Government. Now they control none. Then [illegible] these eleven slaveholding States and one non slaveholding. Now there are sixteen free and fifteen slave States, with six or seven Territories to come in as free States; then we shall have twenty two free States and fifteen slave States, Kansas disputed, and with the right in Texas of making two slave States. Surely there is nothing in this picture to alarm the Senator from Ohio, as an element of political power he certainly does not fear it. The Northern States have an ascendency in both branches of Congress and in the Electoral College. Where, then, shall we look for aggression? Is it in territorial acquisition. Certainly not. When our independence was established, the States north of Mason & Dixon's line, (as shown by the Senator from Alabama, (Mr. Clay,) in his speech made during the last winter,) possessed an area of but one hundred and sixty four thousand square miles, and those south of the same line an area of six hundred and forty seven thousand square miles. Now, the slaveholding States possesses an area of eight hundred and eighty two thousand square miles, and the free States, with the Territories inevitably to become free States, an area of over one million seven hundred thousand square miles. Surely the Senator and his party cannot be alarmed at such aggression as this. And yet this charge of aggression was a constant and fruitful subject of discussion for the Republican party during the late campaign

The fugitive slave law was another. The law was talked of, even by men of position in society, as though it had no constitutional authority—as though it were the mere act of Congress—and that by its agency alone slaves were reclaimed They knew better, Mr President. They knew that the law on this subject is nothing—the Constitution everything The law gives no man the right to his fugitive slave The Constitution has done this, and the Supreme Court of the United States has so decided; and the law is but the execution of the constitutional provision. Therefore, those who rail against the law rail against the Constitution; and those who reject any portion of that instrument repudiate all its blessings The Senator from Ohio has not hesitated to do this, and yet he claims, I believe, to be a friend of the Union. Senators representing States, the Legislatures of which have taken distinct ground against the execution of this law, say they are for the Union and the constitutional rights of all the States. Now, was not this constitutional provision one of the compacts of the Union?—was it not one of the compromises of the Constitution? Certainly it was; and no man has a fair claim to friendship for either who will not hold that it is to be faithfully executed. The denunciation of this law was one of the potent means of the campaign, to swell Mr. Fremont's vote. How much of loyalty to our people and their free institutions there is in it I leave others to decide

But I do not wish to be misunderstood. I am not standing here either as the advocate of slavery or the defender of the South. I speak but to vindicate history, and particularly the history of the late Presidential contest, which has been so unfairly referred to I do not desire, nor have I ever sought, the extension of slavery; and heartily do I concur with the Senator from South Carolina (Mr Butler) when he said the other day, "I do not want the extension of slavery"

Mr Butler. I beg to be understood correctly The Senator from Maine asked me how the remark which I made was to be construed? I said that I now maintain, as I have always maintained, that all lines of distinction being wiped out, I was in what lawyers call a condition of indifference. I said, let the institution go where it would; I would not attempt here either to restrain or extend it.

Mr. Bigler. I think that is the substance of the quotation I was about to read. The Senator from South Carolina remarked.

"I do not want the extension of slavery; I have never contended for it If I had the right to vote to extend it by act of Congress, I would not undertake to do so; I would leave that to the choice of those who settle the new common wealth."

That is all I have ever desired. It is all the Democrat party contend for. The Senator from Texas, (Mr. Rusk,) if understood him, expressed the same sentiment. Is there not authority enough here, sir, to show that the widespread allegation, that we seek the extension of slavery by the agency and power of the Government, is untrue?

I do not agree nor do I sympathize with much that is said at the South on the subject of slavery

I have read articles from the "Southside Democrat," the New Orleans "Delta," the Charleston "Standard," and other Southern papers, on the subject of labor, comparing white and black labor, from which I utterly and entirely dissent I have no sympathy with the Barnwell Rhett school of politics in the South, who talk so incessantly and so flippantly of a dissolution of the Union, as though it had cost our fathers nothing, as though it were worth nothing, and its dissolution would remedy a single one of the evils complained of; and I certainly have no respect for the suggestion of Governor Adams, of South Carolina, that the slave trade shall be recommended I condemn, discard, and repudiate the fatal suggestion; and I am gratified to believe that Southern statesmen and the Southern people will do the same thing I have, however, an admiration for that class of Southern statesmen who declare distinctly and emphatically that they can only remain in the Union as equals.

