TRAGEDY IN PHILADELPHIA!

A BANK PRESIDENT SHOT DOWN!!

From the Phila. Journal.

Yesterday afternoon, about half past five o'clock, a most melancholy affair occurred at the St. Lawrence Hotel, in Chestnut street, whereby which Mr. Richard Carter, President of the Anthracite Bank, at Tamaqua, Pa., was instantly killed by balls from a six barreled pistol, in the hands of a man by the name of Thomas Washington Smith. It appears that Mr. Carter arrived in Philadelphia yesterday morning, about eleven o'clock, and entered his name on the books at the St. Lawrence.

About 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, Mr. C. was sitting in the front parlor of the St. Lawrence, on the first floor, and near the table in the same room was sitting Mr. James McCandles, of Allegheny city. Mr. Thomas Smith came into the parlor, and took a seat upon a settee beside Mr. Carter, and commenced a conversation with him in a low voice. The conversation was continued for nearly a half hour, and in so subdued a tone that Mr. McCandles, who was waiting near by, was unable to say anything about the subject of their conversation.

Mr. McCandles' attention was called to the parties by the report of a pistol, and on turning his head, he saw the accused shoot again. (Mr. Carter then got upon his feet, but instantly fell to the floor, when two more shots were fired at him by Smith. The only exclamation made by Carter was, "oh! oh!!" and when persons rushed to his assistance, life had fled. Smith, after firing the pistol, put it in his pocket and pulled out a large bowie knife, some ten or twelve inches in length, and said that he would give himself up to the proper officers of the law.

He then deliberately walked out of the house, and started down Chestnut street, with a moderate pace, followed by Mr. Wm. S. Campbell, one of the proprietors of the St. Lawrence Hotel, and another gentleman. Smith still held the bowie knife in his hand, and when the gentleman with Mr. Campbell, approached him, he (Smith) said that if he (the gentleman) touched him, it would be at the peril of his life. The two followed Smith to Ninth and Chestnut, when Officer Albright, of the Reserve Corps, met them, and Smith pointed out to him. On the approach of the officer Smith at once gave up his weapons, and walked quietly to the Central Office.

The deceased is about 45 years of age, has a wife, but no children, and is highly respected, as far as we could ascertain, by all that were acquainted with him. There are various rumors in reference to the cause of the difficulty, one of which is based upon a statement made by Smith that a ward of Carter's, whom Smith had married, had been unkindly treated by Carter.

THE PRISONER.—Mr. Smith is a man of stout build, swarthy complexion, with black hair and whiskers, about thirty-three years of age.

HIS STATEMENT.—He says that his place of residence is Cecil county, Maryland, that he has an uncle and sister living in Newcastle, Delaware; also, that he has numerous friends in this city; that he some time ago became acquainted with a young lady, who was the inmate of a seminary, in a place which he does not name.—He became deeply attached to her, and learned that she was the ward of Mr. Carter, and an heiress also. He made the acquaintance of the deceased, who fully gave him permission to marry the girl, corroborating her story at the same time in every particular. They were shortly afterwards married, when he (the prisoner) took his wife to his home in Maryland. Four months afterwards, he states, she gave birth to a child, the paternity of which she, after much solicitation, acknowledged to be attributable to the deceased. He also alleges, that while this girl was at school as his adopted daughter, under the professed protection of Mr. C., there was an improper intimacy between them, and that the child belonged to Mr. C. He also learned that there had been illicit intercourse between his wife and Mr. C. since their marriage on more than one occasion, and having been cruelly deceived by a man in whom he had the utmost confidence, and smarting under the wrongs to which he had been subjected, he *determined upon vengeance*. He expressed no regrets or fears of the responsibility incurred by the perpetration of such a terrible deed. He states that, in their conversation yesterday, he asked Mr. Carter to take some measures to blot out his (the prisoner's) disgrace; that the deceased told him it was no disgrace, and that he himself intended soon to visit the prisoner's sister. This Smith considered as unendurable, and shot him upon the spot.

HE SENDS FOR HIS COUNSEL.—He expressed a desire that H. C. Townsend, Esq., should be sent for, as he had consulted him upon the subject. Another legal gentleman, who was in the office during the investigation, said the deceased had called upon him a few days ago, and consulted him in regard to a divorce. He did not think at their interview that Smith had the remotest idea of committing a murder.

SMYTH AT MOYAMENSING.—After he was placed in a cell in Moyamensing prison he thanked the officers for their kindness to him, and said to officer Albright that he should accept the revolver from him as a present for his gentlemanly conduct, and for protecting him from the crowd. He also told Lieut. Dickhart to take the bowie knife.

STATEMENT OF THE PROPRIETOR OF THE MADISON HOUSE.—Smith has been staying at his house about two weeks; that he was moody and abstracted in manner and incoherent in conversation; that he went about the house as though deranged, avoiding the society of every one.

