

Democrat and Sentinel.

A WEEKLY PAPER, DEVOTED TO POLITICS, NEWS, &c.

THE BLESSINGS OF GOVERNMENT, LIKE THE DEWS OF HEAVEN, SHOULD BE DISTRIBUTED ALIKE, UPON THE HIGH AND THE LOW, THE RICH AND THE POOR.

NEW SERIES, 1. 49.

EBENSBURG, PA., THURSDAY, MAY 31, 1866.

VOL. 13--NO. 15.

The Democrat and Sentinel,

Published in the borough of Ebensburg, Cambria county, Pa., every Wednesday morning, by CLARK WILSON, at the following rates, invariably in advance:

One copy, three months, \$1.00
One copy, six months, 2.00
One copy, one year, 4.00

Those who fail to pay their subscriptions until after the expiration of six months will be charged at the rate of \$2.50 per year, and those who fail to pay until after the expiration of twelve months will be charged at the rate of \$3.00 per year.

The Democrat and Sentinel when paid for in advance costs four cents per number; when not paid in advance six cents per number will be charged.

Twelve numbers constitute a quarter; twenty-five, six months; and fifty numbers, one year.

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Fifteen lines of Durgis type constitute a square.

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No cuts inserted in advertisements.

RATES OF JOB WORK—BILLS AND CIRCULARS.
For 25, 50, 100 R.W. 1.00
Sixteenth Sheet, \$1.50 \$1.75 \$2.00 \$ 75
Eighth Sheet, 1.50 2.00 2.50 1.00
Quarter Sheet, 2.50 3.00 3.50 1.50
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30 for \$1.50 200 for \$3.00
100 for 2.00 500 for 6.00
Each additional hundred, .50

BLANKS.
Onequire, \$2.50 Each ad. q'r \$1.50
All transient work must be paid for on delivery. CLARK WILSON.
Ebensburg, June 14, 1865.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

THE FARM and COAL LAND formerly owned by John Gillan, Sr., situated in Blacklick township, Cambria county, about seven miles North-west of Ebensburg, adjoining lands of the late John Gillan, Jr., David Rowland, David Davis, Jr., and Jacob and Peter Wagner, containing
One Hundred and Twenty-three Acres, of thereabouts, having thereon erected a GOOD STONE DWELLING HOUSE and
A Large Bank Barn.
This land contains an abundance of coal of a superior quality—a drift 4 1/2 feet thick has been opened which is now being worked.
Apply to the undersigned, the present owners, residing in the borough of Ebensburg, R. L. JOHNSTON, WM. KITTELL.
Nov. 30, 1865.—tf.

H. WALTERS,

Main street, between Franklin and Clinton, North side, JOHNSTOWN, PA.
HAS constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of seasonable
DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES.
His stock consists of almost every article usually kept in a retail store, all of which have been selected with care and are offered at prices which cannot fail to prove satisfactory. Call and examine for yourselves.
Nov. 16, 1865.6m.* H. WALTERS.

DENTISTRY.

THE undersigned Graduate of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of Ebensburg. He has spared no means thoroughly to acquaint himself with every improvement in his art. To many years of personal experience he has thought to add the imparted experience of the highest authorities in Dental Science. He simply asks that an opportunity may be given for his work to speak its own praise.
SAMUEL BELFORD, D. D. S.
Office—in Colomade Row.

REFERENCES.

Prof. C. A. Harris; T. E. Bond, Jr.; W. R. Handy; A. A. Bandy, P. H. Austen, of the Baltimore College.
\$3—Will be at Ebensburg on the fourth Monday of each month, to stay one week.

F. P. TIERNEY,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA COUNTY, PA.
Office two doors North of Colomade Row.
April 5, 1865.—tf

Business Cards.

J. C. WILSON, M. D.,
OFFERS his services as PHYSICIAN and SURGEON, to the citizens of Ebensburg and surrounding country. Office three doors East of the Presbyterian Church, in the room formerly occupied by Dr. Jones.
Ebensburg, April 12, 1866.3m.*

F. A. SHOEMAKER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
EBENSBURG,
CAMBRIA COUNTY, PENN'A.
December 7, 1865. (tf.)

