

ing on smoothly in this way, when our correspondent informed the landlady of the house that the Doctor was a married man—and the landlady imparted the intelligence quickly to the Doctor, informing him also that he must leave the house. The mother and daughter were also advised of the Doctor's married state, as well as of some other matters of a disreputable character concerning him—but they were too much attached to him to believe a word to his prejudice.

Whilst the old lady was gone to inquire into the character of the lover of her daughter, the doctor proposed to the young lady to leave her house, go to Newark, N. Jersey, with him, and there get married; and when the mother returned, the daughter and her lover had disappeared. In a day or two, however, she received a letter from the doctor, informing her that himself and her daughter had taken board in a hotel at Newark; and that the first thing they thought on rising in the morning and the last on retiring at night, was their mother. This letter was directed to the care of our correspondent, requesting him to hand it to the old lady herself.

It was handed accordingly, when the old lady remarked that she was afraid the doctor had married her daughter, and proceeded with the utmost haste to Newark. In the interim the doctor's wife had been apprised of her husband's conduct and of his hegira with another lady to Newark, and she also hastened to find him there. And there to be sure the doctor's wife and the mother of the young lady met the doctor, who was not particularly pleased at the interview. The doctor's landlady in Newark getting information that all was not right with his guests, had the doctor arrested for his board bill and lodged in prison. There the rival parties met—the doctor refused to speak to his wife, saying he had obtained a bill divorcing him from her, which the young wife believed to be true. Much confusion ensued, tears flowed, as is common in such cases—the daughter refused to return with her mother, and said she would die in the doctor's cell rather than leave him—for she knew the charges against him were false. After much resistance she was finally prevailed upon to accompany her mother to this city. The magistrate in Newark (contrary to law, however,) took Mrs. S's affidavit that she was the wife of the doctor, who at last advised remained in prison. The old lady and her daughter on returning hither changed their boarding place, the better to keep secret what had occurred, and prevent their friends from knowing it. It appears however, that the doctor and the young lady were not married, but merely lodged together as husband and wife for three successive nights.—New York Sun.

TREASURER'S SALE
OR
UNSEATED LANDS
IN
Huntingdon County,
1840.

WHEREAS by an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act directing the mode of selling Unseated Lands for taxes and for other purposes," passed the thirteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and the Treasurers in the different parts of this Commonwealth are directed to commence on the second Monday in June, A. D. 1816, and at the expiration of every two years thereafter, and adjourn from day to day, if necessary so to do, and make Public Sale of the whole or any parts of such tracts of unseated lands, situate in the proper county, as will pay the arrearage of the taxes, any part of which shall then have remained due and unpaid for the space of one year before, together with all costs necessarily accruing by reason of such delinquency; therefore, I, David Blair, Treasurer of the County of Huntingdon, do hereby give notice, that upon the following tracts of land which are situate as herein described, the several sums as stated, are due on each tract of land, respectively, for county, road, and school taxes; and that in pursuance of the aforesaid act of A. S. S. I, shall at the court house in the borough of Huntingdon, in the county of Huntingdon, on Monday the eighth day of June next, commence the

PUBLIC SALE
of the whole, or any part of such tracts of the Unseated Lands upon which all or any part of the taxes herein specified shall then be due, and continue such sale by adjournment until all the lands upon which taxes remain due and unpaid, are sold.

DAVID BLAIR,
Treasurer of Huntingdon County,
TREASURER'S OFFICE,
March 3d, 1840.

Amount of taxes due and unpaid on the following tracts of Unseated Lands up to and including the year 1835

Table with columns for township, owner name, and amount. Includes entries for Allegheny Township and various owners like John Moore, Lazarus Black, etc.

Table for Springfell Township listing owners like John Harris, John Black, and amounts.

Table for Antis Township listing owners like James Lamb, Esther Moore, Sarah M'Kwin, etc.

Table for Barre Township listing owners like Adam Buchanan, George Hill, Thomas Russell, etc.

Table for Cromwell Township listing owners like Rubana Calhoun, James Hunter, John Duffey, etc.

