THE OBSERVER.

LOCAL, LITERARY & MISCELLANEOUS.

Take a Paper!

Yes, two of them; and it won't hurt you a bit to take three. Say, for instance, your county paper first, an Agricultural paper next, and then, if you can afford it, and we know you can, a Literary weekly or monthly! Do this, and we'll insure you as interesting and as intelligent a family as any in the land, no matter what advantages of schools, colleges and seminaries the other may enjoy. One of our contemporaries truly remarks that newspapers taken in a family where children are, beget in those children a taste and a fondness for reading, which never can be forgotten or removed. The reading of a newspaper is among the first lessons of their childhood, and they seldom forget the teachings of the paper or lose the desire for its visitations. Is there a person now taking a paper, who would do without it, and be deprived of the pleasure of its perusal and the news and information it contains? Think of it reader. Your weekly paper costs you only three cents a week. Is that expense too much? We think not, indeed we know. We think there is a farmer or mechanic in Erie county that can readily afford to pay three times that every week and we know many of them do, for newspapers! If there is one who disputes us, we beg to ask if there is not a neighbor, yea, many whithe enjoys each day, twice as expensive a luxury as the price of a daily paper? We are of opinion that newspapers with some, are not fully appreciated. They are looked upon as a *luxury* rather than a *necessity*. If this matter is considered in its true and proper light, we are confident that we should find fewer families without newspaper. Again we say, every family should take a paper of a kind that will be useful and instructive.—Then will never have reason to consider that the money bestowed on a paper is wasted or thrown away. It is rather well invested and produces a large dividend.

☞ If the following is the fate of delinquent subscribers, we think some of ours had better "escape the wrath to come" and "pay the printer."

As honest men, attend and hear,
The serious fact,—the times are dear.
Who owes a bill, 'tis just as clear
As star-light in the winter,
That he should come without delay
That if he can—that bill to pay
And ere he puts his purse away,
"Fork over" to the Printer.

But if you don't, as gnaws the mole,
It will through your conscience eat a hole
And brand the forehead thus—*"No Soul,"*
Of him who cheats the Printer.

The cats will mew between your feet:
The dogs will bite you on the street,
And every urchin that you meet,
Will roar with voice of stentor,—
"Look to your pockets, there he goes,
The chap that wears the Printer's clothes'
And Proud, though every body knows
The grub, he gnaw'd the Printer."

— That pen and ink portrait of the "Modern Independent Editor" must have been a capital likeness, and the reading proves that the gift prayed for by Burns, "to see our selves as others see us," has been vouchsafed to two or three of our contemporaries in a remarkable degree. We do not intend it as an individual portrait; but as several persons of the press appear to think they see their own editorial face in the picture, we beg them to take it with all its emphatics. If the "coat fits, let 'em wear it."—Better if them ever had one that cost 'em so little, or rather so warm, we venture to say.

☞ Fortune.—The editor of the Oswego *Palladium* philosophizes on "Fortitude." He thinks if any thing will try a printer's fortitude, it is these "times." He travels all day with a bill full of bills, and comes home at night with a cold lean pocket book still. If he has a note to pay in the bank and sundry little bills due various persons, with an empty purse to meet them, of course he feels all the more comfortable. He consoles himself with the pleasants reflection that he had no business to be a printer. He lays down and peacefully sleeps, knowing that the sun will rise again, and he will wag on," notwithstanding his misfortunes. What a comfort is philosophy!

☞ The Chicago *Democrat* understands that additional frauds have been discovered, tending more conclusively to implicate Col. Green, the assassin of his wife, in that city.

☞ The Chief of Police of Buffalo has hit upon a new plan to catch rogues. He has a correct litographic likeness taken of every leaguer of the place, leaving behind, underneath which is printed a description of the rogue. It is to be called a "Buffalo *Commercial* extra."

— Those desirous of knowing how our public servants use the people's money, will find the receipts and expenditures an interesting item in this week's paper!

— Sundings fire—the Supreme Court, and the storming of Sebastopol.

— Some wag got up a fictitious telegraph dispatch the other day, to the effect that the Supreme Court had ordered Marshal Keyser and his aids, to town the Peninsula right from here, and anchor it off Cleveland, and had printed them an additional and of five barrels of whiskey to carry the decree into effect. Where? the "Carson League!"

☞ The "local" of the Greensburg *Democrat*, gives the following excuse for neglecting his duties. He says he married a girl a very short time since expecting at least molasses and molasses candy, and was fed on mush and milk. In consequence of the disappointment, and the quantity he ate he finds himself *too full* to express his sentiments. When he sufficiently recovers, he expects to present a few items and in detail on the relative merits of molasses candy and mush. He's excused!

