

inevitably be—if gentlemen will consider it all its bearings—that our credit will sink here and in Europe, and go down to where we know not, and where it will stop no one can tell. The Banks then having State Bonds as one of the means of redeeming their notes in specie must fail—it cannot be disputed, and another suspension with its ruinous consequences must be the result. If a small amount of bank stock cannot now be sold at par, can any conclude that a large amount thrust into market will tend to any thing but a still further depression of that stock? One of the common laws of trade is, the more of an article there is for sale, the less is the price; and so stocks rise and fall in proportion to the amount in market and the amount of money seeking investment. These two things then regulate the price of stock in the stock market. Let me ask then, is there at this time a great amount of capital seeking investment? If not, the sale of the bank stocks owned by the State will be influenced by the fact, and according to the quantity in market it will rise and fall. We cannot expect to sell at par before the first of February. The question occurs how is the present difficulty to be met, and how are we to provide means to meet our responsibilities. The amendment proposed will do it—the commonwealth can offer 6 per cent. the same price individuals pay, and we may certainly conclude if there is uninvested capital ready to be used for the purchase of bank stock yielding 6 per cent, our state bonds yielding the same interest will yield as safe an investment. No capitalist can doubt the ultimate ability of Pennsylvania to defray her debts, and when she offers 6 per cent. for money, she can get it as well as individuals.

It has been argued that these stocks should be sold at all events—that the "intimate connections" should be severed between bank and state—that a divorce should be demanded. This sort of doctrine has been spread before the country—it has sounded in our ears for years, and with what result? The seal of condemnation has been stamped by the people on them—they are tired of this cry against banking institutions—this dangerous experimenting, this hue and cry against corporations. These measures of the party in power have produced the present embarrassment—this crisis has been brought, not by the people but by their rulers; let us not then act contrary to the judgment of the people, nor their views.

Now, Mr. Speaker, I can show that there are reasons why the State Stock in the Bank of Pennsylvania should not be disposed of until the stock in the other two are sold—there are reasons for the discrimination. By the law incorporating the Bank of Pennsylvania in 1793, it was made the fiscal agent of the Commonwealth, and the 10th Section ordered that all money laying inactive should be deposited in their vaults. [Mr. M. here read copious extracts from a report of a committee in 1834 in the House, on the subject of the Banks of this Commonwealth.]

Thus situated, continued Mr. M. it would be madness and folly to sell these stocks—it would have a fatal tendency on the credit of the state—the impression would go abroad, if the state authorized the sale, that it was itself in a bad position—if it gave up its interest in the surplus fund of the Pennsylvania Bank, the unavoidable deduction would be, that its credit was in a ruinous condition. Before this House acts then, he begged them to pause; to reflect before they adopted such ruinous policy.

As to the limitation of the authority of the Governor, not to sell the stock below par, Mr. M. said his first idea had been, in the event of failing to obtain a 6 per cent. loan, to leave the Governor unrestricted, but let him sell the stock for what it would bring. He however had been informed by those more conversant with such things, that if the stock jobbers knew it was necessary to raise money at all hazards, they would refuse to take the state bonds at 6 per cent., in order to procure the good bank stocks at below par, and therefore he used the guarded proviso.

The resolution was finally adopted to sell \$800,000 at par if they could, if not, to borrow the money if they could.

On Saturday, the Senate passed the resolutions on the subject of Public Lands, and the House concurred in the Senate's Loan Bill.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

Bursuant to public notice the Delegates met in the Court House at Huntingdon, on Wednesday evening, January 13, 1841 and organized by electing JOHN MORRISON, of Shirley township, President, JAMES CALDWELL, of Henderson tp. and DAVID CALDWELL, of Frankstown, Vice Presidents, and Joseph Laws, of Morris tp. and David Blair, of Huntingdon, Secretaries.

