

TO DEFEATED CANDIDATES.

[The following lines, written by the late George F. Messer, formerly editor of the Philadelphia Sunday Mercury, who was in 1857 a candidate before the nominating Convention for Prothonotary of the District Court, we republish by request, and commend it to those gentlemen who met a similar fate in the late Convention.—Ed.]

Six months ago, with little cash, In politics I made a dash, Resolving, though I went to smash, I'd have the nomination.

I went to work with all my might, I call'd on friends both day and night, And of I thought, "Oh, I'm all right"— I'll get the nomination.

The friends that brought me in the field Said, now, my boy, you must not yield, For boldness is your strongest shield To win the nomination.

They also urged another course— Insisted on't with all their force— That I should get a coach and horse And hunt the nomination.

I yielded to their argument; For coach and horse my money spent, And every day a driving went, To seek the nomination.

I drove through north and east and west, Thro' all the precincts (I was thought best,) And gave myself and horse no rest, To get the nomination.

My cards I hung on tavern walls, And tickets bought for all the balls, Took catfish suppers at the "Falls," To get the nomination.

Excursions to Atlantic made; That I must go my friends all said; Should I refuse, they were afraid, I'd lose the nomination.

Besides, I went from place to place, The Delegates met face to face, For thus I thought to win the race And get the nomination.

And often, too, the "hounds" I'd meet, In dozens walking down the street; Of course, the party I must treat, To get the nomination.

My family was neglected, too, I saw them not for weeks through, And all these things I had to do, To get the nomination.

My business, too, sunk very low, For cash I knew not where to go, I thought it would not long be so, I'd get the nomination.

Thus time rolled on, and so did I— Six months elapsed, my hopes were high, At last the day and hour drew nigh, To make the nomination.

My friends were promptly on the ground, And when my hopes seemed almost crown'd, Alas! I to my sorrow found, I'd lost the nomination.

And now, to those who won the fight, I give the hand of friendship bright, While, for myself, it served me right, To expect the nomination.

And these kind friends who, from the start Stood by me, from my inmost heart I thank them for their active part, Tho' I lost the nomination.

And finally—before I close— I friends would make of all my foes, And pledge myself to vote for those, Who got the nomination.

With health impaired and pockets dry, I'll rest till three long years roll by, And then again, perhaps, I'll try, To get the nomination.

The Veto Message.

As was to be expected, the second edition of the odious Freedmen's Bureau bill has been returned to Congress with the President's objections. The message reciting these objections is clear and convincing to every unprejudiced mind. At the moment of its presentation Congress was evidently in a particular bad humor towards the President. The proceedings of the conspirators' caucus, Saturday night, did not help to put it in a good humor.— They were greatly irritated against each other, but the President was regarded as a common enemy, and so soon as his veto message on the Freedmen's Bureau bill was presented, without waiting to consider any objection, they hurried it through by a two-thirds majority vote. It was no consequence what arguments the message contained. Though the most conclusive ever presented to reasoning men, the result would have been the same. The majority in Congress had determined to oppose the President, and right or wrong, they were bound to oppose him. There was no necessity even for reading the veto message. No one listened to it. Not one-third of those who voted against it knew at this moment what it contained. They made up their minds to oppose the President, and oppose him they did.

The majority in Congress was utterly deaf to any reasoning upon any bill they were determined to pass. They had promised, if the President vetoed the bill, "they would pass it so quick as to make his head swim." They did pass it so quickly that the heads of many who voted for the ultimate passage of the bill thus inconsiderately will swim until they get back to their constituents, when they will sink forever out of sight and out of mind of the political world, except as notable

examples of perversity in sacrificing public interests to private pique.