☞ They've a capital Mayor in New York, and no mistake. He seems to have the will and the promptness of "Honest Old Hickory" himself and we should not wonder, if he should be faithful to the end, if he should be President of the United States yet. Certainly a man who is capable of appointing a "gang" of the city of New York on Sunday, is capable of any office in the gift of the people. We notice some Fernando Wood for the Presidency, and "Sam" to look to his laurels!

☞ Of our last, the weather has been as capricious as a man—as unsteady as Fashion paper money, and as boisterous as politicians. It has been as blustering as a "Know Nothing" mob use as a free soiler, mild as a democrat, and as cross as a disappointed office seeker. And what it will be next hour is as uncertain as the next Presidential election.

☞ Bull's New York *Messenger*" is the title of a new paper, several numbers of which we have received. It appears to be devoted to *Jam* and Dr. John Ball's Sarsaparilla—especially the latter. As a medicine, we'll bet our money the former is better than the latter!

☞ The East Prophet.—Brigham Young, the present prophet of the Mormons, is said to be a down easter, a native of Cumberland county, Maine.—*Exchange.*

— We know they manufacture every thing in New England from a horn gun flint, to a prophet, from a Washington victory to a negro riot. Great country we reckon!

☞ Probable.—A New York letter to the Boston Journal estimates that the Rhine, on whose banks the Hon. Samuel Schuyler is luxuriating, is not very far from New York.

☞ The United States Magazine" is a capital monthly for only one dollar per year. The January number is filled with articles calculated to hit every taste—from the grave to gay, from lively to severe." J. M. Emerson & Publishers, New York.

— "Times ain't now as they used to was," then when neighbors met after breakfast, they saluted each other, "Good morning, how's the family?" Now it is, "News from Philadelphia: what's your opinion of the Supreme Court, has *Keyser* gone."

☞ We have received the prospectus for a new daily paper to be commenced in Philadelphia on the 5th of February. It is to be called "*The Democratic Press.*" It is to be a true blue, national democratic paper, we will venture. If not, the shorter its existence the better.

☞ John W. Cunningham, Esq., a Cincinnati lawyer recently in that city was sent to jail a day or two since for pocketing money fraudulently from a client. Some other lawyers should be served in the same way.

☞ The Cleveland *Express* states that a legacy of 5000 marks has been left to FRANCIS ROBERTS, a shoemaker of Stockport, by his father, who lately died in England.

☞ The Cincinnati papers state that young Ormsby, who shot Jennings for reporting that he had seduced his sister, has been set at liberty—the grand jury ignoring the case. Jennings, it is thought, will recover.

— Our correspondent's article, "*The Emperor Nicholas—Great Sham*," has been unavoidably crowded out. It will appear next week.

☞ Acquitted.—Miss Keating, tried at Pittsburgh, on a charge of stealing money, has been acquitted. Doubtless the verdicts just!

— Mr. Clement will lecture before the Girard Lyceum, on Thursday evening next. We can promise our Girard friends a rich treat.

PHILADELPHIA.

Correspondence of the Erie Observer.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 22, 1855

A Tremendous Storm— A New System of Managing the Public Funds—A Medical Student Burnt to Death—Office Hunting—The Foreign News—Troubles among the Military—&c.

Last night a tremendous storm of wind and rain passed over the city, doing much damage. In every part of the city chimneys were blown down, roofs lifted off, awnings torn in tatters, and fences prostrated. Along the Delaware the shipping suffered severely. Eight or ten small sloops—mostly oyster boats—were sunk; but I am pleased to learn no lives were lost. The Shiffler Hose House—a large four story brick building in the lower part of the city—was blown down. It made a crash like the report of a park of artillery, and created the greatest consternation for several squares around. The Hay-press of Mr. Hughes, a brick building in the same vicinity was also blown down. A portion of the roof of the six story building at the corner of Fourth and Commerce streets, occupied by Lippincott, Grambo & Co., bookpublishers, was carried away. About two hundred feet of the Market Street Bridge was torn off by the violence of the storm. The storm commenced about 9 o'clock on Sunday evening, and continued until daylight Monday morning. The loss, at present cannot be estimated.

The trial of Robert G. Simpson, late Treasurer of this county, which has been going on for some days before Judge Black of the Supreme Court at Nisi Prius, excites much interest. Simpson at the time he went out of office, was a defaulter in the sum of $175,000, but he has since that time paid up all but about $30,000. Messrs. Seisser and Harris Simpson's securities, and W. A. Christman his confidential clerk, were also indicted on the same bill, but the Court agreed to give them seperate trials. The trial as it progresses develops a most extraordinary state of affairs. The parties loaned out the State Tax in their possession at usurious interest and speculated in real estate. In fact it was contended by the Counsel for Simpson that he had the money, but it was invested in property in an adjoining County, and that he could not realize it at present without a great sacrifice! Simpson is an illiterate man, and was elected to office during a high political excitement. He at one time kept a small Oyster-stand in the Second Street Market, where he retailed Soup at three cents a bowl, and when he was elevated to office he was making money by keeping an Ice Cream garden in Queen street. It requires a very heavy security ($50,000) for the office of County Treasurer, and in order to obtain this, Simpson placed himself entirely in the power of his securities. Christman, who was his confidential clerk is the son-in law of one of the securities, and it appears that he had notes of hand in the Bank of Penn Township, in the year 1853, amounting in the aggregate to over one hundred and seventy thousand dollars, while those in the Girard Bank run up to nearly as much. The money of the State was used for shaving purposes, and, in the opinion and according to the ruling of Judge Black, with the knowledge of Simpson, he adopting the most charitable view of the case, not that which would make it actual theft of the money by Christman.