On motion, the names of the townships and Boroughs were called over when the following named delegates appeared and took their seats,

Allegheny. Jacob Stiffler, Adam M'Kee. Antez. Graham M'Almot, John Lyon,

Burce. John Crum, John G. Watson. Cromwell. Hugh L. Cook, T. T. Cromwell. Dublin. John Rouse, John Blair. Franklin. Jonathan M'Williams, J. H. Stonebraker. Frankstown tp. John B. Riddle, Jos. Robinson. Frankstown B. Stephen Hammond, David Caldwell. Huntingdon. John Whittaker, J. David Blair. Henderson. James Caldwell, J. H. Brown. Hollidaysburg. John Brotherline, Samuel Calvia. Morris. John Keller, Joseph Laws. Porter. Semple Fleming, James Alexander. Shirley. John Morrison, John Shaver. Shirleyburg. John Lutz, Peter Meyers. Springfield. William Corbin, Benjamin Ramsey. Tyrone. James Morrow, Abraham Waight. Tod. A. B. Cruet. Union. William R. Hampson. West. John Hewit, James Davis. Walker. James Moore. Williamsburg. Joshua Roller, James M. Kinkead. Upper Woodberry. James Hamilton, Joseph Fought. Lower Woodberry. Samuel Dean, David Sparr. Warriorsmark. Jacob Vautries, Robert Campbell. Brimingham. Dr. S. S. Dewey, J. K. M'Caheh. Alcazar. Isreal Grafius, John Bisben. Petersburg. Thomas Johnston.

On motion, Resolved, That a majority of the whole number of the votes cast for delegates shall be requisite to elect.

On motion, The convention proceeded to ballot for two persons to represent Huntingdon county in a State convention which will meet in Harrisburg on the 10th of March, to nominate a candidate for Governor, and on counting the votes it appeared that John Morrison, of Shirley township, and Joseph Smith, of Frankstown township, had a majority, who were declared to be duly elected delegates.

On motion of Samuel Calvia, the nomination, by William county, of Isaac Fisher Esq., of Lewistown, for one of the Senatorial delegates of the 5th Senatorial district, was concurred in by this convention.

On motion, resolved, that the delegates have power to fill any vacancy that may occur in their number.

On motion, resolved, that in case neither of the delegates elected should attend, the members of the House of Representatives from this county shall take their places in the convention.

On motion of Jonathan M'Williams, resolved, that in order to ascertain the opinion of this convention for the information of our delegates, we will proceed to ballot on nominations for Governor, when on casting up the votes it appeared, on first ballot, that James Ted had 1 vote, Geo. Chambers 3, John Banks 11, John Blanchard 12, John Strohm 6, Walter Forward 1, Ner Middleswarth 3, Charles Naylor 5, and Charles Ogle 1, and on second ballot for the five highest in votes, John Blanchard had 18, votes, John Blanchard 12, Charles Naylor 5, John Strohm 4, and George Chambers 2.

On motion, resolved, that the proceedings of this convention be signed by the officers and published in the democratic papers of the county.

On motion the convention adjourned.

JOHN MORRISON, Pres't.
JAMES CALDWELL, }
DAVID CALDWELL, } V. Prst's.
Joseph Laws, }
David Blair, } Sectr's.

PRESERVATION OF HEALTH.—It has been remarked, and most truly, that the three ordinary secrets of Health are early rising, exercise, and personal cleanliness. Personal cleanliness all have in their power to observe, but to many early rising is inconvenient, and exercise impossible, in consequence of the nature of their worldly avocations. To those the use of Brandreth's Vegetable Universal Pills would prove of great value in the preservation of that invaluable blessing—health.

The peculiar action of these pills is most surprising; their operation being more or less powerful, according to the purity of the circulating fluid. On a person in a fair state of health, who is only costive or slightly bilious, they will be scarcely felt; on the contrary, if the complaint be chronic, and the constitution be much deranged, the effect generally at first is most powerful, until the system be freed from some of its most vitiated and turbid humors. This accomplished, doses sufficient to cause two or three copious evacuations, daily, will soon remove the disease, and the constitution will be restored to a state of health and renewed vigor.

Purchase them in HUNTINGDON of WM. STEWART, and only in the county, of agents published in another part of this paper. Remember every agent has a certificate of agency, dated within the last twelve months. If of an earlier date do not purchase.

Democratic Convention.

The friends of General Harrison in Pennsylvania are respectfully requested to elect Delegates to a State Convention to be held in the Court House of Harrisburg, at 10 o'clock A. M., on

Wednesday, the 10th day of March, 1841, for the purpose of selecting a candidate for Governor, to be supported by the democratic party of the State, at the approaching general election.

