

From the Pennsylvania Inquirer.  
**ROMANCE IN REAL LIFE.**

The particulars of a case of more than ordinary suffering and vicissitude were communicated to us yesterday. Several years ago, a highly respectable young lady of this city, well educated and tenderly brought up, became attached to and married a young gentleman, at that time in the commercial business and with fine prospects. They lived together for a time, happily and prosperously. An opportunity then offered, and Mr. B. was induced to visit the Western country, and became the proprietor of a hotel at a celebrated watering place in the interior of Pennsylvania. While there, he unfortunately became intemperate in his habits, neglected his business, and was finally compelled to remove to another section of country. He again established himself at another watering place, where, after a brief career, the fiend of intemperance still dogging his footsteps, he was again compelled to sell out and remove.

His next location was in Maryland, where a few friends once more re-established him, his clinging to him throughout all his vicissitudes with the tenacity of woman, and the faint but constantly beaming hope that he would yet reform and resuscitate his almost lifeless fortunes.—For the third time, however, strong drink obtained the mastery. He was sold out, and again compelled to try the south-west.

He passed down the Ohio and Mississippi to New Orleans, his wife still clinging to him, and finally proceeded into Texas. Here he rallied for a little while, but the period was brief, and intemperance and the climate acting together, soon put an end to his earthly career. His poor wife, at that time, had two children with her—one a boy of three years and a half old, the other an infant of only eleven months, and not a dollar wherewith to provide them food. Her situation was terrible indeed, especially when we remember her early education, kindly bringing up, and the doting fondness with which she clung, in every misfortune, to her ever kind but misguided and ruined husband.

Appreciating her situation, a few charitable individuals engaged a passage for her in the schooner Harriet Porter, bound to Philadelphia. They had been out but a few hours, before the unfortunate woman, overcome by distress, anxiety of mind, and the condition of her children, was seized with a violent fever, and died a raving maniac. Her little infant was torn from her dead arms with difficulty, and kept on sweetened water for the rest of the voyage. Doubtless, the other passengers extended every aid possible; but there was no female on board, and men are not exactly suited to nurse an infant of so tender an age; and at sea. The fate of the poor mother must indeed, be lamented by every feeling heart. Her body was thrown into the sea, and we are happy to be able to state that the little orphans are now in the care of a family in this city, who were acquainted with the deceased, and who will see that their wants are abundantly supplied. The infant, when it arrived in Philadelphia, was completely emaciated, with scarcely enough life remaining to animate its feeble frame."

From the Gloucester Telegraph.

**A GREAT STORM.**

Never have we been called upon to record so severe a storm, or one so disastrous and melancholy in its results, as that which set in on Sunday morning.—Snow and rain came together, accompanied with a high wind from the S. E., which soon increased to a gale almost unprecedented for its violence, and which continued without abatement the whole of that day and night and most of Monday.

Property and life have been swept away to an unparalleled extent, and the scenes of suffering and desolation that have been brought before their eyes, have involved a whole community in sorrow and affliction. Our shores have been literally strewn with wrecks, surviving but suffering mariners, and, alas, with the dead.

On Sunday morning there were in our harbor nearly sixty vessels, which had put in, in anticipation of a storm. Of this large fleet, all that could be seen at anchor on Monday morning were about twenty, and they having every mast and spar cut away, a solitary pole in each only standing to bear aloft a signal of distress and for assistance.

These, tossing as they were like egg shells upon a violent sea, and exposed to the yet raging gale, liable every moment to part their cables and be driven to sea with all on board, presented a scene melancholy enough—but when the eye rested upon the long line of wrecks that had been cast upon our shore, and the innumerable fragments of others, together with their scattered cargoes—here and there the cold and stiffened corpse of a fellow creature, and the suffering survivors—the feeling heart was subdued and almost made to bleed.

In regard to the lives lost it is impossible as yet to ascertain the precise number. The general belief is that it cannot fall short of forty. Yesterday afternoon nine bodies had been found, exclusive of four at Sandy Bay.