One of the students of the Jefferson College, met with a sad fate the other morning. A fire occured in the lower part of his boarding hous at an early hour in the morning. He occupied the third story and on his way down stairs entered a room partially enveloped in flames, and it is supposed he was stifled with the smoke. At all events, upon breaking into the room, he was found upon the floor shockingly burnt and in an insensible condition. He was from Maryland, and was highly esteemed and respected by his fellow students and all connected with the College. He was about 21 or 22 years of age, and had the most gratifying prospects of a brilliant future before him. One of his fellow students informed me that he was one of the most handsome, as well as talented and excellent young men he had ever known, and it appears that he had recently formed a matrimonial engagement with a young lady of this City, of wealth and respectability. The pair were looking forward to a speedy and happy union, when, a few weeks since, the lady met with a serious accident while travelling in a railroad car, which rendered an amputation of one of her limbs necessary, and from the effects of which she has not yet and perhaps may not recover.

Mrs. Edwards who kept the boarding house at which the student above alluded to resided, was arrested on suspicion of having some guilty knowledge of the fire, but has been discharged, as well as the two servants who were arrested at the same time. The flame burst out in three different parts of the house simultanously, though there was no evidence fixing guilt on either of the parties arrested. Mrs. Edwards had removed all the valuable portion of her furniture a few days previous to the fire occuring.

There are some thirty applicants for Harbor Master and about fifty for Grain Measurer. They are all prominent men in the party which elected Gov. Pollock, and all seem sanguine of being appointed. The truth is, however, assures the applicants that he will not make any appointments until after the election of an United States Senator. By that time the list will be swelled to a gigantic length. A personal friend of Judge Pollock assures me that the Governor would not submit to any dictation from anyone; but would make all his appointments from his own personal knowledge and on his own responsibility.

In the Supreme Court on Saturday, before Judges Lewis and Justices Knox and Black, the matter of the Cleveland, Painsville and Ashtabula Railroad Company vs. The City of Erie et al. was called up. This is an application for special injunction to restrain defendants from interfering with the construction of the Railroad, which the complainants proposed laying along a line from Erie to the mill, so as to connect the road running east and west along the Lake Shore. The case has not yet been decided.

The mails by the late foreign steamer the Canada, have just been received. They do not contain much additional news beyond that received since from Halifax. The same interesting details, however, are published. The London *Times* continues to lenounce in the most bitter and pointed style the whole management of the English troops, and draws a startling picture of the losses they have suffered, the hardships they have endured and the inefficiency of their operations, caused by the incompetency of their officers. The *Times* says they are literally dying in a hight by thousands, that the new recruits when sent on were cruelly and inconsiderately exposed in a manner that will almost inevitably destroy them, that the officers having gained their present position through aristocratic connections or political influences without reference to military capacity, have shown themselves totally unfitted for their posts, and that they have needlessly sacrificed by their ignorance and neglect a very large portion of the army. On the 28th December it was expected that a heavy battery of 300 guns would be opened by the allies upon Sebastopol preparatory to a general assault upon it, and the next steamer will therefore probably bring us intelligence of a somewhat more decisive character than we have recently received. Trade in England has become very much depressed. The reports for the month of November of cotton, linen, silk, woollen, metal, and fancy manufactures was $1,000,000 less than during the same month in 1853.

Notwithstanding the variableness of the weather, our city continues remarkably healthy, if we are to judge from the number of interments reported in our bills of mortality, which during the week ending Jan. 20 amounted to but 151, of which 70 were of persons under 10 years of age. Thirty-one of the deaths were from consumption, and nine from inflamation of the lungs.

Our military folks here have got into quite a snarl.—Some time ago an election was held for Brigadier General, Brigade Inspector, &c., which election was for some reason or other afterwards declared null and void by a Court Martial appointed to review it, and Gov. Bigler approved its decision. Thereupon a new election became necessary and was duly advertised. One of the very first acts of Gov. Pollock, however, after he came into power, was to issue an order annulling the decision of the Court Martial and affirming the right of the officers chosen at the first election to hold them. Quite a large number of our military companies have titles expressive of Irish origin, such as "Meagher Guards," "Emmett Guards," "Shields Rifle," and "Hibernia Greens," and they are under the command of Col Patrick W. Conroy, who, acting under the belief that the Governor's new order is illegal, has directed that the election shall be proceeded with as originally decreed by the Court Martial. Among the candidates at this election for the post of Brigadier General is John Tyler, Jr., a son of the late President, who is out in quite a lengthy card proclaiming of the illustrious military services of his father, the veritable Captain and his grandfather, and his own desire to seek "the battle reputation at the cannon's mouth."

