



THE HUNTINGDON JOURNAL.

"One country, one constitution, one destiny."

Huntingdon,

Wednesday morning, Sep. 27, 1843.

V. B. PALMER, Esq. (No. 59, Pine street below Third, Philadelphia) is authorized to act as Agent for this paper, to procure subscriptions and advertisements.

Democratic Harrison Ticket.

Election 2nd Tuesday (10th) of October 1843.

CANAL COMMISSIONERS OF PENNA.:

WILLIAM TWEED,

OF NORTHUMBERLAND,

BENJAMIN WEAVER,

OF ALLEGHENY,

SIMON GUILFORD,

OF LEBANON.

CONGRESS:

Gen. JAMES IRVIN,

OF CENTRE.

ASSEMBLY:

JONATHAN M'WILLIAMS,

OF FRANKLIN TP.

BRICE BLAIR,

OF DUBLIN TP.

COMMISSIONERS:

JOHN F. MILLER,

OF HUNTINGDON BORO' (1 yr.)

MORDECAI CHILCOTE,

OF TOWN TP. (3 yrs.)

TREASURER:

GEORGE TAYLOR, Esq.,

OF HUNTINGDON BORO'.

AUDITOR:

JACOB S. MATTERN,

OF FRANKLIN TP.

ARE YOU ASSESSED?

Harrison Democrats, if you wish to vote at the next election, you must be assessed

10 days before the day of election. SATURDAY THE 30th OF SEPTEMBER will be the last day on which the assessment can be made. Remember this, and attend to it in time.

A most provoking mistake occurred in a part of our last week's issue, making our brother of the Hollidaysburg Register promise 13000 majority for Gen. Irvin in this county. It should have been 1300—a majority which may easily be given if there is a full "turn out" on the day of election.—The error referred to shows what mischief a cipher may do.

The Whigs of Philadelphia city and county have nominated MORTON M'MICHAEL for Sheriff, and PENROSE ASH for Treasurer.

Another Robbery.

A robber broke into the house occupied by JAMES HOLLINGSHEAD, near this borough, on Friday night last, and carried away with him \$12 in money, and also several valuable papers. The villain had a horse which he tied to a fence near the house.

Stolen Property.

The young man, Howard, who was committed to our jail as a vagrant, on Sunday before last, had pledged a watch in town for his boarding, which turns out to have been stolen. The watch is claimed by Peter Boyle, of Hollidaysburg, whose name is engraved in it.

Fatal Accident.

A letter from Hollidaysburg, gives the annexed particulars of a sudden dispensation of Providence. On Saturday last, Mr. James Orr, of that place took his gun and dog, and went to the foot of the mountain in search of game. He went to a place about 3 or 4 miles above Allegheny Furnace; and after having hitched his horse proceeded into the woods. Having gone some considerable distance, it would seem that he got up on a log; and set the butt of his gun down on the ground, near a small bush, apparently to steady himself; and when lifting up the gun, the hammer caught in the twig, drawing it back far enough to give force to break the cap; the whole load entering his head between the left eye and ear, blowing the whole side or top of his head off. He was found on Sunday, lying with his feet toward the log—his gun on the other side of it, and his cap blown 5 or 6 feet from his head—with his faithful dog keeping guard over the corpse. Mr. Orr has left a wife and four children to mourn his death. Let the warning be remembered—"be ye also ready."

The Reading Journal says the test of being permitted to vote, at the late delegate election of the locofoco party in that borough, was having voted for Porter in 1841. One man being asked the question, declined answering, and was denied the right to vote. He afterwards said that he did vote for Porter, but was ashamed to own it!

"Look heah, Cuff, if you don't keep off of my corns, I'll kill you wid dis bowie knife." "Guess you wouldn't do dat but once," replied Cuff, brandishing his cense.

Jame Irvin and George M'ulloch.

These gentlemen are the Congressional candidates of the opposing parties of the 17th district. If the voters in this district will but study and understand the creeds of the respective parties of the day, and then act upon principle, the Whigs have nothing to fear.

We will propound a few questions for the consideration of freemen:—

Are you in favor of a Tariff for adequate Revenue for the Government, and fair Protection to American Industry?