STATEMENT OF A CLERGYMAN.—Our reporter met a clergyman this morning, who stated that he had known Carter for upwards of twenty years, that his antecedents were very bad; some years ago he was involved in a seduction case, but the idea had been entertained that he had become the subject of a marked reformation.—Several years ago, the father of Elizabeth McAuley entered into partnership with Carter, in the iron business, at Berwick, where they had a furnace and several mines; subsequently, by means of fire, Mr. McAuley was reduced to penury.—Miss McAuley was an attractive young lady, and manifested decided aptitude for learning. Accordingly, Mr. Carter took a great interest in her welfare, and said that it would be a great sacrifice to society if such an intelligent young lady should pass through life without an appropriate education. He professed to adopt her, so as to relieve her father of so heavy a responsibility, but it was generally suspected that the transaction was bogus and a work of deceit. Carter sent her to a school at Wilmington, were Miss Smith, the sister of the unfortunate prisoner, is engaged as a teacher. From this institution she was in the habit of coming of Philadelphia, and staying at the Girard House, and other leading hotels, for several days, during which time she was under the special control of her adopted father, Mr. Carter. Suspicion was awakened by these movements. It is also stated that Carter and his adopted daughter travelled in company to different portions of the country.

It is supposed that Mr. Smith became intimate with Miss McAuley at the school in Wilmington, while on a visit to his sister, who is a most estimable lady, and to whom Smith was greatly attached. As regards Smith's character, it is said to be stainless. When very young he lost his father, who disappeared very mysteriously, and was never heard of since. It was clear, shortly after this event, that Smith's mind had become unbottled. His transactions have a whimsical aspect; he changed from one business to another, and was peculiarly eccentric in his general habits.

The event of his marriage, no doubt, contributed to his mental embarrassment, and revenge lurked in his bosom ever since he discovered the treachery of Carter. What has transpired at the St. Lawrence Hotel was but an act of the drama, which, changing its usual tragedy, has been long anticipated by those conversant of the whole circumstances of the case, and who were acquainted with the parties.

The reason assigned for the attack, for the course pursued by Mr. Smith, is that he supposed Mr Carter of dishonorable intentions towards his (Smith's) sister, and not on account of any

SHOCKING DEATH.

Death of Smith's Victim to Mob Violence.

We called upon a gentleman who, as we had been informed, knew something of the antecedents of Mr. Carter, but he refused to communicate, said with that he never heard of Mr. C. having been involved in any seduction case previously. As his relations with Mr. C. were probably of a business character, it is quite likely that he might be in happy ignorance of any such accusation, relative to his conduct.

The body of the deceased was taken in charge by an undertaker last night, and conveyed to his late residence at Tamaqua this afternoon.

There is considerable gossip afloat in relation to all the parties concerned, but we forbear paying any heed thereto.

A LITTLE FABLE FOR LITTLE MINDS.—There is a long, dull, hard season ahead, and every dollar that the poor new bodies will be worth two, by and by, if they should keep it so long. Everything that you do not absolutely need in these times is dear at any price, and touching this we have a fable to relate:

Once upon a time, a young female squirrel went to housekeeping in a hole in the crotch of the big elm tree which feeds off from our dwelling the results of the sun during the summer solstice. It was late in the fall of the year, and winter was close at hand, and a hard and long winter the oldest and more experienced squirrels knew it was going to be. They raked and scraped together all the nuts they could get and stowed them away in their respective tenements for further use; and still they thought they had not enough, for they foresaw short commons in the spring. Some of the more crafty, who had a stock of hazelnuts (esteemed a delicacy by the squirrel race) and a few kernels of corn which they had imported from our barn, without paying for it, offered them for sale to their less considerate brethren in exchange for butternuts, walnuts, and acorns; but as more corn could be obtained only at the expense of being shot by the farmer's boy, who was fond of squirrels too (squirrel stew) and the hazel bushes were bare, these luxuries ought to command, they said, high prices. However, as the times were hard, "they would be sold at a sacrifice," say one beautiful hazelnut for a dozen common acorns, two charming kernels of corn for four ordinary walnuts, and other things at the same low rates. The young squirrel, who had just gone to housekeeping, with a tolerable good supply of the common necessaries of life, thought she had never heard of "bargains" so tempting before, and, notwithstanding that her aged mother besought her to save her provisions for future need, she exchanged half of her winter's supply for a handful of the superfluities. She had enough, she thought, of everything now, and prided her self vastly upon her smart trading! Long before spring, however, all her provisions were gone, and when the grass was green again she was thankful to nibble it to save herself from starvation.