Prof. O. H. Tiffany, of Dickinson College, Carlisle, is to lecture here on "Americanism," and Rev. Antoinette L. Brown, on the "Old and the New."

Some of our temperance folks are giving that movement a new direction, by forming societies and furnishing funds to aid the wives of drunkards to prosecute those who furnish liquor to their husbands.

A market street dry goods house failed to-day, but it does not amount to much—probably $70,000. During the storm on Sunday night three schooners were driven ashore on Absecom Beach, N. J.

One of Dupoints Powder Mills at Wilmington, Del., was blown up on Monday afternoon, but fortunately no one was injured. PHILADELPHIA.

— Mr. Otterson, one of the Editors of the New York *Tribune*, has been presented with a cane. Rather ominous, we should judge!

NEW-YORK.

Correspondence of the Erie Observer.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19, 1855.

Fire in the night and a run with "the Machine"—Midnight Resort—The Ball and the Poor—Novel Entertainments—Literary—Effect of the war upon American Commerce.

For two successive nights we have had large fires, whilst the terrible tragedy at Fort Washington, is still fresh in our remembrance. Six buildings were burned last night in the Bowery, and the night before the flames laid hold of one of the old landmarks of Brooklyn. The heavy clang of that new bell on the New York City Hall, wakes up all the inhabitants of the three cities with its first stroke. If one lives near an engine-house, he is strongly tempted to jump out of bed and rush after the "machine," as it is whirled away over the stones by fifty vigorous arms. A fire in the night-time, especially when there is a little fighting episode, is quite an exciting occasion.

Travelling home after the fire at one or two o'clock, you have a chance to to see who else wrests the small hours from sleep, and for what purposes. White-kidded fops are helping languid ladies into carriages before the steps of some brilliantly-lighted mansion where the music and the dance still go on with flying feet. You may step into a house of quiet and respectable appearance, by the back-door, if you chose. You will find a long room filled with jovial companions gathered around social tables, smoking and imbibing to their hearts content. Thus can the quiet family meet who love the social glass, but don't whant to be seen in a bar-room or common drinking saloon. They chat coolly about the war, hard times, and sporting matches, without getting violent or excited. Go down into the common "saloons," below the level of the street, and you will find a different set. They are swallowing "brandy smashes," and "gin cocktails," and their reckless swagger and loud speech proclaims them to be of the "Mose and Sykesy" order, and proud of the name at that. They have been running with the machine, have stopped several times before to take "something," and are now red hot for a quarrel on the slightest occasion. A word of disparagement to the favorite "machine," would be provocation enough for a melee. Then rushes in the Star, and calming down the furious combatants with a few blows from his short-oak club, he seizes the one who bears the black-eye and bloodiest nose and hauls off his prize to the station house, followed by the whole brawling crowd.—This is a specimen of the lowest class of the midnight resorts. If you want to find where the promising young men of New York, the heirs at law of our merchant princes, keeps themselves at this time of night, we will introduce you to "St. Clairs," or some other of the magnificently furnished drinking establishments that line Broadway. Or step into "Field's" billard saloon, where you will see in what pursuits the students of our city colleges and medical schools, waste their midnight oil. Or again, turn off Broadway, stop at a house where the inmates appear to have "shut up and gone to bed;" give a double knock and you are admitted cautiously. If your appearance is not suspicious, you will be admitted further into a brilliantly lighted apartment, where the revolving fortune of the faro table fascinates a crowd of foplings and dashing roues. These establishments are liable to visits from the police, and are therefore obliged to be careful in the admission of company. But we must not attempt to initiate your virtuous readers any further into the midnight amusements of our citizens. The rest were better imagined than described. So we will walk home in peace, if the gas happens to be lighted. If the Almanac has promised a moon, there will be no gas, for one nights burning is a considerable item in the city expenses.—There are 10,000 street lamps, which burn 30,000 feet per hour, or 420,000 feet per night. This would make the cost of one night's lighting, at three and a third mills per foot, $1,400.