Are you in favor of a sound National Currency, regulated by the will and authority of the Nation?

Are you in favor of placing just restraints on the Executive Power, embracing a further restriction on the exercise of the Veto?

Are you in favor of a faithful administration of the Public Lands, with an equitable distribution of the proceeds of the sales of it among all the States?

If you are in favor of these measures—the leading principles of the great Whig party—then vote for JAMES IRVIN, a gentleman who is true to these principles, and for whom we ask your support.

But on the other hand:—

Are you in favor of the exploded Sub-Treasury Scheme of Martin Van Buren, giving the control of the public money into the hands of the President who will then wield the Purse as well as the sword of the Nation?

Are you in favor of Free Trade and no Tariff, which must reduce American Labor to a level with the Pauper Labor of Europe, and turn thousands of our manufacturers out of employment, and give a preference to British goods?

Are you in favor of squandering the proceeds of the sales of the Public Lands among corrupt officeholders, instead of distributing it among the States, thus disabling Pennsylvania from paying off her enormous debt without oppressive taxation?

Are you in favor of renewing the corruption and speculation of the late National Administration—of destroying our most vital interests, and scattering blight and mildew over the fair face of our beloved country, bringing distress and ruin upon thousands of our people?

If you are in favor of this dark creed of Locofocoism, you will vote for GEORGE M'ULLOCH, for such are his principles when carried out in practice.

The election of Members of Congress is one of deep and abiding interest, and we hope that the people of this State, and particularly of this district, will so consider it, and act accordingly. Every freeman should look upon the right of voting as a duty as well as a privilege in this land of civil and religious liberty. We hope that no one who has health and strength sufficient to enable him to go to the polls will stay away. We cannot believe that the people of this district can perpetrate an act so suicidal to their own interests as to send an Anti Tariff, Free Trade, Subtreasury man to Congress.

For the "Huntingdon Journal"

Gen. James Irvin.

FELLOW CITIZENS:—

This gentleman has been put in nomination by the Whigs of this district as their candidate for Congress, and if the Whigs will but do their duty he will be elected by a triumphant majority.

It is true, David R. Porter did all in his power to make this a Locofoco district, he was willing to make any sacrifice elsewhere, to ensure success here, and when he signed the bill, it was under the impression that this district at least was safe; I think however, the result will show that he has been mistaken.

Fellow Citizens—With the history of Mr. Irvin you are all familiar and it would seem unnecessary for me to say one word in behalf of a man so deservedly popular as he is at this time. Unfortunately for the country we have few such men as Mr. Irvin. That he is a man of integrity and intelligence, none dare deny—none can deny—both his public and private life affords abundant evidence of the fact. Look at his history in Congress and point me to one act, inconsistent with integrity or intelligence; one act, in opposition to the interests of his constituents, or the welfare of his country. To no man in Congress perhaps are we so largely indebted for the passage of the Tariff bill as to Mr. Irvin, his speech on the passage of that bill does honor to himself as well as to the people who sent him there; in useful and interesting information as well as vigorous argument, it was not surpassed by any man on that floor. But he done more, he participated actively in the passage of every bill calculated to benefit the country, he was among the true and independent men, who refused to go with John Tyler in his dark and treacherous career of infamy—but stood up like a man unawed by influence; and unbrided by the blandishments of power. Such is the man for whom we claim your unbounded aid and support—he has supported you, and in his hands your interests will be safe.

In opposition to Mr. Irvin, you have Gen. M'ulloch put in nomination by the "Porter Democrats." Of Mr. M'ulloch I shall say nothing, it is enough for us to know, that he is the nominee of the Loco Foco party; and I tell you, that you might as well expect to gather grapes from thorns, or figs from thistles as to reap any advantage from the success of that party—their past history is at war with such expectations. I have seen enough of Locofoco government to satisfy me, that the less they govern the better for the country—their principles as well as their conduct, evince any thing else than a desire to promote the interests of the people. Entertaining these views I cannot but regard this election as one full of importance—there are principles involved in this issue, that lay at the foundation of our prosperity, for I verily believe, that the permanency of our institutions, and the welfare of our citizens depends upon the success of the Whigs.