W. H. SECHLER,
Attorney at Law,
AND PRACTICAL SURVEYOR,
EBENSBURG,
CAMBRIA COUNTY, PENN'A.
Office in the Commissioner's office.
December 7, 1865. (tf.)

R. L. JOHNSTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
OFFICE in the South end of his residence, immediately opposite the Court House, Ebensburg, Pa.
November 23, 1865. (*187.)

GEORGE W. OATMAN,
Attorney at Law,
OFFICE IN COLONADE ROW, nearly opposite the Court House, Ebensburg, Pennsylvania.
November 23, 1865. (*187.)

JOHN P. LINTON,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
JOHNSTOWN, PA.
OFFICE in building on corner of Main and Franklin street, opposite Mansion House, second floor. Entrance on Franklin street.
Johnstown, Nov. 16, 1865.*

D. M'LAUGHLIN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Johnstown, Cambria Co. Pa.
Office in the Exchange building, on the corner of Clinton and Locust streets—up stairs. Will attend to all business connected with his profession.
Dec. 9, 1863.—tf.

WILLIAM KITTELL,
Attorney at Law, Ebensburg,
Cambria County Penna.
Office Colomade row.
Dec. 4, 1866

CYRUS L. PERSHING,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Johnstown, Cambria County, Pa.
Office on Main street, second floor over the Bank.
ix 2

J. E. SCANTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
EBENSBURG, PA.
OFFICE ON MAIN STREET, THREE DOORS EAST OF THE LOGAN HOUSE.
December 10, 1863.—ly.

JOHN PENLON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Ebensburg, Cambria county Pa.
Office on Main street adjoining his dwelling.
May 4, 1865. (*142)

GEORGE M. REED,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
EBENSBURG,
Cambria County, Pa.
OFFICE IN COLONADE ROW.
March 13, 1864. (*150.)

MICHAEL HASSON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Ebensburg, Cambria Co. Pa.
Office on Main street, three doors East of Julian.
ix 2

DR. D. W. EVANS,
Tenders his professional services to the citizens of EBENSBURG AND VICINITY.
Office one door east of R. Davis' store. Night calls made at his residence three doors west of R. Evans' cabinet ware room.
May 31, 1865.6m

LLOYD & CO.,
BANKERS,
Ebensburg, Cambria County, Pennsylvania.
OLD SILVER GOVERNMENT BONDS and other securities bought and sold.—Interest allowed on time deposits. Collections made on all accessible points in the United States, and a General Banking business transacted. [March 1, 1866.4f]

FOREIGN SHIPPING

AND EXCHANGE OFFICE.

WE are now selling Exchange (at New York) Rates on

England,	Ireland,	Scotland,
Wales,	Germany,	Prussia,
Austria,	Bavaria,	Wurtemberg,
Baden,	Hessen,	Saxony,
Hanover,	Belgium,	Switzerland,
Holland,	Norway and France.	

And Tickets to and from any Port in England, Ireland, Scotland, Germany, France, California, New South Wales or Australia.
KEHR & CO.
Altoona, March 1, 1866.1y.

LORETTO MARBLE WORKS.

THE UNDERSIGNED begs leave to inform the citizens of Cambria and adjoining counties, that he has just received a stock of the finest Italian and other Marbles at his Establishment in Loretto Cambria co., Pa.

Monuments, Tombs, Grave Stones, Table and Bureau tops, manufactured of the most beautiful and finest quality of Foreign and Domestic marble, always on hand and made to order as cheap as they can be purchased in the city, in a neat and workmanlike manner, and on the shortest notice.

The public are respectfully invited to give me a call before purchasing elsewhere, as I am confident that my work and prices will satisfy any person desiring any thing in my line of business.
Now is the time to get a cheap job!
JAMES WILKINSON.
Loretto, April 12, 1866.1y.

NEW HAT AND CAP STORE.

R. W. BARNHISEL,
HAS just returned from the east, where he has purchased the largest and best assortment of

HATS AND CAPS
ever brought to Johnstown, together with an excellent assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods. Also a fine quality of gentlemen's

SHOES AND GAITERS.
His stock consists in part of Drawers, Shirts, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Neckties, Suspenders, Stockings, Gloves, Umbrellas, Ladies Hats, Hoods, Leghorn Hats, Hats for children and youth, together with all sorts of goods usually kept in an establishment of this kind. His goods are all new. Call and examine his stock. Don't forget the place, on Main street, three doors east of Frazier's Drug Store.
January 18, 1866.4f.