The great Ball for the relief of the Poor, came off on Thursday night. The Academy of Music was *crammed* with delicate gauzes and magnificent silks enclosing the fair forms of New York belles. So great was the crowd that dancing was a very difficult operation, and was performed in a very sedate and gingerly manner. As to the profits, they are estimated differently, from $3,000 to $8,000. The Socialist Germans had threatened to mob the Academy, but did not dare to put the threat into execution. There will be plenty of money now for the relief of the poor, if it be only bestowed in the right way. Instead of being given out in bread and clothing, it should be used in sending away these pauper foreigners from a city where labor is a drug, to districts where it will find an abundant market. Of giving there will be no end, and it will only operate to induce improvidence and dependence on the rich. There does not, after all, appear to be such a violent anxiety to labor, on the part of the unemployed. A down town merchant sent word to one of the crowded indignation meetings in the Park, that he would give immediate employment to 500 laborers, at his store, at $1,20 per day. None came. The opportunity of blustering and shouting in the Park was too good to be lost. Yesterday one of the Park orators was pathetically relating his own sufferings and describing his diet of mush and milk, and calling for vengeance on the rich, when he was interrupted by a lat broker from Wall street. He offered to hire the orator at a dollar a day to pile bricks in the old City Hall ruins. There was no alternative for the demagogue but compliance, so he went manfully to work, amid the laughter and encouragements of a large crowd. Having labored a half a day, he received fifty cents, and mounted the rostrum again, amidst great applause. Mrs. Coman's "Calico Ball," realized about $1,000 worth of clothing for Mr. Pease's mission. It was largely attended, and altogether the most spicy and interesting of this season's fashionable entertainments. One of the leaders of the Brooklyn *ton*, is endeavoring to introduce another novelty, or rather an adaptation from a German custom. It seems that it is customary in Germany, for a married lady to receive her friends on the fifth anniversary of her wedding day, when each one is expected to bring with him some present of silver, large or small. This is called a *silver party*. The Brooklyn lady wishes thus to celebrate her *twenty-fifth* anniversary of marriage. Few ladies, we presume, would object to celebrate *each* anniversary in a similar manner.

In the literary way, nothing is exciting profound interest. Mr. Henry Wikoff's newly published adventures with Miss Gamble, the heiress, is a spicy bit of fashionable scandal, and will probably bring the author more profit than reputation. He has gone through a regular "course of sprouts," and is well known in all directions. He ran through a large fortune in Philadelphia, figured with Fanny Elsler, edited the *Republic*, was conspicuous in the Forrest trial, and finally landed in a Neapolitan jail. His own book proves him a conceited ape, and a mean-spirited fortune-hunter. No other literary occurrence except a great row among the young clerks who compose the Mercantile Library Association, in which Bibles and hymn books were used as weapons, offensive and defensive.—The election of presiding officers divided the society into factions, and the muss which followed was very exciting.

The Russian sympathisers among us seem to be increasing with the misfortunes of the allies. It was expected here, that the war would greatly benefit American commerce.—Russian privateering, it was surmised, would intimidate English and French navigation, and the American vessels would do the bulk of mercantile transportation. But the Russian ports had been so closely blockaded by the Allied Fleets, that commerce has been uninjured. Meanwhile, American vessels are rotting in port for want of work to do.

The Page and Bacon failure still continues a theme of remark and speculation. It is supposed that Sherman must have been forced to the step which he took, by circumstances beyond his own control. The long-shoremen have had difficulty with the merchants, but have finally concluded to accept a shilling less per day than they have heretofore received. ERIE.

— The two *whig* papers in Fredonia are having a right sharp war of words. "Sam" is at the bottom of it, as he is at the bottom of every thing disgraceful!

— The "merry, merry bells" have made the hearts of our city *belles* glad this week, and in the same ratio exhausted the pockets and credit of some of our "fast men." Well, there is nothing like being young, and "going it" while you are so!

— Don't forget the Lecture of Mr. Clement next Wednesday evening.

CAUTION.

WHEREAS my wife, MILNDIA, has left my bed and board without any just cause, this is to forbid all persons from harboring or trusting her on my account, as I shall pay no debts of her contracting after this date.
Venango, Jan. 20, 1855.—w3136 WM. R. PHELPS.

DISSOLUTION.

THE partnership heretofore existing, and known as the firm of COOK & KELSO, is dissolved this day by mutual consent; the book and accounts are in the hands of Hiram Cook for settlement. COOK & KELSO.
N. B. The Ice Business, &c. will be continued by the subscriber as heretofore. EDWIN J. KELSO.
Erie, January 20, 1855. 3w36

STAR Candies, the best quality of Cincinnati make, at April 15, 1854—38 CARTER & BRO'S

PAINTS PAINTS!

PURE Extra, No. 1 White Lead, dry and ground in Oil, Atlantic, Niagara and Brooklyn, snow white and brown stone colored Zinc Paint, Porcelain White, Venitian Red, Red Lead, Yellow Ochre, Chrome Yellow and Green, dry and ground in oil, Paris and Imperial Green &c., Indian Red, Tyr De Sienna, Van Dyke Brown, burnt, and ground Umber, Ultra Marine Blue Prussian Blue, dry and ground Lamp Black, American and Chinese Vermillion, Rose Pink, Drop Black, Carmine Drop, Lake Good Leaf, Bronze, white, yellow, crimson and citron, and almost every thing in the line of Paints, Wholesale and Retail. BURTON & HERRON.
Dec. 16, 1854. 21

POWDER and Shot, at Nov. 25, 1854.—69 HOSKINSON'S

1855. CIRCULAR. 1855.

Presque Isle Steam Boat Excursion.

