formal effort for agriculture, but New York as a State had been longer and more thoroughly engaged in the good work then Pennsylvania.

Both were now, he rejoiced to believe, thoroughly enlisted in an effort to promote scientific farming, and actuated in this as in all other purposes by a generous rivalry, he had reasons to hope for prolonged and useful results. There was, as you are aware, Mr. President, a time when prejudices were cherished in both States, against the idea of scientific agriculture, but these have given way before the herculean efforts of societies similar to that now assembled at this place. The belief that the operations of intellect is just as important in this as in any other field of industry and science, is becoming universal. Why, Mr President, said he, the vast display of implements and machinery before us, is but the offspring of cultivated intellect, and this great agency can do as much in all the departments of husbandry as it has for commerce, manufactures, and even the mechanic arts

He regarded it as the leading agency in the promotion of any human purpose, and could not see why this power—the power of knowledge—that had done so much in all other departments, had doubled the muscular power of the civilized world, by the use of the elements, and the invention of machinery should be restrained as to agriculture In Pennsylvania they had, in aid of the cause, just founded a State Farm School in which it is to be taught at the same time the theory and the practice of tilling the soil New York, if he had been rightly informed, had similar institutions He was for them as an agricultural utility, but still more ardently, in view of the dignity of character the studies are so well calculated to bestow

He said it was gratifying to witness the united efforts of two great States (each an empire in itself) to advance an occupation so indispensable to all other interests, and so certainly the element that founds and sustains nations—so suited too, to the soil and climate of both States, so adapted to the inclinations of the people, so honorable and natural in all its relations; so purifying, civilising and christianizing in its tendencies on individual and national character He said the spectacle witnessed was a grand one, and he should venture to claim for Pennsylvania—notwithstanding the apprehensions of the friend who had preceded him, whilst proud of the Empire State and the character of her farmers, they would cheerfully award to New York full honor in this good cause

He said that next to agriculture, mining and manufacturing were leading interests in Pennsylvania, and nothing could give him more pleasure than to trace the history of their wonderful progress, but time will not permit Her commerce and trade was second only to that of the Empire State; but he was anticipating the day when by means of railroad connexions, Philadelphia would be placed equal to New York as a commercial city He said, his friend Mr Dunn had most happily complimented Pennsylvania by his glowing description of the agriculture of New York, and then admitting in that spirit of candor for which he is distinguished, that Pennsylvania, according to the last census, had produced the most wheat. He might have added, as to other interests also, that she produced the most iron, the most coal of all kinds, and increased her population in a greater ratio than any of the Atlantic States.

Pennsylvania did not claim to be as fast a State as [illegible] but did pretend to be as sure. In great natural resources and in the steady purpose of her population, she might claim pre-eminence. But in the vast variety which makes up the spice of life, he regarded New York as hard to beat. In ideas and isms which stand out in bold relief—in endless disputations in matters of political economy, theology and morals, perhaps the Empire stood unequalled. He hoped, in saying so much for New York, he had quieted the apprehensions of his friend.

But the particular occasion of these ceremonies, said Mr B., addressing the President, is the arrival at this beautiful and flourishing town of a train of cars, freighted with superior anthracite coal, direct from the Lancaster colliery, in the middle region, mined by Coehran, Peale & Co., and conveyed by the Sunbury and Erie and the Williamsport and Elmira Railroads to this point, without transhipment The completion of the Sunbury and Erie Railroad east of Milton, last week, has finished (except the bridges at Northumberland) a line of railroad for a point of inexhaustable supply in our State to one of general distribution and great consumption in yours He regarded the celebration as an era in the history of the trade of both States, and believed the consequences would be mutually beneficial to an extent not now anticipated.

He then called the attention of the President of the Agricultural Society, Judge Chevver, to the finest specimens of anthracite coal, on which he stood, and told him, that he had been commissioned, on behalf of the Pennsylvania guests, to present them to the New York Agricultural Society, which duty he now, with much pleasure, performed.

We are now ready, said Mr B., to commence a new branch of trade, as we know you are, in the spirit of reciprocity, to the mutual benefit of all concerned. Pennsylvania will send up her anthracite coal to keep you warm in the winter—to roast your beef and boil your potatoes—to drive your steam mills and grist mills, and manufacturing machinery, to help to drive the iron horse on the railroads, and propel the Steamboats on your lakes and rivers. We expect to see this element of heat and power disseminated into every county, township, village and family circle of your great State, performing its good offices Indeed we have no doubt of its universal use, what we have witnessed elsewhere in the use of this article will come to pass here—the consumption will grow beyond all anticipation Nor can you restrain its progress were you to make the attempt. Like the frogs of Egypt you will run it on every man's hearth, and at every man's street door.