There is another class of political philosophers, widely separated from those of whom I have just been speaking, for whose opinions I have, if possible, still less respect. I refer to Garrison, Wendell Phillips, Theodore Parker, Henry C Wright, Gerrit Smith, Spooner, and similar fanatics, who, in attempting illegally to abolish slavery in the States where it now exists, would dissolve the Union and aggravate the evils they lament Although in the main these men acted with the Republican party in the late canvass, yet I am not uncharitable enough to hold the mass of that party accountable for the monstrous sentiments of those traitors to our beloved institutions. And with the madcaps of the South I would throw overboard these fanatics of the East, and take care of the country without the aid of either

Mr President, I have been forced to speak of the bad feeling entertained by a class of people in the North towards the people of the South, and of another class in the South towards the people of the North; and the task has been by no means a pleasant one. I have no sympathy with that crimination and recrimination which is so calculated to estrange those who should be friends and brethren. The people whom I represent in part upon this floor have no sympathy with a sectional contest. There may be some in the ranks of the opposition who would press their opinions to the dissolution of the Union; but so far as Pennsylvania is concerned, I say, with pleasure, that the mass of the opposition would, if they deemed the danger imminent, rise free from the shackles of their leaders, to stand by their country. The Democracy are a unit upon the question. In Pennsylvania they have an affection which is coextensive with all our people, and with all of the States of the Confederacy. Her creed embraces the South as well as the North. She has been, and she ever will be, just to all. Among the first to adopt, she will be the last to disregard, the covenants of the Constitution and the Union. Her people remember well how we came to be united, and how the Union has been maintained. We do not forget that when our independence was declared, southern and northern men counseled together; that the Constitution was the joint production of the patriotism and intellect of both sections; and that upon every battle-field men of the South and men of the North stood or fell together under the resplendent banner of the nation—that they did so in the war of 1812, and in the war with Mexico. Are not the events of the latter war fresh in our memory? Do we not recollect that away down upon the Rio Grande and at Buena Vista, the sturdy volunteers of the North and of the South, under a Southern general, gained immortal victory over a hostile enemy? We do; and we remember, too, that upon the shores of the Gulf of Mexico, wending their way to the City of the Montezumas, to vindicate the honor and dignity of their country, were found together the Pennsylvania voltigeur and the Palmetto volunteer, under a northern general. We of Pennsylvania, are for a fraternity of States, and of the people of the States. All that we are—all that we have been—we owe to the Union. It is our hope in the future. Such is the feeling of Pennsylvania.

I would not be vain of my State, but I must confess, that when I heard a prominent public man say the other day, "Pennsylvania is the heart of the Republic," my pride was excited — If the sentiments be true, then, sir, the body politic will be healthful. Every limb will be invigorated. That heart will pulsate only in unison with the best interests and happiness of the people of every section. The vital strength will be distributed alike to every part, and disease will hopelessly assail what must be so pure and healthful. Neither fanaticism nor fillibusterism can make any impression upon that good old Commonwealth. The storm of faction may rage, but she will come out of it more erect in her noble patriotism than ever. The more terrible the trial the closer her people will cling to the Constitution, the ark of our common safety Central in her geographical position, and still more so I hope in the confidence and affection of her sister States, and equally so as to the sources of that spirit of discontent, which at times would seem to menace the existence of the Government, she may best perform the high office of the Keystone of the Federal arch. I believe she will perform it, should the crisis come, and that, though the controversy between the North and the South, so much lamented by all patriots, may go on for centuries, she will maintain her integrity to the Union, and be found standing like some impassible isthmus between the bitter waves of discontent, whether they dash against her northern or her southern side.

Vamping a Sermon.

Some years ago, the minister of a certain parish in one of the New England States, a fascinating preacher of remarkable talents, unfortunately fell into intemperate habits, lost the esteem and respect of his parishioners, and was dismissed from his charge. He was fond of relating anecdotes of his past life, and, on one occasion, related the following incident:

"I was invited to exchange with my neighbor D——, and knowing that his congregation were very particular, I studied my discourse thoroughly. When Sunday arrived, I made my appearance in his pulpit During sermon time, Deacon E——, who sat directly under me, kept his eyes constantly upon me, as if he was unwilling to lose a word of the discourse. The congregation being dismissed, I descended from the pulpit, and was warmly thanked by the Deacon and other members of the church, for the excellent sermon I had preached I was pleased with their flattery, and thinking that it must have been excellent, as *they* said so, I determined to preach it to my own flock on the following Sabbath. I had scarcely finished reading the first psalm, when looking down, who should I see but Deacon E——, observing me with all attention Never did a preacher feel worse than I, at the sight of that good man. He had come from his parish in order to hear me, and I was going to preach the same sermon that he heard the Sunday before. Well, I could not help it I tried to forget him, and prayed as fervently as I could When I came to the sermon, what do you think I did? I *new ruffled* and *collared* it; and the Deacon hasn't found it out to this day"

Remedy for Corns.