From the N. Y. Courier and Enquirer.  
**'CAUGHT IN HIS OWN TRAP.'**

The Globe of Friday night announced that General Scott had undoubtedly been nominated at Harrisburg, in consequence of the Whigs of the New York delegation, eighteen in number, holding a caucus, and writing to the N. York members of the Harrisburg Convention a formal letter, recommending the nomination of that distinguished citizen. And then with a view of exciting the friends of Gen. Harrison against the supposed nomination of Scott, makes the following admission and appeal.

General Harrison, with what mockery have you been treated! When there was a battle to fight, your party took you for its leader. While victory was perching on its banners, you were to be unceremoniously thrust aside to make way for Mr. Clay. And now, when they have another battle to fight, behold in contempt of your popularity, your devotion, and your feelings, they must have a new leader in the person of another chieftain!

But what honor or honesty is there in a party which can so readily abandon both its principles and its leaders. This is not a movement of the people composing one of our great political parties, but of certain politicians. It does not emanate from our Farmers, Mechanics or Merchants, from our Valleys, our Plains, or our Cities; but from a little band of politicians; from a caucus room at Washington!

Will not all good Whigs obey the mandate; *turn about, wheel about, and jump Jim Crow!*

What a beautiful admission is here! Behold, the organ of the administration no sooner imagines Scott nominated, than it admits the patriotism of Gen. Harrison, and that his nomination is desired by the 'people' and if made, would have emanated from our FARMERS, MECHANICS, and MERCHANTS, from our VALLEYS, our PLAINS, and our CITIES! ! ! ! ! And then again the people are to be called upon to *turn about, wheel about, and jump Jim Crow!* How beautiful, how refined how classical, and with how very true! For once, Mr \$200,000 Globe, you have calculated without your host! The people have not been asked to 'turn about'; but the Harrisburg Convention has said to them; 'In 1833, without organization or concert, you the people, brought forward Gen. Harrison, and without an effort, came within a few votes of defeating the Tory candidate for the Presidency; we now place before you the same veteran hero and statesman for your suffrages, in the full conviction that his nomination is demanded by our Farmers, Mechanics, and Merchants; and that it is loudly called for by a voice which cannot be mistaken—from our Valleys, our Plains, and our Cities.'

**Temperance Meeting.**

The undersigned committee appointed at a meeting of the friends of temperance, in the borough of Huntingdon, on the 10th inst. to make arrangements for a general meeting on same subject on Christmas day the 25th inst. preparatory to the organization of a society, having adopted the following:

1. That said meeting to be held in the Methodist Church, and to commence at 1 o'clock in the afternoon.
2. Meeting for prayer in behalf of the cause of temperance is recommended to be held at the same church, to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. on said day.
3. The afternoon exercises to be as follows:

ADDRESSES—By the Rev. John Peebles and the Rev. G. L. Brown, on the importance of immediately organizing a temperance society in this borough, and the duty of every member of the community to join it and aid the cause by their influence and example.

After which to enable the friends of temperance to decide upon what course should be adopted in the Organization of a society, the following question shall be considered and discussed.

Is it expedient to extend a pledge of abstinence further than to exclude the use as a beverage, of ardent spirits, and various liquors?

The gentlemen below named, have consented to deliver their respective views on the question—On the affirmative, Rev. John Ball, John G. Miles Esq.

On the negative—John Williamson Esq. Samuel S. Wharton. After the regular discussion, any other persons present to be at liberty to present their sentiments on the subject. Ladies and Gentlemen of the borough and the adjoining neighborhood, are respectfully invited to attend.

JAMES STEEL  
D. McMURTRIE  
F. B. WALLACE } Com-  
G. TAYLOR } mittee.  
JAMES GWIN  
WM. DORRIS

**ROCKDALE FOUNDRY.**

The subscribers would respectfully inform the citizens of Huntingdon and the adjoining counties that they have repaired, and newly fitted up the Rockdale Foundry, on Clover creek, two miles from Williamsburg, where they are now prepared to execute all orders in their line, of the best materials and workmanship and with promptness and despatch.