Each county and the city of Philadelphia will send delegates to the convention equal in number to their members in the State Legislature.

T. H. Burrows, Jos. Wallace,
J. P. Herrell, Jam'l. Alexander,
J. C. Montgomery, Bela Bager,
Francis Park, Jas. Gregory,
W. B. Clare, John H. Walker,
T. Elder, J. D. Culbertson,
James Steel.

The old Democratic day for nominating the candidate for Governor (4th of March) is departed from in the present instance, in order to afford all who desire it an opportunity to attend both the State Convention and the inauguration of President Harrison.

HYMENEAL REGISTR.

The silken tie that binds two willing hearts.

MARRIED—On Thursday Jan. 14th in this Borough, by Rev. John Peebles, Mr. Joseph Gilleland to Mary Ann Kennedy both of West township.

—On Monday the 11th ult. by the Rev T. Askin, Mr. Samuel W. Drips of Waysburg, to Miss Elizabeth M'Kendree of Shirley township.

OBITUARY RECORD.

"In the midst of life we are in death."

DIED—On Thursday evening December 31st, 1840, of an affection of the liver and Dispepsy, Mr. Linton Rogers, Superintendent of Machinery on the Allegheny and Portage Rail Road—aged 30 years.

Notice.

TAKE NOTICE that I have made a close of my business in manufacturing of Thrashing Machines in this place, and have left my notes and accounts in the hands of David Blair, Esq. for collection; and those who know themselves indebted will call and settle when due, as I have given him instructions to enforce collection without delay.

ARTHUR B. LONG.
The business will be carried on hereafter by Andrew D. Snodgrass.
Huntingdon, Jan. 20, 1841.—St. p.

ROCKDALE FOUNDRY.

THE subscribers would respectfully inform the citizens of Huntingdon and the adjoining counties, that they have repaired and newly fitted up the Rockdale Foundry, on Clover Creek, two miles from Williamsburg, where they are now prepared to execute all orders in their line, of the best materials and workmanship, and with promptness and despatch.

They will keep constantly on hand stocks of every description, such as
Cooking, Ten Plate, Parlor
Coal and Wood Stoves;
Ploughs, Anvils, Hammers, Hollow-ware, and every kind of castings necessary for forges, mills, or machinery of any description: wagon boxes of all descriptions, &c., which can be had on as good terms as they can be had at any other foundry in the county or state. Remember the Rockdale Foundry.

STEVENS & KENNEDY.
January 1, 1841.

DR. SPOHN'S

Sick Head Ache Remedy.

THE permanent cure of this distressing complaint, never fails. When persevered in, it effectually renovates the system, and does away the causes of the sick and nervous headache. Thousands have tried it, and found precisely the relief which the article promises to bestow. Certificates of the strongest kind, and from the most respectable persons, are in the possession of the proprietor, some of which have been published, testifying to the permanent cure, and others to the immediate relief given by this remedy. It affords relief to the afflicted in 15 or 20 minutes from the first dose. If taken when the symptoms of an attack are first felt, it prevents the further progress of the complaint, and can produce no danger at any time by an excessive dose; as in such a case it would only throw off the contents of the stomach, leaving it sweet and healthy with an excellent appetite. All afflicted with headache should not fail to procure the article, and relieve themselves from so distressing a complaint.

Physicians have in many instances given it to their patients, and in every instance, to our knowledge, with great satisfaction have found it a certain cure. Sick and Nervous Headaches is a complaint with which physicians do not wish to have any thing to do, and generally prescribe only for temporary relief; consequently, Dr. Spohn's Sick Headache Remedy escapes the opposition which some other proprietary articles meet from that source.

Try it once and you never will regret it. It is composed entirely of vegetables, and contains no mineral, or poisonous drug of any kind, and does not require any change of diet or exercise.

Sold wholesale and retail by Comstock & Co. Wholesale Druggist, 2 Fletcher-street N. Y., and by the principle Druggists in the Union.

For Sale at the Drug Store of Thomas Read, Huntingdon.
Jan. 20, 1841.—3m.

BLANKS FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

NOTICE.