There is in the New England Farmer of the 9th of February last an article on corns, which appears to have been an extract taken from Dr Hall's Journal of Health, in which he says among other things that "corns, like consumption, are never cured" Now, sir, I make no pretensions to science, but will state some facts relative to my experience with corns Many years ago, in hay time, I was afflicted with a pricking on the ball of the first joint of the little toe, which I supposed proceeded from a pig in my boot — Being busy, I endured it until some leisure time, when I examined my boot, and not finding sufficient reason for complaint, called a boy to examine the foot (not being able to do so myself) He represented a hard, horny substance penetrating the flesh, which he pared slightly, and applied a drop or two of wormwood oil In the course of a few weeks, the corn was wholly dissolved and crumbled out like scurf or dead matter, and in that place has never troubind me since. I have been afflicted on other parts of my feet and toes, which I have tried in like manner with like effect, except that I made a greater number of applications of the oil in some instances! Now, if you think this of sufficient importance give it to the world, after fixing it in terms that may be understood, as it may be the means of relieving some of those who are afflicted with these troublesome things. I have full faith in its efficacy, having prescribed it to others with like results

A SECT OF WIFE BEATERS.—The English papers state that at Whitehall, there exists a sect of professing Christians who propagate the opinion that the practice of wife beating is in accordance with the Word of God. The Rev George Bird, formerly rector of Cumberworth, near Hudder-field, has established himself there, and drawn together a congregation; to whom he preaches the doctrine that it is perfectly Scriptural for a man to beat his wife James Scott a member of Mr. Baird's congregation, was summoned by his wife, for brutally beating her because she refused to attend the same place of worship that he did. When before the magistrates, Mrs. Scott said she had no wish her husband should be punished if he would promise not to use her badly again. When asked by the magistrates whether he would make the requisite promise, he refused, saying, "Am I to obey the laws of God or the laws of men?" As he would not give the promise, the magistrates committed him to prison for a month, with hard labor — The Rev. George Bird has since delivered a course of lectures on the subject of Scott's conviction.—He contends that it is a man's duty to rule his own household, and that if his wife refuse to obey his orders, he is justified, according to the law of God, in beating her in order to enforce obedience

GOV. GEARY.—The N. Y. Tribune publishes the following extract from a private letter Coming from a Republican it shows that Gov Geary is "doing well," to quote the writer's own words:

"I saw Geary this morning, and am quite charmed with him. He is the best talking man I have met, and I cannot but think him sincere At all events, it seems to me ungenerous to condemn him in advance. 'Give the devil his due, If the Governor is a 'devil,' he is quite an elegant gentleman. I don't know why I thought him a gray-headed old man. Perhaps his name conveys that idea. But, to my surprise, I found him quite an Apollo—six feet high at least, faultlessly formed, a very handsome face, jet black eyes, straight hair, fine whiskers and mustache—in short, just the sort of man to win the love of the ladies. No wonder the Lawrence girls have invited him to a Thanksgiving dinner next Thursday. My dear friend, depend upon it, Geary is doing well. He has not, it is true, done all we can wish; but he has done a deal more than the other side have wished, I can assure you"

FOOLED!—Two villians on Saturday night last seized upon a young lady of this village, and carried her by force to a deserted house near the railroad, and there locked her in, after satisfying themselves that there was no outlet of escape except a small sized stove pipe hole; and as one of the profane scoundrels facetiously remarked, that it was easier for a camel to pass through the eye of a needle, than a girl of her size to crawl through that hole. They then left her. Upon returning at midnight, what was their surprise to find the room vacant of everything except a suspicious looking garment, standing bolt upright on the floor, directly under the stove pipe hole. *The young lady had shed her hoops and crawled out of the hole.—Exchange.*

RECEIVED
MOORE'S CHEAP GROCERY STORE
AT THE OLD STAND!

T. W. MOORE has just received from New York, and is now opening at

THE OLD STAND

No. 7, State street, directly opposite Brown's Hotel, a new and cheap stock of

GROCERIES,
Wooden & Willow Ware, Provisions,

&c., which he desires to show to his old customers and the public. His stock of SUGARS embrace all varieties, and as they were purchased before the late rise, he can sell them a little less than other retail houses in this city

His Stock of Teas and Coffee are very Fine,

and will bear inspection, for proof of which call in and examine.
Erie, July 5, 1856

WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE.—Baby Wagons, Empire Cabs, Rocking Horses, Children's Chairs, Bird Cages Pails, Tubs, Kasleys, Churns, Baskets, Brooms of other "firms," used in the family, for sale cheap at MOORE'S new Grocery store State-st.

