



THE HUNTINGDON JOURNAL.
"One country, one constitution, one destiny."
Huntingdon,
Wednesday morning, July 12, 1843.

Advertisement.
Advertisements must be handed in on Tuesday morning before 9 o'clock to insure their insertion in next morning's paper.

COUNTY CONVENTION,
AND
Democratic Harrison Meeting.

The citizens of the several townships and boroughs of this county, are requested to meet at their usual places of meeting,
On Saturday the 12th day of August next,
to elect two Delegates from each of said townships and boroughs, to represent them in the County Convention, which will meet in the Borough of Huntingdon, on

Wednesday, the 16th of August,
at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, to nominate a County Ticket, to be supported by the opponents of the present State Administration, at the coming general election, and also to appoint Congressional Delegates, and to appoint delegates to the State Convention which will assemble at Harrisburg, on the 6th day of September next, to nominate candidates for a Board of Canal Commissioners to be supported by the Democratic Whig and Antislavery voters of this Commonwealth at the ensuing general election, and to transact such other business as may be deemed necessary for the promotion of the cause of the people.

By Order of the County Committee,
THOMAS FISHER, Chairman.
July 12, 1843.

Menagerie.

By a reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that an extensive Menagerie will be in this place, for exhibition, on Saturday the 20th inst. It consists of the largest collection of wild animals in the country. See the advertisement in this paper, and for further particulars see the bills at the hotels.

We learn from the Union & Sentinel that "Dr. C. W. ARLETON," of bigamy notoriety, has been arrested at Lancaster, Pa., and placed in the Jail at that place, as a "fugitive from Justice from Bordentown, New Jersey."

Singular Phenomena.

The Urbana (Ohio) Citizen & Gazette of the 4th inst., says:—About six o'clock on the evening of the 19th ult., a rumbling noise and jarring of the earth, similar to that produced by the shock of an earthquake, was very sensibly heard and felt in various parts of this county.

On Wednesday night last, between 8 and 9 o'clock, an unusually large and very brilliant Meteor fell a little east of the zenith, and disappeared behind a cloud in the north east. The light produced by it was equal in brilliancy to that of the sun.—Those who saw the Meteor say it was nearly as large as a man's head. A few moments after it disappeared a rumbling noise was heard, which lasted two or three seconds, supposed to have been caused by its explosion.

Dr. Shade's Pills.

Upon trial we found these pills effectual in removing Cough, Cold, and Pain in the Head. We recommend them to others who may be afflicted in a similar way. This medicine is said to be a remedy for various other diseases. See advertisement in another column.

Most Curious.

It would appear from the annexed paragraph, that some newspaper, possibly the New Orleans Picayune, had a pigeon express from Bunker Hill, with Webster's Oration:

"A carrier pigeon alighted at the house of the Hon. Wm. M. Burrell, in Canaan, Connecticut, on Saturday afternoon, 17th inst., giving signs of hunger and fatigue. Judge B. brought out some wheat to his winged visitor, which it very greedily ate from his hand. While the pigeon was eating, its legs were noticed to be wrapped with paper, and on removing the bandages, they were found to contain Mr. Webster's oration, delivered at the Bunker Hill celebration, written on two sheets of tissue paper. The Judge had the pleasure of reading the speech while the bird was satisfying its hunger and regaining its strength, and then replacing the tissue bands of the faithful sily messenger, it took a rapid flight to the west."

Estate of Gen. Ayres of Butler.

The peculiar situation in which the valuable estate of Gen. Ayres, deceased, of Butler county, was placed, we noticed some time since. His son it will be remembered, was legitimated by the last Legislature, but it was a doubtful point whether it was in time for him to inherit his father's estate. The matter however, has since been amicably adjusted, as we learn from the Pittsburg American, which says: "A final and conclusive settlement in regard to the disposition of this estate, took place on Saturday last, at Butler, all the heirs being present. Mr. John Ayres, who was legitimated by the act of Assembly, and would by that act have inherited the whole estate, accepts of \$30,000. The remainder of the estate is divided among the collateral heirs, nine in number. The clear value of the estate will be about \$100,000."
A pretty fair compromise we think.

A violent storm swept over Rochester, on Saturday the 24th ult., and broke the imposing Mill-erite tent all to pieces. Five hundred persons were present, and about seventy ladies, without bonnets children, mud and wind were mixed up in most fearful confusion.