CORNER GROCERY STORE.

GEORGE J. THOMAS,
Corner of Main and Franklin Streets,
JOHNSTOWN, PA.,
KEEPS constantly on hand a general assortment of

FAMILY GROCERIES,
Country Produce, &c., together with Spices, Pickles, Preserved Fruits, Dried Fruits, Tobacco, Cigars, &c., all of which will be sold as cheap as the cheapest. Call and examine our stock. Nov. 16, 1865.1y.

JOHN D. THOMAS.

Boot and Shoe Maker,
SHOP ON MAIN ST'P., EBENSBURG,
S one door East of Crawford's hotel, and immediately opposite the store of E. J. Mills & Co. is prepared to do all work in his line on short notice and in a workmanlike manner.

The work done at this establishment will compare favorably with that of any shop in Philadelphia, Pittsburgh or elsewhere in the country. French Calf, Common Calf, Morocco and all kinds of Leather constantly on hand. All work warranted to render satisfaction.
November 2, 1865.1y.

UNION HOUSE.

EBENSBURG, PA.
JOHN A. BLAIR, Proprietor.
THE PROPRIETOR will spare no pains to render this Hotel, worthy of a continuation of the liberal share of public patronage it has heretofore received. His table will always be furnished with the best market affords; his bar with the best of liquors.
His stable is large, and will be attended, by an attentive and obliging hostler.
Ebensburg Apr.17 1861.

JOSEPH M'DONALD,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PA.
OFFICE on Centre street, opposite Moore's Hotel. [Apr. 26, 1866.—tf]

DR. THOMAS H. DOYLE,
HAVING located permanently in Chest Springs, Pa., respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of that place and vicinity. Office one door above E. & H. Nutter's store.
Chest Springs, April 27, 1866.—1m.

MADAME SCANDAL.

A long time ago, in the western part of England, there lived an aged couple whose time had passed away, since early youth, in the every day round of farm life, and who had never been known to have the least ill-feelings towards each other, since the good old times when old Parson Hellet had united them in the holy bonds of wedlock twenty-five years before. So well was their conjugal happiness known, that they were spoken of far and near as the happiest pair in England. Now, the Devil (excuse the abrupt mention of his name) had been trying twenty years to create what is called "a fuss in the family" between these old companions. But, much to his mortification, he had not been able to induce the old gentleman to grumble about breakfast being too late or the old woman to give a single curtain lecture.

After repeated efforts, the Devil became discouraged, and had he not been a person of great determination, he would have doubtless given the work up in despair. One day as he walked along in a very surly mood, after another attempt to get the old lady, to quarrel about the pigs getting into the yard he met an old lady, a neighbor of the aged couple. As Mr. Devil and the neighbor were very particular friends, they must needs stop on the way and chat a little.

"Good morning, sir," said she, "and pray what on earth makes you look so bad this morning? Isn't the controversy between the churches doing good service?"

"Yes,"
"Isn't Deacon W. making plenty of bad whiskey?"

"Yes,"
"Well, what is the matter, my highly honored master?"

"Everything is going on well enough," replied the Devil, "but (and he looked as sour as a monkey on a crab apple tree) old Blueford and his wife over here are injuring the cause terribly by their bad example; and after trying for four years to induce them to do right, I must say I consider them hopeless."

The hag stood a moment in deep thought.
"Are you sure you have tried every way?"

"Every way I can think of."
"Are you certain?"

"Yes."
"Well," replied she, "if you will promise to make me a present of a new pair of shoes in case I succeed, I will make the attempt myself, and see if I can raise a quarrel between them."

To this reasonable request the Devil gladly assented. The old hag went her way to old Blueford's house, and found Mrs. Blueford busily engaged in getting things ready for her husband's comfort on his return home from work. After the usual compliments had passed, the following dialogue took place:

"Well, friend B., you and Mr. B. have lived a long time together."
"Five and twenty years, come November," replied Mrs. B.