In conclusion, let me ask you to lay aside every weight and turn out to the Election—waive not, a right so important but go forth and exercise it in the spirit of freemen—it is a right that should be dear to every American heart, and it is one only known and enjoyed by freemen.

WHIG.

For the "Huntingdon Journal"

Barree Township, Sept. 21, 1843.

Mr. CREMER:—

I have to ask the favor of you to put a note in your paper informing the citizens of Huntingdon County, that I decline standing as a candidate for County Commissioner at the ensuing election, for the following reasons: 1st my domestic affairs are so that I could not well attend to the business of said office, and since I have been twice elected to said office, which is more than I ever merited; I am a friend to rotation in office; I think the choice should follow other person better qualified to fill the office than I am.

The honorable meeting will please accept my thanks for the honor tendered to me in the above nomination.

Permit me fellow citizens, to remain your humble servant,
JOHN STEWART.

The Canton (Ohio) Repository of the 21st inst. notices the robberies recently committed in this place, and adds:—"We have little doubt that the robberies committed at Hollidaysburg and Huntingdon, were done by the same who committed similar burglaries here a few weeks since. Two men calling their names Orr, came here; said they were from New Orleans and wished to purchase flour. They acted mysteriously; went to Akron and Cleveland; came back; and a few days after the robberies here, went east in the stage. One was 28 or 30 years of age; middle size; dark complexion; and wore a frock coat and hat. The other was 20 or 21 years old; short, thick set; of sandy complexion; and wore a frock coat and cap.

General George M'ulloch.

This gentleman has received the Democratic nomination for Congress in the district composed of the counties of Huntingdon, Centre, Mifflin and Juniata. This is an excellent selection. General M'ulloch has served both in the House of Representatives and Senate of the State Legislature, and also one term in Congress. Between M'ulloch, GUSTINE, SMYTHE and WILSON, it was difficult to choose. They will all however support heartily the nomination, and in due season each will receive his reward. The General will be elected by a large majority over IRVIN."—Argus.

We copy the foregoing article from the Harrisburg Argus, the Tyler and Porter finger post, at the seat of Government.—It may be taken as a pretty clear indication of the preference manifested by the state administration in favor of Gen. M'ulloch's nomination for Congress.—And the more so, from the fact that the name of Mr. Gemmill, who actually did receive the nomination, but which vote (on motion of one of the Kickpoos) was reconsidered, and Mr. Gemmill basely cheated out of the nomination. But as the General is again up for public favor, a short history of his legislative career may not be uninteresting to the democracy of Juniata county. When first elected he avowed himself the bitter and implacable opponent of Gov. Porter but it was not long before he fell in the meshes of one of the present Canal Commissioners who is much more celebrated for his rotundity than for his profundity. To this association may be attributed all his legislative tergiversations. In the election of Speaker of the House, Gen. M'ulloch cast his vote for JACOB FOREMAN, antimasonic and whig candidate, against H. B. WRIGHT, the democratic nominee.—[Wide legislative proceedings published in the Keystone, Wednesday Jan 4.] Upon the State Printer question, his name will be found recorded among those who voted against the democratic caucus candidate. It will also be discovered by a reference to the legislative proceedings of the late session, that his whole political course was exceedingly serpentine, so much so that the whigs thought him a "good enough whig." It will be singular indeed, if after all these deviations, the General can expect to receive the suffrages of Democrats, when he himself is the first to prove recalcitrant to the principles that elevated him to office and distinction.—Mifflintown Spirit of the Times.

\$30,000,000!

At least \$30,000,000 of the State Debt of Pennsylvania, says the Harrisburg Intelligencer, was created whilst JAMES CLARK was Canal Commissioner under Governors Wolf and Porter! It is chiefly on his recommendations and false estimates that many of the useless branches were commenced and prosecuted, upon which MILLIONS of DOLLARS were expended with no other object than to reward the partizan services of the horde of public plunderers who swarmed upon these improvements. The hard working Farmers, Mechanics and laborers of the State are now ground to the dust by heavy taxation, brought upon them by this system of extravagance and corruption, for which they are indebted in a great degree to Jas. Clarke. If the tax-payers wish these abuses continued let them vote for Clark and his Locofoco colleagues. If they wish to reform these abuses, and introduce a new order of things upon the public works, let them vote for TWEED, WEAVER and GUILFORD.