THE business at the Juniata Rolling Mill, Huntingdon County Pa., after the 1st of January 1841, will be conducted by Samuel Hatfield, John Hatfield, and Samuel Hatfield jr., under the name of Samuel Hatfield & Sons; and they solicit the attention of the public to their superior article of

Boiler Sheet, Flue and Tank Iron.

CAR AXLES

AND
BAR IRON OF ALL SIZES
made out of the best Juniata Blooms which will be furnished on as accommodating terms as heretofore, and they at the same time thankful for past patronage

Samuel Hatfield,
John Hatfield,
Samuel Hatfield jr.
Juniata Rolling Mill, Huntingdon }
County, Pa. Jan. 1st 1841. }

A chance for persons wishing to enter into the IRON BUSINESS.

A Furnace & Forge for Rent.
The subscriber offers for rent his Iron Works and the Farms &c thereto attached, situate in Gremwell township, Huntingdon county, consisting of

"Chester Furnace" and
"AUGHWICK FORGE,"
with an excellent SAW MILL— and the necessary number of houses thereon for the accommodation of workmen &c. ALSO, several farms on one of which there is a

Grist Mill & Saw Mill,
ALSO the privilege of WOOD LEAVE on his unimproved lands and of ORE.

THE FURNACE

Is new; every thing in and about it, as well as the Forge in good order and repair; wood and ore are convenient. The ore banks are well opened and ore and coal can be easily and cheaply obtained. Few establishments possess more conveniences or greater advantages.

Any person desiring to rent the above premises will please apply directly per mail to the subscriber in Coatesville, Chester co; or through George Taylor, Attorney at Law Huntingdon.

GEO. W. PENNOCK.
Jan. 6, 1840.—tr.

UNION CANAL BOAT

For Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale an excellent decked Union Canal Boat. The Boat is in first rate order, and has only been in use two or three seasons. The boat is now lying in the Crooked dam, and any information relative to her can be had by applying at Canoe creek of

Cornelius Low,
Canoe Creek, Jan 12, 1841. St-p.

TO OUR CREDITORS.

TAKE NOTICE that we have applied to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, for the benefit of the laws of this Commonwealth made for the relief of insolvent debtors; and the said Court has the 4th Monday (25th day) of January, inst. for the hearing of us and our creditors, at the Court House in the borough of Bellefonte, when and where you may attend if you see proper.

GEORGE DECOURSEY,
JAMES COGAN,
JAMES LOGAN.
January 6, 1841.

For Rent.

THE subscriber offers for rent that well known Store stand situated in Laurelsville, Sinking Valley, Huntingdon county, lately occupied by McLaughery & Co. There is a good house well finished, with a large store room attached, and a back building for holding necessary articles belonging to a store. It is considered the best stand now vacant in the county. Any person wishing to rent, can call on the undersigned, living in the same place.

GEORGE SHARRA.
Dec. 23, 1840.

DISSOLUTION

OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE partnership heretofore existing between John Maguire and James Clarke, under the firm of John Maguire and Co., Sinking Valley, has been this day dissolved, by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the said firm, are requested to call and settle their accounts previous to the 10th of March next, at which time the books will be removed for collection.

JOHN MAGUIRE,
JAMES CLARKE.
January 1, 1841.

The subscriber having purchased the entire stock of the late firm of John Maguire & Co. will continue to do business at the old stand, and solicits a continuance of the favors of his friends and the public.

JOHN MAGUIRE.
Sinking Valley, Jan. 1, 1841.

Valuable Property For Sale.

THE Assignees of J. C. McFarland offer for sale that valuable property, known as the Franklin Foundry, situated in the 15th Ward of the city of Pittsburgh; the lot is 560 by 120 feet, bounded by three streets, with a large main floor building, stack and furnace, pattern shop, blacksmith shop and plough shops, with a complete suit of Patterns, latest style, flasks, tools, &c., all in good order, having been only a few years in use. Also, a lot of choice plough stuff, dressed in the rough, wood plough, & tes, &c. &c., all of which will be sold low; in order to close the concern.

For further particulars inquire of T. Milter, at the warehouse No. 199 Liberty street.