Table for Frankstown Township listing owners like William Nesbitt, Michael Crate, Samuel Armstrong, etc.

Table for Henderson Township listing owners like Thomas Cummins, J J C Fox, William Young, etc.

Table for Hopewell Township listing owners like David Lapsley, Stephen Lowry, James Steel, etc.

Table for Porter Township listing owners like Robert Irwin, Thomas M'Ilroy's heirs, Adam Gahagan, etc.

Table for Shirley Township listing owners like Peter Werts, James Armstrong, John Doss, etc.

Table for Allegheny Township listing owners like John Moore, Lazarus Black, Daniel Black, etc.



THE JOURNAL.
One country, one constitution, one destiny

Huntingdon, March 1, 1840.

Democratic Antimasonic CANDIDATES.
FOR PRESIDENT,
GEN. WM. H. HARRISON
OF OHIO.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
JOHN TYLER,
OF VIRGINIA.

FLAG OF THE PEOPLE!
A single term for the Presidency, and the office administered for the whole PEOPLE, and not for a PARTY.
A sound, uniform and convenient National CURRENCY, adapted to the wants of the whole COUNTRY, instead of the SHIN PLASERS brought about by our present RULERS.
ECONOMY, RETRENCHMENT, and REFORM in the administration of public affairs, Tired of Experiments and Experiments, Republican gratitude will reward unobtrusive merit, by elevating the subaltern of WASHINGTON and the disciple of JEFFERSON, and thus resuming the safe and beaten track of our Fathers.—L. Gazette

Electoral Ticket.
JOHN A. SHULZE, } Sen'to'
JOSEPH RITNER } electors
1st District LEVIS PASSMORE,
2d do CADWALLADER EVANS,
3d do CHARLES WATERS,
4th do JON. GILLINGHAM,
5th do AMOS ELLMAKER,
6th do JOHN K. ZELLIN,
7th do DAVID POTTS,
8th do ROBERT STINSON,
9th do WILLIAM S. HINDEU,
10th do J. JENKINS ROSS,
11th do PETER F. ROBERT,
12th do JOSEPH H. SPADY,
13th do JOHN HARPER,
14th do WILLIAM MELVAINE,
15th do JOHN DICKSON,
16th do JOHN M'KEEHAN,
17th do JOHN REED,
18th do NATHAN BEACH,
19th do NER MIDDLESWARTH,
20th do GEORGE WALKER,
21st do BERNARD CONNELLY,
22d do GEN. JOSEPH MARBLE,
23d do JUSTICE G. FORDYCE,
24th do JOSEPH H. ROBERTSON,
25th do HARMAR DENNY,
26th do JOSEPH BUNTINGTON,
27th do JAMES MONTGOMERY,
28th do JOHN DICK.

An Apprentice Wanted.
An apprentice is wanted at this office, one of good, steady, and industrious habits, and that can come well recommended; none other need apply. One from the country would be preferred.

No Specie Yet!
There is not an individual in our county, who has brains enough to come in when it rains, that cannot recollect the constant and unceasing abuse and censure which was bestowed upon Joseph Ritner in 1837, because he did not compel the Banks to resume. Every Loco Foco meeting, and all their papers were filled with denunciations against him for neglect of duty—violation of his oath—and being Bank-bought. He was then Governor of Pennsylvania. How is it now? David R. Porter, 'our own David,' who, at that time, was fulminating all manner of falsehoods against the then Governor, is at the head of the Government! The Banks suspended specie payment last October, and what is still worse they stay suspended. Yet what has he or his party done to compel the Banks to resume? Nothing! less than nothing. When the Legislature met in January, you could hear the Loco Foco thunder rumbling in every quarter against the unholy Banks, 'Down with the Banks,' 'Take away their forfeited charters' was heard on every tongue. All was to be regulated, restricted and fixed to a nicety. Their promises, like those of the Banks, were made to be broken. In fact they have suspended their operations against the Banks.