CASH FOR FURS.

WANTED BY S. SMITH, for which the highest price will be paid in Cash, 5,000 Cat Skins, 4,000 Opossom, 1,000 Mink, 5,000 Fox, 10,000 Coon, 6,000 Musk.
Erie, Feb 23, 1856. 41

Groceries at Greatly Reduced Prices.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED an immense stock of Prime Groceries, which I offer to the public at large. I stand ready to display one of the largest, best, and most complete assortment of GROCERIES in this market I offer inducements to customers, offered by no other house in this city, and I ask one and all to call and verify to be truth of what I say.

CRUSHED, GRANULATED, POWDERED, AND BROWN SUGARS.

I offer and will sell ten per cent, lower than the same qualities have been offered at in this city, the past six months.

Prime old Government Java, over a cup of which you may discuss our Presidential movements with very much comfort, Rio Mocha and Cape I will show you in quantities that will surprise you, and at prices that will astonish and please you

TEAS OF EVERY KIND AND FLAVOR,

I offer very low Syrup, Molasses, Vinegar, Spices, Saleratus, Indigo, every thing, in fact, that families need in my line of business, you will find Determined to do business and sell goods at small profits, I ask "all the world and the rest of mankind," to call Step in, see, and let me show you how cheap Groceries can be sold, at.

JOS A. STERRETT'S,
Erie, June 21, 1856 No. 3. Hughes' Block

J. J. LINTS,
Bookseller And Stationer,
[Successor to J B Gunnison,]
Park Row, Erie, Pa.

BEGS leave most respectfully to announce to the public that he will keep for sale a full assortment of every thing desirable in the line, and if possible, supply the wants of every body. Flatters himself that by a continued course of fair dealing, selling cheap, and giving strict attention to the business, he will be enabled to retain the trade of former patrons of this House, and to add a few to the list. Please give him a call at the

Park Row Book Store,

formerly Gunnison's Erie Oct. 11, 1856.

STONE WARE All kinds, just at MOORE'S. If you want to carve some a Jog of ——Molasses, call in at Tom's

BRUSHES.—Counter, Scrubbing Window, Horse, Blacking Clothes and Carpet Brushes, keep at T. W MOORE'S.

GRASS MATS—of all sizes and qualities, the best and cheapest in the city T W MOORE

A NEW SOAP.—Now we come to something that is valuable I have an Elastic Soap, to be used in common washing and is warranted to remove paints, printer's ink, grease, dirt, &c, and that too without much rubbing It is cheap and is a saving of time, money and labor Every family should use it I have it and all other kinds of Soap. Call and examine T W MOORE

FRUIT.—Oranges, Lemons, Raisins, Figs, Prunes, Currants Citron, &c, &c, fresh and cheap at MOORE'S

X-TRACTS.—Lemon, vanilla, Rose, Pin Apple, Sarsaparilla and many plentiful of other kinds of Extracts, at MOORE'S

FOR SALE.

50 Acres of Choice Land, twenty, improved, situated on the old French road, one mile from Erie, and known as the Morgan estate. For terms apply to J. C. MARSHALL
Erie, Sept 13, 1856 9tf

STERRETT & BRO.,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers, No. 4 Cheapside, Erie.

ARE receiving the largest and most complete stock of Groceries to be found in any house on the city, which they will sell as low as cheap as the cheapest. We have all talked about Tea, Tea, TEA but without joking, Sterrett & Bro, is the place to get the worth of your money in Tea of any kind or flavor. We respectfully invite our friends in city and country, to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, and we feel confident that we can sell them all goods in our line at prices satisfactory to them that Sterrett & Bro are the firm that sell good goods and at low prices

N B—All goods delivered free of charge to city customers.
April 19, 1856 STERRETT & BRO

Another Beat In!

JAMES S. STERRETT (successor to Sterrett & Gray) is now receiving a large assortment of all kinds of GROCERIES, that we bought for net cash instead of six months time Any person that wants to get cheap Groceries would do well to call at
June 7, 1856 J. S. STERRETT'S

T! T! T! T!

