philadelphia.

Table listing various banks in Philadelphia and their respective rates of discount. Includes Bank of North America, Bank of the Northern Liberties, Bank of Penn Township, Commercial Bank of Penn'a, Farmers' & Mechanics' bank, Kensington bank, Schuylkill bank, Mechanics' bank, Philadelphia bank, Southwark bank, Western bank, Moyamensing bank, Manufacturers' and Mechanics' bank, Bank of Pennsylvania, Girard bank, Bank of the United States.

Country Banks.

Table listing various country banks and their respective rates of discount. Includes Bank of Chester co., Bank of Delaware co., Bank of Germantown, Bank of Montgomery co., Doylestown bank, Easton bank, Farmers' bk of Bucks co., Bristol, Honesdale bank, Honesdale, Farmers' bk of Lanc., Lancaster, Lancaster bank, Lancaster, Lancaster county bank, Lancaster, Bank of Pittsburg, Pittsburg, Merch'ts & Manuf. bk, Pittsburg, Exchange bank, Pittsburg, Do. do. branch of, Hollidaysburg, Col'a bk & bridge co., Columbia, Franklin bank, Washington, Monongahela bk of B., Reading, Farmers' bk of Reading, Reading, Lebanon bank, Lebanon, Bank of Northumberland, Northumberland, Bank of Middletown, Middletown, Carlisle bank, Carlisle, Erie bank, Erie, Bank of Chambersburg, Chambersburg, Bank of Gettysburg, Gettysburg, York bank, York, Harrisburg bank, Harrisburg, Miners' bk of Pottsville, Pottsville, Bank of Susquehanna co., Montrose, Farmers' & Drivers' bk, Lewisburg, Bank of Lewistown, Lewistown, Wyoming bank, Wilkesbarre, Northampton bank, Allentown, Berks county bank, Reading, West Branch bank, Williamsport, Towanda bank, Towanda.

Rates of Relief Notes.

Table listing rates of relief notes for Northern Liberties, Delaware County, Farmers' Bank of Bucks, Germantown, and All others.

THE MARKETS.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY.]

Table showing market prices for various commodities in Philadelphia and Baltimore. Philadelphia, Dec. 22. WHEAT