

to be taken by taxation off from the farmers and working men of Pennsylvania. Can you not see how? we will tell you. The Bank Charter which was obtained under Ritner's administration, as a part of the pay for the privileges granted, made her agree to lend the State, at any time when called on, six millions of dollars at 4 per cent. The Locos having the majority in the house, refused to call on the bank at four, but now agree to pay her five per cent. Thus paying her, just one cent on every dollar, each year, more than was necessary. We ask every man if this does not show that these Loco Focos are the friends of the bank, and the enemies of the people? Ritner's administration made the bank pay the State, for what she got, while Porter and his party pay the bank for doing, that which her charter compelled her to do, if called upon. Who are now the friends of the U. S. Bank? Who now has sold the people to the bank? Are you a Democrat, and can you not see that Porter, the Exchange Bank stock holder, is the friend of banks, and squanders your hard earnings upon them.

Neither is this all. By the charter, the bank has not the privilege of issuing five dollar bills; and could she have obtained it from the administration of Ritner, she would have poured thousands of dollars in the treasury. Gladly would she have given \$500,000 for a privilege so advantageous, and so profitable. But then she could not obtain it. Now Porter has put his seal to a bill, which not only pays her four hundred thousand dollars for doing her duty, but grants her the privilege of sending into the State the whole loan in small bills. Is he not the best kind of a friend to the bank, and the worst kind of a foe to the people? The "Keystone" says it was carried through the lower house in such a hurry, that the dog-keepers of that body did not see that it contained the \$3 provision. Fellow citizens, this is a pretty compliment to his own partisans. A bill with such a hideous feature was passed, and they could not see. This is false! They did see, and as Judge Burns said—it was put there to buy the bank to take the loan. But if it were true, are they fit to be Legislators? They then lay the blame on the Senate, for not altering the bill, and making the bank take it at 4 per cent. We ask all our readers if they do not know that the Senate did propose that amendment to more than one of the loan bills, and in every instance the Loco Focos opposed it, tooth and nail. And why did they do so? Because they declared the bank was illegal, fraudulently, and unconstitutionally chartered; and if they borrowed money of her, they admitted the legality of her charter—and this they never would do. Do you not all recollect this argument?

Even Porter himself hinted in his message, that the Legislature might possibly take away her charter, because thus chartered. He used the following language:

"It is possible that some additional liabilities might arise, if the Legislature should think proper, for the public good, to divest any corporations created by authority of this Commonwealth, of the privileges granted by law in consideration of which they have paid Bonuses into the public treasury.—Porter's Message, 26 Jan. 1839.

He could tickle up the fancy of his anti bank men, with such a hint at taking away the charter of the U. S. bank, and now he borrows her money—pays 5 per cent. interest, when he could obtain it for 4—and grants her the privilege of issuing small notes. Still some of his cabbage head, or even cabbage leaf leaders say he is still the enemy of the bank. The truth is just here. He tells the bank "I will abuse you—call you monster—money tyrant—poor man's oppressor—monied oligarchy, and all that—but just lend me your money—and we will gull our whippers in with the cry. But my dear monster we don't mean any thing of the kind—don't dream of such a thing. No matter if some of the dupes think you really do have 'huffs and harns'—I know better, and I can keep them in their place."

Our prediction then has been verified. Porter has joined the monster—and his organ man of the Keystone says we must fight the monster still, only don't fight hard. If the monster haters can defend and swallow this act of Porter's, they must be poor paltry slaves of party, without independence enough to have an opinion.

The "Advocate" thinks our notice of the charge against James Steel, "amusing—and very humanly, sneers at the 'sick riggers'; & then regales its readers with a 'stinking big duck negro.'" Has he any allusion to the step-father of his master's children? He goes farther, and says, 'you have as much right to elect Gumbo,

*Jack, or Sambo, to the Pro'honorary's office, as you have James Steel.'* Does this writer think to crush the character of James Steel, by such beastly abuse? If he does, he will find himself mistaken. He is to long and well known, to be affected by such paltry blackguardism; and we feel confident that Col. Cresswell does not thank them for thus trying to further his election. If he does, we have failed in our estimate of his character. We had hoped that this election would be conducted in a manner, creditable to the public press; and that the vile abuse of partisans would not be heaped upon the heads of any of the candidates; with this in view, we have written all our articles on the subject, and shall continue that course to the end; and we feel assured, that the assaults of billy mc'ay upon Maj. Steel, will not only be harmless, but, in reality, they must injure the opposing candidate. Do the Loco Focos ever hope to succeed in this county? if they do, they must get their paper into the hands of some one who can in soberness and truth, discuss the merits of their cause, with ingenuity and discretion.