But, then, again, we shall send by the time the next State Fair is held, by railroad communication, another species of our mineral wealth—another great element of power and progress I mean bituminous coal, an element of heat and light. This will come from Fanardville, and many other points on the Susquehanna river, by the Sunbury and Erie Railroad to Williamsport, and thence to this point. This is our great element of gas, an article which *we do not use so extensively as some other people, and which, it is believed, will find a fair consumption within the limits of some of our sister States.* The superior quality of this coal, being equal for the generation of gas and for smithing purposes, to any in Pennsylvania, cannot fail to find a constantly increasing market

We intend to exhibit no vanity in speaking of this great element of light which we intend to transmit to you in such abundance As a christian people it is our duty to disseminate *light* and comfort, and as a trading community, it is our interest to do so. Of course, we expect to be paid for this in salt and plaster, and other productions of the Empire State, and the balance in cash. This is the kind of intercourse that gives useful employment and bestows full reward upon labor—adds population and wealth to a country, and will certainly reward the capitalist who has invested his money to the construction of the railroads that are to be the avenues of communication.

It is an event worthy of notice, that the long talked about and too long delayed railroad from Philadelphia to Erie, has been largely the agent in this work, and very soon the transportation of coal by that line and the Williamsport and Elmira, is to be commenced as a regular business But the whole State feels a concern in an achievement of this kind, and it is no effort of imagination to say that in this event the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania sends to that of New York, greeting, the means of an increasing trade and intercourse and the evidence of fraternal regard, in the shape of black diamonds. To give the greater manifestation of sincerity to this token, he would remark that it had been dug from her vital parts. The strong bars which nature has thrown about her treasures had been broken to procure these fine specimens, and we were proud to have here some of the stalwart and honest operatives who have performed this work

The town of Elmira, it is manifest, is destined to be the mart of an immense coal trade in the future. In addition to the sources of trade already referred to, the Junction and the North Branch Canal presents an avenue which will soon be in operation to an inexhaustible supply of coal and minerals found on the North Branch of the Susquehanna The valley of Wyoming is famed for mines of superior coal, and the canal will furnish a cheap avenue for its transportation to market

It would be pertinent to the occasion, and he should be glad to trace the progress of our iron and coal business, so extensive and so various in all its relations of trade with the Empire State, but time and opportunity will not permit—that its future growth, like its past progress, will outreach all reasonable anticipations, he had no doubt Look for a moment, said he, at the growth of the production and consumption of anthracite coal In 1820 it amounted to but 1073 tons, in 1840 to eight-hundred and sixty thousand tons, in 1850 to three and a half millions, and for the present year it will fall but little short of seven millions of tons At that rate of increase for twenty years to come, the production would exceed thirty millions, which at two dollars would reach the enormous sum of sixty millions of dollars The production of the bituminous has also been growing with rapidity For instance the agent of the Farmersville Company had told him that one thousand tons were daily delivered at Williamsport for this point, and that the demand was equal to three times that amount but the means of transportation were not sufficient Another time ago he must thought of sending [illegible] coal to Elmira He saw the iron interest was growing with great rapidity and that that article would be one of the staples in all its variety. There were now some fine specimens on the grounds, the property of Mr Longenecker

At the bottom of all this progress of the great States of the Union, said Mr B., is that enduring and unerring spirit of enterprise that designs and prosecutes to completion great enterprises like the New York and Erie Railroad, the great Pennsylvania central, and the Reading Roads How invariably has success crowned the great efforts of the people engaged in the business, and in their industry and practicability, and even in opposition. Such was the case when De Witt Clinton talked of the great Canal—such was with regard to the first Works of Pennsylvania. The Reading Railroad now so eminently successful and transporting the largest tonnage of any road in the world, was encountered with strong currents of public sentiment. The very men who made New York Bay long since pointed out the dividing line between New York and Philadelphia and West on New York waters. His friend mistook the [illegible] Sunbury and Erie Railroad Pennsylvania was originally intended to be done by the State, but the [illegible] which we are indebted to the unequaled energy and perseverance of Col Patton, now part of a direct line to Philadelphia, was regarded by many as a scheme of [illegible] could hardly hang another [illegible] had the courage to stand up against all the difficulties that encountered this enterprise, could be said of the Williamsport and Elmira which was finally consummated through the superior judgment and untiring energy of [illegible] Esq., now its President

But Mr. President, each year witnesses the consummation of some great scheme, the utility of which had for a time been doubted, adding to our greatness and prosperity as a people.

After thanking the President, and the Agricultural Society for the courtesy extended to him and his associates, he closed his remarks.

Hon Samuel Cheever, of Saratoga, President of the New York State Agricultural Society, after some introductory remarks, spoke as follows:—

Gov. BIGLER:—I am happy to meet you here, and, in behalf of our State Agricultural Society, to welcome you as a representative of a neighboring State, and one who has enjoyed so much of its confidence, so long to have held the office of its chief Magistrate, a State, too, whose political and social relations, and whose agricultural, manufacturing and commercial success, is nearly identical with our own

It is an interesting fact to us, that since the formation of our national government, when ever great national questions have arisen, New York and Pennsylvania have been found, with few exceptions, acting side by side.