THE subscriber is happy to announce to those interested that he has perfected his arrangements connected with the excursion, and can now specify the particular property to be distributed, and also to fix the time for the Excursion to come off, which will be on the

15th day of May next!

Owing to the facts that some of the vessels which were designed to fill the "bill of fare" having been damaged during the late fall trade, and others still, upon inspection, failing to be as good as expected, others have been substituted in their stead—and I have also made some change in the items of "Real Estate" advantageous to those who have or may become interested. The following is now the final "Bill of Fair," as corrected.

The number of Books is limited to (25,000,) Twenty-five thousand. At $3 Each.

TABLE OF FARE.

The Schooner "W. M. Arbuckle," built last year carries 230 tons,	$7,500
The Schooner "North Carolina," thoroughly rebuilt and enlarged at Buffalo last spring,	6,000
The Schooner "Coman," carries 275 tons,	5,000
The Schooner "Illinois," do 150 do	4,500
The Schooner "Traveler," carries 340 tons, built at Port Huron in 1853,	6,500
One brick House and lot, situate corner of Peach and 12th sts. Erie, Pa. lately owned by M. M. Moore,	2,800
One Farm of 100 acres well improved, and watered, with barn and cider mill, 1½ miles from the village of North East, Pa., (substituted for "1 House and Store, in a flourishing village in Erie Co.,")	2,000
One Farm 107 acres, well watered and improved, with large frame dwelling house, several good barns, and located near North East, Pa. (substituted for "1 House and 14 Acres attached, in a flourishing village, in Erie Co.,)	2,000
One House and Lot in the beautiful and wealthy village of Fredonia, N. Y., situate near the Academy, and recently owned by H. W. Chapen, (in place of "1 House and Lot in a flourishing village in Erie county.)	1,700
26 Land Warrants,	2,300
26 Fine Gold Hunting English Lever Watches, $90, to 150,	2,400
20 Fine Gold D B English Lever Watches, $70 to 100,	1,700
2 Fine Gold Hunting Duplex Watches, $200,	400
2 Fine Gold Chronometer Watches, $250,	500
30 Fine Gold Detached Watches, $50 to 100,	2,250
30 Fine Gold Cylinder Watches, $40 to 80,	1,800
30 Fine Gold D. B. Cylinder Watches, $30 to 70,	1,500
30 Fine Gold D B. Detatched Lever Watches, 35 to 85,	1,800
40 Silver D. B. English Lever Watches, 20 to 50,	1,400
100 Fine Silver D. B. Detached Lever Watches, 15,	1,500
100 Fine Silver D. B. Cylinder Watches, 10,	1,000
30 Fine Gold Fob Chains, 15 to 40,	900
25 Fine Gold Vest Chains, 12 to 30,	625
30 Fine Gold Guard Chains, 12 to 40,	900
100 Fine Gold Keys, 1 to 3,	200
100 Fine Gold Keys and Seals, 4 to 12,	800
100 Fine Gold Diamond Pins, 20 to 200,	2,000
20 Fine Gold Diamond Rings, 10 to 200,	1,700
1 Fine Gold Diamond Pin and Ear Drops,	600
1 Fine Gold Ruby, and Emeral Pin and Ear Drops,	150
10 Pearl and Coral Setts, with Pin and Ear Drops, 30,	300
20 Fine Gold Bracelets, 10 to 40,	600
100 Fine Gold Ladies Brooches, 3 to 12,	750
100 Fine Gold Ladie's Ear Drops, 2 to 16,	900
50 Fine Gold Ladies' Ear Hoops, 1 to 3,	100
100 Fine Gold Gent's Breast Pins, 1 to 3.	350
24 Pair Fine Gold Specticles, 7 50,	180
200 Fine Gold Pencils, 1.50 to 12,	800
200 Fine Gold Finger Rings, 1 to 5,	700
300 Fine Gold Finger Rings, 1 to 2,	450
10 Fine Gold Crosses, 2 two 30,	100
20 Fine Gold Cuff Pins, 1 to 2,	30
10 Fine Gold Sleeve Buttons, 4 to 12,	70
100 Fine Gold Pens and silver cases, 1 to 2,	157
20 Fine Gold Thimbles, 2 to 6,	80
1 Fine Silver Tea Set,	800
1 Fine Silver Pitcher,	200
12 Sets Fine Silver Table Spoons, 30,	360
12 Sets Fine Silver Table Spoons, 24,	288
24 Sets Fine Silver Tea Spoons, 10,	240
4 Sets Fine Silver Dessert Spoons, 12,	48
12 Setts Fine Silver Forks, 30,	360
1 Plated Tea Set,	100
1 Plated Tea Set,	75
1 Plated Tea Set,	50
2 Plated Urns,	50
10 Plated Cake Baskets, 8 to 26,	200
21 Plated Castors, 8 to 30,	240
10 Pair Plated Candlesticks, 2 to 10,	70
24 Sets Plated Forks, 4,	96
24 Sets Plated Table Spoons, 4,	96
40 Sets Tea Spoons, 1.25,	60
150 30 hour and 8 day Clock and Time pieces, 2.50 to 12,	850
1 Large Music Box,	125
1 Large Music Box	50
1 Piano Forte,	300
1 Piano Forte,	150
2302 Gifts, valued at	**$75,000**