Soon after the meeting of the Legislature, the wise law givers at Harrisburg in the lower house passed a law compelling the Banks to resume. It was sent to the Senate, and while sleeping on or under the table, the 'extraordinary document' of our Injured Innocent, knocked the Loco Focos into a three cocked hat. Some declared that they knew they were doing what would ruin the State, but their NERVES WERE WEAK, and would prefer letting the State go to the devil, than desert the party. Others 'wheeled about and turned about' and declared their willingness to do whatever the 'Iron Gray' told them. At any rate

Walker Township.
Alexander McConnell 84
George Cutwalt 13
William D Smith 136
part of H m Wallace 44
William Orison 49
Richard Smith 96
Charles Smith 17
William Smith 17
Samuel Findly 24
John Carson 151

Warriorsmark Township.
Ann Massey 154
James Craig 220
Samuel Marshall 272
Thomas Goodfellow 286
Daniel Stroup 277
Francis Gardner 297
Daniel Turner 286
James M'Cracken 286
Peter Graffius 79
Hardman Phillips 78
Israel Pennington 201
John Hastings 236
Sarah Hastings 236
Hannah Turner 286

Woodberry Township.
Michael Bossler 09
John Shoeneft, part 46
John Patten 34

among them, they made it clearly appear, that they had both knaves and fools, who were willing to 'die dogs' and further, they succeeded in spending some weeks of the peoples' time and a goodly sum of their money, undoing what they had done.

Once more they are trying to bring up the rank and file to pass another resumption Bill. It occupied weeks in the Senate, and finally passed that body. It is now in the lower house, and every day is spent in fighting for and against it; and as yet nothing has been done which gives an indication of what will be its final fate. Of one thing the people may be assured that they will find something to talk about until they think they have drawn as much from the people as they will stand.

But let us go back to our text. We have no specie yet, notwithstanding that same honest people-loving party that abused Ritner so much, have had the power ever since the rascally Banks suspended. Why will not some of those noisy Jacobins tell us why their party does not bring them up to the rack. Do tell your neighbors all about it. Explain to them, what made Ritner such a knave, and what act of honest Davy's life entitles him to that distinction—don't misunderstand us, we are willing to give the course of Porter all manner of credit. But as for himself, we have long ago proved that he was no better than he should be. One good act in his life will not make him a saint.

Politics For Working Men.
We have seen considerable discussion going the rounds of the papers, relative to Senator Buchanan's saying in the United States Senate, that the wages of the poor laboring man must be reduced. We did not think that there was a wealthy knave, alive, in our country, that had the hardihood to utter so infamous a proposition. Aye! reduce his wages but not reduce his debts. That may be good doctrine for the rich but it will make slaves of the poor.

We have not yet been able to see the speech, but when we do, we promise to give some of the laboring men of our county a chance to know what kind of politics these Van Buren nabobs wish to establish.

Retrenchment & Reform.
Adam's administration was called profligate in the extreme. His extravagance it is said, would ruin the nation. The following table illustrates in a few words what has been the character of the reform which has followed the administration of John Q. Adams.

Adams was President four years; and the expenses of Government during that time amounted to \$50,301,911, or an average of \$12,574,477. Jackson was President eight years and the total amount of expenses \$145,792,783, or an average of \$18,224,092, per year. Martin Van Buren has been President for three years, and has scattered among his profligate and venal parasites \$111,400,955, or an average of \$37,133,151 per year, exclusive of the millions plundered by the Swartwouts & Price; & his party are called the retrenchment & reform party.

Old Tobias Watkins was put in prison and told that he must rot there, because he was a defaulter for three thousand dollars. This was when Jackson first came in power. Since that, Swartwout and Price have stolen three millions of dollars—and the same party have never attempted to imprison them. Does not this look like retrenchment?

We ask the honest yeomanry of our county, if they cannot understand what all this means? Do you not see that the party ask your support, that they may steal your money.

In Congress, a resolution was offered requiring the committee on the Jersey election, to report 'the number of votes received by each candidate;' a motion was made to insert the word 'lawful,' before votes. Every member in the house belonging to the Loco Foco party, voted against the insertion of the word. Is not this some evidence that they are in favor of fraud, perjury, and bribery at elections. We are sorry to see so many of their party in favor of perjury.