In this exhibition you have, since the evidence of the interest taken by our citizens in our agriculture, and in its progress we are assembling town in its improvements. In its character and extent of its farming stock with [illegible] ments for domestic purposes [illegible] in the exercises, horses, sheep and cattle [illegible] and various nationality, in the productions of the field, the dairy, the orchard, and the garden, now before us, you have some evidence of what has been done in each of [illegible]

Your State has long held a high position in its agricultural character

Berks and Lancaster counties in Pennsylvania, have long been distinguished for their agricultural improvements It was in those counties that "high farming" showed itself at an early day, to entice its cultivators and farmers in example for imitation, an example which has been successfully followed, until Pennsylvania, in the thoroughness of its cultivation, the breeding of its stock and in the aggregate of its productions, stands high upon our agricultural records

To her agriculture and her commerce Pennsylvania adds her vast mineral wealth, which places her far in advance of her sister States

Iron, copper, and lead, are found elsewhere, but Pennsylvania alone, among the middle and northern States, has her inexhaustible fields of anthracite.

The great geological upheave, which threw the coal overlaying New York and its northern neighbors, where it has never been found left the coal layers of your State undisturbed So long, therefore, as man shall want fire to warm himself, or to heat his metals, or to drive his [illegible] so long can Pennsylvania rely upon this additional resource, and lay its neighbors under contribution. The effect will be, that while in its agriculture, its mechanical productions, and its commerce, it is on terms of equality with its neighbors, its coal fields will always keep the money currents running in its own direction

You, Sir, have the proud satisfaction, as the President of the Sunbury and Erie Railroad Company, to come with the first rail train that ever passed laden with this valuable mineral, directly from the mines, to this part of the State of New York, and it is a matter of great gratification to us as well as to you, that from this time forward a direct communication is open by railway and by canal route, between your coal fields, and every part of our State

I sincerely thank you, on behalf of this Society, for this huge specimen of your anthracite, which you have taken so much pains to bring and present to them It shall be placed with its archieves and long kept as a remembrance of the State of its production, and as a pledge of friendship for its honor. The meeting then adjourned.

A CARD TO THE LADIES.—Dr. J. Dupuoco's Golden Periodical Pills for Females Infallible for correcting irregularities, and removing obstructions from whatever cause.

All medical men know, as well as many others, that whenever an obstruction takes place, wether from cold, exposure, or any other cause, the general health begins immediately to decline, and the want of such a remedy has been the cause of so many consumptions among young females. Headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, loathing of food, and disturbed sleep, generally arise from the interruption of nature; and whenever that is the case, the Pills will invariable remedy all these evils.

Full and explicit directions accompany each box, which must be strictly followed and all diseases peculiar to females may be speedily cured.

Price $1 00 per box. Sold by all the Druggists in Erie and wholesale and retail, at the proprietors price by CARTER & BROTHER, No. 6 Reed House, to whom all orders must be addressed. 1y28.

Erie Weekly Observer,

ERIE, PA.

SATURDAY MORNING, OCT 13, 1855

The Election.

The election in this county passed off in a very quiet manner There was little noise, very little interest, outside the Railroad politicians and consequently a very light vote As to the result, county and district, it is about as we had anticipated We made up our mind, when the Lockport convention nominated Mr. Power, that there would have to be work done to elect him, and we thought it would'nt be done; and it was'nt. The election of Finney, then, has not disappointed us The glory it will shed over the Democratic banner in Crawford, of course, we will not share The Democracy there may have it all to its self theirs Let them cherish it, and it will undoubtedly bring forth some kind of fruit, what the future alone can tell In this county it will be seen that G. J. Bail, Esq., whig, and Murray Whallon, Esq., Democrat, are elected to the Legislature; Gen Killpatrick, Democrat, Sheriff — and the balance of the whig ticket except Commissioner—the free soilers and the railroad having succeeded in electing Compton We claim neither the election of Whallon nor Killpatrick as Democratic victories, for both were supported by many who have heretofore acted with the whig party—chiefly by arrangement, whereby Democrats voted for Bail, and whigs voted for Whallon, actuated by the sportsmanlike action of personal friends whose course in this matter no convention could bind

The following is the official footing up of the vote in the county The result by townships will be found next week

Canal Commissioner	
Thomas Nicholson	2113
Nahal Palmer†	1668
Passmore Williamson,‡	171
Senate	
D A Finney,	1,880
C B Power,	3,064
Legislature	
G J Bail,	2,716
Murray Whallon,*	2,475
Robert Dunn	2,150
Jacob Rockafellow†	2,114
Sheriff	
Gerard Killpatrick,*	2,083
A V Craig,	1,851
Jacob Evans,	1147
County Commissioner	
William W Eaton,	1,072
Myron Hutchinson,*	1,961
[illegible] J. Compton,†	2,005
Auditor	
S W Russell,	1,241
Z E Peck,*	1,100
Jehial Towner,†	583
S B Benson,—R R candidate	1,219
Director of the Poor	
S W Keet r,	2,319
Isaac R Taylor,*	1,259
Samuel Kingsbury,†	158

Those marked thus * are Democrats—those marked thus † are Republicans, and the others Whigs.