A GOOD assortment of all kinds of good TEA, and at almost any price from 25 to 75 per lb., in 6 lb. sheets and 5 lb papers at
June 7, 1856 J. S. STERRETT'S

MOLASSES & SUGAR.—New crop of Sugars and Molasses, cheap, and for sale very low at STERRETT & BRO.

CINCINNATI Hams, Dried Beef and Pork, for sale at
Apr 19 STERRETT & BRO'S

BIRD Cages, Willow Wagons and a general assortment of Wood and Willow Wares for sale cheap at
April 19, 1856 STERRETT & BRO'S

FLOUR.—Having made arrangements with Millers to sell Flour we are now prepared to fill orders at the lowest city prices
Apr 19 STERRETT & BRO

BUTTER & EGGS.—The place to buy or sell is at.
April 19 STERRETT & BROS.

POWDER, Shot, Lead and Caps, for sale wholesale and retail
Apr 19 STERRETT & BRO.

ORANGES, Lemons, Raisins, Currants, Figs, Lemon and Citron Peel, Vanilla and Lemon Extracts, all good and fresh at
STERRETT & BROS

TOBACCO.—All kinds, from 12½ to 20½ cents per lb, from the poor to the genuine Natural Leaf at
Apr 19 STERRETT & BRO.

POTASH.—Same that sells of 6 lbs each, with directions for making soap, and other family purposes on retail, at
Erie, Apr 19 HANSON & STERRETT'S

COFFEE.—Have on hand more of that good Java, Rio, Laguira Mocha, roasted, burnt and ground Coffee, at
June 7 J. S. STERRETT

SUGAR.—A general assortment of all kinds and qualities can be seen at the store of the undersigned, at cheaper than any person in the city
June 7 J. S. STERRETT'S

STRUP AND MOLASSES.—Some of the very best Syrup that any person can be found at
June 7, 1856 J. S. STERRETT'S

OIL.—No Lard, Whale, Elephant, and a good article of Tanner's Oil can be had at J. S. STERRETT'S

HAMS.—You can get more of those sugar cured Cincinnati Hams, and Tongue and Lard, by calling, at
June 7, 1856 J. S. STERRETT'S.

POWDER.—Powder, Shot Caps, Lead and Safety Fuse, constantly on hand of all grades and quality As I have the Magazine here, you can at all times be supplied with Powder at reasonable prices
June 7, 1856 J. S. STERRETT

FLOUR.—By the barrel and quarter barrel or less quantity, Buckwheat Flour and Corn and Oats constantly on hand
June 7, 1856 J. S. STERRETT

RAISINS of all kinds, Figs, Prunes, Citron, Oranges and Lemons, and all kinds of Nuts can be had at
June J. S STERRETT'S

PATENT Pails, Tubs, Wash Boards, Cloths Pins, Willow Ware of all descriptions, constantly on hand at
April 19 J. S. STERRETT'S.

FISH.—Mackerel, White Fish, Trout, Codfish and Herring at wholesale and retail
April 19 J. S. STERRETT

WANTED.—20,000 lbs of good nice Butter in exchange for goods and cash, at
Erie, June 7, 1856 J. S STERRETT

KAUPHEA.—Old Government Java, Mocha, Rio and Laguira Coffee, "as good as they make it" selling rapidly at
August 2, 1856 TOM MOORE'S

SYRUP & MOLASSES.—A nice article at
June, 14, 1856 RINDERNECHT & JUSTICE

CLOVER.—Fine Clover Seed for sale at
STERRETT & BRO

COD, MACKEREL, WHITE FISH, TROUT, and HERRING, in the quantity or otherwise, as good as ever was caught," to be found at MOORE'S

PROVISIONS.—T W Moore keeps every thing in the Provision line, such as Pork, Hams, Lard, Cheese, Butter, Eggs, Flour, &c

HYDRAULIC RAMS for sale by
Aug. 14 J. C. SELDEN

TEA.—An almost inexhaustible supply of choice Teas, from 25 cts to 81 per lb, can be had at T. W. MOORE'S, State-st

BORING MACHINES for sale very low by
Nov 1, 1856 J. C SELDEN

POWDER, Shot, Caps & Lead for Sale at
June, 14, 1856 RINDERNECHT & JUSTICE

PERFUMERY.—A selection of the most fragrant and choice kinds at the store of CARTER & BRO

THE Ladies will find a beautiful lot of French Embroideries at
Oct. 4 J. C. SELDEN

APPLE PARERS for sale by
J. C. SELDEN

FRANK FORRESTER'S COMPLETE MANUEL for young Sportsmen A choice Book just received and for sale at
Nov. 1, 1856. PARK ROW BOOK STORE.