This veto message is one of the plainest, best-considered, and most convincing documents that has emanated from the Executive office. It treats the subject in a purely constitutional and statesmanlike manner. The bill is objected to as a war measure, warranted only by the existence of a condition of war, and totally inapplicable to a time of peace. It is regarded as altogether unnecessary, as the previous act sufficiently establishing a Freedmen's Bureau has yet time enough to run to carry it beyond the meeting of the next Congress, and allow that body then, if deemed necessary, to provide for its extension. It is objected to as unconstitutional, as it provides for the creation of military tribunals, and their substitution for the ordinary civil tribunals, in a time of peace.— The message recites the fact that the Federal and State Courts are in practical operation in all the States in which this Freedmen's Bureau tribunal proposed to be established and rendered permanent for three years longer; that the constitutions and laws recently adopted by these States afford ample protection to the Freedmen, and the establishment of this Bureau will only provide and occasion a conflict of authority that may lead to serious results; that the civil rights bill, which has become a law without the Executive sanction, in itself affords all the protection of the negro that can possibly be desired; and that, in addition to the objections to this measure upon the score of economy, as a wasteful expenditure of public money, without any corresponding benefit to the negro race, and as an incentive to dishonest speculation on the part of public officers, this sort of class legislation is unconstitutional, anti-republican, and subversive of the most sacred principles of our form of government.

I will be a source of regret to the people, who will have to pay for this worse than useless luxury of a Freedmen's Bureau, that Congress has acted so hastily in passing this bill over the objections of the President. The time is not far distant when the whole country will see, and understand, and appreciate the well-founded objections the President has urged against the measure. Even the members of Congress who have just now thus inconsiderately voted for it will then be held to a strict accountability by their constituents, and the patriotism of the President will be fully vindicated.—National Intelligencer.

FROM A DOOMED MAN.—Watson the professional burglar, and murderer of Capt. Menter, who is to be hung on the 31st day of next month, sent recently, per Adams Express, to the Clerk of Perry county, Indiana, a package containing a letter and the revolver with which the murder was committed. In the course of his operations last Spring, Watson entered the residence of the clerk above mentioned for the purpose of obtaining his keys and robbing the safe. Gaining access to the sleeping apartment of the clerk, he found, sleeping soundly and entirely without suspicion of harm, the husband, wife, and infant child. Turning the light of his "glim" around the room the guilty "crossman" noticed, on the table, a loaded revolver. He looked at the weapon and then at the sleeping child and mother, and thought that if in the course of the search for the keys he should wake the father, he might have to murder them all in order to escape. Dreading such work, he quietly took the revolver and left the house; and with this revolver he murdered Captain Menter. The letter accompanying the weapon contained a statement from which we have gleaned the above mentioned facts.

WHISKY AND NEWSPAPERS.—An exchange paper in discussing the relative merits and estimated value of these two articles, says: A glass of whisky is manufactured from perhaps a dozen grains of corn, the value of which is too small to be estimated. A glass of this mixture sells for a dime, and if of a good brand it is considered well worth the money. It is drunk in a minute or two. It fires the brain, sharpens the appetite, deranges and weakens the physical system. On the same side board on which the deleterious beverage is served, lies a newspaper. It is covered with half a million of type—it brings intelligence from the four quarters of the globe. The newspaper costs less than the glass of grog—the juice of a few grains of corn, but it is no less strange than true that there is a large number of people who think corn juice is cheap and newspapers dear.

TO MAKE ROPE PLIABLE.—Considerable difficulty is sometimes experienced in handling new rope, on account of stiffness. This is especially the case when it is wanted for halter to be put on and tie up a horse with. New ropes for cattle are frequently unsafe, for the reason that they are not pliable enough to knot securely. All this can be remedied, and new rope made as soft and limber at once, as after a year's constant use, by simply boiling it for two hours in water. Then hang it in a warm room and let it dry thoroughly. It retains its stiffness until dry, when it becomes perfectly pliable.

How many peas are there in a pint? One p.

PRICES REDUCED.