To the Young Men of Pennsylvania.

JAMES CLARK of Indiana was a member of the late Convention to alter the Constitution of Pennsylvania, and voted in that body that no man should be eligible to a seat in the Legislature of the State until he was TWENTY-EIGHT YEARS OF AGE.

This is quite in accordance with the haughty, overbearing, aristocratic feelings of the man. He is now a Locofoco candidate for Canal Commissioner. Can the YOUNG MEN of Pennsylvania vote for him? Certainly he does not deserve their votes.

Watson and Collyer, the two men who were arrested a few days ago in New York, on suspicion of being concerned in the robbery and murder on board the schr. Sarah Lavina, have been discharged, as no circumstances appeared to warrant their detention.

There are four Roman Catholic Churches in progress of erection or completion in Illinois at the present time. One at Chicago, one in Alton, one in Edwardsville, and one in Shawneetown.

CLARK & FOSTER.

In 1839, the Legislature instituted an investigation into the conduct of the Canal Commissioners. JAMES CLARK was then President of the Canal Board, and Wm. B. FOSTER was the Principal Engineer on the North Branch Division. So flagrant were the abuses on the public works, and so shamefully were the Whig Contractors on the North Branch oppressed by the Engineer, that the Legislature were forced to listen to their appeals for relief, and the conduct of their officers were exposed and exhibited the most glaring evidences of tyranny and oppression on record. It was clearly established by evidence before the committee, that it was the determination of Clark, Foster and their minions, to drive the Whigs off the line, by under-estimating their work, and thus actually robbing them of their just dues for work faithfully performed.—This gross injustice was dictated by Clark and performed by Foster.

MILLER HORTON, a contractor testified that he had been estimated at least \$3,000 too low, and every disposition was manifested to oppress him.

S. A. BOWMAN testified, that he was estimated \$2,100 less than the money he actually expended on his contract, and \$3,000 less than the amount due him by a fair measurement of his work.

JAS. HOLLIDAY was estimated by the Engineer in March to have done work to the amount of \$3,935. After Foster came into office his work was estimated at \$3,073!

ALBERT NEWELL had done work, according to an estimate of the Engineers in November, of 19,986 yards common excavation and 21,729 yards embankment. His work was re-estimated in May by Foster at 16,884 yards excavation and 17,731 yards embankment. Thus reducing his embankment 3,998 yards and his excavation 3,142! or in other words robbing him of so much of his labor.

FRANCIS SEMPLE testified that his work was estimated in November at \$9,341, and that he did 573 days work more from that till April, when his work was estimated by Foster at \$7,770! Mr. Semple then requested the items of his several estimates and was informed by Foster that the book which contained the items was lost. Subsequently Mr. Semple saw the book containing the items in the Engineers office, and on attempting to take it from the table on which it lay, Foster refused to permit him to take it, and denied him a copy of the items. Foster in this instance was not alone guilty of injustice and oppression, but actually stooped so low as to lie even falsehood!

Other instances of a similar character are mentioned in the report of the Investigating committee, but the above are sufficient to show the system of rascality which was practiced upon by CLARK and FOSTER when they had the management of the Public Works, and which proves them to be wholly unworthy of the confidence of the people.

[Penn. Intelligencer.]

Look on this Picture:

Statement of the expenses of the United States from the 4th March 1841, to the 3d of March 1843, inclusive:

Heads of Expenditures.	From March 4, 1841, to Mar. 3, 1842.	From March 4, 1842, to Mar. 3, 1843.
Civil, miscellaneous and foreign intercourse	\$6,215,946 49	\$6,865,451 68
Military	14,903,898 41	8,248,917 83
Naval	6,246,502 83	7,963,677 66
	\$26,366,347 73	\$23,078,047 17

The above is exclusive of payments on account of trust funds, the public debt, and Treasury notes.