EUROPEAN OUTRAGES IN INDIA.—The following, from the Calcutta correspondence of the *London Daily News*, will show that the atrocities in India are not wholly confined to the Sepoys:

"Europeans in different parts of the country have set all discipline at defiance, and committed great atrocities. *At Dinapore a party of the Queen's 10th* broke out at night and bayoneted in their beds, eleven Sepoys—a portion of those who had remained faithful to their salt—and two women; there is no doubt they would have murdered the whole of them, but the shrieks and groans of their victims raised an alarm, and the butchery was stopped. An inquiry into the matter has ended very unsatisfactorily. In a general order, Gen. Outram has declared it certain that the murderers were of the 10th; but the evidence as to the actual parties was so unsatisfactory that no one has been convicted.—This is not all; General Wilson, commanding before Delhi, has intimated his knowledge of many murders having been committed upon camp followers and other innocent persons by men belonging to his force, and his full determination to carry out the sentence of any court-martial that may come before him. At Mhow a party of European artillerymen have plundered the treasury, and committed other atrocities of which we have not the details. All this is very bad, and will not be put a stop to until some signal examples are made. The executions that have taken place in various parts of the country have been so indiscriminate that the Governor General in Council has issued a minute putting a check upon them, and prescribing a certain course of proceeding."

A JEFFERSON COUNTY STORY.—The Cleveland *Herald* tells the following incident:

"In the depths of a hard winter's night in Northern New York, a gentleman heard a noise at his big wood pile, and sallying forth found a man just leaving, dragging a sled on which was a few sticks purloined from the pile. The thief was overtaken and begged for mercy, averring that his family were freezing. "Come back, you rascal, with that sled," said the owner of the wood; and the culprit dragged it back to the pile, and began to unload, "Stop that, you rascal, and put on a sled full!" said the owner; and after piling the wood on the sled to its full capacity, added: "Now pull, pull, you scamp!"—The culprit could barely start the load, but by the application of a switch and an oath or two from the rough but good hearted owner of the pile, the load was got under weigh, and for half a mile, with snow knee deep, was the culprit forced to a dog trot, until he reached the door of his fireless cabin, ready to drop down from the labor of hauling the load. "There," said the owner, "you d—d scoundrel! I'll teach you to steal my wood; next time, ask me for wood." That was justice tempered with mercy"

—How this incident takes us back to boyhoood! It is truthful as far as it goes, but why did not the *Herald* tell the whole story? The pursy and *choleric old* gentleman mentioned lived on Arsenal street, (didn't he?) and when that sled-load was discharged he made the poor man steal another from the wood pile of his neighbor, Sam B——y, saying that turn and turn about was fair play.—*Buff. Com.*

☞ The murder of Addline Bavor, at Mobrsville, is as much a mystery as ever. The Reading *Journal* of Saturday says that the reward of $500 offered by the county commissioners has stimulated the police to increased exertion, but up to the present, not the slightest clue calculated to lead to the detection of the guilty parties has been obtained. In the early part of the week information was telegraphed to this city, from Phœnixville, that an individual at that place was suspected; but, although a searching examination was had, the evidence was not sufficient to warrant his detention. All the suspected parties, it is said, have satisfactorily accounted for their whereabouts during the time the deed was supposed to have been committed, and particularly during the night when the body was conveyed to its hiding place. We understand that the officers are still on the alert, and it is probable that the mystery will yet be elucidated. The excitement in the vicinity of the tragedy still continues with little or no abatement.

☞ An inveterate coffee drinker, two days after his marriage, on a visit to his parents, was as usual handed a cup of the delicious beverage, and astonished the table by expressing his preference for tea.

Wondering what could have produced the sudden antipathy, his anxious mamma inquired the cause.

He replied, "Why it kept me awake the last two nights."

Such an eloquent reply set the table in a roar.

☞ A Sailor dropped out of the rigging of a ship of war, some fifteen or twenty feet, and fell plump on the head of the first Lieutenant.

"Wretch!" said the officer, after he had gathered himself up, "where the devil did you come from?"

"From the north of Ireland, yer honor," answered Jack.

New Mexico.

From the Washington Star.

The Indian Bureau has received despatches from its agent in New Mexico, which we regret we are unwilling to spread before the Star's readers to-day. They embrace a paper from Agent Steck, concerning the present *status* of the Apaches and other New Mexican Indians, who, in a council with him, earnestly sue for peace, the Apaches denying the allegation that they are responsible for the depredations laid at their door.

In his last annual report he took occasion to express doubts as to the truth of much of that allegation, and he is now more than ever confirmed in the belief of its falsity, in part. However, the interesting details of the information he sends show that the Apaches have of late strenuously exerted their influence with their confederate tribes to put an end to the war the United States have been waging upon them of late, by procuring them to unite in the necessary guarantees of future good behavior. The late campaigns of our troops against them have brought them to reason, by teaching them that when thoroughly roused, the Government of the United States can sweep them off the face of the earth with almost as much ease as they burn the dry grass off the prairies. They are evidently humbled, and the prospect now is that they will not soon again give trouble.