We wish to draw no invidious comparisons between Mr. Cresswell and Mr. Steel. As men; as neighbors; with perfect frankness, we can say, we esteem them both alike. The former certainly would suffer by a comparison if he encourages the attacks of the Advocate upon Mr. Steel—but we believe him to much of a gentleman to even smile at its low and disgraceful course,—we urge the election of Maj. Steel, because we hold in utter abhorrence many of the principles held by his opponent, or more properly speaking, by the party to which he is attached—because he is the nominee of a man, who the people of this county know too well to esteem—because the party to which he is attached hold doctrines subversive of the rights of the people—but not because he is less honest, less capable, or less of a gentleman than Mr. Steel.—Let the Advocate still pursue its course; it is digging a pit for its friends; and let them not blame us if they fall therein.

### The Election.

It is now but two weeks to the election; and it is time that every citizen is looking about to judge of the importance of the contest, and the beneficial results involved in its final issue. This is in truth, a strife between the advocates of law and order, and the supporters of mobs and disorder. On the one side, we find those who openly defend the mob at Harrisburg which drove your Senate from its Hall. On the other, you have those who called on that mob, by their love of country of kindred, to stay their demoniac hands ere they made the temple of justice and freedom, a den of thieves. On the one side, we have a party who, notwithstanding the frowns of the people, have in some counties the hardened effrontery to again nominate the beastly besotted and villainous actors in that scene. On the other, you find those who repudiate such insults to the people. On the one side, you find such men as are willing to advocate their Governor, who in open court pleads the Statute of Limitations on a poor creditor. On the other, you find those who have dared to denounce him and his knaves, when every serf pronounced them slanderers, because they charged him with refusing to pay his honest debts. On one side, you have a party who said that there was too many officers on the canal; and now have nearly double that number. On the same side you find those who said Ritner appointed men without petition, over those who had, thus disregarding the wishes and prayers of the people. Yet they have done even worse,—men were appointed without claims or capacity, over more deserving and better men. New offices created; and the tools of Porter were imported into every county; (although they opposed appointment of *Strangers*), and even a *Pensioned Foreigner* is an officer under Porter. On the other side will find those who have always pursued an independent and consistent course. On the one side you will find those who say the people have no right to elect their Canal Commissioners. On the other, you find the friends of the people's rights, contending against this one man power, with a corrupt, debased, and disgraced man at its head. On one side then you see the foes of the people, and the subjects of a guilty demagogue. On the other, you find the friends of the people contending against power and place, for the rights of Democratic franchise.

Such are the contending parties, and such are their principles. And to the honest freemen of this county, we will appeal to decide, which of the two to choose. If you are willing to be duped by the deceitful cry of the Loco Focos—if you are willing to say, you sanction the conduct of a Governor, who pays his debts with the Statute of Limitation; if you think Porter is a better judge of who are fit for Canal Commissioners, than you are: then vote for Patterson and Massey; then vote the ticket in favor of the Statute of Repose.—If on the other hand, you are opposed to these dangerous and demagogical doctrines; then vote the whole ticket with Morrison and Higgins at its head; and you may be assured that all will be well.

**DIED.**—In New Orleans on the 4th, inst. of the Yellow fever, Mr. Thomas E. Fairman, formerly of Pittsburg, in the twenty ninth year of his age.