Johnston Marble Works. A NEW STOCK. The subscriber has just received a large and handsome invoice of Italian and American MARBLE, comprising the largest and finest stock of the kind ever brought to Johnston, at his establishment on Franklin Street, where he is prepared, with an adequate force of experienced and skillful workmen, to execute all kinds of MONUMENTS, Mantels, Tombstones, Table and Bureau Tops, &c., as cheap as they can be purchased in any of the cities. A large stock of GRINDSTONES on hand and for sale low. A room has been opened in Ebensburg, a few doors west of Dr. S. S. Christy's Dispensary, where articles of my manufacture are constantly on hand, to which the attention of purchasers is invited. Prompt attention paid to orders at a distance and work delivered wherever desired. JOHN PARKE. June 7, 1866.

EBENSBURG FOUNDRY. The subscriber announces to the public, that he has repurchased the Ebensburg Foundry and is prepared to furnish his former customers and all others with every description of castings usually manufactured at a country establishment. He will always keep on hand a large quantity of COOKING STOVES, PARLOR STOVES, OFFICE STOVES, &c. Also FLOWS, of the most approved pattern. PLOW POINTS, THRESHING MACHINES and all other articles connected with the business of a Foundry. He invites the patronage of the public and will sell at the most reasonable prices, for cash or country produce. EDWARD GLASS. March 29, 1866-ly.

EBENSBURG BOOK STORE. JAS. MURRAY, On Main street, Ebensburg Pa., Keeps constantly on hand and for sale, a general supply of PAPERS, Envelopes, Writing Ink, Pens, Pencils, Pen Holders.

BLANK BOOKS, Magazines, and other articles in his line, all of which are sold at reasonable rates. February 8, 1866.

CHAIR MANUFACTORY. WM. P. PATTON, JOHNSTOWN PA. ALL KINDS OF CHAIRS, such as common Windsor Chairs, Fret Back Chairs, Vienna Chairs, Bustle Chairs, Rim Backed Chairs, Sessle Chairs, Cane Seat Chairs, ROCKING CHAIRS, OF EVERY SIZE, SPRING SEAT CHAIRS, Settees, Lounges, &c., &c. ALSO CABINET FURNITURE of every description and of latest STYLES, WITH PRICES TO SUIT THE Tastes of all. Thankful for past favors, he respectfully solicits a liberal share of public patronage. Clinton Street, Johnstown Cambria Co. Pa. November 20th, 1861.

NEW FIRM. A. McFADDON & BROTHERS, OLD BRICK WAREHOUSE, HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA., Dealers in all kinds of GROCERIES, FLOUR, CHOP, CORN MEAL, SHAD, SALT, HERRING, PLASTER, CODFISH, NAILS & IRON, GRAIN, LEAD & OILS. All of which are sold low for cash. Hollidaysburg, May 31, 1865-tf

1866. PHILADELPHIA. 1866. WALL PAPERS. HOWELL & BOURKE, MANUFACTURERS OF PAPER HANGINGS AND Window Shades, Corner FOURTH & MARKET Streets, PHILADELPHIA. N. B. Always in Store, a Large Stock of LINEN & OIL SHADES. March 1, 1866-3m.

MANSSION HOUSE. AT THE PENNA RAILROAD DEPOT PITTSBURG, PA. MEALS READY ON THE ARRIVAL OF ALL TRAINS. J. H. CLARK & CO., Proprietors. Sept. 23, 1863. tf

PURE LIBERTY WHITE LEAD.—The Whitest, the most durable and most economical. Try it! Manufactured only by ZEIGLER & SMITH, Wholesale Drug, Paint and Glass Dealers, No. 147 North THIRD Street, PHILADELPHIA. February 8, 1866-ly.

WEBER & WILSON'S

HIGHEST PREMIUM SEWING MACHINES, AWARDED THE HIGHEST PREMIUM AT THE International Exhibition, LONDON, 1862. INDUSTRIAL EXPOSITION, PARIS, 1861. KONIGSBURG, PRUSSIA, 1863. AND STETTIN, PRUSSIA, 1865.