The despatches in question also embrace notes from Col Bonneville, the result of the observations of that acute officer made during his late four months tour in and around the valley of the Gila, which he represents as being the most fruitful and beautiful territory he ever saw; and he has probably seen and carefully observed more of the characteristics of the unsettled portions of our vast national domain than any other man living. It is of a great extent, and combines for agricultural and pastoral purposes more advantages—except that of communication with the outside great centres of commerce—than any other region of the United States. In fact, according to Col B, it is a perfect fairy land or paradise, as it were.

We judge from the details of his communication that he has already established such temporary posts in and around it as will enable our enterprising frontier men to make its remarkable advantages speedily well known to the country at large.

This beautiful territory, or at least that portion of it laying on the south side of the Gila river, was acquired by the United States through the Gadsden purchase, the rest by the treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo; and either section, judging from Colonel B's enthusiastic description, is likely to be worth to the Union at large, more than was paid in actual money for both. It is emphatically the region most likely to be settled up next. We have already spread before the Star's readers, by the by, many of Col. B's descriptive details in publishing previous accounts of his military operations in that quarter.

NO SOUL.—A well known Western judge, who was so unfortunate as to stutter somewhat, in effecting the settlement of an account with a parsimonious neighbor, found it impossible to make change within *three cents*. Some days after, while the Judge was on the Bench, in the midst of a very important case, the avaricious man, whose brains could not rest while the three cents were absent from his pocket, appeared in the court room and unceremoniously desired the Judge to grant him an interview. The Judge arrested the progress of the case, and addressing the counsel, said apologetically, "St stop af ff few moments, p p please, till I speak to my neighbor p-p-P." He therefore descended from the bench, and accompanied P. to a private room, where, as he expected, he received a demand for the delinquent three cents. He paid it, demanded a receipt, and returned to the courtroom, convulsing every one present by the remark: "Th they pass-say that at th the m moment any one d dies another is b b born, and th the soul of th the one th that d dies gog gog goes into th the b b body of th the one that's b b born. Now, when a neighbor p p p P. was b born, non non non nobody d died."—*Cyclopedia of Wit and Humor.*

☞ Some three or four weeks ago, a family came to New Albany, Indiana, from Ohio, bringing with them an infant child. The mother and child took sick with the typhoid fever, and the child died. The father went to several coffin makers to procure a coffin, but not succeeding, got a shoe box, carried it home, filled it partly with shucks, spread a cloth over these, and in the shoe box placed the child. This done, he took the box under his arm, carried it to the grave yard, and deposited his earthly hope, almost silently and alone. This is rather a hard case, and in a Christian community, too—a community rejoicing in a Young Men's Christain Union, and about twenty churches, where monthly contributions are taken for the *heathen*.

☞ One of the Albany State street hard ware stores boasts of two clerks who are sons of ex Governors. One is the son of ex-Governor Seward, of New York, and the other of ex Governor Gibbs, a down east Governor. On Tuesday, Seward bet Gibbs five dollars that he did not dare to start out bareheaded and in his shirt sleeves, and carry a scuttle of coal around the block in eight minutes. Gibbs took up the bet and propelled. Seward followed after, and, by starting a cry of "stop thief," undertook to get Gibbs dragged to the station house, and thus win the bet by stratagem. It was no go, however: Gibbs put on steam, rolled up his trowsers and won the race by a neck.

FRIGHTFULLY MYSTERIOUS.—A gentleman sojourning at a fashionable watering-place hotel, who roomed next to two young ladies, overheard the following conversation one morning, recently:

"My dear, I cannot find my bones; and how can I go to breakfast? I shall look as if I had fallen to pieces."

"I will lend you my skeleton, dear, if it will fit you."

"Oh, thank you—how kind—yes, exactly."

Only one young lady appeared at breakfast. What was the condition of the one who lent her skeleton?

☞ A respectable looking young man, calling himself George Bradley, arrived at Chambersburg, Pa., on Friday, the 24th ult., and walking into the jewelry store of John Hutton, unseen picked up several watches, valued at $386, and made off, but was pursued and arrested. On Monday he was tried, convicted, and sent to the penitentiary for twenty-one months. He stated that he had a family in Pittsburg, but that he was formerly a clerk in the commission house of Messrs. Bingham & Co., of Baltimore.

Harper Bros. contemplate an early resumption of payments in full.

Another meeting of the stock and bond holders of the Erie Road was held last night, at which resolutions were adopted to the effect that a Convention cosisting of two directors and one executive officer of the New York and Erie, N. Y. Central Baltimore & Ohio, Pennsylvania and Hudson Rail Road Companies shall be held early in December, to confer on the practicability of abolishing the competition existing between their roads, and increasing the present rates for freight and passengers.

GEORGE GREY. E. GRIFFIN.

House and Sign Painting.

THE subscribers would adopt this method of informing their friends and the public generally that they have commenced the business of House & Sign Painting, Glazing and Paper Hanging, on 7th Street, between State and Peach, in the shop formerly occupied by James Cummins, where they are prepared to receive and promptly execute all orders in their line. Intending to devote their whole time to the business, combined in which, they have been engaged in it many years, they trust they may merit a share of work and secure a liberal share of public patronage. Confident of their ability to render satisfactory execution, they solicit a trial.