They will keep constantly on hand, Stoves of every description, such as Cooking, Ten Plate, Parlor, Coal and wood stoves; Ploughs, anvils, car rings, hammers bed plates, hollow ware, and every kind of castings necessary for forges, mills, or machinery of any description wagon boxes of all descriptions &c. which can be had on as good terms as they can be had at any other foundry in the county or State. Remember the Rockdale Foundry.

STEEVENS & GRIFFIN  
Dec. 25, 1839



**THE JOURNAL.**

One country, one constitution, one destiny.

Huntingdon, Dec. 25, 1839

**Democratic Antimasonic CANDIDATES.**

FOR PRESIDENT,

**GEN. WM. H. HARRISON**

OF OHIO.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

**JOHN TYLER,**

OF VIRGINIA.

**FLAG OF THE PEOPLE!**

A single term for the Presidency, and the office administered for the whole PEOPLE, and not for a PARTY.

A sound, uniform and convenient NATIONAL CURRENCY, adapted to the wants of the whole COUNTRY, instead of the SHIN PLASERS brought about by our present RULERS.

ECONOMY, RETRENCHMENT, and REFORM in the administration of public affairs.

Tired of Experiments and Experimenters, Republican gratitude will reward unobtrusive merit, by elevating the subaltern of WASHINGTON and the disciple of JEFFERSON, and thus resuming the safe and beaten track of our Fathers.—L. Gazette

**Electoral Ticket.**

- |              |   |
|--------------|---|
| 1st District | JOHN A. SHULZE, } Sent to<br>JOSEPH RITNER, } Selectors   |
| 2d do        | LEWIS PASSMORE,   |
| 3d do        | CADWALLADER EVANS,  |
| 4th do       | CHARLES WATERS,<br>JOHN GILLINGHAM,<br>JOSEPH BULLOCK,<br>JOHN K. ZELIN,<br>DAVID POTTS,  |
| 5th do       | ROBERT STINSON,   |
| 6th do       | WILLIAM S. HINDEU,  |
| 7th do       | J. JENKINS ROSS,<br>PETER FILBERT,  |
| 8th do       | JOSEPH H. SPAYD,<br>JOHN HARPER,  |
| 9th do       | WILLIAM MELVAINE,<br>JOHN DICKSON,  |
| 10th do      | JOHN M'KEEHAN,<br>JOHN REED,  |
| 11th do      | NATHAN BEACH,<br>NER MIDDLESWORTH,<br>GEORGE WALKER,<br>BERNARD CONNELL,<br>GEO. JOSEPH MARKLE,<br>JUSTICE G. FORDYCE,<br>JOSEPH HENDERSON,<br>HARMAR DENNY,<br>JOSEPH WASHINGTON,<br>JAMES MONTGOMERY,<br>JOHN DICK. |

**"The Empire State."**

We learn that this interesting and valuable journal, published in New York city, is to be enlarged. If any of our citizens desire one of the best political and literary journals published in that State, they would do well to send for the "Empire State."

**What we want!**

We want money! we want to pay our debts—and we want those to pay us that owe us.

We want those of our subscribers, who are in debt to us two, three, and four years, to PAY UP. We want such as reside in distant parts of the State, to send us the amount they know is due us, by the next mail; because, we want to send them a receipt for the same. We want those who are indebted to us for advertising, to PAY UP, for the best of all reasons, we want the money.

We want every man that is in arrears for either paper, job-work, or advertising, to bring or send us our pay, on or before the January Court; and we want them to understand that we need it—we want them to remember this; and we want them to do what we want. We want to obey the injunction of St. Paul, "owe no man anything"—and we want our patrons to live up to it also.