MULEY AND MILL SAWS.—REED always has a large stock on hand at No 8 Reed House

SWEET OF LIFE.—Sugars of all kinds, and Syrups an Molasses selling *cheap*—at the present high prices, at
August 2, 1856. MOORE'S.

TOILET articles, Pomatums, Hair Oils, etc., etc.,
CARTER & BRO

BRUSHES! BRUSHES!—A very large assortment of Brushes such as Painters, Whitewash, Sweeping, Ceiling, Scrubbing, Window, Coach, Furniture, Hearth, Crumb, Shoe, Hat, Cloth, Painters, Plasterers, Paper Hangers, all can be had cheap at the Drug Store of
Erie, June 7, 1856 CARTER & BRO

GREEN PAINT.—Suitable for Window Blinds, both dry and in oil, for sale low by CARTER & BRO.

BRUSHES.—Dusting, Scrub, Paint, Whitewash, Graining, and Shoe Brushes, may be found at
April 19 STEWART & SINCLAIR'S

SCOTCH ALE and London Porter, just received and selling Cheap at MOORE'S Ready Pay Store.

OLD Double Distilled Whisky, by the Barrel or less quantity, can be had at MOORE'S
Nov 29, 1856 Ready Pay Store.

Oysters! Oysters!!

CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST, by the Can or Keg, call and get some and see if they are not nice.
Nov. 29, 1856. T. W MOORE.

COTTON BATTING.—A large stock on hand at the store of
Nov 29 BARR & BRO

CANESTACO & LANCASTER TICKING.—A superior article at a very small advance from cost at the store of
Nov 29. BARR & BRO.

MONKEAU.—Beaver Creek—Atlantic and other Sheetings a good assortment at the store of
Nov 29. BARR & BRO.

BARNEY & McCONKEY (successors to Rufus Reed) have the best assortment of Shelf Hardware, Cutlery, Nails and Spikes in the city No 3 Reed House. Erie Nov. 29, 1856.

THE place to buy a good Knife cheaper than ever, is at
BARNEY & McCONKEY'S
(Successors to Rufus Reed.)
Erie, Nov 29, 1856 No 3 Reed House.

HOUSEKEEPERS, will find the largest and best assortment of Table Cutlery, Silver Plated Spoons and Forks, German Silver Britain's and Iron spoons ever offered in this city.
BARNEY & McCONKEY.
(Successors to Rufus Reed)
Erie Nov 29 1856 No 3 Reed House.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber requests all those indebted to him by Note or Book Account to call and settle before the first of January — The books and papers may be found at the stand of his successors Messrs. Clark & Sellman R G HERRON.
Erie Dec. 13th, 1856 4w

TAKE NOTICE.

FRESH TOMATOES in their Original Flavor, in tin cans and warranted to keep in any climate, for sale by
Dec. 10, 1856. JAS. S STERRETT

Powder! Powder! Powder!

ALL you who are in want of POWDER can be accommodated by calling on [Dec. 13] JAS. S. STERRETT.

BAR LEAD, CAPS and SAFETY FUSE constantly on hand at
Dec. 13, 1856. JAS. S. STERRETTS.

HOMINY.—A nice article of Cincinnati White Hominy for sale at [Dec 13.] JAS S. STERRETTS

Physicians and their Modes of Treatment of Diseases:

There is no subject on which there is so much controversy among its practitioners and professors as that of the PRACTICE OF MEDICINE. One school of physicians will bleed, administer calomel and kindred drugs until the confiding patient sinks under their weight, and should he die, the practitioner will tell you that the patient's constitution could not bear treatment, when the fact was the treatment was not to be borne even by one in perfect health. How then could reason expect one in imperfect health?

Another school of practitioners will tell you that water alone will cure all the complaints of MAN. Still another administers herbs, roots, and so on to the end of the chapter. The different schools being as numerous as their theories.

When Benjamin Franklin, by the simple means of his kite, brought the electricity from the Heavens, the world wondered what use he could make of it What did he do? He, the first thing, as the benefactor of Mankind, applied it to the saving of human life from destruction by that subtle fluid electricity And in this there is a remarkable similarity between the experiments and results of the Great Famer of Lightning and those of Prof CHARLES DE GRATH, the discoverer and maker of the great ELECTRIC OIL. Prof De Grath's experiments commenced with simple means years ago and were gone on well with, years of toil and unremitted exertion he has produced, at Philadelphia, the scene of Franklin's success, a wonder second only to that of his great forerunner.