The following question is for farmers to answer. Who receives the most benefit from the Sub Treasury system of Van Buren. The President with his \$25,000 silver dollars for a salary, or the farmer with 40 or 50 cents a bushel for his wheat? Let the farmers answer and vote accordingly.

EDITORIAL SUMMARY.

About some of the 'diggins' about New Orleans, an old vault was discovered, and in the vault was found that which was pronounced a golden crucifix, weighing 28lbs., and forthwith proclaimed by the press, as some of the valuables of the Jesuits, who occupied the ground many years ago. The 'Picayune,' however, says the next day that the golden crucifix turns out to be a brass fire dog; but it did weigh 28 pounds.

The Union Canal will be opened for navigation on the 15th—so says the U. S. Gazette.

A Schuylkill Bank Affair has taken place in N. York. Mr Newcomb, the first teller in the Manhattan Bank, it is said, has 'travelled' with \$49,300 sure and perhaps more.

The danger of using Laudanum is distressingly exemplified in the case of a young lady in New York complaining of illness, she was advised by some young friend to take laudanum. She bought a shilling's worth, took all at once, and died almost immediately.

Congress has been remarkably busy for three months, doing nothing. We hope they will succeed in getting through before the 4th July.

The 'Lewistown Republican,' says that the canal below that place will be ready by the 15th, owing to the great exertion of two & 3 supervisors, and that, although some thought the repairs would cost \$30,000, yet, in fact, they will not cost \$3000. What tremendous fellows to drive a job they must be.

Expensive Job—The Loco Foco Convention at Harrisburg robbed the State of about \$1000, as the Legislature done no business during its sittings, yet all the members drew their pay.

We observe by the papers that grass hoppers have been seen in February, in some parts of Connecticut—they were seen in our county.

It is said that 'old Hickory' is to head the electoral ticket of Tennessee for Van Buren.

Every day brings some account of persons killed by the cars on different rail roads. A Utica paper says a law should be made, that in such cases, the first three directors that were caught should be hung—that would do.

The Philadelphia papers say that the ice boat is lying at the foot of Federal street. If they have set the steam boats to laying, eggs will be cheap—unless they set the old one to hatching. Then steam boats will be plenty.

The 'Baltimore American' states that a new counterfeit \$10 note of the Exchange Bank of Pittsburg, was detected in that city. The paper is good, the vignette (Perry's Victory) and the end engravings are well done. The word Pittsburg, above the presidents name, is very badly engraved, the letters being coarse and crooked, and look as if they were inserted by a different kind of process, than the rest of the note.

SINGULAR AFFAIR.

A Mrs. Eliza McFarlane, of New Orleans, has been arrested and held to bail in \$1000 in consequence of her having her possession, and attempting to utter draft for \$500, purporting to be drawn by the Rev. J. N. Maffit, in favor of McFarlane, dated at Cincinnati, on a house of Price, Johnson & Co., at New Orleans, in whose hands the alleged draft had no funds, and bearing on its face the acceptance of that firm, who pronounce the acceptance a forgery. The draft McFarlane alleges she received in a letter from Mr. Maffit, but the writing does appear to be his, though a close imitator of it.

Shortly after the receipt of the letter the draft in question was handed by McFarlane to a Dr. Hatridge, with a request that he would present it to the house of Price, Johnson & Co., for acceptance. He returned to Mrs. McFarlane's residence, and placed the draft upon the table, observing that it had been accepted. At this time Mrs. McFarlane was unwell, and kept her room. Some time after this, the draft was placed in the hands of a Mr. Conklin, who was questioned by Mrs. McFarlane to take a broker and get it shaved. The broker to whom it was offered detected the forgery, and the consequence was, the arrest of Mrs. McFarlane, as before stated. The unfortunate lady formerly conducted a religious paper at Natchez, and possessed much intelligence. It is altogether very singular affair.

Executors Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of Jno. Hoover, late of Woodberry township, Huntingdon county, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment; and those having claims against said estate are requested to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

GEORGE HOOVER,
JOHN HOOVER, } Executors
Feb. 19, 1840—p.