THE STATE.

Great Democratic Victory!!!

One year ago the Democratic banner, carried aloft during the canvass by the tried and true BIGLER, went down before the combined charge of "Sam" and "Sambo;" and with it, Democratic ascendancy in the old Keystone was apparently at an end But one short year has passed, and behold the old banner floats in triumph from the Delaware to the Lakes "Sam" has retreated to his caverns, or went down before the light of experience "Sambo," too, with all the inspiration of mad fanaticism, has proved powerless to save his midnight brethren What a lesson to politicians! What a commentary upon the administration of Pollock! What a rebuke to dishonest and corrupt demagogues, who seek by dishonest experiments their own selfish ends at the expense of the general good, and public tranquility In 1854 Know Nothingism was a great national party that swept over Pennsylvania by 40,000 majority, and was to sweep the country in 1856, with little or no opposition In 1855, however, its compact hosts are scattered to the winds in the South, demoralized in the East, and utterly routed in the old Keystone! We cannot estimate Plumer's majority, but it will be heavy, while the Legislature, which last year boasted but 18 Democrats, will this year be Democratic by nearly, if not quite, two thirds! Below we give the returns as received, and in them let "Sam" and "Sambo" read their fate.

Philadelphia, Oct 10

In York county the entire Democratic ticket is elected by a large majority

In Alleghany county the Democratic candidate for sheriff is elected by about 1,000 majority, and the whole Democratic ticket, probably Last year Know Nothing by over 4,000

In Cambria county the Democratic ticket is probably elected by about 800 majority

In Blair county, Gosport gives Plumer, Canal Commissioner 93, and Hollidaysburgh 99 In Schuylkill county the whole Democratic ticket is elected

Monroe county, Democratic majority about 1,400; Northampton county, Democratic majority 900, Luzerne county, Nicholson, fusionist, Canal Commissioner, 150 majority

Wilkesbarre vote very close Columbia vote very close In six townships Thos Nicholson 160 majority. Dauphin, Nicholson 270 majority Harrisburg and Middletown districts, Nicholson 107 majority

The Democratic ticket in the city of Philadelphia for Sheriff, Register, Clerk of Court, and Canal Commissioner, is elected by a majority ranging from 15,000 to 23,000

In Berks county the Democratic majority is about 1,000.

Partial returns from Bedford county show a Democratic increase Cambria county gives a Democratic majority of 700 to 900

Montgomery gives a Democratic majority of 800

Binghamton, Oct 10

Six towns in Wayne county give Plumer, the Democratic Canal Commissioner, 295 majority. Four towns in Luzerne county give him 217 majority One town in Columbia gives Nicholson, fusion, 175 votes, and seven towns in Susquehanna give Nicholson 360 majority

Philadelphia, Oct 11.

Fulton gives the Democratic ticket 200 majority Bedford county, vote close; small American majority.

☞ The Oswego Times mentions a case of smuggling, detected there, in which barrels and half barrels, shipped from Picton, Canada West, purporting to be fish, were found each to contain a small cask of brandy and whisky covered over with fish The owner did not appear to reclaim the property.

☞ The New Hampshire Reporter, "the head and front of fusion" in New Hampshire, has got sick of the party with which it was connected last year It says the leaders are nothing but tricky abolition Sewardites. Straws show, &c.

Ex-Gov. Bigler at Elmira.