Removal of the U. S. Marshal.

The U. S. Gazette of Saturday last contains the following:

"One more removal has occurred, to mark the downward progress of the miserable administration of the National Government. One more public officer, who has faithfully discharged all of his duties, is made to feel Executive vengeance. And the President, who entered upon the duties of his high station, with the voluntary assertion that no man should be removed from office who did his duty in that office, and abstained from open participation in party politics, has violated that pledge voluntarily given, and entitled himself anew to the censures of a people who feel that much of their public liberties depend upon the integrity of their public servants."

Yesterday morning, Isaac Otis, Esq., the faithful and effective Marshal of the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, was informed that a commission for his successor had been transmitted to the proper person, and that he must prepare to give up the papers of his office, and resign his position.

The community, if not already stunned with the repetition of such painful acts, may well ask "why what evil hath he done?"

Has Mr. Otis been negligent in his office? No one will pretend to make such an assertion. Has the Government suffered from his want of abilities to transact the duties of his station? No one suspects it. Has Mr. Otis been an active partizan against the President and his party? It is not even thought of. Why, then, is Mr. Otis dismissed from the office of Marshal? Let the corruption manifest in the removals and appointments on all sides answer the question. Is this a part of the purchase of Pennsylvania? Bah—Pennsylvania is not to be bargained for at that rate. And the Senate of the United States, next winter, and the people of this State, in the autumn of 1844, will show that such higgling will not answer.

Since writing the above, we learn that General Keim, of Berks county, late the representative in Congress for that district, is to be the successor of Mr. Otis. We say nothing of the man—but party politics have wrought the movement. Then we will ask whether Gen. Keim was not of that party which, in 1840, so violently and, so far as concerns Berks county, so effectually opposed "Tippecanoe and Tyler too." Is this office the reward of his labors in attempting to defeat the election of Mr. Tyler, or has there some change taken place? Has Mr. Tyler changed since 1840, or has General Keim purchased office, by renouncing avowed opinions? We leave that to the parties, as it is of little consequence to the argument who follows Mr. Otis. It is the dismissal of the latter that must command public attention, and public censure.

Mr. Otis, we repeat, is an honest man, and a faithful, capable officer, courteous and punctual in the discharge of his duties, and possessing the respect, confidence, and good wishes of his fellow citizens; and all these things, while they pleaded for his continuance in office, "cry aloud against the deep damnation of his taking off."

"A Happy Meeting."

A man is said to have returned to Louisville a few weeks since, after an absence of twenty years. His wife, supposing him to be dead, had married a second and a third time, and became a widow.—He had been captured off Cuba, and for many years was a prisoner in Spain. He contrived to escape, and joined the army of Bolivar, and participated in a number of battles. His name is Smith, and what is somewhat remarkable, both his successors in his wife's affections had been of the same name. He found his old wife not quite so young as when he left her, but her heart continued to be in the right place, and they are now once more man and wife.

Bunker Hill—a British Consul's Letter.

Previous to the late celebration at Bunker Hill, the Committee of Arrangement of the Monument Association, addressed a circular letter to all the Foreign Consuls in Boston, inviting them to join in the festival. Whether by accident or design, the British Consul, oddly enough, was made the recipient of one of these circular invitations. Most men "under the circumstances," would not have replied, or else answered but surlily. But Mr. Grattan, the English Consul, gets out of the rather awkward position he was placed, in the following style. His letter is decidedly a neat thing.

BRITISH CONSULATE, Boston, June 14, 1843.

DEAR SIR—I beg to thank you for your obliging letter, and through you, the Committee of the Bunker Hill Association, for their invitation to join in the celebration on the 17th inst.

Under the peculiar circumstances of the occasion, I feel very sensibly the liberality of the invitation. It would have given me great pleasure, on personal accounts, to be with my colleagues of the Consular corps, in the place assigned to us in the ceremonies. But, on consideration, I think it better, for several reasons, that I respectfully decline the honor tendered to me by the Committee, and I have no doubt the gentlemen composing it, will understand my motives, without requiring of me the somewhat difficult, and always doubtful task of "defining my position."

Trusting to your kindness to make known my sentiments to the other members,
I am dear sir, with much truth
Your obliged and obedient servant,
T. C. GRATTAN.
G. WASHINGTON WARREN, Esq.