GEORGE GREY, E. GRIFFIN.

Erie, March 24, 1857.—tf.

Cart Loads of School Books.

OF all kinds and descriptions, for all ages, sexes and colors, in Spelling, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, and Pocket and Cap for sale by

June 1, 1857. J. M. LINTS, Park Row Bookstore.

LUMBER ON HAND.—200 pieces Scantling, 20 feet long, 4 by 4 inches.

STEWART & SINCLAIR.

MAPLE FLOORING, in 2 foot lengths.

STEWART & SINCLAIR.

MACKEREL—Mackerel, consisting Shad, Salmon and Speckled Trout, for sale by

July 21, 1857. S. LOGAN.

PLASTER AND COAL DEPOT.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the general patronage, which the patronage of his predecessor, Lyman Lord, heretofore given him, would respectfully intimate that he will keep constantly on hand

Plaster in Bulk or Barrel,

of the best quality, at the Fairmount or Canal Mills, or at his Coal Yard on Eighth Street, east of King's Malt House. Farmers, now is the time to

DOUBLE YOUR CROPS,

by using plenty of this fertilizing agent. It will pay your name back with large profits. Also the best

Blacksmith or House Coal!

kept constantly on hand: warranted to give satisfaction, or money refunded, and pay for all trouble on return of the coal. The position for a Coal Yard is the very best in the city; being on a level with the town, there is no long and steep hill to encounter in hauling.

ghth Street and the Canal,

East of King's Malt House,

Is the place to buy your Coal, where you can have it weighed on a pair of Fairbank's Hay Scales, and save one Handling.

BROOKFIELD & MANNING'S

Coals Kept, and no other, which are the best in the market. GIVE US A CALL. Orders can be sent through the Post Office, or to the Coal Office of

Erie, March 1, 1857.—ly. 46 V. M. THOMPSON.

SPRING AND SUMMER STYLES OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

NOW OPENING

At No. 2, Reed's Block, State Street, Erie, Pa.

S. Z. SMITH

is now Receiving a Large and well selected Stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES!

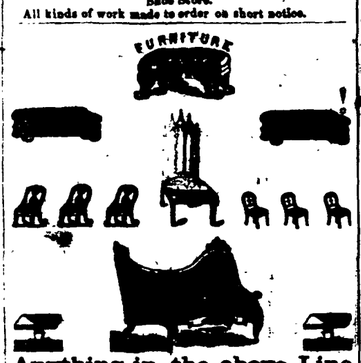
Direct from Eastern Manufacturies, which will be sold as low as at any establishment in this city.

His Stock consists of

LADY'S CONGRESS GAITERS, PLAIN AND FOXED! SLIPS, TIES AND BOSKINS, WEBSTER TIES!

Gents, Patent Leather, Calf, Opera and Congress Gaiter, Oxford Ties, Slips, &c. Men's, Boys, and Youths, Calf, Kip and Stage Boots, Children's Shoes, of every description, together with every usually kept in a Boot and Shoe Store.

All kinds of work made to order on short notice.



Anything in the above Line

CAN BE FOUND AT

J. WILLIAMS'

NEW FURNITURE WARE ROOM.

No. 4, Reynolds Block, State Street,

Directly opposite the Furnace of Liddell, Kepler & Co.,

Erie, Pa.

CASH FOR LUMBER.

THE Subscriber is opening up a new Yard on Sixth street, a few rods East of the Public Square, where he will receive and pay the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE, for the following kinds of Lumber, delivered at his Yard or Dock:

¾ inch Whitewood Board,	12 feet long.
4-4 do do	12 do
1¼ do do Chair Plank	12 do
2, 2½, 3 & 4 inch Whitewood Thick Plank,	12 do
4 by 5, 6 by 6 7 by 7, and 8 by 8 Whitewood Columns,	12 do.
1, 1¼, 1 ½ & 2½, 3 & 4 inch White Ash, 10 to 18	do
¾ inch Cherry Boards 12 in. and upwards, 8	do
4-4 inch Cherry Boards,	12 do
5 & and 6-4 inch Sycamore Boards,	
4-4 and 1¼ inch Black Walnut Boards.	
Pine, Clear and Second quality Boards.	
1000,000 16¼ inch Pine Shingles, good thickness.	

Office, at Selden's Hardware Store, Erie, Pa.

Erie, Feb. 25, 1857. WILLIAM SANBORN.

25 WITNESSES;

OR, THE

FORGER CONVICTED.

JOHN S. DYE IS THE AUTHOR,

Who has had 10 years experience as a Banker, and Publisher, and Author of

A series of Lectures at the Broadway Tabernacle when, for 10 successive nights, over

☞ 50,000 People ☜

Greeted him with Rounds of Applause, while he exhibited the manner in which Counterfeiters execute their Frauds, and the Surest and Shortest Means of Detecting them!