We are sure our readers will thank us for the space we occupy this week with the speech and incidents of Gov. BIGLER'S visit to the New York State Fair The occasion was one of great importance to Pennsylvania, and no more appropriate selection could have been made for an orator for the day than Ex Gov Bigler The occasion was the opening of another link in the Sunbury and Erie road, and the arrival over it of the first train of cars with coal at Elmira from the anthracite region of Pennsylvania. To us, who for years have been hoping against hope for the completion of this road, the fact of every mile finished of the great work—the evidence that the iron track is approaching nearer and nearer, with slow but sure tread,—is of vast importance; and then, when we add to this another fact, that Elmira is to be the grand coal depot of the vast region of country drained by the great chain of lakes, every thing of this character becomes doubly interesting Speaking of this same event, the Philadelphia *Bulletin* says that in comparison with the coal crop of Pennsylvania all other crops of every other State sink into insignificance There is a greater value of cotton produced at the south, but it is at great risk, with much labor, and it depends for its value solely on the foreign demand But the coal is part of the very soil of Pennsylvania; no frosts, floods or droughts imperil its quantity or impair its quality It is subject to no influences from abroad, and to no tricks of the commercial world. Its market is at home and the demand, we may be sure, will always equal the supply, however great the supply may be Wheat may be ruined by floods and rain, corn may perish from drought, and potatoes from the rot, but the coal of Pennsylvania can suffer no destruction or damage It rests safe and sound in the recesses where Providence has placed it, and asks nothing of human industry except that it be taken out It is a crop ever ripe and ready to be gathered, in quality unimpeachable and in quantity inexhaustible — No competition from the other States can injure it, for there has been no diminution of its rate of advance in supply and value, no matter what revolutions have been undertaken The country is vast enough to consume all that can be produced, and manufactures and population increase at a greater ratio than can be expected of the production Abroad, as here, where coal has become a common place thing, we are not properly sensible of the magnitude of the wealth it affords us, and are not disposed to award it the dignity it deserves But such an event as that which has just occurred at Elmira, when Pennsylvania coal entered into New York eyes, and an ex Governor of Pennsylvania stood upon a rostrum of his immense and spoke to New York ears, is calculated to expand our ideas of its consequence and to make us to see, though dimly, a splendid future for the state and a prosperity in commerce, manufactures, population and all that engenders wealth, such as would have amazed the boldest prophets of the past generation—and all the result of coal

That Bill Signed

A right proper man is His Excellency, Gov POLLOCK, so honest! so independent! so purely and unreservedly a man of his word! Verily, Pennsylvania was fortunate in finding so pure and brilliant a gem to adorn her Executive Chamber! Lucky Pennsylvania! There is but one Pollock, and he's her Governor! But then he signed *that* bill—Thompson's bill! True, but let us look at the history of his connexion with that measure a little By his connivance that bill passed only nine days before the Legislature adjourned Well, as we said above, he succeeded: the bill was passed and immediately pocketed! Those in favor of it, called to know if he would sign it "O yes, certainly." Those opposed called to see if he would veto it "O yes, certainly" Both sides went home satisfied Time passed, the summer months came on, and with them Summer Complaints, and Sabbath School celebrations. The Governor had violent attacks of both They laid him so low, and kept him so busy, that he couldn't think of spending his time in signing that bill In the mean time the people up here became uneasy, and delegation after delegation went down to set up with him Was he going to act on that bill? "O, yes, as soon as he got over the Summer Complaint, and the Sabbath Schools." By and bye, both were cured, and the Governor sent for both sides He was loth to have the matter compromised, so he promulgated his ultimatum. Accept it, said he to the city, and if the railroad don't, then I'll sign the bill, because that will make it constitutional If you reject it, and the Railroad accepts, then I'll veto the bill, because it will then be unconstitutional. The reasoning was as clear as mud; and so the city accepted the ultimatum Things then looked squally for the railroad and something must be done, and it was! Finney and another Meadville man went down. They told him if he signed the bill Finney would be no where, and the district would elect a Democrat to the Senate. To prevent that, they advised another attack of Summer Complaint and Sabbath School until the election; and accordingly he had another attack, which lasted until the day of election, and *then he signed the Bill*—For particulars see the last *Gazette*. In the mean time, we again repeat, there is but *one* Pollock, and he is Governor!

RETURNING SANITY.—We are glad to see one evidence of returning sanity among the people of Ashtabula county—and that is the election of HORACE WILDER to a Judgeship, over Chaffee, the so called republican candidate. We don't know either Wilder or Chaffee, but the facts is the case, as we understand them, justify the conclusion drawn Wilder was invited to become a candidate by most of the Lawyers of the district, irrespective of party He consented Then the so called Republicans met in convention, and summoning him before them, wanted him to pledge himself that, if elected, he would adjudicate the Fugitive Slave Law unconstitutional He told them that it would be time enough to give a legal opinion upon that matter when the question was brought before him But this would not satisfy the Giddingsites, who appear to think that all questions of law should hereafter be decided in town meeting, and so they nominated Chaffee. The people, however, being a good deal more sane than the managers took them to be, have elected Wilder in spite of Giddings, whereat the fusion press on the Reserve groan awfully.

THE OBSERVER.

LOCAL, LITERARY & MISCELLANEOUS.

☞ Retributure justice is often a terrible thing. The borough of Erie has found it so. The penalty she is paying for her railroad mobs is nothing less than a blight upon her prosperity for a generation to come, and probably for ever.