Than this astonishing Annihilator of the ills and pains of Man, there does not exist a more meritorious medicine, nor one which has drawn such universal and undivided testimonials in its favor from all who have given it a simple trial, as Clergymen, Physicians, Editors, Congressmen, Mayors of cities, Hotel proprietors and first-class Merchants, in the cure of such diseases and affections as the following—not everything—Rheumatism, Fever and Ague, Deafness, Gout, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Sciatica, Spinal and Bronchial complaints, Tic Doloreux, Headache, Cramps, Crup, Piles, Felons (painful and Rotten, Cuts and Wounds, Scald Heads, Stiff Joints Scrofula, Erysipelas, Sore Nipples, Sore Old Breast, Wounds, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Canker in the mouth and stomach, Palpitation, Eruptions, Caked Breast, Quinsy, Sore throat, Pains, Pleurisy, Cholera, Lock Jaw, Heart Burn, Tooth and Earache, Nervousness Costiveness, Burns, sore Gums of teething infants, &c

As an example of the estimation in which it is held by one of the ablest jurists and writers on law, &c, in this country, we insert a letter received by Prof DeGrath, from John Livingston, Esq. Editor of the well known Monthly Law Magazine, 167 Broadway, New York: a work of such extraordinary merit as to rank among the best classes of the country, this volume from unknown sources

GIRARD HOUSE, Philadelphia,
May 7th, 1856

Prof. Charles DeGrath.—I feel give it as my opinion that your "Electric Oil" is among the most wonderful remedies of modern times. At the earnest request of a lady who alleged she had been relieved of a most painful affection of the nature, I was induced to try it, though at the time of purchasing, I fully believed it to be a quack medicine and a much pay humbug. To my agreeable surprise, I was convinced me that it does possess a magic power, and its use will prove a blessing to suffering humanity.

I recently took a cold from sleeping in damp sheets, and my neck became so much swollen and painful, that I could not turn my head

After using, without success, every thing prescribed by my physician, I last evening tried your Electric Oil. This morning I am well, the relief having been as complete as it was instantaneous

Yours very truly,
JOHN LIVINGSTON,
Editor Monthly Law Magazine,
167 Broadway & 120 West Fourteenth st. N. Y.

Mr. Livingston belongs to the old wealthy and highly respectable families of the first settlers of New York. Any one can address him on the subject of the above letter, which will be answered with pleasure.

The Medical Faculty have also spoken in unmistakeable terms of this remedy See this

LETTER FROM DR. KEYSER.

PHILADELPHIA,
May 29, 1856

PROF. DE GRATH, 39 South 8th street, Philadelphia

I have a remarkable case Deputy Sheriff Kerr of Pittsburgh, had a very swollen and painful hand I applied the oil personally, which gave instant relief He has recommended the oil to others afflicted with rheumatism, in which the results were most satisfactory

Yours, very truly,
GEORGE H KEYSER, M D.

Dr Keyser stands in the first ranks of his profession in Pittsburgh

The Clergy having themselves and some of their families been healed almost as miraculously as the miracles of Scripture, speak of complaints that made life a burden, and impaired their usefulness in their calling, have not been backward in recommending this alleviator of suffering to their people The *Reverend* gentleman, whose letter we publish below, insisted on taking a number of Prof. DeGrath's cards and pamphlets and handing them personally to members of his church and of the late Conference of the M E. Church in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA,
June 9th, 1856

PROF. DE GRATH—My dear sir:—I must inform you of the beneficial effects I have experienced from your Electric Oil I have been terribly afflicted for thirteen years past with Neuralgia, and other complaints to such an extent have my sufferings been that I have been unable to walk two squares without stopping to rest and for five years I have not had a good night's rest, being unable to sleep from pain About the 2d of this month I commenced using your Electric Oil, taking about ten drops internally and applied it externally on the most painful parts. On the next night I slept better than I had done for many years, and now, at the end one week, I am like a new man: can sleep, walk and labor, and am attend to my duties. Your Oil having done for me in this short time what the entire Medical Faculties of the New York colleges of Medicine and those of the Jefferson and Pennsylvania of Philadelphia have failed to do in 13 years

Most truly yours,
REV JAS TEMPLE,
310 South street, Philadelphia.