IN COMPETITION WITH ALL the leading Sewing Machines in EUROPE AND AMERICA, and the United States Agricultural Association; Metropolitan Mechanics' Institute, Washington; Franklin Institute, Philadelphia; Mechanics Association, Boston; American Institute, New York; Maryland Institute, Baltimore; Mechanics Association, Cincinnati; Kentucky Institute, Louisville; Mechanics Institute, San Francisco; and at EVERY STATE AND COUNTY FAIR WHERE EXHIBITED THIS SEASON. Upwards of 200,000 of these Machines HAVE ALREADY BEEN SOLD, a fact that speaks louder than words of the success and popularity of WEBER & WILSON'S FAMILY LOCK STITCH SEWING MACHINE. The Cheapest Machine in the World, Because it is the Best. Every Machine Warranted For Three Years. Customers Risk Nothing in Purchasing. INSTRUCTIONS FREE. Always happy to exhibit and explain them. Circulars, containing an explanation of the Machine, with testimonials from ladies of the highest social standing, given on application, either in person or by mail. WM. SUMNER & CO., Agents for the Western States and Western Pennsylvania. Principal office and Wholesale Emporium: No. 27 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. July 26, 1865.

LOOK HERE! THE undersigned will sell at private sale the following real estate in Cambria county, viz: A tract of land in Washington township, situate 1 1/2 miles from Cresson, adjoining lands of M. M. Adams, Daniel Criste, Hugh J. McCloskey, Joseph Criste, Jacob Burgoon, and others, containing about 213 acres. Also—A piece or parcel of land situate in the same township, about two miles from the borough of Wilmore and one mile from Portage Station, adjoining lands of P. M. Gough, Esq., containing NINETY-SIX ACRES, about sixty acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a frame dwelling house and frame barn. On this tract there is a large vein of limestone and a vein of coal. Also—Two contiguous tracts of coal and timber land, situate near Summerhill Station, in Croyle township, containing 360 acres, fifty of which are cleared, having thereon erected a dwelling house and barn. Also—A tract of timber land in Blacklick and Carroll townships, containing 317 acres. A branch of the Blacklick creek and Dutch run pass through the same. This is a desirable property. Also—The farm and coal tract formerly owned by John Gillan, Sr., situate in Blacklick township, about seven miles North-west of Ebensburg, adjoining lands of the late John Gillan, Jr., David Rowland, David Davis, Jr., and Jacob and Peter Wagner, containing 123 acres, or thereabouts, having thereon erected a good stone dwelling house and a log barn. This land contains an abundance of coal of a superior quality—a vein 4 1/2 feet thick having been opened and worked.

Also—A piece or parcel of land situate in Cambria township, adjoining the ancient city of Buleaw, containing 62 acres. Also—A number of lots, dwelling houses, and pieces or parcels of ground situate in and near the borough of Ebensburg. Also—Other lands located in different parts of the county not above designated. WM. KITTELL. Ebensburg, Nov. 30, 1865.—tf.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS. The undersigned keeps constantly on hand and is still manufacturing all articles in his line such as, SADDLES, FINE SINGLE & DOUBLE HARNESS DRAFT HARNESS, BLIND BRIDLES, RIDING BRIDLES, CHECK LINES, HALTERS, WHIPS, BRICHBANDS &c., &c., which he will dispose of at low prices for cash. His work is all warranted, and being experienced, he puts the best of leather in his work. Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by attention to business to merit a continuance of the patronage heretofore so liberally extended to him. Shop above the store of Robert Davis. Persons wishing good and substantial Harness can be accommodated by. HUGH M'COY, Ebensburg Dec, 11, 1861-tf.

Great Improvement in Sewing Machines.