So says the New York *Times* in an article on Kansas Now the *Times* may be a very well informed paper on most subjects, indeed we are willing to admit that it is; but it sometimes jumps to a conclusion without sufficient facts to warrant it. Such is the fact in the above. So far from there being a "blight upon the prosperity" of Erie, or "for a generation to come," in consequence of her "railroad mobs," as the *Times* is pleased to designate the controversy between the people and the railroad corporations, the very reverse is the fact. Never were the prospects of Erie more flattering than at the present time Never was there a more sure prospect that *all* her [illegible] public improvements are to be completed than now The construction of the Little Valley road, making eventually the terminus of the New York and Erie road, is to be ginning to be demanded by that great New York enterprise herself. The Sunbury road will in a few short weeks be put under contract to the coal fields of McKean, and what is more, will be built The Pittsburgh and Erie road is also about to be revived and built as the Legislature designed In short, notwithstanding the "croakings" of such papers as the *Times*, the railroad future of Erie is even brighter than it was before the "mobs" so dolefully bemoaned. In regard to business, the fact is self evident to every observer that there is no "blight" upon its prosperity in Erie Dull the mercantile interest has certainly been the past summer, but point us to a place that the same cannot be said with equal truth In regard to our commercial business, certainly there is no "blight" upon that. In proof of which this one fact is sufficient—that more vessels clear for Erie at the port of Buffalo, and more enter the port of Buffalo from Erie—than from any other port on Lake Erie, save Cleveland, and we are not sure that we ought to except even that. As to what seems to be the first season this could be said with truth, it does not look as though the "peoples" Erie is paying for resisting in a legal manner the encroachments of a corporated monopoly is a "blight up on its prosperity for a generation to come." As we said before the *Times* is a very well informed paper, but it had better post itself in such matters before it assumes to speak

LOOK OUT FOR THEM—We know many of our readers as do not take a Bank Note Detector, will thank us for making a note of the following new counterfeits Thus, 2's on the Railroad Bank, Decatur, Illinois, altered from broken Eagle Road Bank Michigan—vignette, genuine 2's train of cars and mixed bills, man on horseback, canal boat passing [illegible] lock, train of cars in the distance 10's on the Bank of Racine, Wisconsin, altered from 2's vignette [illegible] and train of cars as on the Bank of Racine, Wisconsin, altered from 2's vignette, female reapers and sickle genuine 5's group of men and females reapers and hay in background, as on the Chicago Bank, Illinois altered from 5's vignette, female with sceptre in right hand, cause of train etc in the distance genuine 5's have 5's vignette state arms and two females [illegible] right hand, [illegible] 10's have [illegible] Bank of Northern Liberties vignette [illegible] genuine The Bank has no [illegible] The Bank of Susquehanna Bank, Danville, Pennsylvania, all red [illegible] genuine 10's have [illegible] and train of cars in the distance [illegible] done [illegible] on the Granville Bank Bucks, altered from [illegible] Bank by pasting [illegible] Northern Bank [illegible] genuine 10's have [illegible] and female reapers, [illegible] genuine 10's have [illegible] Bank of Washington, with right end of [illegible] left

☞ The Erie Gazette, Dr. Piper, is the name of a [illegible] monthly [illegible] devoted to the [illegible] all else in our line. It is edited by J. B. Wolfe, [illegible] and Proprietor, and published by E. J. Hunt agent, 26 Park Row, New York. Dr. Piper will contain new [illegible] [illegible] Music, Poetry, Miscellaneous Reading, Fashions, and Scrapbook, consisting of four part Songs, Duetts, Quartettes, Polka Tunes &c., on fine paper, and all for only 50 cents per annum Cheap enough is'nt it. By-the-by, since we made the above mention, we visited the Gazette office, and examined the advertisement of the Gazette, in another column. It says Mr Woodbury's last and almost perfect work.

☞ The Erie Gazette and Dr. Piper, and politicians for months to come, will be the key stone State, and we are glad of it. True, which we get into the way—when the blue lights are [illegible] that, then when the turmoil ceases, and the voters vote, and the returns are [illegible] for we return to the more quiet and legitimate work of Editorial life with thankfulness

THE LEDGER SERIES. By Mrs. [illegible] Ann S. Stephens. [illegible] the issue [illegible] Ledger, and every subscriber to the Ledger will receive [illegible] Mrs. Stephens' works, in regular succession, as they are issued. They are [illegible] printing, written in a graphic, and very attractive style, by [illegible] dents and incidents with [illegible] moral. Our fair readers [illegible] drew [illegible] with [illegible] We advise [illegible] all to get them. The author, Mrs. Stephens, [illegible] stands human nature well. She [illegible] and depicts the [illegible] of character, and her [illegible] natural and graphic. It is [illegible] to be [illegible] which is the better [illegible] the Ledger or Dr. Piper. In our opinion the former [illegible] possesses more dramatic power than the latter [illegible] more [illegible] and in the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] up in the most elegant style of Boston publishers. Commission, Reed House Row, has them for sale.

The papers are getting now are very interesting, abounding in excitement in politics, and well they may be, for says Uncle Sam to the Israelites "another Moses has arisen," the third, since the story A. D., and the fourth, I presume from Uncle Tom's Cabin, turning the entire [illegible] upside down.