### COMMISSIONERS SALE

#### Of Unseated Lands, in Huntingdon county for 1839.

WHEREAS by the 7th Section of the act of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth entitled "an act to amend an act directing the mode of selling unseated lands for taxes and for other purposes," passed the 13th day of March A. D. 1815, the Commissioners of the respective counties within this Commonwealth are directed to make public sale of all lands bought by them at Treasurer's sale, which shall remain undeeded by the respective owners thereof, at the expiration of five years from the date of such Treasurer's sale, and by a further supplement thereto passed the 29th day of March A. D. 1824, such land is directed to be sold for the best price that can be obtained for the same, and that the Commissioners shall have full power to make and execute a deed or deeds of conveyance to the purchaser or purchasers in fee simple, and such deeds are declared to be good and valid for such title as the commissioners had a right to convey. Therefore we the under-igned Commissioners of Huntingdon county, hereby give notice that in pursuance of the aforesaid act of Assembly and supplement thereto, we shall at the Court House, in the borough of Huntingdon, in the county of Huntingdon, on Monday the 11th day of November next, commence the

### PUBLIC SALE

of the following tracts of unseated lands, purchased by the Commissioners of Huntingdon county aforesaid, at the Treasurer's sale of June 1834, and remaining undeeded by the respective owners thereof, and continue such sale by adjournment until all the lands below named are sold, viz:

A. Per.	Warrant names.	Townships.
406 "	Margaret Hunter,	Allegheny,
406 "	James Blackford,	"
97 12	John Chambers,	"
433 163	Jesse Wolf,	Antes,
152 "	Alexander M'Hatton,	"
433 163	Patrick White,	"
433 163	Jesse Rex,	"
433 163	Martin B'reland,	"
433 163	Patrick Bush,	"
433 163	Jesse Bush,	"
433 163	Patrick Davis,	Antes,
433 163	Jesse Peters,	"
433 163	Jesse Wells,	"
400	Samuel Marshall,	Barree
400	Robert Caldwell	"
400	Mathew Simpson	"
400	James M'Conne	"
400	Joseph M'Conne	"
400	Samuel Steel,	"
400	John Fulton	"
400	John Galbraith	"
400	John George	"
498 124	Edward Horn	Springfield,
428	Eliza Horn	"
447	James Elder	"
450	James Old	"
415 140	John Paywell	"
450 101	George Ebert	"
50	Peter Cornelius	"
388 94	John Boggs	Tyrone,
431 60	Gabriel Ball	Union,
409 145	Anthony B'll	"
288 18	Amos Laughery	"
501 105	James Coleman	"
591 142	Daniel Bell	"
409 68	John Laughery	"
496 114	Matthew Simpson	"
426 15	Stephen Drury	"
478 31	Andrew Drummond	"
425 53	Peter Shank	"
402 152	John Vandyke	"
400	Samuel Riddle	"
400	Samuel Riddle	"
400	Samuel Riddle	"
300	Samuel Riddle	"
300	Samuel Riddle	"
415 159	John Marshall	"
532	Charles Green	Woodberry

JOHN STEVER,  
PETER SWOOPPE,  
JAMES MOORE,  
Comm'rs. Office, Sept. 24, 1839.

### STRAY COW.

STRAYED away from the premises of the subscriber, living in Gaysport, about the fourth of July last, a Red Cow, with white face, and red rings round her eyes, brindle stripes on her sides, a few more on the right side than on the left.—She is about six or seven years old. A liberal reward will be given to any person that will return her, or give the undersigned information thereof.  
ADAMS M'PHERIN,  
Gaysport, Huntingdon Co., September 12, 1839.

### CLOCKS, WATCHES, & JEWELRY.

THE subscriber has just received a rich assortment of Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, consisting of Eight Day and 30 hour Brass Clocks, Willard Time Pieces; Gold and Silver Levers, English, Quarter and L'Pine Watches; Gold, Fob, & Guard Chains; Gold Seal Fob and Gold Keys; Gold Enamelled and SET Breast Pins and Ring Rings; Silver Table, Tea and Silt Spoons; Sugar Tongs; Silver, and German Silver Butter Knives, Silver Pen-cises, Common and Patent; Pen-Knives, Pocket Books, Steel Chains and Keys; Pocket Pistols, Powder Flasks, Steel Pens, Tooth Brushes, Musical Boxes. Silver Trimbles, open and shut ended; full assortment of Spectacles, of Silver, Steel, and Plated Frames; D'uble and Single Glasses, Spectacle Glasses of all Ages, kept on hand, and put in frames on the shortest notice. The subscriber still continues to repair Clocks, Watches, and Jewelry at his old stand.  
MICHAEL BUOY,  
Huntingdon, September 18, 1839.

