

MAKING BUTTER IN WINTER.

Most people affirm that it is impracticable to make butter of a superior quality in winter. Yet it is frequently done; and with proper care and management of the cream, and with suitable feed for the cows, it is no more difficult to make excellent butter in cold weather than when the thermometer stands at 90 deg. in the shade.

An experienced dairyman of Cape Vincent, N. Y., writes on this subject to the "Cultivator":

"I have seen and read much in your papers about butter-making in winter; but think I have a better way than any I have yet seen. I make as much butter in winter, and as rich color as in the best butter times of summer. I stable my cows all cold and stormy days, (of course at nights;) have plenty of water in the yard, feed them three times a day, and grain once, which is done in the morning after they have eaten their other fodder. I feed ground blackeye marrowfat peas, scalded with hot water and stand three or four hours before feeding. I feed about two quarts at a time, mixed with hot water about as thick as thick gruel, and after standing three or four hours it will be as thick as corn meal pudding, and measure four quarts. Peas fed this way, especially marrowfats, are worth double the amount of any other grain you can feed, and will make cows give more milk. Well, I have told you the feeding and care of the gentlemen's department, and will now say a little about the care and management of the cream and milk in the ladies' department, which is quite as essential as any. Strain your milk, and do not fill your pans more than half full, for if filled it takes too long to get sour. Then set them on a stove with a slow fire, and heat them well through; the cream will rise and the pans will be fit to skin two days sooner than if they had been set away cold. The cream will rise quick and sweet; therefore you will have rich and sweet butter. Generally the cream rises quick, and is not sour enough to churn, but will sour enough in your cream pail by churning time. Before you churn set your pail by the stove and heat it well through, and the butter will come half an hour sooner than when the cream is churned cold; and before churning, scald your churn with hot water. I have tried this way of making butter until I am confident there is no better way."

There is great advantage and economy in feeding straw to store animals; but they need some other food also, at the same time.—S. E. Todd, in "Country Gentleman."

It is estimated at the Fenian headquarters in New York, that nearly a Million of men are ready to move for the liberation of Ireland.

A large and enthusiastic meeting was held at Reading on Saturday, endorsing the President and his reconstruction policy.

The Reconstruction Committee has agreed to the proposition to admit the Tennessee delegation to Congress.

Highly important to blacksmiths. Four-fifths of time and hard labor saved by using ISAAC C. SINGER'S NEW AND COMPLETE TIRE AND BAND BENDER. Patented March 10, 1863. Its chief advantages are: 1st. Having strong gear wheels to obtain power, one man can operate it to bend cold wagon tire, any size under 1 by 4 inches. 2d. Having moveable collars, to hold the bar square on the portable rollers. It takes all twist out of the bar, while bending in a regular circle. 3d. It can be shifted to bend to any desired circle from one, up to twelve feet, in one minute. 4th. Having a moveable centre post, which can be quickly taken off, tires and bands are easily taken out. 5th. The upper ribbed roller will always draw the bar through. 6th. Being gauged and numbered, a card with directions, accompanies it. The Machine in good (oil the journals) running order, bolted upon a strong piece of timber, without legs or crank, for \$30, or with legs and crank for \$35. All cash orders promptly attended to. State and County Rights for sale. ISAAC C. SINGER, Ebensburg, April 6, 1864.