THOS. MILLER,
THOS. LIGGETT, Jr. } Assignees.
ALEX. WILSON,
Dec. 21, 1840.—Gaz.

Estate of Robt Allison Esq dec'd

NOTICE is hereby given that letters testamentary upon the will of Robert Allison, Esq. late of the borough of Huntingdon, dec'd. have been issued to the subscriber. All persons therefore indebted to the deceased, are requested to come forward and make payment of the respective amounts due; and those having claims against the testator will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

MARY ALLISON, Executrix.
Dec. 31, 1840.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

NOTICE is hereby given, that the partnership lately subsisting between Samuel Isett and George Wise, trading under the firm of Isett and Wise was dissolved on the 30th day of September by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by said Samuel Isett, and all demands on the said partnership are to be presented to him for payment.

Samuel Isett,
Geo. Wise.
Arch Spring Dec. 9, 1840-p.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the

Post Office at Huntingdon, which is not taken up and the postage paid, as dead letters in three months from this date.

Anderley George	Hatfield Alexander
Auperion William	Huffman Jacob
Beiford Samuel	Irwin Hon James
Boyd Zaccil	Kent Lawrence
Best Elizabeth 2	Keim William
Bradley Rev	Lambury Patrick
Coder John C.	Livingston John
Coles John	Livingston Jacob
Coles Susan Ann	Lyons Mary
Comprobst H. 2	Mathers Hon James
Cameron John Sr.	Moore J C
Corbin Nicholas	McCowley James
Comstock Heman S.	Magill William H
Cheny John	McCracken Joshua T
John Daniel T.	Malone John
Duffy Owen	Nelley Patrick
Dillon Eleanor	Norris Joseph
Davis William	Parke Andrew
Engart Mary	Rickard Joseph
Eyely John	Springer Henry
Friedly David R	Sugert Moses M
General George	Snyder John
Gibbs Martin	Shannon George 2
Gibson Mary	Smith Martin
Gibson T.	Shor hill James
Gibson James	Snider John
Hammill J.	Thompson J Esq
Hartman Alexander	Tag Mathew
Hicks Samuel	Thompson Harriet
Hicks David	Thomas Robert
Holmes Leroy	West William

I. DORLAND P. M.
Huntingdon Jan 1 1840

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the

Post Office at Mill Creek on the 1st day of January, 1841.

Aroll Jacob,	Kianich Samuel
Ames Thomas,	Leidy Cornelius
Arbin Martha M,	Long Mathew
Baght Emanuel	Lane James
Black Sarah	Lamor John
Boring Thomas	Miller John
Carr James	Monsell John
Collenbine Henry	Nppes Daniel
Craft Henry	Norton Julia J Mrs.
Crodrin James	Robison Henry
Dickson John	Rutherford John
Daily Michael	Ross James
Dunlop John or Jas.	Shoop John 2
Foster William	Stout George
Freedy Charles Jr.	Shady Rubin
Humphrey Wm. H.	Sawder Jacob
Henry Joseph	Shaw William
Jackson Ezekiel C	Spileman Elizabeth
Kelley Absolam	Umbalzt Michael
Kelley Aaron	Walls James

Young Samuel B
E. L. PLOWMAN, P. M.
Jan. 1, 1841.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the

Post Office at Alexandria, 1st January, 1841.

A	I
Anderson David	Irwin David
B	J
Bisbin John	Johnston William
Baker Angeline	K
Bingham John	Keiffer Rev.
Bell Charles M.	Knode Henry
Brubaker Jacob	L
D	Lightner Samuel
Dobson Martha 2	M
Davis Mary	McFarland Andrew
E	Murrells Andrew
Engart William	N
Edmunson Joseph	Neff John K.
F	Nash Samuel P.
Forringer John	R
Fisher Daniel 2	Routh Benjamin
G	S
Gentry John	Seabole John 2
Green John	Speisse Daniel
Gemmill J. H.	Sloenberger John
H	T
Hammond Stephen	Wolford Daniel
	CHARLES PORTER, P. M.

January 1, 1841.

FEE BILLS

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

Notice.

All persons indebted to the undersigned are requested to call and settle, on or before the 1st February, or their account will be left in the hands of a Justice for collection.

JOHN WHITE.
Jan. 8, 1841.