We want to be able to go into the campaign for Harrison, able, and anxious for the strife. We want a settlement in our accounts—and our subscribers and patrons may feel assured that we will fight hard for a settlement with our rulers, who have so long abused the confidence of the people. If our friends will bear in mind the beginning of the old catch—"Hand over"—it will all be right.

**Our Candidates.**

It is really laughable to see the movements of the Van Buren faction, since the nomination of the old soldier of the last war—Harrison. You can hardly meet one that does not exclaim, "well, you have nominated the old granny again!—If you had only nominated Clay, you might have stood some chance, but with that old petticoat General you can do nothing."

This may all do well enough, fellow citizens, for the paltry grogshop politicians, who can conceive of no other means to advance their man, than by the detraction of his opponent. But there is not in our land, one man who has an American's heart, that would wantonly cast a whisper of slander against that man, who, when only 19 years of age, left the ease and happiness of his fireside home, to encounter the hardships, the privations, and the dangers of a frontier war—against that man who spent years of his life with but the firmament for his canopy, and the cold sod for his couch, alternately fighting for and guarding the liberties which we now enjoy. The man that would conjure up the idle and false tales of that man's enemies, and retail them out as truth to suit party ends, and secure party power, would apply a torch to the temple of Liberty, or desecrate the tomb of Washington. Have not the foes of Harrison done so? Answer us, every American born—Every son of those men, whose toil reared the institutions of your country—whose blood cemented their foundations.

Democrats! you are called upon to oppose Gen. Wm. H. Harrison, and we are told, that he is not a Democrat. Are you an American citizen? If you be, tell us by the love of your country—by the glory of its institutions; and by the graves of our glorious fathers, is not he a Democrat? a lover of the people, a lover of them for their own good (not his own, like the Democrats of the present day) a Democrat? Is not he a Democrat who left the quiet of home for the din of battle? Is not he a Democrat who could receive, and pay out millions of public money? and without money or without price, show his hands unpolluted by the peoples' treasure—Such a Democrat is Harrison—Such a Granny is the Hero of North Bend—Such a Petticoat General is the Warrior of Tippecanoe and the Thames.

We have one suggestion to make to our friends in this county. Let every man who has leisure, and he that has not, find it, come into our town at the January court, and let there be held on Tuesday night

**A Meeting of the People.**

And thus begin the work in earnest. In every city and town in the Union, are they calling the people together, and every breeze brings us the united shout of every opponent of the mad schemes of the present rulers; it is heard above all, their mutterings and revilings,—hurrah for Harrison and Tyler.—Let us not be behind. The days of their misrule are numbered. The people are coming.—Let us be enabled to tell them in 1840—The people are here.

**26th Congress.**

The Senate of the U. S. have been meeting from day to day doing nothing—waiting for the moving or meeting of the waters in the lower House.

In the House they have spent nearly a month doing nothing. Each returning day is a history of the past. The contested seats of the New Jersey members being the bone of strife. Some little time was spent with Naylor and Tory Ingersoll. But the Loco Focos themselves were ashamed of the conduct of Ingersoll, and by a unanimous vote declared that he had no right to a vote in their body. A vote was finally had upon the right of the Jersey members, when the right of the Whigs to a vote was by a tie vote—consequently both sets were excluded, until a committee should be appointed, or the House organized at least.

A gleam of hope now appeared that they would soon commence business; and the election of speaker was commenced. After nine unsuccessful ballotings, the contest happily ended in the election of a Whig Speaker of Congress—Hunter of Virginia. It was an unexpected triumph, and has knocked the talk out of the Loco Focos. A neat and candid address was made to the House by Mr. Hunter on taking the chair; when the members were called and sworn in—when Randolph, of N. Jersey, the only uncontented member appeared with his five Whig colleagues, and demanded to be sworn in, on the authority of their certificates; when the old scene was all to go over again—speech after speech—motion after motion, and no determination arrived at. There we must leave them until further news. Of course we have no message yet.

