

Democrat and Sentinel.

W. H. M'ENRUE, Editor & Publisher. EBENSBURG, SEPT. 6, 1866.

STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR. HIESTER CLYMER. DISTRICT TICKET.

CONGRESS. ROBERT L. JOHNSTON, Ebensburg.

COUNTY TICKET.

ASSEMBLY. Col. JOHN P. LINTON, Johnstown. REGISTER AND RECORDER, JAMES GRIFFIN, Johnstown borough. ASSOCIATE JUDGES, JAMES MURRAY, Ebensburg borough. GEORGE W. EASLEY, Johnstown. COMMISSIONER, JOHN FERGUSON, Blacklick twp. POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR, HENRY BYRNE, Carroll township. CORONER, THOMAS M'BREEN, Ebensburg borough. AUDITOR, D. A. LUTHER, Carroll township.

The Kentucky Election.

Duval the Democratic Candidate for Governor elected by an overwhelming Majority. The People will sustain the President. White Men must Rule.

By late advices from Kentucky we have the gratifying announcement that Democracy has triumphed in that State. Duval the Democratic candidate for Governor has been elected over Hobson, (Radical) by at least thirty thousand of a majority. This is glorious news. Two years ago the Radicals carried the State by a large majority. Last year the majority was small, but now the Democratic ticket is successful by an overwhelming one. Bayonets no longer serve for ballots. There are no controlling spirits in the shape of Provost guards to interfere with the rights of her citizens. The desperate rule of the radical leaders taught them a lesson. One which they have profited by, not only for their own welfare but for the welfare of our whole country. Can we not hope? Is not the abhorrence of the people of Pennsylvania to Radicalism as great as in Kentucky. Can we not roll up a similar majority? The answer will come in thunder tones on the second Tuesday of next October, when right shall triumph over wrong; and the knaves be hurled from power who are now attempting to revolutionize our country.

A white man must have considerable respect for himself and his race, who will say by his vote that he is in no wise superior to a nigger. The man who votes for Geary says this, and if justice were meted out to him, the rights of a white man, in this white man's country, would be taken from him, and he would be placed on a perfect equality with the debased beings he looks upon as his equal.

General Geary, the disunion candidate for Governor, is a delegate to the League's "Southern Loyalist Convention." He and Fred Douglass marched in the same procession in Philadelphia. He evidently changed his mind in reference to the time when "negro equality is to be settled," and has determined to show that he is in favor of it now.

The presiding Elders of the Morrell organ, in their last issue calls the editor of this paper a "professional blackguard." If editing a country newspaper entitles us to this epithet we have no reason to complain. The great mystery that we cannot account for is, that we became professional in so limited a space of time. They have been engaged in the business something longer than we whom they now term "professional." We suppose their title would be unprofessional blackguards.

The Democratic Congressional Conferees of Cambria, Blair, Huntingdon, and Mifflin counties met in Huntingdon on Saturday last. A number of ballots were had but did not result in the choice of a candidate, the ballot standing six for Johnston, three for Cresswell and three for Reed. The Conferees from Cambria and Huntingdon voted for Johnston, Mifflin for Reed, and Blair for Cresswell. After balloting a number of times without effecting a nomination they adjourned to meet in Tyrone on Thursday (to day.) Since writing the above, we have heard that Robert L. Johnson of this place, received the nomination.

A Grand Fizzle in Ebensburg.

Republican Mass Meeting--Features of The Day &c. &c.--The Day.

Having had several changes of weather within the last few weeks, every person was eagerly looking for Tuesday the 3d day of September. And why should they desire that the third should be favorable? Was it because Court was in session and an important case was to be tried which would perhaps sentence some unfortunate victim to the gallows or still worse, to a life of miserable servitude. Oh no! The cause was of greater importance. It was the cause of Geary, the Republican candidate for Governor. A Mass Meeting of the citizens of Cambria county was to take place in our midst. Every person desired favorable weather and thank God they got it; and they are now getting a favorable notice from the Democratic press.

THE ARRIVALS.

At half past nine the Branch train arrived and with it the Brass Band of Johnstown and several understrappers of Daniel J. Morrell, the Republican nominee for Congress; besides some speakers that will be introduced to the reader when their time arrives.