We learn from the Philadelphia Inquirer that the Jury appointed to assess the Damages done by the burning of Pennsylvania Hall in 1838, have fixed the amount at \$22,658 27. Although this sum is far below the actual damages sustained, yet it is a pretty good sum for the city to pay for the "amusement" of the Mob!

From Europe.

The Great Western arrived at New York on Saturday morning, the 1st inst. So far as Ireland is concerned, the news by this arrival is important; British troops were pouring into that unfortunate country almost daily, and its affairs the subject of Cabinet deliberations. In the meantime O'Connell is busy among the Repealers. According to the London Times, the capture of the Sandwich Islands is disowned by the British Government, and they will be restored to the rightful Sovereign.

UNION CELEBRATION AT Warriorsmark.

Tuesday, July 4th 1843, a large number of citizens and soldiers assembled in the town of Warriorsmark, to celebrate the 66th Anniversary of American Independence.

The Volunteers having paraded through the streets were marched at 11 o'clock to a grove adjacent, and the music and standard returned under command of Capt. Hemphill, and escorted the orator of the day, the reader of the Declaration of Independence, and a large number of Ladies and Gentlemen under command of Maj. A. Stephens, Chief Marshal, and his assistants, Maj. S. Mothersbaugh and P. Hamilton, to the grove, when all were seated the Committee announced the following officers:

JACOB VAN TRIPS, Esq. President.
Dr. DAVID DILLER,
JOHN H. STONEBRAKER, Esq. }
HENRY FULTON, } Vice Pres.
HUGH M. SHARP.

Benjamin F. Patton, Secretary, and Reader of Toasts. After the officers took their seats, the order of the day was read by the Secretary, when Charles Bryon, Esq. commenced, and in a correct and distinct manner read the Declaration of Independence, which being cheered, Thomas P. Campbell, Esq. of Huntingdon, very pleasingly entertained the assembly with an Oration which was eloquent, patriotic, and very appropriate; and after he had concluded was heartily cheered with shouts of joy and music.

After which the whole assembly being formed in procession by the marshals in the following order: 1st Standard, 2d Band, 3d Orator and Reader, 4th Officers of the day, 5th Ladies, 6th Volunteers, 7th Gentlemen, was marched to the House of James Chamberlain and partook of a Dinner prepared for the occasion, which needs no praise, but suffice it to say, better could not have been got. The cloth being removed the following regular and Volunteer Toasts were read, drank with cold water, and heartily cheered.

REGULAR TOASTS.

1st. The day we celebrate, consecrated by the blood of our Fathers—long may we live to celebrate it as the birth day of our freedom. Three cheers, Hail Columbia.
2nd. Those Jefferson. The author of the Declaration of Independence—millions yet unborn will reverence his name. Three cheers and music.
3rd. The signers of the Declaration of Independence and Constitution of the U. S. The hand that penned them as well as the head and heart that dictated, was directed by the hand of God. May we ever hail with joy the Anniversary of the former and strictly conform our Political and other institutions to the latter. Six cheers and music.

4th. George Washington. The Statesman, Soldier, Philanthropist and Christian, who justly merits the title of the father of his country. Three cheers and Yankee Doodle.

5th. The Heroes of '76, whose blood was spilt for our liberties. May our government provide well for the declining years of those that yet survive.—Three cheers, Washington's March.

6th. R. M. Johnston. The unwavering supporter of equal rights, equal liberty, and National honor. Nine cheers, Old Kentuck.

7th. John Tyler. President of the U. S.—3 cheers—President's March.

8th. D. R. Porter, Governor of Pennsylvania—3 cheers—Rosa the bow.

9th. The Army and Navy of the U. S. Whilst bribery and corruption is kept out of their borders, our country is safe from any and every foe. Three cheers—Old Lang Sine.

10th. Education. The forerunner of all good. May our free institutions of learning and literature raise with buoyant strides far above all opposition.—Six cheers—Black Beard.

11th. Reform. May it be the watch word of all Political parties, and may it not only be talked of before elections, but may the Pruning hook be applied to every branch of our government. Six cheers—Bonnets O'Blue.

12th. Our Volunteers. They on whom our country depends for defence in time of War. May their laudable and praiseworthy efforts to revise the Military System be encouraged and may we soon see it perfect in every part, and though we now defy all foreign powers we then will speak only to be feared and obeyed. Six cheers—Star Spangled Banner.

13th. The Ladies who have assembled with us this day may the laws of our country ever strictly protect their virtue and honors. Ten cheers—Lady Washington.