The Bank Note Engravers all say that he is the greatest Judge of Paper Money Living.

GREATEST DISCOVERY OF THE PRESENT CENTURY FOR

DETECTING COUNTERFEIT BANK NOTES

Describing Every Genuine Bill in Existence, and Exhibiting at a glance every Counterfeit in Circulation!! Arranged so admirably, that REFERENCE is EASY and DETECTION INSTANTANEOUS.

☞ No index to examine! No pages to hunt up! But so simplified and and arranged, that the Merchant, Banker & Business Man can see *all at a Glance.*

English, French and German.

Thus Each may read the same in his own Native Tongue.

Most Perfect Bank Note List Published.

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All the Private Bankers in America.

A Complete Summary of the FINANCE OF EUROPE AND AMERICA will be published in each edition, together with all the important NEWS OF THE DAY. Also A SERIES OF TALES From an old Manuscript found in the East. It furnishes the Most Complete History of

ORIENTAL LIFE

Describing the Most Perplexing Positions in which the Ladies and Gentlemen of that Country have been so often found. These Stories will continue throughout the whole year, and will prove the Most Entertaining ever offered to the Public.

☞ Furnished Weekly to Subscribers only, at $1 a year.—All letters must be addressed to

JOHN S. DYE, Broker,

1y60 Publisher and Proprietor, 70 Wall Street, New York.

One Dollar a Year. Circulation, over 100,000 Copies Weekly.

Metalic Paint.

WE offer for sale a large quantity of this Paint, manufactured by the Presque Isle Paint Works. Persons using any paint other than white, will find this the most durable and cheapest they can use, as it surpasses in Body, Depth and Richness of Shade any colored Paint in use. The following variety of color enables us to suit the taste of all:—

Black, Umber,
Orange Drab, Dark Brown,
Olive Brown, Wine Color.

Erie, May 20, 1857. STEWART & SINCLAIR.

Lumber Wanted.

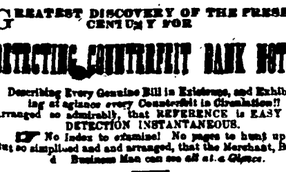
WE will pay the highest market price in Cash for

50,000 feet Ash,	1¼ thick	10 feet long	
50,000 " "	1¼ "	12 " "	
50,000 " "	1¼ "	14 " "	
50,000 " White Oak,	1¼ "	12 " "	
50,000 " "	1¼ "	14 " "	

Sound dressed from thick, tough and straight rifted logs. Also, for 50,000 feet of straight rifted and tough White Oak and Hickory logs, 18, 12 and 14 feet long delivered at our yard in Erie.

Erie, Feb. 16, 1857. SELDEN & LARRABEE.

Steam Sash, Blind and Door Manufactory.



JAMES CROOK & Co.

BUILDERS and Manufacturers of Blind, Sash and Doors Peach st. between 6th and 5th streets Erie Pa.

All kinds of finished Lumber taken in exchange for work. Any quantity of clear seasoned Pine Lumber wanted for which the highest market price will be paid in cash.

JAMES P. CROOK, WM. K. BELL,
L. S. MOORE, SAM'L M. LYTLE,
Erie, Feb. 26, 1857. RICHARD PETERS.

Lumber Yard Removed!

THE Subscriber has removed his Lumber Yard to the foot of French Street,—East of James' Dock, where he is prepared to pay the highest market price in CASH for the following kinds of Lumber:

¾ in. White Wood Boards,	10 & 12 ft. long,
1¼ " " Chair Plank,	" " "
4X4, 6X4, 7X7, 8X8, White Wood Columns,	10 & 12 ft. l.
¾ in. Sycamore Boards,	10 & 12 feet long,
4-4 " " "	12 & 15 inches wide, 10 & 12 feet long,
4-4 Cherry Boards,	10 & 12 feet long,
4-4 inch White Wood Board,	10 & 12 feet long,
1 & 1¼ in. thick " " Chair Plank,	" " "
¾, 1¼, 1½, 2, 2½, 3 & 4 in. thick Ash,	10, 12, 14, 16, and 18 feet long.

Erie, Jan. 17, 1857. E. L. MARSH.

SCHOOL BOOKS.

Park Row Book Store.

A VERY large stock for Wholesale and Retail Trade, of every kind, just received and for sale cheaper than ever, by

May 2, 1857. J. J. LINTS.

ENGRAVING.

THE subscriber is prepared to execute all kinds of DRAWING and ENGRAVING ON WOOD promptly, and upon the most reasonable terms. Sign boards, views of buildings, Machinery, Implements, Furniture, Cards, Seals, Stamps, Alphabets, Monograms, on wood, brass or stone. Orders unlimited.

Tioga, April 24, 1857.—ly. 49. N. S. PRITT.

LAW BOOKS.