The Brass band was received by a number of small children, who escorted them to the Hotel of mine host Foster where as Artemus Ward says, "they discoursed elegant music." After having something "to take" the band proceeded to the lower end of town to meet the Jackson delegation, which consisted of ten men, twelve horses, eleven boys and a dog. By some mishap the Beulah delegation did not receive a reception. They are highly indignant at the treatment they received.

A SERNADE.

After the Jacksonian delegation arrived, the Brass band marched up in front of our office and gave us a serenade; or at least we thought it was intended as such. While they were playing we were reminded of a verse we used to sing when a child:

"The elephant now moves round, The band begins to play; And the boys around that monkey's cage Had better keep away."

THE BALL OPENS.

At precisely half past two o'clock the meeting was called to order by a little "weasel-faced" lawyer called Singleton. He drew out a few remarks unsuitable to the occasion, which did not even produce a cheer from the little audience. We will give a short quotation from this eloquent young man's speech; not that the people desire to hear it, but merely to give our readers an idea of Radical eloquence. Hear him and judge for yourselves:

"Stop fellow citizens. Do not go away. A speaker will address you. One with whom you are acquainted. I will not mention his name. He is a bully fellow. You must listen to him. I will not introduce him. I might as well introduce him to his own family. Do stop and listen. He is a bully speaker. His name is John Scott &c. &c. &c."

After this, little "Weasel-face" sat down and many an ardent Republican was pleased that he did so.

JOHNNY SCOTT.

Johnny Scott came forward. He spoke. We listened (That is us Democrats, for in one sense of the word it was a Democratic meeting, as the principal portion of the audience supported the Democratic platform.) He denounced President Johnson and the Philadelphia Convention cursed Southern rebels, praised John Geary and belied Hiestor Clymer; said nothing about the negro and very little about anything else. He retired while many votes were made for the Democratic party.

A GUERRILLA SPEAKS.

The next speaker announced was Hon. alias General, alias Colonel, alias Captain, alias blackguard Montgomery from Mississippi, North Carolina and Tennessee. His speech (if the usages of public speakers will allow me to call it such,) abounded in nonsense, indecency, immorality and blackguardism. We have heard loafers, bummers, scoundrels and villains speak during our short existence; but we have never heard one of the above mentioned class of men that could compete with Montgomery. His language was low; his gestures disgusting and his whole manner and appearance that of a Baltimore "plug-ugly" or a Mosby guerilla during the rebellion. His chief expressions were "nary time!" "can't see it!" "come to my arms my honey!" "played out!" "gone up!" "squashed!" "seece-

ded!" "gone to grass?" "all's up!" "that's what's the matter!" "the dog's dead!" "he's a buster" &c. These are only some of the slang terms used by this vile man. We will give a short quotation from his lengthy harangue. In speaking of the trials and afflictions of him and his family, he made use of the following language:

"My darling wife who had left a Southern home to find a Northern grave, with two small children clinging to her for support and comfort, and in a delicate state of health exclaimed in joyful accents when she met one of the "brave boys in blue," "thank God I am about to be delivered!"—Here the merriment of the crowd gave way and he congratulated himself, that he had made a favorable impression. His wife in a delicate state! meeting a Union soldier she was delivered! Shades of departed blackguards can you not hear and answer in his popular slang term "nary time." We could give many more extracts from this blustering orator's speech, but we refrain from doing so. Suffice to say that he pleased no person; not even the party he was hired to address.

THE "LITTLE WEASEL" DISPERSES THE CROWD.

After the Southern blackguard was through speaking, the "little weasel" announced to the few Democrats left that another meeting would be held at half past six in the evening, for the purpose of "better enlightening the ignorant, and also to give some lesser guns a chance to explode."

EVENING PERFORMANCE.

Half past six came and with it a few Republicans and many Democrats; all anxious to hear more eloquence from orators that did not possess the article

Louis Hall was the first speaker. His speech was already prepared and he read it out of a large note-book in a very creditable manner. He tried every manner to secure applause but was unsuccessful. He retired crest fallen and I have no doubt, disgusted at his reception. OLD COATS REPAIRED AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE AND ON THE MOST REASONABLE TERMS.