VOLUNTEER TOASTS.

By Thos. P. Campbell, Esq. The Volunteers of the U. States—the great arm of defence of the nation—incorruptible—tried soldiers—the standing army of our brothers and friends. Let the government foster them by her laws and the people by honor and love.

By John H. Stonebraker, Esq. Thos. P. Campbell, Esq. May the Oration that he delivered this day be long cherished in the hearts of every American that heard it.

By B. F. Patton. Democracy unadulterated—May its principles be deeply rooted in the hearts of the people of all nations. That principle that gives equal and exact justice to all—exclusive privileges to none.

By A. Stephens. National and State faith—may that tongue be stricken dumb that moves its violation.

By S. Mothersbaugh—Republican Democracy the brightest star in the union, and greatest comet of the nation—may it never become dim.

By Parren Hamilton. Virtue and Intelligence—the foundation of all Republican Governments; when they are maintained and encouraged our government is secure.

By Capt. Wm. J. Hemphill. The day we celebrate, the 67th year of American Independence—may we properly appreciate the glorious liberty our forefathers of the revolution obtained for us.

By Lieut. G. Shank. Fellow soldiers of the day—may long the memory of Washington and Clay in the hearts of the people stay.

By George Orady. The Orator of the day. A gentleman who truly merits the praise of the citizens of Warriorsmark—may the day not be far distant when they will be able to bestow on him their heart's desires.

By a Guest. T. P. Campbell, Esq. the Orator of the day. May the eloquence and talent exhibited by him this day gain him friends enough to award him with a seat in the councils of our nation.

After which Mr. Campbell arose and returned his thanks to the company in a short but appropriate speech for the compliments paid him for his feeble effort (as he call'd it, but we beg leave to differ as it is considered, and truly too, to be the master piece of all the many Orations ever delivered in the place) amongst us—for which he was heartily cheered.

By a Volunteer. The Orator of the day—may he live to a good old age and may his life be as calm as a summer morning.

By Wm. J. Hemphill. The Reader of the Declaration richly deserves the thanks of this audience for the able manner in which he discharged his duty on the present occasion.

By Capt. Hemphill. The reader of the Toasts is deserving of the thanks of both citizens and soldiers for the interest he manifested in bringing about the present celebration.

By N. W. Green. John Tyler—a President by accident, a fool by nature and a Traitor by actions. When he dies no tears will follow from the nation he has wronged.

By S. W. Stonebraker. Our Revolutionary Fathers. Giants in courage, patriotism and virtue. May their children never disgrace them by being dwarfs in any of these virtues.

By Peter Pool. The distillers of ardent spirits. May God permit them all to live to get into better business—amen.

By Wm. Davis. Geo. Washington—most truly great and glorious of men, while such an humble mound alone contains thy ashes thy monument is based on a hemisphere and thy fame will cenotaph thy memory in ages yet unborn.

By L. R. Wilhelm. May the single get married and the married be happy.

By C. Hoops. Success to those who bear in mind our great Independence, and may he who will not bear it in mind have briars in his fingers and corns on his toes.

By a Johnstames. Col. R. M. Johnston—the Hero of the Thames. May he battle as successfully with the Tylerites for the Presidency as he did Tecumseh at the battle of the Thames.

By S. T. Fulton. The glorious 4th of 1843, the 66th Anniversary of the day which declared us a nation of freemen. Let it be hailed with peans of gratitude, patriotism, and rejoicing through the land made free by the blood and treasure of those who fought the battles of the American Revolution.

By Hoops. May glory and honor crown the head of our worthy speaker.

By Daniel Bear. The fair sex of Warriorsmark are entitled to the esteem of every Gentleman for their endeavors to celebrate the birth day of our freedom in an appropriate manner.

By Robert Suckets. May those who have not time to mingle with us in celebrating our Independence be witness with the success of their labor.

By A. H. Bowman. The stars and stripes—may they continue to wave over the land of the free and the home of the brave while grass grows and water runs.

By Wm. Fulton. The Farmers and Mechanics—the bone and sinew of our country—may the day soon usher in when they shall control her political destinies.

By B. F. Patton. R. M. Johnston—the Hero, Statesman and Warrior whose frame is scarred with fighting the battles of his country. May a generous office justly reward him by electing him to the office of President in 1844.

By N. W. Green. Protect your Mechanics—none but a foreigner would dare advocate the reduction of the wages of American freemen to that of European slaves.