Cutting Hay and Straw For Stock. The practice of cutting hay and straw into chaff for any and all kinds of stock, as has often been recommended in some agricultural papers, is a good one in many respects; and it is an economical practice when fodder is scarce, as straw, corn-stalks and hay, will usually go much farther after being cut, than if it be fed uncut. But let us explain a little more definitely, our views with reference to cutting hay and straw; because, under certain circumstances, we believe that cutting hay into chaff is not worthy of recommendation or adoption. For feeding horses that are worked constantly, cutting the hay that they consume is one of the most economical processes that can be adopted. And the reasons for it are quite obvious. When the hay is cut up an inch or so in length, a horse will be able to eat his allowance in a few minutes. Consequently digestion will be much more complete, and he will derive more nourishment from his feed, than if he is required to fill his stomach by the slow process of eating uncut hay; and more than this, he will have more time for quiet rest and recuperation which is very important, than he would when the fodder is uncut. What is true of horses on this point, is equally true concerning cut and uncut feed for oxen, when they are at work. If, for example, the dinner of an ox be cut into chaff an inch, or even two inches in length, and be wet with water, and his allowance of meal be mingled with it, he will usually eat all he wants in ten or fifteen minutes; whereas, were he to eat his meal and hay separately, it would require nearly an hour. Every good cattleman will acknowledge this to be a fact. Then here is another very important consideration on this point, which every good ox-teamster will ac-

knowledge, which is this: oxen, and all other animals that chew the cud, require time for quiet rumination. This is as essential for their health and thrift, as it is for them to eat. In fact they cannot thrive without it. Now if a working ox can have three-quarters of an hour added to his quoners, by having his feed cut, we may rest assured that a given amount of feed will go very much farther, and the animal will derive far more nourishment from it, than he would if he were required to consume his hay without having it cut into chaff. When cows, oxen, sheep or calves, are fed wholly on good hay, and they all have as much as they desire to eat, there can be no economy in cutting the hay into chaff. But when it is desirable to feed straw and hay together, if it be cut in long chaff, so that animals can readily take a good handful into the mouth, they will consume much more straw than they could be induced to eat if it were in an uncut condition. We should bear in mind, that hard, dry, and uncut straw is sometimes very unpalatable material for food for animals, as it looks too much like a man making a meal on the bark of slippery elm, birch bark, and winter greens.

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Business Cards.

F. A. SHOEMAKER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA COUNTY, PENN'A. December 7, 1865.

W. H. SECHLER, Attorney at Law, AND PRACTICAL SURVEYOR, EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA COUNTY, PENNA. December 7, 1865.

R. L. JOHNSTON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, OFFICE in the South end of his residence, immediately opposite the Court House, Ebensburg, Pa. November 23, 1865.

GEORGE W. OATMAN, Attorney at Law, OFFICE IN COLONADE ROW, nearly opposite the Court House, Ebensburg, Pennsylvania. November 23, 1865.

JOHN P. LINTON, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, JOHNSTOWN, PA. OFFICE in building on corner of Main and Franklin street, opposite Mansion House, second floor. Entrance on Franklin street. Johnstown, Nov. 16, 1865.

D. McLAUGHLIN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Johnstown, Cambria Co. Pa. Office in the Exchange building, on the Corner of Clinton and Locust streets—up stairs. Will attend to all business connected with his profession. Dec. 9, 1863.

WILLIAM KITTELL, Attorney at Law, Ebensburg, Cambria County Penna. Office Colonnade row. Dec. 4, 1860.

CYRUS L. PERSHING, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Johnstown, Cambria County, Pa. Office on Main street, second floor over the Bank. ix 2

J. E. SCANTON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, EBENSBURG, PA., OFFICE ON MAIN STREET, THREE DOORS EAST OF THE LOGAN HOUSE. December 10, 1863.

JOHN FENLON, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Ebensburg, Cambria county Pa. Office on Main street adjoining his dwelling. May 4, 1865.

GEORGE M. REED, ATTORNEY AT LAW, EBENSBURG, Cambria County, Pa. OFFICE IN COLONADE ROW. March 18, 1864.

MICHAEL HASSON, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Ebensburg, Cambria Co. Pa. Office on Main street, three doors East of Julian. ix 2

DR. D. W. EVANS, Tenders his professional services to the citizens of EBENSBURG AND VICINITY. Office one door east of R. Davis' store. Night calls made at his residence three doors west of R. Evans' cabinet ware room. May 31, 1865-6m

MANSION HOUSE, AT THE PENN'A RAILROAD DEPOT PITTSBURGH, PA. MEALS READY ON THE ARRIVAL OF ALL TRAINS. J. H. CLARK & CO., Proprietors. Sept. 23, 1863.