EMPIRE SHUTTLE MACHINE. PATENTED FEB. 14, 1860. Salesrooms, 536 Broadway, New York, 250 Washington St., Boston. THIS MACHINE is constructed on entirely new principles of mechanism, possessing many rare and valuable improvements, having been examined by the most profound experts, and pronounced to be Simplicity and Perfection Combined. It has a straight needle, perpendicular action, makes the LOCK or SHUTTLE STITCH, which will neither RIP nor RAVEL, and is alike on both sides; performs perfect sewing on every description of material, from cotton, linen or silk thread, from the coarsest to the finest number. Having neither CAM or COG WHEEL, and the least possible friction, it runs as smooth as glass, and is Emphatically a Noiseless Machine. It requires FIFTY PER CENT. less power to drive it than any other machine in market. A girl twelve years of age can work it steadily, without fatigue or injury to health. Its strength and wonderful simplicity of construction renders it almost impossible to get out of order, and is GUARANTEED by the company to give entire satisfaction. We respectfully invite all those who may desire to supply themselves with a superior article, to come and examine this UNVALUED MACHINE. But in a more especial manner do we solicit the patronage of Merchant Tailors, Corset Makers, Shoe Fitters, Hat Makers, Hoop Skirt Manufacturers, Vest and Pantaloons Makers, Dress Makers. One half hour's instruction is sufficient to enable any person to work this Machine to their entire satisfaction. Agents wanted for all towns in the United States, where agencies are not already established. Also for Cuba, Mexico, Central and South America, to whom a liberal discount will be given. J. T. McARTHUR & CO., 536 Broadway, New York, 250 Washington St., Boston, 921 Chestnut St., Phila. October 12, 1865.

To the Public. HEMLOCK AWAKE! THE subscribers take pleasure in calling the attention of the public to the fact that they have just received at their NEW STORE, AT LILLY'S STATION, a large and varied stock of DRY GOODS, of every style, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, FLOUR, BACON, GROCERIES, FISH, SALT, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, WOOD AND WILLOW WARE, NOTIONS, and in fact any and everything usually found in a country store, which they offer at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES FOR CASH. Goods given in exchange for all kinds of marketable country produce. J. H. DYSART & CO. Hemlock, May 3, 1866-3m.

LORETTO MARBLE WORKS. THE UNDERSIGNED begs leave to inform the citizens of Cambria and adjoining counties, that he has just received a stock of the finest Italian and other Marbles at his Establishment in Loretto Cambria Co., Pa. Monuments, Tombs, Grave Stones, Table & Bureau tops, manufactured of the most beautiful and finest quality of Foreign and Domestic marble, always on hand and made to order as cheap as they can be purchased in the city, in a neat and workmanlike manner, and on the shortest notice. The public are respectfully invited to give me a call before purchasing elsewhere, as I am confident that my work and prices will satisfy any person desiring anything in my line of business. Now is the time to get a cheap job! JAMES WILKINSON. Loretto, April 12, 1864-ly.

FOREIGN SHIPPING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE. WE are now selling Exchange (at New York) Rates on England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, Germany, Prussia, Austria, Bavaria, Wurtemberg, Baden, Hesse, Saxony, Hanover, Belgium, Switzer land, Holland, Norway and France. And Tickets to and from any Port in England, Ireland, Scotland, Germany, France, California, New South Wales or Australia. KERR & CO. Altoona, March 1, 1866-ly.

JOHN D. THOMAS. Boot and Shoe Maker, SHOP ON MAIN ST., EBENSBURG. One door East of Crawford's hotel, and immediately opposite the store of E. J. Mills & Co. is prepared to do all work in his line on short notice and in a workmanlike manner. The work done at this establishment will compare favorably with that of any shop in Philadelphia, Pittsburgh or elsewhere in the country. French Calf, Common Calf, Morocco and all kinds of Leather constantly on hand. All work warranted to render satisfaction. November 2 1865-ly.

PURE LIBERTY WHITE LEAD, Will do more and better work at a given Cost, than any other! Try it! Manufactured only by ZEIGLER & SMITH, Wholesale Drug, Paint and Glass Dealers, No. 137 North THIRD Street, PHILADELPHIA. Feb. 8, 1866-ly.