The next speaker's name was Coats. He was a tailor. He was a good tailor (if we can take his own words for it) He was a better tailor than Andrew Johnson. He was not a retail tailor but was a wholesale tailor. He was not a conservative tailor. He was a radical tailor. He wanted to bet on Geary! He wanted a safe bet. He would bet his old hat against a new one that Geary would be elected. He told the little audience many little anecdotes. He quoted poetry—denounced the Philadelphia Convention and said a great many other things too nonsensical to mention. He retired to his couch to dream of seizures, fits, suits and latest styles of gentlemen's apparel.

LITTLE CYRUS THE PRESIDING ELDER OF MORRELL'S CHURCH SPEAKS. As none of the other speakers had mentioned the name of Dan. J. Morrell, it became necessary that "Little Cyrus" should receive an opportunity to digest some of his powerful eloquence. He advanced; but as blackguard Montgomery says, he was greeted with "nary a cheer." He informed them that he was going to be brief. A by-stander who had been hired we suppose by some of the faithful quickly responded "Amen," which as you are all aware signifies "be it so." He was brief; merely recommending D. J. Morrell as a fit person for Congress—This was about the sum and substance of his speech. As he is an insignificant personage, we ask the reader's pardon for giving him so lengthily a notice.

DANIEL J. MORRELL MAKES HIS APPEARANCE. Daniel the profit thinking that it would be necessary for him to take part in the closing exercises, and receive the "blessing" from the presiding "Elder," arrived some time in the evening. He was introduced to the people by the "little weasel" who stated "that it became necessary that Mr. Morrell should become acquainted in the northern section of this county. Mr. Morrell, after an elegant display of eloquence, thanked the audience and retired to bed, we suppose to dream of strikes, railroad iron and tariff.

CONCLUSION.

No sensible man can have the least shadow of a doubt but that the meeting was a failure. The name of Geary did not prove an incentive to gather the wayward followers of Radicalism. The name of Curtin was also used, but all to no purpose. They did not come. They would not come. No blame could be

attached to the members of the Democratic party in Ebensburg. They done all that was in their power to swell the assemblage, but all to no purpose. The largest number of persons in front of the speaker's stand during the day and evening including Democrats, Republicans, women and children would not exceed two hundred. No enthusiasm prevailed. The Republicans seemed doubt-hearted and dejected, and we have no doubt but what, if they knew such evil would result from it, they would consider twice before they would call another meeting. However, their loss is our gain and our gain is the overthrow of Radicalism in Pennsylvania.

The Douglass Accepts.

Fred Douglass, (negro,) was lately appointed a delegate by the "Union League" of Rochester, N. Y., to the Jack Hamilton ("mean white") convention, which meets in Philadelphia to-day (3d.) It will be seen from the following letter, published in the Rochester Express (Disunion) that Fred has determined to lay aside his repugnance to "white trash," and to shed the light of his countenance upon that distinguished body of extemporized Southerners—Bergner's and "Foot's" included:

ROCHESTER, Aug. 30, 1866.

"Dear Sir: Sensible of the unexpected honor generously conferred upon me by the Republican Convention of this city in appointing me one of its delegates to meet with the true Southern Unionists about to convene in Philadelphia, I beg to state that I cheerfully and gratefully accept the appointment, and will certainly attend that true National Convention, provided I am timely put in possession of the proper credentials for that purpose. If this Convention shall receive me, the event will certainly be somewhat significant of progress; if they reject me, they will only identify themselves with another Convention, which, from mean motives, turned its back upon its true friends. Yours very truly, FREDERICK DOUGLASS."

In noticing the foregoing letter, the N. Y. Tribune (Disunion) says:

"Frederic Douglass has accepted the appointment of delegate to the Philadelphia Convention, and will, no doubt, be welcomed by all its members. It would be a fitting recognition of the claims of his people, not to speak of his own services, to place his name in the list of officers."

Now, go way "white trash!"

Radical Usurpation.

The attempt of a few radicals in Louisiana to usurp the Government of the State, was the cause of the late riots in New Orleans, by which several human lives were destroyed; and when we reflect upon the enormity of the designs of the usurpers, we are surprised that the loss of life was not greater than it was. The idea of the people remaining quiet, while a few Northern adventures were engaged in filching from them their rights, and bestowing suffrage upon herds of debased negroes, was not to be expected. Had they remained quiet, under such provocation, they would have shown themselves utterly spiritless, deserving the places of their former slaves.