### Huntingdon Academy.

An Examination of the Scholars in the Academy, will take place at the close of the present session. The Trustees of the Academy, the Parents and Guardians of the Scholars, and community generally, are respectfully invited to be present. The Examination will commence with the Classical department on Wednesday the 25th inst., at 9 o'clock.  
M. H. MILLER,  
Huntingdon Academy }  
Sept. 19, 1839.

### LIVER COMPLAINT.

Cured by the use of Dr Harlich's Compound Strengthening and German Aperient Pills. Mr. Wm. Richard, Pittsburg, Pa. entirely cured of the above distressing disease. His symptoms were, pain and weight in the left side, loss of appetite, vomiting, acid eructations, a distention of the stomach, sick headache, furred tongue, constipation, changed to a citron color, difficulty of breathing, disturbed rest, attended with a cough, great debility, with other symptoms indicating great derangement of the functions of the liver. Mr. Richard had the advice of several physicians, but received no relief, until using Dr Harlich's medicine, which terminated in effecting a perfect cure.  
Principal Office, 19 North Eight street Philadelphia.  
For sale at Jacob Miller's store Huntingdon Pa.

### RICHS NOT HEALTH.

"Those who enjoy Health, must certainly feel blessed when they compare themselves to those sufferers that have been afflicted for years with various diseases which the human family are all subject to be troubled with.—Diseases present themselves in various forms and from various circumstances, which, in the commencement, may all be checked by the use of Dr. O. P. Harlich's Compound Strengthening and German Aperient Pills, such as Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, Pain in the Side, Rheumatism, General Debility, Female Diseases, and all Disorders, which human nature is subject, where the Stomach is affected. Directions for using these Medicines always accompany them. These Medicines can be taken with perfect safety by the most delicate Female, as they are mild in their operation and pleasant in their effects.  
Principal Office for the United States, No. 19 North Eighth Street, Philadelphia.  
Also for sale at the store of Jacob Miller, who is agent for Huntingdon county.

### VALUABLE REAL PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS will offer at Public Sale on the premises, on Saturday the 16th day of November next, the following valuable real property, situated in West township Huntingdon county Pa. the estate of John Crawford, Esq. dec'd, viz:—  
A TRACT OF LAND containing about 150 acres, surveyed the 6th October 1762, in a warrant in the name of Adam Teronance, dated 3d June A. D. 1762, and patented by patent bearing date the 26th day of January, A. D. 1769. This tract of land is admirably situated and adapted for the purposes of agriculture—being at most level—of a first rate quality of Limestone, and in a high state of cultivation. It is situated in a highly fertile and thickly settled region of country, within sight of the Pennsylvania Canal, by which, easy access and every facility are afforded to an Eastern market; and has erected on it a large and commodious

### Stone Dwelling HOUSE.

A Bank Barn, a tenant house and all other necessary out houses. The contemplated Philadelphia road will terminate in the immediate vicinity of it, and the Holidaysburg and Huntingdon rail road (being a continuation of the Allegheny and Portage rail road), will pass within sight of it.  
ALSO—A TRACT OF WOODLAND containing from 60 to 100 acres, situated within three miles of the former. This land is covered with most excellent Pine and Oak timber, and should be sold with the foregoing tract.  
The title to the foregoing property is indisputable. Terms will be made known on the day of sale, and will be such as will suit purchasers. Possession will be given on the first day of April next.  
Attendance will be given or information furnished by either of the subscribers.  
WILLIAM WALKER,  
JAMES CRAWFORD,  
August 28th 1839.

### PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be offered at public sale on Saturday the 5th day of October next, all that valuable tract of land situated in Tyrone township, on the bank of the little Juniata river, adjoining lands of Lyons Shorb & Co., J. K. McCahan and others, about one mile from Tyrone Forge; containing FIFTY-THREE Acres, and one hundred and twenty perches, with the usual allowance. About twenty acres cleared and under fence, the residue is good timber land,—thereon erected a large two story dwelling house, a frame barn, and a frame filling mill, with other out buildings. There is two excellent springs of limestone water and a good apple orchard thereon. There is also an excellent site for a forge, a grist mill, or a manufacturing establishment of almost any description, with a never failing supply of water throughout the year. There is also the appearance of an abundance of Iron ore thereon; and should the present contemplated rail road be constructed from Huntingdon to Hollidaysburg along the valley of the little Juniata, it will pass immediately through the same. For any further particulars enquire of the subscriber on the premises.  
MOSES ROBESON,  
September 11th, 1839.