HELMBOLD'S

EXTRACT BUCHU. HELMBOLD'S BUCHU. HELMBOLD'S BUCHU. HELMBOLD'S BUCHU. THE ONLY KNOWN REMEDY FOR DIABETES, Irritation of the Neck of the Bladder, inflammation of the Kidneys, Catarrh of the Bladder, Strangury or Painful Urination. For these diseases it is truly a sovereign remedy, and too much cannot be said in its praise. A single dose has been known to relieve the most urgent symptoms. Are you troubled with that distressing pain in the small of the back and through the hips? A teaspoonful a day of Helmbold's Buchu will relieve you.

Physicians and Others, PLEASE NOTICE. I make no secret of ingredients. Helmbold's Extract Buchu is composed of Buchu Cubeba, and Juniper Berries, selected with great care, prepared *racuo* and according to the rules of PHARMACY AND CHEMISTRY. These ingredients are known as the most valuable Diuretics afforded. A DIURETIC Is that which acts upon the kidneys. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU ACTS GENTLY, Is pleasant in taste and odor, free from all injurious properties, and immediate in its action. FOR THE SATISFACTION OF ALL, See Medical Properties contained in Dispensatory of the U. S., of which the following is a correct copy: Buchu.—Its odor is strong, diffusible, and somewhat aromatic, its taste bitterish, and analogous to that of mint. It is given chiefly in complaints of the Urinary Organs, such as Gravel, Chronic Catarrh of the Bladder and Urethra, Diseases of the Prostate, and Retention of the Incontinence of Urine, from a loss of tone in the parts concerned in its evacuation. It has also been recommended in Dyspepsia, Chronic Rheumatism, Catarrhs of the Affectio, and Dropsy. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION, See Professor Dewee's valuable works on the Practice of Physic. See Remarks made by the celebrated Dr. Physic, of Philadelphia. See any and all Standard works on Medicine. FROM THE Largest Manufacturing Chemist IN THE WORLD. I am acquainted with H. T. Helmbold, he occupied the drug store opposite my residence, and was successful in conducting the business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise. WM. WRIGHTMAN, (Firm of Powers & Wrightman,) Manufacturing Chemists, Ninth and Brown Sts. Philadelphia. [From the Phila. Ec. Bulletin, March 10.] We are gratified to hear of the continuous success, in New York, of our townsmen, Mr. H. T. Helmbold, Druggist. His store next to the Metropolitan Hotel, is 28 feet front, 230 feet deep, and five stories high. It is certainly a grand establishment, and speaks favorably of the merit of his articles. He retains his Office and Laboratory in the city, which are also model establishments of their class. The proprietor has been induced to make this statement from the fact that his remedies, although advertised, are GENUINE PREPARATIONS. And, knowing that the intelligent refrain from using anything pertaining to Quackery, or the Patent Medicine order—most of which are prepared by self styled Doctors, who are too ignorant to read a physician's simple prescription, much less competent to prepare pharmaceutical preparations. THESE PARTIES RESORT to various means of effecting sales, such as copying parts of advertisements of popular remedies, and finishing with certificates. The Science of Medicine stands SIMPLE, PURE, and MAJESTIC,—having Fact for its Basis. Induction for its Pillar, Truth alone for its Capital. A WORD OF CAUTION. Health is most important; and the afflicted should not use an advertised medicine, or any remedy, unless its contents or ingredients are known to others besides the manufacturer, or until they are satisfied of the qualifications of the party so offering.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparations. FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU. FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA. AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH. Established Upwards of Sixteen Years. PREPARED BY H. T. HELMBOLD. Principal Depots. HELMBOLD'S DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE, 594, Broadway, N. Y. AND HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT, No. 104 South Tenth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Nov. 30, 1865. [Ly.]