In Missouri the spirit of Radicalism is rampant; it has been revelling in power for four years, and should its tyranny and usurpations arouse the people of that State to rise in their anger, we would not at all be surprised at it. The course of the Radicals has this tendency. In that State the tree of Radicalism was planted four years ago and the people, as the Cincinnati Inquirer remarks are now eating the bitter fruit which it has produced. What it is there it would be everywhere, if it had the same opportunity for development. There have been for the last four or five years a condition of things there that is only paralleled by the scenes in the worst part of the French reign of terror in 1793. At an early period in the war, although the State did not secede, it passed entirely under the control of military satraps. These satraps were themselves the organs and champions of a political faction which was detested by a large majority in the State. They lent their whole endeavors to make the rule of a small but active minority perpetual. They seized the ballot-box at all elections, and only persons who were their creatures were allowed to approach it. They surrounded it not only with bayonets, but with annoying and disgusting test oaths that were repulsive to the feelings of a great majority of the people. When finally installed in power by military violence, they called a Convention, which framed a Constitution which they ratified in the same manner, by the bayonet and by the use of bogus and fraudulent returns, purporting to be cast by soldiers in the army stationed outside of the State. This Constitution is one of the most shameful political documents, and would have been a disgrace to any country or any age. It was worthy of its miserable origin. Under it, for instance the preaching of the gospel is a crime, unless the minister consent to a certain political test in the form of an oath.—Daily Post.

An Exciting Canvass.

The political canvass, in this county, upon which we are just entering, will be very brief in its duration, while it will be a hotly and bitterly contested one. The Radicals are already in the field, marshaling their forces, counting noses, and using every appliance to accomplish their designs. It is boldly affirmed that General Moorhead has pledged all the money required to meet the extraordinary expenses of the campaign. We have already had striking proofs of the power of his gold to get rid of formidable opposition. It is the boast of his satellites that he made, through channels well understood by the initiated, a million of dollars during the progress of the war. He can well afford to part with a large sum of this ill-gotten gain, to corrupt the voters of the county, if by this means he can buy his way back to Congress. He is an unscrupulous, wily, adroit demagogue, and is constantly on the alert. Still, we think his shameless practices have become so notorious, that he will be most signally rebuked at the ballot-box. These efforts of the radical disunionists must be met by equal vigilance, prompt organization and thorough canvass of every district on the part of the National Unionists. We have a County Executive Committee composed of good men. Let this committee go to work and elect regular committees in every election district in the county. It is by such an organization alone we can hope to succeed. A party, like an army, without organization is nothing better than a mob, and is powerless to accomplish any good. What is to be done must be done quickly. There is scarcely six weeks left in which to work. If our friends will begin the good work, there need be no fears as to the result. We have an incomparably better ticket than our opponents; our platform of principles is unexceptionable, and all that is now wanted to sweep the county by a triumphant majority is systematic canvassing.—Pittsburg Republic.

The issue before the people in the present campaign is simply this: Can any party, having a majority in Congress, exclude, during its sovereign will and pleasure, States from a representation in the law-making body of the country?

There are three co-ordinate branches of the government—The President, the Supreme Court, and the Congress. These constitute the Executive, Judicial and Legislative branches.

The ten Southern States now excluded from Congress have been recognized as completely restored in all their practical relations to the Union by the Executive and Judicial branches of the government. Congress alone, for partizan reasons refuses to recognize them.

These three divisions of the government constitute three great depositories of power. Thus two of those depositories have accorded to the loyal people of the South all the rights which law abiding Americans are entitled to; and one of those great depositories, Congress, constituting the minority of the three, refuses to do this thing upon that clause in the constitution, which makes each house the judge or the election and qualifications of its own members.—While it has not examined into the election and qualifications of a single member from the South, but has assumed to pass upon the right of States to any representation at all. This is a proceeding which has not the shadow of a warrant in the constitution nor a precedent in our history, nor in that of constitutional government throughout the World.

The President does not ask, the conservative men of the county, that a single man with an unpurged disloyal record, should take his seat in Congress. But they do ask that whole States be not short of their inalienable rights without the slightest warrant of law.

The Radicals do not entertain the high opinion of the "boys in blue" that they did a year ago, and the reason is that they do not follow the teachings of Thad. Stevens, which are intended to keep the Union asunder; The Union which they shed their blood to reunite. Because the "boys in blue" still stand by the flag of the Union—as the Age remarks—the Radicals are heaping upon them the grossest slanders and are doing all in their power to efface their faithful services in the field from the recollection of their grateful countrymen. A few months ago, they could not praise these heroes too highly. Now they see nothing even in their military record to admire and applaud.