"And all this time you have never had a quarrel?"

"Not one."
"I am truly glad to hear it," continued the hag, "I consider it my duty to warn you, though this is the case, you must not expect it to be always. Have you not observed that of late Mr. B. has been peevish and sullen at times?"

"A very little so," observed Mrs. Blueford.

"I knew it," continued the hag; "and let me warn you to be on your guard."
Mrs. B. did think she had better do so, and asked advice as to how she should manage the case.

"Have you not noticed," said the hag, "that your husband has a bunch of long, harsh hair growing under the chin on the side of his throat?"

"Yes."
"These are the cause of the trouble, and as long as they remain, you had better look out. Now, as a friend, I would advise you to cut them off the first time you get a chance, and thus end the trouble, for as long as they remain, you had better look out."

Soon after this the hag started for home, and made it convenient to meet Mr. B. on the way. Much the same talk in relation to his domestic happiness passed between him and the old woman.

"But, friend Blueford," said she, "I think it my duty to tell you to be on your guard, for I tell you your wife intends your ruin."
Old Mr. B. was very much astonished, yet he could not wholly discredit her words. When he reached home he threw himself on the bed in perplexity, and feigned himself asleep, studied the matter over in his mind. His wife, thinking this a good opportunity for cutting off the ob-

noxious hair, took her husband's razor and crept softly to his side. Now, the lady was much frightened at holding a razor so close to her husband's neck, and her hand was not so steady as it once was; so, between the two she went to work very awkwardly, and pulled the hairs, instead of cutting them off. B. opened his eyes, and there stood his wife with a razor at his throat. After what had been told him, and seeing this he could not doubt but that she intended to murder him. He sprang from the bed in horror; no explanation or entreaty could convince him to the contrary. So from that time there was a jaw, a quarrelling and wrangling all the time.

With delight the Devil heard of the faithful emissary, and sent her word if she would meet him at the end of the lane, at a certain time, he would pay her the shoes. He put the shoes on a pole, and standing on the opposite side of the fence, handed them over to her. She was much pleased with them—they were exactly the article.

"But there is one thing, Mr. Devil, I would like to have explained; this is, why you hand them to me on a stick?"

"Very easy to explain," replied he; "any one who has the cunning and meanness to do as you have done, don't get any nearer than twenty feet to me." So saying, he fled in terror.

After a while the old woman died, and when she applied for admittance to the lower regions the Devil would not let her in, for fear she might dethrone him, as she was so much his superior. So the old woman is yet condemned to wander the world, creating quarrels and strife in peaceful families and neighborhoods.

Would you know her name?
It is Madame Scandal. When she died the young Scandals were left orphans, but the Devil, in consideration of past services done by the mother, adopted them, and so you see he is father to that respectable class called scandal mongers.

Reader, don't you know some of the family?

From the Genius of Liberty.

John W. Geary and the Soldiers of the Mexican War.

John W. Geary, the candidate of the Radical-Abolitionists for Governor of this State, was elected Lieutenant-Colonel of the Second Pennsylvania regiment of volunteers in the war with Mexico, upon the organization of that regiment in the city of Pittsburgh. William B. Roberts, of this county, was the colonel commanding, and died in the city of Mexico. After his death, Geary was promoted to the colonelcy. The Fayette county volunteers were attached to this regiment and known as Co. H. They distinguished themselves for gallant conduct and intrepid bravery in all the important engagements from Vera Cruz to the city of Mexico, including the bloody assaults upon the gates of that city. They continued in service until the end of the war, and were honorably discharged. The survivors, upon their return home, were received with earned and highly distinguished honors by their fellow-citizens. Here, at the county seat they were honored by a splendid reception, participated in by the citizens of the county generally, as well as by the ladies, who greeted their return with all that delicate attention and refined taste peculiar to their sex. At Conneville, also, they were the recipients of a handsome ovation, the heartfelt tribute of the citizens and ladies of that place and vicinity. The reception at Conneville took place on Saturday, July 15, 1848. The reception speech was made by Dr. James C. Cummings, and the response by Sergeant Peter A. Johns. After the delivery of the speeches and partaking of an elegant dinner prepared for the occasion, the returned soldiers met together and unanimously adopted a preamble and series of resolutions, which show up the character of John W. Geary in such a light as would render his election as Governor an everlasting disgrace to the State of Pennsylvania.