Wishing to give the strongest assurance that the affair will be fairly and generously conducted, I have asked, and received permission to refer to the following distinguished gentlemen, viz

JAS. C. MARSHALL, Esq., WM. S. LANE, Esq.
JOHN P. VINCENT, Esq., WM. C. CURRY,
BENJA. GRANT, Esq., Hon. A. KING,
C. B. WRIGHT, J. B. JOHNSON,
B. F. SLOAN, I. B. GARA,
SMITH JACKSON, C. M. TIBBALS,
G. J. MORTON, A. H GRAY.

☞ A liberal discount will be allowed to Post Masters and others to act as Agents for the sale of Books. Books may be had at the Book Store of H. Durfee & Sloan, and J. B. Gunnison and at the Jewelry Store of H. P. Stockton, also of Agents throughout the country. For further particulars address H. P. STOCKTON, Erie, Pa.

Erie, Oct. 7, 1854.—21.

I SAY FRIEND.

What Has Caused this Great Commotion in Town?

I HAVE just opened a new Drug Store, at No. 4, Wright's Block, where I am opening the largest and best assortment ever offered in town, consisting of Drugs, Medicines, Confectionaries, Chemical Perfumeries, Surgical Instruments, Liquors for medical uses, Cigars and Tobacco, and also an assortment of India Rubber goods of the latest and most approved style. Also, Horse Liniments, Keir's Petroleum, Brown essence of Jamaica Ginger, Husband's calcined Magnesia, Cod Liver Oil, Rheumatic Drops, Pain Mixture, Plasters of various kinds, Fancy Goods, and a great variety of other articles too numerous to mention.

Persons in town and country are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves, at No 4, Wright's Block, where they will find low prices, new Goods, and a plenty of them.
Erie, Jan 6, 1854—34 DR A THAYER

THE PANIC.

Now is the Time to secure Good Bargains.

BILLS of the Canal Bank and City Bank of Cleveland, City Bank of Columbus, and of the Indiana Free Banks, will be received for STOVES CANTON and DRY GOODS, a, the Stores of the subscribers for a few days. SENNETT & CO.
Erie, Nov. 18, 1854. 27

REMEMBER the New Drug Store, No 4, Wright's Block where you will find an assortment of Drugs, Medicines, and Extracts of the Purest and best quality ever brought to this market, which will be sold cheaper than can be bought at any other store in town, for cash. A THAYER, M. D
Erie, Jan. 11, 1855

For Sale.

A Steam Engine, of about 30 or 35 horse power, with two boilers, grater, and other fixtures complete, all nearly New and superior articles.
Erie, Jan. 13, 1855.—d35. WM. G. ARBUCKLE.

LOOK AT THIS

KIERS Petroleum or Rock Oil, like the water of the Mineral Springs, flows spontaneously from the bosom of the earth It is a remedy for Tetters, Scald Head, Ring Worms, Rheumatism, Neuralgy, Burns, salds, and Piles For sale at the Erie Drug Store, No 4, Wright's Block A THAYER
Erie, Jan 12

DR. A. THAYER'S PANACEA.

FOR the cure of diseases in the form of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Inflamation of the Throat, Stomach, Lungs, Kidneys and Bladder

Rheumatism both acute and chronic. Also, warranted to cure the Piles in any stage

Impotence, weak Nerves, low sense of Spirits, suppression and other delicate Female complaints promptly relieved

Prepared and Sold only by Dr A Thayer, No. 4, Wright's Block, State street, Erie.
Jan. 14, 1855 35.

A Rare Chance for Bargains.

THE subscribers, wishing to make room for a stock of Goods that can be bought for a song and a little of the "ready," from forced sales of Eastern Jobbers, owing to the tightness in the money market, have concluded to dispose of their large and magnificent stock of GROCERIES at unusually low prices for ready pay. The buying public will do well to call, as a chance such as opportunity, may never again be offered.
Erie, Jan 6, 1855 —34 STERRETT & GRAY

COFFEE.—Rio, Laguira and Old Government Java Coffee, cheap at Jan. 6. STERRETT & GRAY'S.