Pocket Book Found.

Found, in the borough of Huntingdon, on Friday, the 6th day of November last, a large calf skin pocket book, containing some papers and other articles of value. The owner can have it by proving property and paying charges.

JOHN WHITTAKER, Jr.
Dec. 2, 1840.

DYSPEPSIA! DYSPEPSIA!!

More proofs of the efficacy of Dr. Harlich's Medicines.

Mr Jonas Hartman, of Sumneytown, Pa. entirely cured of the above disease, which he was afflicted with for six years. His symptoms were a sense of distension and oppression after eating, distressing pain in the pit of the stomach, nausea, loss of appetite, sickness and dimness of sight, extreme debility, flatulency, acrid eructations, sometimes vomiting, and pain in the right side, depression of spirits, disturbed rest, faintness, and not able to pursue his business without causing immediate exhaustion and weariness.

Mr Hartman is happy to state to the public and is willing to give any information to the afflicted, respecting the wonderful benefit he received from the use of Dr. Harlich Compound Strengthening and German aperient pills. Principal office No. 19 North Eighth street Philadelphia. Also for sale at the store of Jacob Miller Huntingdon.

DR. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Prunus of Virginia or wild Cherry

This syrup is highly beneficial in all pectoral affections; also, in diseases of the chest in which the lungs do not perform their proper office from want of due nervous energy: such as asthmas, pulmonary consumption, recent or chronic coughs, hoarseness, whooping cough, wheezing and difficulty of breathing, croup and spitting of blood, &c. How many sufferers do we daily behold approaching to an untimely grave, wrested in the bloom of youth from their dear relatives and friends, afflicted with that common and destructive ravager, called consumption, which soon wastes the miserable sufferer until they become beyond the power of human skill; if such sufferers would only make a trial of Dr. Swayne's invaluable medicine, they would soon find themselves benefited; than by gulping the various ineffective certain remedies of which our newspapers daily abound. This syrup immediately begins to heal the ulcerated lungs, stopping profuse night sweats, mitigating the distressing cough at the same time inducing a healthy and natural expectoration, also relieving the shortness of breath and pain in the chest, which harrass the sufferer in the slightest exercise, and finally the hectic flash in the pallid and emaciated cheek will soon begin to vanish, and the sufferer will here perceive himself snatched from a premature grave, into the enjoyment again of comfortable health.

For sale at Jacob Miller's store H

From the Boston Chronicle, Jan. 10

We see by an advertisement in another column that Messrs. Comstock & co., the American Agents for Oldridge's Balm of Columbia, have deputies to sell that article in Boston and elsewhere. We know a lady of this city whose hair was so nearly gone as to expose entirely her phenological developments, which, considering that they betokened a most amiable, diodition, was not in reality very unfortunate. Nevertheless she mourned the loss of locks that she had worn, and after a year's fruitless resort to miscalled restoratives, purchased; some months ago, a bottle or two of Oldridge's Balm, and she has now ringlets in rich profusion, glossy, and of raven blackness. We are not puffing, none of the commodity has been sent to us, and indeed, we do not want any, for though we were obliged to wear a wig a year ago, we have now, though its virtue, hair enough, and of a passable quality, of our own.

To the Bald Headed.—This is to certify, that I have been bald about twenty years, and by the use of the genuine Balm of Columbia, my head is now covered with hair. I shall be happy to convince any one of the fact that will call and see me Delhi village. The above article I bought at Griswold, Case & co's store, who had it from Comstock & Co.

JOHN JAQUISH, Jr.

DARING FRUD

The Balm of Columbia has been imitated by a notorious counterfeiter. Let it never be purchased or used unless it has the name of L. M. Comstock, or the signature of Comstock & co, on a splendid wrapper. This is the only external test that will secure the public from deception.

Address Comstock & Co.
Wholesale Druggists, New-York,
No 2 Fletcher-street.
Sold at the Drug Store of Thomas Read, Huntingdon.
Sept. 23, 1840.—3m

Notice.

All persons indebted to the subscriber will please call and settle their account on or before the 29th of January or else they will be left in the hands of the Justice for settlement.

L. WESTROCK Jr.
Huntingdon, Dec. 19, 1840.