These soldiers have not changed one jot or tittle of their principles. They are for the Union now, as they ever were. And this is the cause of the Radical grief. If they would only agree to engage in the revolutionary and treasonable schemes of their present defamers, they would be spared the foul abuse that is now heaped upon them by the followers of Sumner and Stevens. But they did not shrink from meeting the enemies of the Union when the country was convulsed by civil strife, and they will not do so now. They intend to keep on "making treason odious," and, therefore, they are now turning their attention to the Radicals at "the other end of the line."—Pittsburg Daily Post.

Hon. B. Markley Boyer was nominated for Congress by the Democracy of Montgomery County, on the 12th of August. As the choice of Montgomery will be ratified by Leigh County, Mr. Boyer may be considered the candidate of the Democracy of the Sixth Congressional District. No man had a better record in the last Congress than Mr. Boyer, and his re-nomination was well merited.

J. Lawrence Getz, Esq., the able editor of the Reading Gazette, has been nominated for Congress by the Democracy of Berks County. Of course, he will be elected. Mr. Getz has the ability and experience to make a useful member of the National House of Representatives.

Messrs. O'Neill, Myers and Keller have been renominated by the Radicals of Philadelphia as candidates for Congress in the Second, Third and Fourth Districts of this State. All these gentlemen are practical disunionists. They will allow the States to be reunited. All their votes and labors have been directed against constitutional restoration. They have injured the trade and commerce of Philadelphia by their course, and will do so again if re-elected. All these gentlemen can be beaten, if proper efforts be made by Democrats and Conservative citizens. For the sake of the commerce, fame and business prospects of the city let there be such an union as will elect patriots to Congress, instead of sectional fanatics and partisan bigots.

H. C. YOUNG, I. L. HOLMES, C. DAVIDSON, WITH YOUNG & HOLMES Wholesale Dealers and Importers of Foreign and American Liquors. BOURBON & RYE WHISKEYS, OLD TOM, SWAN, AND LONDON DOCK GIN, No. 31 East Second Street, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Agents for Dr. Holmes' Celebrated Japanese Bitters. August 16, 1866-6m.

Trial List. LIST OF CAUSES set down for trial, September term, 1866, commencing Monday the 10th day of September next:

Table with 2 columns: Name and Case Description. Includes entries like Healy vs. Warner, Hoffman vs. Colchester et al., Com'w/th for use vs. Mathews, etc.

M'BREEN HOUSE, KEPT BY LITTLE, EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA COUNTY, PENNA. August 16, 1866 1y.

QUICK SALES, QUICK SALES, QUICK SALES, AND SMALL PROFITS, AND SMALL PROFITS, AND SMALL PROFITS.

GURLEY'S NEW CHEAP STORE, GURLEY'S NEW CHEAP STORE, GURLEY'S NEW CHEAP STORE, EBENSBURG, PA. EBENSBURG, PA. EBENSBURG, PA.

The Largest Stock of Goods. The Selected and the Greatest Variety ever brought to Town. LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST, LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST, LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST.

GO AND SEE, GO AND SEE, GO AND SEE. The subscriber calls the attention of the public to the fact, that he has just received and opened out in his New Store, a large stock of goods, consisting of FLOUR, CORN MEAL, CHOP FEED, Bran, Fish, Bacon and Cheese; Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Molasses, Spices, Tobacco, Eggs, Candles, Soap, Vinegar, &c., &c.

NOTIONS, DRUGS, PERFUMERY, Stoneware and Earthenware. ALSO, a large assortment of the best and latest styles of Hats. He always keeps constantly on hand B. Logan Sausages, Sardines, Fresh and Spiced Oysters in can, or half cans, and almost everything in the eating or drinking line. All of which will be sold at small profit. GEO. GURLEY, MAIN STREET, EBENSBURG, PA. August 30, 1866-1y.

Notice to Teachers. AN examination of School Teachers, will be held at the School House, in the borough of Ebensburg, on Tuesday the 18th of September next, at 10 o'clock, a. m. for the purpose of supplying the schools of said borough with one male and five female teachers, for a term of four months. By order of the Board, D. J. JONES, Sec'y. August 30, 1866-3t.