MARRIED—On Wednesday, December 11th, by I. Grafius, Esq. Mr. Wm. H. HERMAN, to Miss RACHEL KENADY, all of Porter township, Huntingdon county, Pa.

**Proclamation.**

WHEREAS by a precept to me directed dated at Huntingdon, the 17th day of November, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and thirty nine under the hands and seals of the Hon. Thomas Burnside, President of the Court of Common Pleas, Oyer and Terminer, and general jail delivery of the 4th judicial district of Pennsylvania, composed of the counties of Mifflin, Huntingdon, Centre, Clearfield, and Jefferson, and the Hon. Joseph Adams, and John Kerr his associate Judges of the county of Huntingdon, justices assigned, appointed to hear, try, and determine all and every indictments, and presentments made or taken for or concerning all crimes, which by the laws of the State are made capital or felonies of death and all other offences, crimes and misdemeanors, which have been or shall be committed or perpetrated within or in said county, or all persons which are or shall hereafter be committed or be perpetrated for crimes aforesaid—I am commanded to make.

**Public Proclamation.**

Throughout my whole bailiwick, that a Court of Oyer and Terminer, of Comm. Pleas and Quarter Sessions will be held at the court house in the Borough of Huntingdon, on the second Monday and 13th day of January, next, and those who will prosecute the said prisoners, be then and there to prosecute them as it shall be just, and that all Justices of the Peace, Coroner, and Constables within the said county be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations and remembrances, to do those things which their offices respectively appertain.

Dated at Huntingdon, the 17th day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty nine and the 63d year of American Independence.

JOSEPH SHANNON, Sheriff.  
Sheriff's Office Hunting-  
don, December, 25, 1839.

**Proclamation.**

WHEREAS by Precept to me directed by the Judges of Common Pleas of the county of Huntingdon bearing test the 17th day of November, A. D. 1839, I am commanded to make Public Proclamation throughout my whole bailiwick that a court of Common Pleas will be held at the court house, in the borough of Huntingdon, in the county of Huntingdon, on the third Monday and 20th of January, A. D. 1840, for the trial of all issues in said court which remain undetermined before the said Judges when and where all Jurors, Witnesses and suitors in the trial of all said issues are required to attend.

Dated at Huntingdon the 17th day of November, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and thirty nine, the 63d year of American Independence.

JOSEPH SHANNON, Sheriff.  
Sheriff's office Hunting-  
don Dec. 25, 1839

**Sheriff's Sales.**

BY virtue of sundry writs of Venditioni Exponas and Levati Facias, issued out of the court of Common Pleas of Huntingdon county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Huntingdon, on the 13th day of January next, at ten o'clock A. M. the following property, viz:

A certain tract of land situate in Union township, adjoining land of Samuel Dill, Humphrey Chilcote, Daniel Young Smith and others, containing about

**300 Acres,**

more or less, about 70 of which are cleared, having thereon erected three houses, each one story high and two stables.

Seized and taken under execution and to be sold as the property of John Quarry and Michael Quarry.

ALSO

A tract of land situate in Tell township, adjoining lands of James Ford, Jacob Heige, Robert Blair and others, containing

**One hundred Acres more or less**

about thirty five acres of which are cleared, and thereon erected a Cabin house & barn; Also, thereon an Orchard of about

**60 Apple and other Trees.**

Seized and taken under execution and to be sold as the property of Henry Fitzimmons.

ALSO

A tract of land situate in Barree township, Huntingdon county, adjoining lands of Mathew Gilleland, James Leonard & others containing about

**17 Acres more or less**

surveyed on a warrant in the name of Wm. Mares.

Seized and taken under execution and to be sold as the property of Robert Fleming.

ALSO

A certain lot of ground situate in the new town plot lately laid out adjoining the old town of Hollidaysburg, lying and being on the northerly side of Blair street and in front on said street sixty feet, and extending in depth at right angles to the said street one hundred and four feet on the westerly side, and one hundred and sixteen feet on the easterly line of said lot to Mulberry street, being sixty one feet nine inches in breadth on said street as laid out on the ground, and known and designated on the plan of said lot, lately laid out as aforesaid by number 114.