CITIZENS of Pennsylvania, you have now before you Dr. PETERS CELEBRATED VEGETABLE PILLS.

These Pills are no longer among those of doubtful utility. They have passed away from the hundreds that are daily launched upon the tide of experiment, and now stand before the public as high in reputation, and as extensively employed in all parts of the U. States, the Canadas, Texas, Mexico, and the West Indies, as any medicine that has ever been prepared for the relief of suffering man. They have been introduced wherever it has been found possible to carry them; and there are but few towns that do not contain some remarkable evidences of their good effects. The certificates that have been presented to the proprietor exceeds twenty thousand upwards of five hundred of which are from regular practicing physicians, who are the most competent judges of their merits.

Often have the cures performed by this medicine been the subject of editorial comment, in various newspapers and journals; and it may with truth be asserted, that no medicine of the kind has ever received testimonials of greater value than are attached to this.  
They are in general use as a family medicine and there are thousands of families who declare they are never satisfied unless they have a supply always on hand. They have no rival in curing and preventing Bilious Fevers, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, Sick Headache, Jaundice, Asthma, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Enlargement of the Spleen, Piles, Cholera, Female Obstructions, Heartburn, Furred Tongue, Nausea, Distension of the Stomach and Bowels, Incipient Diarrhoea, Flatulence, Habitual Costiveness, Loss of Appetite, Blotched or Sallow Complexion and in cases of torpor of the bowels, where a cathartic or aperient is needed. They are exceedingly mild in their operation, producing neither nausea, griping nor debility.

Extract of a letter written by Dr. Francis Bogart, of Providence, R. I. Dec. 17, 1828.—Peters' pills are an excellent aperient and cathartic medicine, those effects being produced by the differences of the quantity taken, and are decided, superior to Lee's, Brandreth's or Morrison's Pills.  
Extract from a letter by Dr Hopson of Bangor, Me. Jan. 9, 1839. They are a peculiarly mild, yet efficient purgative medicine, and produce little, of any griping or nausea. I have prescribed them with much success in sick headache and slight bilious fever.

Extract of a letter by Dr Joseph Williams of Burlington, Vt. July 9, 1837.—I cordially recommend Peters' Pills as a mildly effective, and in no case dangerous, family medicine. They are peculiarly in-cosistent in all the usual diseases of the digestive organs.  
Extract of a letter from Dr E. W. Smith of Montreal, U. C. Sept. 27, 1836—I never knew a single patient medicine that I could put the least confidence in but Dr Peters Vegetable Pills, which are really a valuable discovery. I have no hesitation in having it known that I use them extensively in my practice, for all complaints, (and they are not a few) which have their source in the impurity of the blood.

Extract of a letter from Dr. Dye of Quebec, L. C. March 6, 1837. For bilious fevers, sick head-ache, torpidity of the bowels, and enlargement of the spleen Dr. Peters' Pills are an excellent medicine.  
Extract of a letter from Dr. Gurney N Orleans, La., Oct. 9, 1837; I have received much assistance in my practice; especially in jaundice and yellow fever; from  
BENJAMIN BEERS,  
Cresswell township, Aug. 3th 1839.—51p.

the use of Peters' Pills. I presume that, on an average, I prescribe 100 boxes in a month.

Extract of a letter from Dr. Prichard of Hudson N. Y. June 8, 1836; I was aware that Dr. Peters' was one of the best chemists in the U. States, and felt assured that he would some day (from his intimate knowledge of the properties of herbs and drugs) produce an efficient medicine, and I must acknowledge that his Vegetable Pills fully respond to my expectations. They are indeed a superior medicine, and reflect credit alike upon the Chemist, the Physician, and Philosopher.

Extract of a letter from Dr. Wains of Cincinnati, Feb. 2, 1838; your Pills are the mildest in their operations, and yet most powerful in their effect, of any that I have. There action on the chyle, and hence on the impurities of the blood is evidently very surprising.

