

Rather Severe

Topics of the Week

Congress does its labor to-day. Among the important bills which, it is probable, has received the sanction of both houses (it had passed the Senate) is that reported by Mr. Jones, of Tennessee, granting to railway companies three years in which to pay the duties on iron imported for railway purposes.

Mr. Pollock's conduct, from the time of his nomination until he crawled in among the Know Nothings, in Philadelphia, was proper enough. From that period, however, until the day of his election, his course was that of a "scoury politician."

It is not strange that our Executive, so weak and treacherous, should fall into contempt in less than six weeks, even at the seat of government. Although elected over as virtuous a public servant as the State ever had—and that, too, by an overwhelming popular majority—he finds himself, at his first session, without a respectable party in the Legislature, and is haunted by the spectres of former friends, the victims of his treachery and baseness.

The Erie Gazette pays the following compliment to Gov. BIGLER: "Gov. BIGLER seems to have assumed the duties of President of the Sunbury and Erie Railroad with the good wishes of all parties interested in the construction."

The Albany Knickerbocker, an outspoken Whig Journal, in its issue of Monday says: "The Washington correspondent of the Tribune writes the following bold with regard to the veto of the French Spoliations Bill."

New Hampshire.—The annual election in the Granite State takes place on Tuesday, March 13th, and the contest is waged with unusual spirit. In addition to the Governor, Legislature, etc., annually chosen, a delegation (of three members) to the next House is depending, and, moreover, by the successive deaths of Messrs. Atherton and Norris, both seats in the U. S. Senate are to be filled by the Legislature now to be chosen.

Political Conundrum.—If the Whig party, so signally victorious in 1840, was a debased and demoralized organization in less than one year—led and counseled by the intellectual giant of that day—how long can it hold its present combination of Aardv, when not marshallled by a Clay—not cheered by a Webster, and not bound by a chord of common sympathy—beast

The True American vs. Gen. Cass

The True American, in its last issue, the article taken from the New York Tribune, relative to Gen. Cass, and gives the slanderous statements therein contained to its readers with evident satisfaction.

MARKETS.—The Liverpool cotton market continued quite dull, and prices, particularly for the lower qualities, had a receding tendency. The Paris correspondents of the Tribune, in their article on Gen. Cass, had a shade lower than the quotations of the Baltic.

Arrival of the Steamer St. Louis. The steamer St. Louis reached her dock about 8 o'clock this morning, having left New York at 10 o'clock A. M., on the 16th. She brings 30 passengers, among them Hon. Pierre Soulé and his wife.

A French company had offered to raise in France a legion of from 10,000 to 25,000 men for the service of the English Government, half the number to be ready in 15 days. It is said the English Government is disposed to entertain the proposition favorably.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Erie and Sunbury Railroad, held on Monday last, the following resolutions were adopted: That the directors of the Erie and Sunbury Railroad be and they are authorized to pay to the Erie and Sunbury Railroad the sum of \$10,000.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—General Cass and the President had a lengthy interview yesterday, on the subject of the General's late speech to the Senate, and the general health of the President. The whole upper part of the building was destroyed. The aggregate loss is \$38,000.

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Arrival of the Canada

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The Sunday Liquor Law

The following is the bill, as it passed the House of Representatives, together with yeas and nays on the final vote: An Act to prevent the sale of intoxicating liquors on the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted, etc., That from and after the first day of April next, it shall not be lawful for any person or persons to sell, trade or barter in any spirituous or malt liquors, wine or cider, on the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday, or for the keeper or keepers of any hotel, inn, tavern, ale-house, beer-house or other public house, or place, knowingly to allow or permit any spirituous or malt liquors, wine or cider, to be drunk on or within the premises or house occupied or kept by such keeper or keepers, his, her or their agents or servants, on the said first day of the week.

Sec. 2. That any person or persons violating the provisions of the first section of this act, shall be fined, or imprisoned, or both, for the sum of fifty dollars, one-half of which shall be paid to the prosecutor, and the other half to the guardians of the poor of the city or town in which such act is committed. Provided, that when any prosecutor is himself a witness on any trial under the provisions of this section, then the whole penalty shall be paid to the guardians or overseers as aforesaid.

Sec. 3. That in addition to the civil penalties imposed by the first section of this act, every person who shall violate the provisions of that section, shall be taken and deemed to have committed a misdemeanor, and shall on conviction thereunder in any Court of the Commonwealth be fined in any sum not less than ten dollars or more than one hundred dollars, and be imprisoned in the county jail for a period not less than ten days nor more than sixty days, at the discretion of the court; and upon being twice convicted, as aforesaid, he shall forfeit any license he may have for selling the aforesaid liquors.

Sec. 4. That in addition to the civil penalties imposed by the first section of this act, every person who shall violate the provisions of that section, shall be taken and deemed to have committed a misdemeanor, and shall on conviction thereunder in any Court of the Commonwealth be fined in any sum not less than ten dollars or more than one hundred dollars, and be imprisoned in the county jail for a period not less than ten days nor more than sixty days, at the discretion of the court; and upon being twice convicted, as aforesaid, he shall forfeit any license he may have for selling the aforesaid liquors.

Sec. 5. That in addition to the civil penalties imposed by the first section of this act, every person who shall violate the provisions of that section, shall be taken and deemed to have committed a misdemeanor, and shall on conviction thereunder in any Court of the Commonwealth be fined in any sum not less than ten dollars or more than one hundred dollars, and be imprisoned in the county jail for a period not less than ten days nor more than sixty days, at the discretion of the court; and upon being twice convicted, as aforesaid, he shall forfeit any license he may have for selling the aforesaid liquors.

Sec. 6. That in addition to the civil penalties imposed by the first section of this act, every person who shall violate the provisions of that section, shall be taken and deemed to have committed a misdemeanor, and shall on conviction thereunder in any Court of the Commonwealth be fined in any sum not less than ten dollars or more than one hundred dollars, and be imprisoned in the county jail for a period not less than ten days nor more than sixty days, at the discretion of the court; and upon being twice convicted, as aforesaid, he shall forfeit any license he may have for selling the aforesaid liquors.

Sec. 7. That in addition to the civil penalties imposed by the first section of this act, every person who shall violate the provisions of that section, shall be taken and deemed to have committed a misdemeanor, and shall on conviction thereunder in any Court of the Commonwealth be fined in any sum not less than ten dollars or more than one hundred dollars, and be imprisoned in the county jail for a period not less than ten days nor more than sixty days, at the discretion of the court; and upon being twice convicted, as aforesaid, he shall forfeit any license he may have for selling the aforesaid liquors.

Sec. 8. That in addition to the civil penalties imposed by the first section of this act, every person who shall violate the provisions of that section, shall be taken and deemed to have committed a misdemeanor, and shall on conviction thereunder in any Court of the Commonwealth be fined in any sum not less than ten dollars or more than one hundred dollars, and be imprisoned in the county jail for a period not less than ten days nor more than sixty days, at the discretion of the court; and upon being twice convicted, as aforesaid, he shall forfeit any license he may have for selling the aforesaid liquors.

Notice to Creditors

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