☞ J. D. Ross & Co. are opening a careful assortment of Boots and Shoes at the old stand of Wilcox & Norton, Brown's Block. Like their illustrious predecessors, our friend CUTTER, whose taste in this line is well known and appreciated, has charge of the mechanical department give the new firm a call.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—The emigrant train bound west from this city on Tuesday night, ran off the track at a gravel pit near Kingsville, smashing three cars, and doing other damage. In addition several persons were badly wounded and one killed.

☞ The correspondent of the Westfield *Transcript*, must have had a brick in his hat while here attending the Fair. In no other way can we account for his writing home that two young men named Jones, for four years engaged as Clerk in the Erie Post Office" had been arrested for robbing the [illegible] mails. In the first place, all the Erie P. O. boys are honest, especially as, and in the next, *Jones* never had the honor of being a P. O. [illegible] and in the next, no name was'nt Jones, but Philips and finally, he was arrested in Cleveland and not Erie Wonder if *that* "brick" was an "original package"

☞ We have received the first number of the Keokuk Weekly *Times*, a Democratic paper of the right stamp, edited by A. T. WALLING, Esq., formerly of this city We wish the Editor, in his new field of labor, all sorts of good luck.

☞ Hon Daniel D Hubbard, ex member of Congress and Post Master under ex President Fillmore's administration, died at his residence in Middletown, Conn., on the 8th inst

☞ There was quite a sharp snow storm on Sunday morning last between Rockport and Hornellsville, in the county of the latter name.

THINK OF IT—It is stated that since the application of steam on the Western waters there have been three thousand six hundred and seventy two lives lost by steamboat disasters, three hundred and eighty one boats and barges lost, and seventy boats seriously injured amounting in the aggregate to the enormous sum of over seven millions of dollars.

☞ The *Intelligencer* comes to us on a new dress and new type. It is a very neat and well conducted paper of the whig school of politics

☞ A double track is to be completed between this city and Cleveland, during the next season. A portion of the grading is already done.

Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye.

To Readers—To those whose consciences are confined to their breech's pocket, and their brains in a broader part of their pantaloons, I have but little to say, but shall let the consequences of dealing in imitations and trash work their own course. If by *accident*, the names of such *leak out*, I shall not take *much trouble* to stop the *leak* But for the protection of honest and honorable dealers and unsuspecting customers, the original, genuine, and reputable Wm A. Batchelor's Hair Dye is put up with an elegant Steel Plate Engraving, with his signature and address upon the four sides of the Box—William A. Batchelor, 233, Broadway, New York.

The genuine for sale by Stewart & Sinclair, Erie.

October 6, 1855. 6t21

A FACT FOR REFLECTION.—The Pittsburgh *Post*, remarking upon the democratic territorial policy for a long series of years, says enough of territory has been annexed to make twenty-one or more States of large size, and that, *too*, without dividing Texas at all; and dividing that into three States, we have at least *twenty-three States* out of territory acquired, not more than six of them slave States, and the remaining seventeen at least, free States Such is the sum of democratic annexions And observe, too, *not one foot of free territory has been annexed and then converted into slave territory.* Here is a state of facts that all politicians inclined to run after the false lights of Greeley, Seward & Co., would do well to keep in view.

CRAWFORD COUNTY.—The Democracy of Crawford have carried their pigs to a very poor market. With the boast constantly on their tongue that their county is Democratic to the core, they were represented last year, and will be this, by two free soilers. Per contra, the Democracy of Erie, after twenty five years minority, sent one member to the Legislature last year, will send another this, and in addition to that, have secured the Sheriff, one of the most important offices in the county Contrast this with the fact that notwithstanding the Democracy of Crawford threw all their votes for a free soil whig for Senate, their entire county ticket is defeated, save one unimportant officer We have no doubt our Democratic friends down there will [illegible] *such* comparisons very odious But it is [illegible] with the end!

"MANIFEST DESTINY."—The last intelligence from Nicaragua, is quite important Col Kinney it is known, has established a government at Greytown, and has been chosen the Chief Executive there This government was established by the natives and others, on the 6th of September On the following day Col Kinney took the oath of office as "Civil and Military Governor of the City and Territory of San Juan del Norte or Greytown." W S. Turner is Secretary of the Government; J R Swift, Captain of the Port and Collector; S T. Haley, Chief Judicial Magistrate; W H Young, Government Attorney; J Slater, Postmaster, and John Jackson Surveyor. *The Central American*, a paper just started at Greytown, contains the full proceedings of the Convention establishing the new government, Governor Kinney's Inaugural, and considerable other news of interest

The following is the closing paragraph of Gov Kinney's Inaugural:—

I congratulate you, fellow citizens, upon the auspicious commencement of the new Government which you have established By the accessions of population now in prospect, it is sure to prosperously succeed by its founders, to become in no distant day in organization of commanding importance to the civilized world —Relying as I do upon your cordial and undivided support of its institutions and laws, I will only express the hope that whatever else may serve to promote the public welfare, and add dignity to the State, whether it be the encouragement of agriculture, the extension of commerce, the introduction of arts, or the advancement of public education or religious freedom will obtain from you a zealous and effective co-operation.