Seized and taken under execution and to be sold as the property of Abraham Brown.

ALSO  
A lot of ground situate in the town of Newry, adjoining a lot of Alexander Knox on the south, a lot of E. Ferree on the north, fronting 50 feet on Bedford st. and extending 200 feet in depth to an alley, the same being numbered 14 in the plan of said town, and having thereon erected a two story log house.

Seized and taken under execution and to be sold as the property of John Shoup.

ALSO  
A lot of ground situate in the extension of the borough of Alexandria, numbered 9 in the plan thereof, adjoining on east a lot of John Itching, on the west a lot of Nicholas Cresswell fronting 60 feet on the turnpike road and extending back 180 feet to an alley on which are erected a two story log house and a frame tailor shop.

Seized and taken under execution and to be sold as the property of Stephen Itchner.

**Register's Notice**

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested, that the following named persons, have settled their accounts in the Register's Office, at Huntingdon, and that said accounts will be presented for confirmation and allowance, at an Orphans' Court to be held at Huntingdon for the county of Huntingdon, on the second Monday, and 13th day of January next; viz:

1. John Morrison and Samuel H Bell Administrators of the estate of Samuel Morrison, late of Shirley township dec'd.
2. John Fleck, executor of the last will and testament of Mary Ann Templeton, late of Tyrone township, dec'd.
3. Samuel Myton and Wesley Gregory, Executors of the last will and testament of John Myton, late of West township, dec'd.
4. Israel Grafius, Esq. and Mary Roe, Executors of the last will and testament of John Roe, late of Porter township, dec'd.

JOHN REED, Register.  
Register's office, Hunting-  
don, Dec. 25, 1839—47.

**JUNIATA BRIDGE NOTICE.**

The stock holders in the Juniata Bridge Company, are notified that the annual election will be held at the house of Christian Couts, in the borough of Huntingdon on Tuesday the 11th day of January next for the purpose of electing

**1 President, 6 Managers and Treasurer and Secretary,**

to conduct the affairs of the said Company for the ensuing year.

I. DORLAND, Secy.  
Huntingdon, Dec. 25, 1839.

**Last Notice**

ALL persons who know themselves indebted to the estate of Peter Swoope, deceased, are requested to call and discharge their accounts, as the accounts will be left in the hands of proper officers for collection, if not settled before the 1st day of February next, without respect to persons.

JNO. SHOOPE,  
PETER SWOOPE, } Exe.  
WM SWOOPE,  
Huntingdon, Dec. 25, 1839.

**ESTATE OF**

**Joel Pennock.**

The Subscriber, appointed by the court of common Pleas of Chester county, Trustees in the place of Jesse Pusey, and others assignees of Joel Pennock, under a deed of voluntary assignment for the benefit of creditors, hereby gives notice, that the books of the said Joel Pennock, are in the hands of

**Mr. John Taylor**

[At Chester Furnace.]

Who is authorized to make settlement and receive the balances which may be found to be due to the said estate.

All persons therefore who have unsettled accounts with said estate, are requested to call immediately on Mr. Taylor, that they may be settled.

P. FRAZER SMITH.  
Dec. 26, 1839.—71.

**TO OUR CREDITORS.**

TAKE notice, that we have applied to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Huntingdon County for the benefit of the laws of this Commonwealth made for the relief of Insolvent debtors; and the said Court has appointed the 2nd Monday (13th day) of January next for the hearing of us and our creditors at the Court house in the borough of Huntingdon, when and where you may attend if you see proper.

**David Long,  
Jacob Myers,  
John Gorsuch,  
John Mason,  
Isaac Ziegler,  
Simon Bringer,  
Peter Miller,  
John B. Glass,  
William Bice,  
Mathias Power,  
William Johnson,**  
c. 11, 1839.