By S. Mothersbaugh. Officers of corruption.—May they be hunted by Americans as the hunter hunts the wild beast of the forest until they become as extinct as they were sixty seven years ago.

By Wm. Davis. To those who remained at home to day to save their pennies. May their wives get them a Dinner as big as their souls.

By Wm. Gable. May we continue to cherish the memory of our Revolutionary sires.

By F. Roth. Free trade and Queen Victoria is the motto of the Anti-tariff party—it won't suit the soil of freemen.

By J. A. Stonebraker. The Declaration of Independence, a sovereign remedy for King's evil.

By Jos. Hazlet. Agriculture, Commerce and Manufactures. May protection prop up the pillars of our National Independence.

By John Pank. The Originators of Temperance—may they never cease in the glorious cause they have espoused until the whole union is redeemed, regenerated and disenthralled.

By C. Hoops. May he who loves the Ladies enough to give one her Dinner be blessed with three hearty cheers.

By a Maid. Short shoes, long corns, and old Bachelors are always despised by the Ladies.

By a Widower. May the fair sex of Warriorsmark ever retain their beauty till they get married.

By a Guest. Our Host and Hostess.

By the Company. Our Host and Hostess—May heaven bless them for the sumptuous repast prepared for us this day.

On motion resolved that the Committee of arrangements request Thos. P. Campbell, Esq., to deliver us a copy of the Oration delivered to us this day for Publication, and that these proceeding, together with the Oration, be published in all the papers in the county that will do so.

WARRIORSMARK, July 6th 1843.
Thomas P. Campbell, Esq.

Sir, in compliance with a resolution passed by the assemblage you addressed at this place on the 4th July, we hereby respectfully solicit a copy of the Oration delivered by you for Publication.

Respectfully your ob't. servants,
A Stephens S. Mothersbaugh
Wm. J. Hemphill L. Hoops
G. Orady L. R. Wilhelm
B. F. Patton
Committee.

HUNTINGDON, July 6, 1843.

Gentlemen: Your note of the 6th inst., requesting a copy of the Oration I delivered at your celebration on the 4th for publication is before me. If the columns of the Journal, the only newspaper published in this place, were not necessarily occupied with more interesting matter, as they are, it would still be impossible for me to furnish the Oration which I delivered. Imperfect, as I am conscious it was, I could not now remember more than the leading heads from which I spoke. You will therefore excuse me in declining a copy according to your polite and kind request; and whilst I am thankful to you for every thing connected with the occasion, believe me to be

Sincerely Yours,
THOMAS P. CAMPBELL.

Messrs. Stephens, Hemphill, Orady, Mothersbaugh, Hoops, Wilhelm and Patton.

Death of the Hon. John Edwards.

The Village Record of the 4th inst says:—We regret to be obliged to add to the list of members of Congress who have died within the last few years, the name of the esteemed representative from this district, Hon. JOHN EDWARDS. He died on the evening of the 26th ult. at his residence in Thornbury, Delaware county. His disease was the jaundice, contracted at Washington, and under which he has been prostrated ever since the close of the last session of Congress. Mr. E. was about 64 years of age. By profession he was a lawyer, but for a number of years he was engaged in the manufacture of iron. With courteous manners, he combined strong good sense, and high and honorable feelings, which had won for him the esteem of the public, and a large circle of private friends. He represented this district for four years in the Congress of the U. S. and was for several years a representative in the State Legislature, from Delaware county and the city of Philadelphia. He was no less conspicuous in those virtues which adorn the family circle; and his last and fatal illness was borne with resignation and christian fortitude. We sincerely condole with his afflicted family in their irreparable loss.

A great Cass Meeting was held at Detroit on the 27th ult.

From the Dutler Herald—Extra.
A Mother and her Five Children Murdered!!

SATURDAY, July 1, 1843.

A most shocking and brutal murder was committed in Slipperyrock township, this county, on this morning, by an Indian calling himself Samuel Mohawk. We have been enabled to gather the following particulars of the horrid tragedy. Mr. James Wigton had left his house early in the morning for the purpose of going to his father's to borrow from him a horse to plough corn, leaving his wife and five children at home. While he was absent, the Indian came there, and appears from his confession, murdered Mrs. Wigton and her five children by beating out their brains with stones. Mrs. Wigton and the youngest child were not quite dead, when first discovered. The Indian then proceeded to a Mr. Kennedy's house, and made an attack on him and his family—injuring a son of Mr. Kennedy very severely, perhaps dangerously, by hitting him on the head with a large stone. After being driven off by Mr. Kennedy, he next went to Mr. Kiester's, where he was captured, after a desperate resistance, in which a man named Blair was seriously injured. He was taken to Wigton's and confessed the murder, and said he was sorry for it.