T. E. SMITH, Register.
Treasury Dep. Register's Office, July 19, 1843. [Malsonian.]

Now Look on this:

Expenses exclusive of public debt, &c.	1837,	\$37,164,037 15
"	1838,	39,455,838 85
"	1839,	37,614,936 15
"	1840,	29,226,533 81
Total, 4 years,		\$142,561,945 46.
Average Locofoco expenditures,		\$35,640,486 38 a year.
do. Whig do.		24,722,182 45 "

Annual saving by the Whigs \$10,918,263 93!!

"WHAT HAVE THE WHO CONGRESS DONE?"

Why, it is shown by the above figures, which cannot lie, that they have SAVED to the Government in two years in which they have been in the majority,

\$21,836,587 86!

They have, too, passed a TARIFF ACT, which is yielding an ample revenue to the Government, and which is steadily reviving the business of the country, and making glad the hearts of thousands who were almost hopelessly prostrated by the miserable and destructive policy of the Locofoco administration of Martin Van Buren.—Pa. Intell.

Umbrella, Parasol & Sun-shade MANUFACTORY,

No 4 South Fourth street, below Market, Philadelphia.

JOSIAH W. CLARKE, (Successor to R. Richie.)

Respectfully announces to the ladies and gentlemen of Huntingdon county, that he has constantly on hand, wholesale and retail, a large and splendid assortment of Sun-shades, Parasols and Umbrellas of the very best materials that can be obtained in this market, and being manufactured under his immediate superintendence, the quality and workmanship will be warranted equal, if not superior, to any in the city, at the lowest cash prices.

Merchants are invited to call and examine the stock.
Phil^a September 27, 1843. 3m.

TO PURCHASERS.

BEING desirous to have my real estate sold at a fair price for the times and of paying my debts as far, and as soon as possible, I take this early opportunity to announce the sale of the following described property by the Sheriff at the November Court, now next ensuing, and most respectfully invite persons to call and examine the same.

ONE HALF LOT, adjoining Jacob Lex on the west, with a frame building, with brick front, 30 by 34 feet, three and a half stories high, plastered from top to bottom, containing

12 Rooms and two Cellars, calculated for two families—splendidly finished with cornish and dormant windows in front; with double stable, 18 by 39 feet, and other back buildings, and protected by a wharf 6 1/2 feet high.

Two thirds of a Lot, adjoining the above, protected by a stone wharf 8 1/2 feet high, with a

Brick Building 40 feet front by 20 feet back, with a back building

18 by 20 feet, three and a half stories high, containing 10 rooms with a stove hall and Pianos, and all plastered, and a cellar under the whole building—cornish and dormant windows in front—three rooms and the hall splendidly papered, and four Russian Sheet Iron Grates, permanently fixed in the fire-places—porch to the back-building—also a back building on the lot.

One third of a Lot, adjoining the above, protected by a wharf 8 1/2 feet high, with a

Brick building 20 feet front by 50 ft back (being the store-room, and it is said to be the most splendid in the county,)—three and a half stories high; the third story being in one room, second story in three rooms, first story being the

STORE ROOM, and all plastered—the store being furnished in the best style, having the common shelving; with glass cases round the whole room, and 32 drawers, two heavy paneled counters, with heavy popular plank tops, each counter being 36 feet long—also sash doors between store and office. All the above buildings in one block.

Call and see, gentlemen, I will be happy to show you through.

JOHN BOUSLOUGH.
Sept. 27, 1843.—tc.

Auditor's Notice.

THE creditors of Joseph Maze, late of the borough of Huntingdon dec'd., will take notice that the undersigned auditors appointed to distribute among the creditors of said dec'd. the assets remaining in the hands of Wray Maze, his administrator, will meet for that purpose at the office of Thomas P. Campbell in the borough of Huntingdon on Thursday the 26th day of October next, when and where all persons interested are requested to present their claims, or be debarred from coming in for a share of the debts.

JACOB MILLER,
CHAS. A. NEWINGHAM,
CHAS. H. MILLER,
Sept. 27, 1843. Auditors.