New Advertisements.

STRAY COW.

CAME to the subscriber on the 20th of Aug. a Rhone cow three years old with a small star in the forehead. The owner is requested to come prove property, pay charges and take her away. S. P. MAY.

Harbor Creek, Oct 8, 1855. 4t22

STRAY COW.

STRAYED to the subscriber Sept. 2d, a dark red cow, six years old, one horn a little drooped and gimlet mist. Any one giving information in regard to said cow will be rewarded. SMITH JACKSON.

Erie, Oct 6, 1855. 22

ELECTION NOTICE.

THE Stockholders of the Erie and Waterworth Plank Road Company, are hereby notified that the annual election of officers for said road will be held on the first Monday of November next, at two o'clock P. M., at the house of [illegible] President, five Managers and Treasurer of the company.

M. K BARR, Secretary.

ANOTHER ARRIVAL!

W. HALLOCK has called our store with *A Large Assortment* of Bleached and Brown sheetings, shirtings, stripes, ginghams, [illegible] Flannels, and 10,000 yards of every variety of Prints, which he will sell at wholesale or retail. Those wishing to get cheap Bargains, are requested to call at the sign of the Golden Fleece, No. 2 Reed House, Erie. Pa. Remember we have received by American Express, Scotch, Thibet and Cashmere shawls, Saxony, Plaids, &c.

SMITH JACKSON & SON

Erie, Oct 6, 1855.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted to the subscriber on the Estate of Lincoln Taylor, late of Girard township, Erie county, deceased.

Notice is also given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against said estate present them duly authenticated for settlement.

Girard, Oct 6, 1855. 6t22 WILLIAM TAYLOR, Administrator.

NEW SINGING BOOKS FOR 1855-6.

ONE THOUSAND TUNES AND ANTHEMS!

I. B. WOODBURY'S GREAT WORK.

The Cithara.

For Sale by Booksellers and Music Dealers generally.

THE Publisher will, on receipt of sixty cents postage stamps, mail a single copy to Teachers for examination, and pre-pay the Postage thereon. F. J. HUNTINGTON & CO., Publishers, 21 Park Row, New York City.

Trial List, 1st Monday in November, 1855.

Charlotte Dibble	vs	Alfred Dibble	No	18	May 1, 1855
Dullinger	vs	Dullinger	No	19	" "
Jno Riesel	vs	Fuller & Widdough	No	197	Aug 1852
Eleanor Bonham	vs	Ch. Sigh	No	14	Nov. 1854
P [illegible]	vs	[illegible] Burton	No	218	Feb. 1850
W [illegible]	vs	D Delaney et al	No	41	Aug 1854
[illegible]	vs	Ferguson et al	No	119	" "
W [illegible]	vs	[illegible] McCreary	No	130	" "
[illegible]	vs	[illegible] Samuel et al	No	151	" "
[illegible] & wife	vs	Millcreek Tp.	No	172	" "
[illegible]	vs	A Robinson	No	[illegible]	" "
Eliz Mc [illegible]	vs	Freer & Arbuckle	No	170	May 1854
I W Patterson	vs	Vermere & Burton	No	171	" "
[illegible] Wescher	vs	Eliza Wartel et al	No	65	May 1854
[illegible]	vs	Mandewold	No	142	" "
A. Booth	vs	C H Oliver et al	No	179	" "
[illegible]	vs	[illegible] Campbell	No	142	Aug 1854
Wm Zimmerly	vs	H Bates	No	140	Nov. "
[illegible]	vs	Thos Mehaffey	No	201	Feb 1855

A. KING, Pro.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of various writs of *Venditioni Exponas*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Erie county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in the city of Erie, on Monday the 5th day of Nov. 1855, the following described property, viz: all the right, title, interest and claim of Asro Elliott of, in and to a certain piece of land situate in Venango township on the waters of French Creek, bounded southerterly by land of Wm. and J. W. Tanner, southerly by French Creek, westerly and N. W. by land of John Bennett and Wm. Tanner, northerly and N. W. by land of Calvin Washburn, and easterly by other [illegible] owned by defendant, containing about eight acres more or less, and being the same land which Wm Tanner [illegible] by articles of agreement in writing bearing date of the 9th day of May 1849, covenanted to convey to the said defendant. Also, all the right title interest and claim of the same defendant [illegible] to another piece of land bounded westerly by the land above described, N. W. and northerly by land of [illegible] and southerly and S. E. by land of J. W. Tanner containing about four acres more or less, the said two pieces [illegible] occupied by the defendant as one tract of land [illegible] along other purposes of obtaining water power from French creek; together with the mill race, dam saw m