An Inquest was held on the dead bodies, and the jury returned a verdict that the murdered persons came to their deaths by the hands of Samuel Mohawk.

Mrs. Wigton was about thirty-five years of age—the children, three girls and two boys were aged about eleven, nine, five, three, and one, years.

The Indian is now in jail, and will be tried at the September Sessions. We understand that he lives in Cattaraugus county, N. Y. This unfortunate wretch remained in this place for a day previous to the commission of the above horrid deed, and complained of being sick.

Estate of Benjamin Rudy,
Late of Barre township, Huntingdon county, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration upon the said estate have been granted to the undersigned. All persons having claims or demands against the same are requested to make them known, without delay, and all persons indebted to make immediate payment to

WILLIAM MAFFIT, Adm'r.
Barree township.
July 12, 1843.

Estate of Dr. Peter Swine,
Late of Shirley township Huntingdon county, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, that letters testamentary upon the said estate have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same are requested to present them duly authenticated for settlement to

**JOHN LUTZ, } Ex'r
GEORGE SWINE, } Shirley township.
July 12, 1843.**

Auditor's Notice.

THE undersigned Auditor appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Huntingdon county, to distribute the proceeds of the Sheriff's sale of the real estate of Jacob & John C. Kissel among those entitled thereto, will attend at the Prothonotary's office, in Huntingdon, for that purpose, on Tuesday the 8th day of August next, when and where all persons interested may attend if they think proper.

JAMES STEEL, Aud'r.
Huntingdon, July 12, 1843.

Notice.

ALL persons having accounts standing to nine months and upwards, with the subscriber, are respectfully, but earnestly requested to make immediate payment between this and the 10th day of September next, longer credit cannot be afforded.

GEO. A. STEEL.
July 12, 1843.—5t.

PUBLIC SALE OF Real Estate.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of the county of Huntingdon, made the 29th day of June, ult., there will be exposed to public sale, on SATURDAY, the 3rd day of AUGUST next, at the house of David Fraker, in Shirleyburg, at 10 o'clock, A. M. The undivided half part of a certain tract of land situate in Shirley township in said county, near the Angewick creek containing in all

110 ACRES,
more or less; about twenty of which is cleared, the principal part being well timbered, having thereon erected a log cabin house, still house, and a good spring house, adjoining land of William M'Nite on the east, land of Samuel Grove on the south, land of James Smith's heirs on the north, and land of Joseph Rhodes on the west, late the property of Ezekiel Ricketts, dec'd.

TERMS.—One third of the purchase money to be paid on the confirmation of the sale, one third one year thereafter, and the remainder two years after the confirmation of sale, with interest.

The title will be indisputable. Attendance will be given by

JNO CRESSWELL, Jr.
Adm'r. de bonis non &c. of H. z. Kiah Ricketts, dec'd.

N. B. The other undivided half of the above described tract of land, being the half or interest of David W. Ricketts therein, will be exposed to public sale at same time and place, and on same terms by the undersigned Assignees.

RANDAL ALEXANDER,
NATHAN RICKETS,
Assignees of David W. Ricketts.
July 12, 1843.—5t.

Auditor's Notice.

All persons interested will take notice that the undersigned having been appointed Auditor by the Court of Common Pleas of Huntingdon county, to apportion the balance on the account and to the hands of Daniel Africa, & George Taylor, Esqrs., assignees of J. & S. Horrell, to and among their preferred creditors agreeably to their deed of assignment, will attend for that purpose at the office of Bell & Orbin, in the borough of Huntingdon, on Friday the 4th day of August next, (1843.) at 2 o'clock, P. M.

JACOB MILLER, Auditor.
July 12, 1843.



THE PHILADELPHIA ZOOLOGICAL GARDEN,
UNITED WITH THE
NEW YORK INSTITUTE,
FOR THE YEAR 1843.

Under the direction of Mr. H. Hopkins & Co. WILL be exhibited at HUNTINGDON, on **Saturday the 29th July 1843.**