These resolutions were, it will be seen, unanimously adopted by true and tried soldiers, by men who knew Geary well, and by men who did not hesitate to proclaim their estimate of his character, and that too, not in tender dainty sentences, but in well-expressed and forcible language.—The testimony of these proceedings gains additional force from the fact that it was uttered at such a time and under such circumstances as to exempt it entirely from any imputation of political influences.—The proceedings were published in the papers of this county by request of the soldiers, on the 27th of July, 1848, and here they are.

The following preamble and resolutions were offered by the returned volunteers of Company H, Second Pennsylvania regiment, and unanimously adopted by the meeting:

Whereas, The discharge and arrival home of the remaining members of the Fayette volunteers has again placed them in the position of citizens of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and enabled them to speak and assert their rights, they now embrace this occasion, the first opportunity since their return, to express their deep and abiding indignation of the conduct of John W. Geary, since he was elected to the command of the City of Mexico. The said John W. Geary procured his election by a mere plurality of votes, by falsehood and deception. While he was promising to give company H the privilege of electing their own officers according to the laws of the State of Pennsylvania, he, the said Geary, bargained with others for votes, promising and giving appointments in said company H to men from other companies who might answer his peculiar purposes. The law of Congress of the 13th May 1864, calling for volunteers for the war with Mexico, has this provision:

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That the said volunteers so offering their services shall be accepted by the President, in companies, battalions, squadrons, and regiments, whose officers shall be appointed in the manner described by law in the several States and Territories to which such companies, battalions, squadrons, and regiments shall respectively belong.

Resolved, That we, the remaining members of the Fayette County volunteers, view the conduct of the said John W. Geary towards Company H as an outrage upon their just rights, as secured to them by the laws of Pennsylvania as well as the laws of Congress. The whole course and conduct, of the said Geary being inconsistent with the character of a gentleman or man of honor, it was treating as a set of men who did not know their rights, and who could not appreciate their rights, and who could not appreciate their bearings, characteristic of a low and growing creature, hunting and seeking popularity for courage and patriotism that he never earned, by bargaining with subtle tools and mercenaries, one of whom at least was a notorious black-leg.

Resolved, That the arrest and trial of First Sergeant John A. Cummings by a court-martial, for daring to assert his rights and those of the company, was a base and cowardly exercise of usurped authority on the part of the said John W. Geary, after he (the said Geary) had surreptitiously and villainously suppressed the order of the Adjutant General of this State (issued by direction of Governor Shunk), directing him to fill all vacancies in the Second regiment of Pennsylvania volunteers by election, taking advantage of his stolen authority to cover up his worse than base motives, and to injure the hard-earned fame of a brave and gallant officer.

On motion of Peter A. Johns, it was Resolved, That all the harm we wish Colonel Geary is, that his disgrace may follow him through all the lanes and avenues of life, and that he may never die or get old.

BOUNTY LAND FOR SOLDIERS.—The Commissioner of the General Land Office has issued an announcement in reply to a large number of communications from soldiers and others who served during the late war, stating that there is no law granting lands or bounty land warrants to soldiers or sailors engaged in the late war against the rebellion. The Homestead Act, as amended March 21, 1864, grants homesteads of one hundred and sixty acres to soldiers, sailors and citizens who reside thereon for a period of five years, at a cost of \$10, and register and receiver's fees. Soldiers or sailors may file applications for a homestead while still in the military or naval service, and the period thereafter in which they may remain in the service will be counted as a portion of the five years residence required.

"DER VETO."—One of our German fellow citizens says the *Edinburg Gazette*, got agitated on the President's veto message, the other day, and thus relieved himself: "I think der President is right. Dese eight yer and petter, haf I gebt house, and I neder haf a pureau in mine blaaz yet, and I cot along shuss as good as if, I have one. Now dey wants all de golered hoopes to haf a pureau and dax de poor white people to buy for him. I stands by der President."

The Commissioner of Agriculture has received from Colorado several sheaves of wheat and oats, the former yielding eighty-five bushels to the acre, and the latter one hundred and twenty.