Any party can have further information if wanted by addressing the Rev Gentleman

We will give the following also, from a Merchant of New Haven, Connecticut

8 YEAR'S DEAFNESS CURED

NEW HAVEN,
May 19th, 1856

Prof. DeGrath—My brother has been deaf three years After trying many things, he used your oil a few times, and it cured him entirely

CLIFFORD B. SCRANTON

From a Merchant in Alexandria, Va—by taken off his crutches in 20 minutes:

ALEXANDRIA,
July 11th, 1856

Prof DeGrath,—Dear Sir—My son stuck a needle in his foot and was unable to walk without the use of a crutch, when by the application of Prof. DeGrath's Electric Oil, he was completely relieved of pain and could walk without the use of crutches. I believe he was saved from becoming permanently lame. I therefore would therefore, recommend it to all whose cases of complaint it professes to cure.

JOHN ARNOLD, Hatter

We might go on adinfinitum with these letters of testimony, but our space will not permit, and the above will convince all who have no doubts, and those who have none will find it for themselves

The sale of this great Remedy has been unprecedented, over one million bottles, over $135,000 worth was sold in this city, and here it is used Parson Talbot, Rev. Mr. Robinson, Rev. Mr. Boyd, over over $1,000 worth Barnes & Park of New York, $1,000 worth with S Hance, of Baltimore, over $1,000 Dr Parker, over $1,000 worth, and other large sales throughout the United States

At the late Railroad accident on the North Pennsylvania Railroad near Philadelphia, when many were injured, amongst them Prof DeGrath, there was not one who received from having them limbs amputated, as the surgeons had to do, the immediate application of his great electric oil

It is needless to say that the sales were overwhelming, and the demand so much for manufacturers fairly failing to meet the present demand.

This Electric Oil takes the pain from a burn in twenty minutes and leaves no scar Don't say anything else for it but Wallace Elliott, Esq., Washington, Selective Surgeon, U. S. Navy, immediately applied a gentleman's burning eye, and Jesse Barrows, Falls, New York, published the case Wm F Beers, Esq., of Lightning notoriety, C. Wood, of New York, and Philadelphia Museum, cured of Neuralgia, Geo Wunderick, Arcade, No 4 Everett street, Philadelphia, cured in one day, Charles Brewer, 8 Second st, and Adam Reed, of Marcus, Hook, cured in two days, Mr Brown, Corner of Spruce and Jones Ots, Rev. H. Brown, Philadelphia, cured in two days, Jacob Hetzell, Germantown, cured the most severe headache, cured sick Geo W Ward, Fairmount, Philadelphia, Benson street, in the cure of Rheumatism, Prof. Hughes, Philadelphia, acted like a charm with Prof. Hughes, Philadelphia, Prof. Wm Hughes, Philadelphia, many editorial notices have appeared in the public papers in relation to this remedy, for instance "Wonderful Discovery" "Wonderful Expression" Philadelphia, New York and Boston papers, although space will not permit us to see Each Notices, we simply state that we do know that if it has in many instances saved a limb, it must be a good one sooner by having it notice, but good it is, there can be no preparation to compare with it, and it cannot be compared to anything, like those Doctors who are "Jack of all trades and master of none" This Oil can not be in the hands of any person who will neglect it, without spilling the Cash Jos Hunter of N Y, fell and hurt his back, and could not walk—took a bottle of the Oil and bathing with the Oil, walked out in one week

CAUTION FOR SAFETY

As there have lately been many spurious imitations of this article, which the manufacturers have thought fit to put up in the same form as the genuine, we therefore caution the public against purchasing any bottle unless a private mark, known only to the proprietor, is on the bottle also, a private mark of Prof DeGrath's, a compound of letters, which will be known only to the proprietor, and must be sure therefore, that no one sells it but Prof DeGrath's Electric Oil.

The name is blown in every bottle—thus, Prof DeGrath's Electric Oil, Philadelphia.

The Genuine is sold by S. S. HANF, 166 Baltimore street, Baltimore, Thos Scott & Co, and Geo Drugists, Washington, Mitchell, Lane & Co, Richmond, Va, Sawyer & Co, Norfolk, Va, and J J Hoey, Druggist, Erie, and Druggists in every town in the United States

FARMER'S HOTEL,
ERIE, PA
J. J. Duncan, Proprietor.

THIS Establishment has just been most thoroughly cleansed **REFITTED AND REFURNISHED,** and the Proprietor respectfully solicits a call from his friends and the travelling public generally, feeling assured that he can give the utmost satisfaction Charges moderate
Erie, Aug. 1, 1856.

CHOICE LANDS FOR SALE!

THE undersigned now offers for sale the following tracts of land in the Reserve Lands in Harborcreek Township, Erie county, viz: Tracts Nos 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481,