AT PARK ROW BOOK STORE

1 SARGEANT'S PENNSYLVANIA REPORTS.
Binding Reports, Wheaton's Digest of Law,
Wharton's Digest, Wharton's Conflict of Law,
Pennsylvania Digest, Miller & Brown's Law Law,
Gordon's Digest, Brightly's Equity.

Erie, June 4, 1857.

BURTON'S IMPROVED

NERVE & BONE

Liniment.

This preparation stands the Universal premium on the ground of its wonderful and unrivalled efficacy, whether used for man or beast, for whatever ailment it is a perfect anodyne and antidote to pain, operating almost instantly upon the entire nervous system; it is powerfully penetrating even to the very bone; it relaxes contracted muscles and restores them to their wonted power; it has proved itself in all cases that require an *external remedy*—such as Rheumatism, *both chronic and acute, Sprains and Bruises, of all kinds, Pains and Weakness in the back, side and limbs, Cramps and sore throat, also, for children, burns, scalds, wounds or cuts.* Many important cures have been performed with the use of this Liniment on Horses—all swellings and inflammations, lameness, recent spavins, scurvy, pulled necks and shoulders, &c., &c.—and all other diseases in which a Liniment can be beneficial.

It is but a short time since this remedy was first introduced to the notice of the public, and in that short time it has gained a reputation that few equals it [illegible] of universal Remedy.

It is not, however, the Proprietors design to invite unmerited praise upon their Liniment; nor do they intend to deceive the public in assigning to that Remedy properties which it does not truly possess. It has received, wherever it has been introduced, the unqualified approbation of all classes, and needs only to be used to prove to every person that it possesses all the virtues attributed to it.

The Proprietors of this Liniment might add many testimonials to its good qualities, but think it unnecessary, as it has already established its reputation, wherever known, and needs therefore nothing of the sort. Those who are not acquainted with it they ask to "try it"—the price is only twenty-five cents—the experiment will cost nothing of importance, and if it does any good, [illegible]

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail by

CLARK & BALDWIN,

(Successors to J. H. Barber & Co.)

Wholesale and Retail Druggists, No. 1, Reed House, Erie.

☞ ABOVE LINIMENT WARRANTED TO BE EQUAL TO ANY LINIMENT NOW IS USE AND IS SOLD AT A LESS PRICE.

☞ Sold by all Druggists and dealers in medicines.

Erie, Jan. 17, 1857. 26-1y.

Erie City Carriage Manufactory.

Messrs. YALE & BREESE

WOULD respectfully announce to their friends and the public generally, that they have leased the establishment formerly occupied by F. Wittich, on State street, near Strand & Co's. Furnace and have now on hand a larger and better assortment of all kinds of

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &c.

than ever before, which, for style, durability and elegance of finish, are superior to anything heretofore offered in this city.

They employ none of the best workmen in their long established business, but all of this, and of the best quality of work.

THE BEST MATERIAL of all kinds that can be had are put into all their work. Repairing of all kinds including

PAINTING AND TRIMMING,

done on short notice and reasonable terms.

☞ Persons sending orders may rest assured of having them executed to their entire satisfaction, and finished in every particular as well as if they attended in person. Those wishing neat and durable work will find it to their advantage to give them a call.

Erie, May 13, 1856.

Jewelry, Watches, Yankee Notions.

HOLLISTER & CASE would respectfully beg leave to return their sincere thanks to their friends and the public in general, for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them, and would also inform their customers that they are now prepared to offer greater inducements than ever, in the shape of WATCHES, Gold and Silver Patent Lever, do., Anchor do., Cylinder do., in JEWELRY our stock consists of a full variety of Breastpins, Ear Drops, Finger Rings, Gents. Pins, Keys, Lockets Gold Chains, Fob do. Thimbles, Pencil Cases, Bracelets; Spectacles Gold Pens, &c., &c., in short of

SILVER WARE

we defy competition, and to those who purchase Silver Ware of our travelling agents, stamped "J. Hollister's pure coin," we guarantee the same to be pure as *dollars!*

To Merchants and Pedlars we can offer as well selected a stock of Yankee Notions Jewelry as can be found west of New York city, and at prices that can't be beat. Engraving and Watch repairing done in the neatest possible manner. The subscribers will also give employment to twenty-five young men of good business habits to sell goods from Trunks.

HOLLISTER & CASE.

August 2, H. P. Stockton's Old Stand, Park Row, Erie, Pa.

N. MURPHY.

AT THE OLD STAND!!

Between Brown's Hotel and Reed House.

HAVING on hand a large and complete assortment of Hats and Fur making goods, I present your notice the latest Styles of Cox Cook Sto vas, the CENTURION and GOVERNOR, of entirely a new principal which can not be excelled. Reversing the damper, totally excludes the entire heat from the Oven, which has been an objection to the Revolving Oven Stove. The style of ornament is fine and beautiful. The casting equal to any in market.