Extract of a letter from Dr. Scott of Baltimore, Dec. 17, 1836; I am in the daily habit of prescribing them (Peters' Pills) and they in nearly all cases answer my purposes. I have directed other medicines, some of them very good ones, in their favor.  
Charlotte, N C., June 1, 1837.

Dear Sir: I have frequent use of your Pills in the incipient stage of bilious fever and obstinate consumption of the bowels, also, in the enlargement of the spleen, chronic disease of the liver, sick head-ache general debility, and in all cases have found them to be very effective. J. D Boyd Mecklenburg Co. Va. Feb. 7, 1837.

Having used Dr. Peters' Pills in my practice for the last 13 months, I take pleasure in giving my testimony of their good effects in cases of dyspepsia, sick headache bilious fevers, and other diseases, produced by inactivity of the liver. They are a safe and mild aperient, being the best article of the kind I ever used.  
G. C. Scott M. D.

These much approved and justly celebrated Pills, are for sale by the following agents  
JACOB MILLER, Huntingdon, Pa.  
J. & J. MILLIKEN, Mill Creek, Pa.  
GEO DREHMAN, Waysburg, Miss.

### TAKE NOTICE.

That the claims of Jacob H. Stover, late of Morris township, are due shortly.—Being his agent, I wish prompt payment, or agree to other requirements on that day; or said claims will be left in the hands of another. His orders are peremptory, I will obey them.  
JOHN AURANDT,  
Morris tp. Sept. 11, 1839.

### NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

TAKE notice that I have applied to the Judges of Common Pleas of Huntingdon County, for the benefit of Insolvent Debtors, and the said Court have appointed the 2nd Monday of November next, for the hearing of us and our creditors, at the Court House in the Borough of Huntingdon, when and where they may tend if they think proper.  
KENZEY KEITH.

### TREATMENT.

The principal objects to be kept in view are 1st, to free the stomach and intestines from offending materials, 2d, to improve the tone of the digestive organs, and energy of the system in removing noxious matters from the stomach, and obviating costiveness. Violent drastic purgatives should be avoided and those aperients should be used which act gently, and rather by soliciting the peristaltic motions of the intestines to their regularity of health, than by irritating them to a laborious excitement. There is no medicine better adapted to the completion of this than Dr. O. P. HARLICH'S GERMAN APERIENT PILLS. To improve the functions of the debilitated organs and invigorate the system generally, no medicine has ever been so prominently efficacious as Dr. Harlich's Compound Tonic Strengthening Pills, whose salutary influence in restoring the digestive organs to a healthy action, and re-establishing health and vigor in enfeebled and dyspeptic constitutions; have gained the implicit confidence of the most eminent physicians, and unprecedented public testimonials. Member Dr. Harlich's Compound Tonic Strengthening Pills, they are put up in small packets with full directions.  
Principal office for the United States, is No. 19 North Eighth street Philadelphia, where all communications must be addressed.

Also for sale at the store of Jacob Miller, who is agent for Huntingdon County.

### LIVER COMPLAINT.

Ten years standing, cured by the use of Dr Harlich's Compound Strengthening and German Aperient Pills.  
Mrs Sarah Boyer, wife of William Boyer, North Fourth Street above Callowhill, Philadelphia, entirely cured of the above distressing disease. Her symptoms were, habitual costiveness of the bowels, total loss of appetite, excruciating pain in the side, stomach and back, depression of spirits, extreme debility, could not lie on symptoms inconsistent in all the usual diseases of the digestive organs.  
Mrs. Boyer was attended by several of the first Physicians, but received little relief from their medicine—at last a friend of hers procured a package of Dr. Harlich's Strengthening and German Aperient Pills, which, by the use of one package, induced her to continue with the medicine, which resulted in effecting a permanent cure beyond the expectations of her friends.  
Principal Office for this Medicine is at No 19 North Eighth Street, Philadelphia.  
Also for sale at the store of Jacob Miller, who is agent for Huntingdon county.

### CAUTION.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing a note of hand given to Thomas T. Cromwell, for the sum of thirty dollars, some time last February, payable at six months, as I am determined not to pay it unless compelled by law, as I never received any valuable consideration therefor  
BENJAMIN BEERS,  
Cresswell township, Aug. 3th 1839.—51p.