P. TIERNEY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA COUNTY, PA. Office two doors North of Colonnade Row. April 5, 1865-4f

EBENSBURG BOOK STORE. JAS. MURRAY, On Main street, Ebensburg Pa., KEEPS constantly on hand and for sale, a general supply of PAPERS, Envelopes, Writing Ink, Pens, Pencils, Pen Holders,

BLANK BOOKS, Magazines, and other articles in his line, all of which are sold at reasonable rates. February 8, 1866.

CHAIR MANUFACTORY. WM. P. PATTON, JOHNSTOWN PA., ALL KINDS OF CHAIRS, such as common Windsor Chairs, Fret Back Chairs, Vienna Chairs, Bustle Chairs, Rim Backed Chairs, Scissible Chairs,

Cane Seat Chairs, ROCKING CHAIRS, OF EVERY SIZE, SPRING SEAT CHAIRS, Settees, Lounges, &c., &c. ALSO CABINET FURNITURE of every description and of latest STYLES, WITH PRICES TO SUIT THE Tastes of all.

Thankful for past favors, he respectfully solicits a liberal share of public patronage. Clinton Street, Johnstown Cambria Co. Pa. November 20th, 1861.

WEBER & WILSON'S HIGHEST PREMIUM SEWING MACHINES, AWARDED THE HIGHEST PREMIUM AT THE International Exhibition, LONDON, 1862.

INDUSTRIAL EXPOSITION, PARIS, 1861. KONIGSBERG, PRUSSIA, 1863, AND STETTIN, PRUSSIA, 1865.

IN COMPETITION WITH ALL the leading Sewing Machines in EUROPE AND AMERICA, and the United States Agricultural Association; Metropolitan Mechanics' Institute, Washington; Franklin Institute, Philadelphia; Mechanics Association, Boston; American Institute, New York; Maryland Institute, Baltimore; Mechanics Association, Cincinnati; Kentucky Institute, Louisville; Mechanics Institute, San Francisco; and at EVERY STATE AND COUNTY FAIR WHERE EXHIBITED THIS SEASON.

Upwards of 200,000 of these Machines HAVE ALREADY BEEN SOLD. a fact that speaks louder than words of the success and popularity of WEBER & WILSON'S FAMILY LOCK STITCH SEWING MACHINE. The Cheapest Machine in the World.

Because it is the Best. Every Machine Warranted For Three Years. Customers Risk Nothing in Purchasing. INSURANCE PAID. Always happy to Exhibit and Explain them. Circulars, containing an explanation of the Machine, with testimonials from ladies of the highest social standing, given on application, either in person or by mail.

WM. SUMNER & CO., Agents for the Western States and Western Pennsylvania. Principal office and Wholesale Emporium: No. 27 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. The above machines can be bought at city prices at the residence of CLARK WILSON, Ebensburg. All necessary instructions to enable the purchaser to operate successfully imparted free of charge. July 26, 1865.

JOHN B. FROMALD DEALER IN MILLINERY & FANCY DRESS GOODS, TRIMMINGS, EMBROIDRIES, HOSIERY, CLOAKS & SHAWLS, Corsets, Hooped Skirts, Perfumery, Ladies' and Children's Shoes, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Fancy Goods, notions, &c., &c. MAIN STREET, JOHNSTOWN, PA. Nov. 20, 1861.

JOB WORK OF ALL KINDS DONE AT THIS OFFICE, AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE AND ON REASONABLE PRICES.

LADIES FANCY FURS;



John Ferreira's Old Established Fur Manufactory, No. 718 Arch St., above 7th Philadelphia. I have now in store of my own Importation and Manufacture, one of the LARGEST and most BEAUTIFUL selections of FANCY FURS, for LADIES' and CHILDREN'S WEAR, in the City. Also, a fine assortment of Gent's Fur Gloves and Collars.