The largest and best assortment of Cook and Parlor Stoves West of New York.

Constantly on hand, among which are the Self-Regulators, three sizes, Brilliant, Parlors, and Violet open Parlor Stoves.—Also the Rainy, Oil Stoves, the Lady Franklin, and Gothic Heat Stoves.—For Wood, the Cottage, the Rubian and other Parlor Stoves, two patterns of Heating Stoves, the Heating Stove, the Royal Oak, the Royal Cook, the Empire City and Sleigh Warrior. Low Oven Stoves, also the Vestal, Parlor Cook and Fanny Fern.

I would call your attention to my stock of Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware. Also, a large assortment of Cutlery, Ivory Ebony and Wood Handled Table and Dessert Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Shears, Scissors, &c., &c. Brittania Table Castors and Teapots.—Also, Tea and Table Spoons, Brass, Copper, Porcelain and Enamel Kettles, of a variety of all descriptions. Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Pump Chains, Tubing, Stove Pipe and Elbows on hand at all times. Also, the largest and best assortment of Japan Ware in market.—Also Lanterns, Tea Trays, Coffee Mills, Corn Peppers, Salves, Chopping Knives, Flat Irons, Shovels and Tongs, Ivory, Coal Hods, Washboards, Meat Cutters and Sausage Stuffers. Jobbing done on the shortest notice. Copper, Brass, Pewter and Rags taken in exchange for goods.

Please call and examine my stock, and satisfy yourselves.

Erie Oct. 4th, 1856. Yours N. MURPHY.

FARMER'S HOTEL,

ERIE, PA.

J. J. Duncan, Proprietor.

THIS Establishment has just been most thoroughly cleansed REFITTED AND REFURNISHED, and the Proprietor respectfully solicits a call from his friends and the travelling public generally, feeling assured that he can give the utmost satisfaction. Charges moderate.

Erie, Aug. 1, 1856. 12tf

COME TO THE RESCUE EVERY BODY!!

COME!

IT is scarcely necessary to say that our entire stock of Goods were consumed by the late fire in this city, and we were almost discouraged from attempting business again; but through the encouragement given by kind friends, and the solicitation of our many old customers, we have been induced to try once more, hoping for better luck next time. We would therefore say to the public that we have just opened at No. 2, Reed House, an entire

New and Fresh Stock of Groceries,

and intend keeping every thing on hand, which we will sell cheap for ready pay, and respectfully solicit the sympathies of a generous public in extending to us a share of their patronage with a view in that way of restoring a portion of our late and heavy loss.

Erie, April 4, 1857. J. JOHNSTON & BRO.

N. B.—Don't forget the place, *No. 2, Reed House.*

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made to the next Legislature of Pennsylvania, for the charter of a Bank, to be called "The North Pennsylvania Bank," with a capital of Two Hundred and Fifty thousand dollars, with general banking privileges, located in the city of Erie, Pa.

June 8, 1857. 4-6m M. COURTRIGHT, WM. C. CURRY.

[Please, Harrisburg, insert the above 6 m; and send bill to this office.]

PAPER HANGINGS,

NEW STYLES FOR SPRING OF 1857.

HAVING just received a large lot of Paper Hangings, I would invite the attention of my old customers to some new and very desirable styles of my own *importation direct from France*, for sale at low prices by J. C. SELDEN.

Erie, April 18, 1857.

Look Here!

THE subscriber would inform the public that he has removed to the corner of Eighth and State Streets, where he may be found with Groceries, Fruits, and then "Bang-up" Pies. In expectation of the "good time coming"—that is, the Sunbury and Erie Railroad—he is about to replenish his platter with the "finest and best," and earnestly desires "every body and every body's child," of give him a call.

H. BALDWIN.

Erie: April 3.

Zinc Paint.

ONE TON PENN'A and LEHIGH just received.

July 11. STEWART & SINCLAIR.

Notice—Notice.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce to his friends and the Public generally, that he has resumed the practice of Medicine and Surgery, and having associated with him in the *General Drug Business*, Doct. F. C. HAWEY of Yates Co., N. Y., will attend punctually to all calls in the line of his profession.—Office in Williams, & Hawleys new Drug Store.

Warsaw, Pa., July 4, 1856.—6-tf. W. B. WILLIAMS, M. D.

HAMS.—A very choice article of Cincinnati Sugar Cured Canvassed Hams, now opening and for sale at

Erie, May 30, 1857. HANSON'S.

JUST RECEIVED and for sale, a general assortment of Wood and Willow Ware, comprising Tubs, Pails, Market Baskets, &c., &c., at J. JOHNSTON & BRO'S.

5 HAMS—Cincinnati sugar cured hams on hand at No. 1 Bonsell Block and for sale by J. SCARTER.

SMOKED SHOULDERS.—A quantity just receiving from the south of very nice sweet fat Shoulders, cheaper than Pork at

Erie, May 20, 1