Six Cents Reward.

Ran away from the subscriber residing in Warriornook Town, on Monday the 18th inst., an indentured apprentice, named

JOHN C. WEST.
SURPRIS All persons and hereby forbid curretrusting or harboring said boy, under the penalty of the law.

Sept. 27th 1843.
BENJ. F. PATTON.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, there will be exposed to public sale, on the premises, on

Wednesday the 4th of October next, at 1 o'clock P. M., All that certain tract or parcel of land situate in Shirley township, in the county of Huntingdon, adjoining lands of the heirs of Maj. John Shaver dec'd., Samuel Shaver, Andrew Pollock's heirs and others, containing

176 ACRES, more or less, about 140 acres of which are cleared, about twenty of which are meadow—thereon erected a large log dwelling house,

a log barn, and a spring house, and two Apple Orchards thereon, late the real estate of Col. William Postlethwait, dec'd.

TERMS OF SALE.—One half of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of the sale, and the residue in one year thereafter with interest, to be secured by the bond and mortgage of the purchaser.

By the Court
JOHN REED, Clerk.
Attendance will be given at the time and place of sale, by

JOHN POSTLETHWAIT,
THOMAS POSTLETHWAIT,
Executors.
Sept. 13th 1843.

Potts, Lim & Harris,

Wholesale Druggists and Apothecaries,
No 215 1/2 MARKET ST. PHIL^a.

N. B. The Harris in the above firm, is Dr. John Harris, known in Huntingdon and Centre counties. Having been long engaged in the Drug business in the country, he trusts he will be the better prepared to meet the wants of country druggists, storekeepers and Physicians.

September 27, 1843.—pd.

STRAY COW.

Taken up, on the 1st of August last, and is at the residence of the subscriber, in Walker township, near the borough of Huntingdon, a white and red speckled Cow, about six years old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away—otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

JACOB BRENNAMAN.
Sept. 13, 1843.

A. K. CORNYN, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

HUNTINGDON, PA.
Office in Main Street, two doors East of Mrs. McConnell's Temperance House.

BLANK BONDS—Judgment and command—for sale at this office.

Notice!

All persons are hereby notified that I, the subscriber, purchased at Sheriff's Sale, on the 15th day of September inst., as on the property of Christian Oyer, in Barree township, Huntingdon county, the following property, which I have left in the possession of the said Oyer, it not being convenient to remove the same, to wit: 1 Napper horse; 1 do. mare, 11 years old; 1 do. do., 7 years old; 1 grey yearling colt; 3 cows; 3 two year old heifers; 3 spring calves; 4 calves; 8 hogs; 1 sleigh, harness and robe; 1 buggy wagon; 2 sets of wagon gears; 1 two horse wagon; 1 wind mill; 1 vertical wood saw; 2 two fifths of the hay, oats, corn and buckwheat; 1 man saddle; all the property in the old house; 1 side-board; 1 gilt frame looking glass; 1 rug; all the old and new carpeting in the house; 1 rocking chair; a lot of cord wood in the woods; 14 dozen chairs; 1 pair of brass andirons, shovels and tongs; 1 settee and furniture; 1 bureau and book-case on top; 1 small stove and pipe; 1 corner cupboard; 2 guns; 1 eight day clock and case; 3 chaff beds and bedding; all the window curtains in the house; a lot of old articles in the garret; 1 maple secretary and book-case; 1 mahogany framed looking glass; 1 metal clock; 4 tables; a lot of brick in the kiln; 1 cherry bureau; 1 small walnut bureau and all the other personal property of said Oyer. All persons are therefore hereby cautioned and forewarned against intermeddling with the above mentioned property, as the same belongs to me, and I will proceed according to law against any person intermeddling with the same or any part thereof.

BENJ. E. M'CURTIE.
Huntingdon, Sept. 20, 1843.—3t

Stray Heifer.

CAME to the farm of the subscriber, near Alexander, four or five weeks ago, a two year old Heifer, nearly black, with a white face. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away—otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

JOHN GEMMILL.
Sept. 20, 1843.—5t