SUGAR.—Crushed, powdered, granulated white and yellow Coffee Sugar, by the barrel or on retail, at Jan 6 STERRETT & GRAY'S

FRESH Smoked Hams at Jan. 6. STERRETT & GRAY'S

CLOVER and Timothy seed for sale by Jan 6. STERRETT & GRAY'S.

FRUIT.—Raisins, Currants, Citrons, Prunes, very cheap at Jan 6 STERRETT & GRAY'S

TOBACCO, of all qualities, Pure natural Leaf, Sweet Cavandish and Smoking, by the box, bbl, can, tin, or 5 lb. papers, very low at Jan 6. STERRETT & GRAY'S

FISH.—Fresh caught White Fish, Trout, Cod Fish, Herrings and Mackeral, at STERRETT & GRAY'S

BROOMS, Pails, Tubs, Wash Boards, Mop Sticks and Willow Ware in general, cheapest this side smoke house, at Jan. 6. STERRETT & GRAY'S.

100 Bags Shot, Lead, Caps, Safety Fuse, constantly for sale by Jan 6. STERRETT & GRAY'S

Teas! Teas! Teas!!

THE greatest Tea Depot in the West; having been appointed Agents for the Boston Tea Company, we now offer the sweetest Moyune, richest flavored and most delicious drawing Green, Young and Old Hyson, Hyson Skin, Oolong, Black Tea, by the chest, half chest or in 6 lb. caddies, or by the lb., for a saving to the buyer of at least 15 per cent, over the purchasing at any other place. Those fond of a good article of Tea for a very little money will do well to call at STERRETT & GRAY'S.
Jan. 6, 1855—34

Earliest Arrival of Fresh Fruit.

RECEIVED this day, a fresh lot of Raisins, Currants, Figs and Prunes, at SILL'S, No. 5, Cheapside. 34.

NUTS.—Another lot of fresh Brazil Nuts, Eng. Walnuts and Almonds now opening at SILL'S.
Jan. 6, 1855. 34.

WE have just received a large lot of Stuart's Extra Syrup, which we are selling lower than was ever offered in this City, at HILL'S, No. 5, Cheapside.
Erie, Jan. 6, 1855. 34.

MOLASSES, Syrup, by the barrel or less quantity, and brown Sugar by the Hhd bbl. or cwt., from 34 cents up at Jan 6. STERRETT & GRAY'S

Wanted!! Wanted!!

MONEY in exchange for goods at low rates in any amount will be received at my cheap Hardware store if offered soon. Parties who are greatly taken in some who know themselves into being so, for a little of the specified would be very acceptable, and by offering some soon they will save cents.
Erie, Sept. 17, 1854—17. J. C. SELDEN.

SOME of Alexanders superior Kid Gloves, may be had by calling early. Also very nice Silk Kid Gloves and Fleecy lined Gloves at E. JACKSON & SON'S.
Nov 11, 1854.

JUST received by Express, another large stock of Indian dress Goods, comprising Plaid, Striped and Shepherds Silks, Fr. Merinoes, Thibet cloths, &c E. JACKSON & SON.
Nov. 11, 1854. 33.

STARTLING, BUT TRUE!

WHAT EVERY WOMAN SHOULD KNOW.

How often it happens, that the wife lingers from year to year in that pitiable condition as not even for one day to feel the happy and exhilarating influence incident to the enjoyment of health.

THE BLOOMING BRIDE,

But a few years ago in the flush of health and youth, and buoyancy of spirits, rapidly, and apparently inexplicably, becomes a feeble, sickly, sallow, debilitated wife, with frame emaciated nerves unstrung, spirits depressed, countenance bearing the impress of suffering, and an utter physical and mental prostration, arising from ignorance of the simplest and plainest rules of health as connected with the marriage state, the violation of which entails disease, suffering and misery, not only to the wife, but often

Hereditary Complaints upon the Children

"UNTO THE THIRD AND FOURTH GENERATION."

Transmitting CONSUMPTION, SCORFULA, HYPOCHONDRIA, INSANITY, GOUT, KING'S EVIL, and other and worse diseases, as a

DREADFUL INHERITANCE
FROM THE PARENTS

"And must this continue? Must this be? Is there no remedy? No relief? No hope?"

The remedy is by knowing the causes and avoiding them, and knowing the remedies and benefiting by them.

These are pointed out in

THE MARRIED WOMHN'S
PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION,
BY DR A M MAURICEAU
PROFESSOR OF DISEASES OF WOMEN

One Hundreth Edition (500,000). 18mo., *pp* 250

(ON FINE PAPER, EXTRA BINDING, $1 00.)

A standard work of established reputation, found classed in the catalogues of the great trade sales in New York, Philadelphia, and other cities, and sold by the principal booksellers in the United States. It was first published in 1847, since which time

FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND COPIES.

have been sold, of which there were upwards of

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND SENT BY MAIL

attesting to the high estimation