I am enabled to dispose of my goods at very reasonable prices, and I would therefore solicit a call from my friends of Cambria county, and vicinity. Remember the Name, Number and Street! 718 ARCH Street, above 7th, south side, October 12, 1865-6m Philadelphia.

Having adopted the Cash system, offers the following Wares at less than city retail prices: SUGAR KETTLES, 10 to 40 gallons COPPER KETTLES, 3 quarts to 40 gallons. TINWARE, all sorts and kinds. SHEET IRON WARE, every variety. ENAMELED & TINNED IRON WARE. COPPER WARE MADE TO ORDER. SAD IRONS or SMOOTHING IRONS. ZINC WASHBOARD.

COOKING STOVES, EGG STOVES, HEATING COOK STOVES, BRADLEY COOKING STOVES, PATENT, ABBOTT & NOBLE, and every other Pittsburgh or Philadelphia manufacturer's stoves always on hand or procured on 5 days notice. ODD PLATES AND GRATES for Stoves, always on hand.

CARBON OIL LAMPS, from 62c. to \$1.25, CHIMNEYS and WICKS always on hand. SPOUTING. MINER'S LAMPS, OIL CANS, POWDER CANS, all sizes, constantly on hand.

COFFEE MILLS, TOASTING FORKS, OYSTER BROILERS, JELLY Cake Moulds, Table and Tea Spoons, COAL BUCKETS. Price list now ready for the Trade, and Merchants are respectfully invited to call and examine our Wares, and for a catalogue before purchasing elsewhere.

The above goods will be furnished, WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, AT THE JOHNSTOWN STOVE & HOUSE FURNISHING STORE, CANAL STREET, Opposite the Weigh Lock.

ASK FOR FRANK W. HAY'S WAREHOUSE, and save twenty percent, on your purchases. Johnstown March, 15, 1863.

Great Improvement in Sewing Machines. EMPIRE SHUTTLE MACHINE PATENTED FEB. 14, 1860. Salesrooms, 1536 Broadway, New York, THIS MACHINE is constructed on entirely new principles of mechanism, possessing many rare and valuable improvements, having been examined by the most profound experts, and pronounced to be Simplicity and Perfection Combined.

It has a straight needle, perpendicular action, makes the LOCK or SHUTTLE STITCH, which will neither RIP nor RAVEL, and is alike on both sides; performs perfect sewing on every description of material, from Leather to the finest Nansook muslin, with cotton, linen or silk thread, from the coarsest to the finest number. Having neither CAM or COG WHEEL, and the least possible friction, it runs as smooth as glass, and is Emphatically a Noiseless Machine. It requires FIFTY PER CENT. less power to drive it than any other machine in market. A girl twelve years of age can work it steadily, without fatigue or injury to health.

Its strength and wonderful simplicity of construction renders it almost impossible to get out of order, and is GUARANTEED by the company to give entire satisfaction. We respectfully invite all those who may desire to supply themselves with a superior article, to come and examine this UNRIVALLED MACHINE. But in a more especial manner do we solicit the patronage of Merchant Tailors, Corset Makers, Gaiter Fitters, Shoe Binders, Vest and Pantalon Makers, Dress Makers, Shirt and Bosom Makers. One half hour's instruction is sufficient to enable any person to work this Machine to their entire satisfaction. Agents wanted for all towns in the United States, where agencies are not already established. Also for Cuba, Mexico, Central and South America, to whom a liberal discount will be given, if J. T. McARTHUR & CO., 536 Broadway, New York, D. & CO. 250 Washington St., Boston, 921 Chesnut St., Phila. October 12, 1865.

The Life and services of General Grant for sale by JAMES MURRAY.

HELMBOLD'S

EXTRACT BUCHU.

HELMBOLD'S BUCHU. HELMBOLD'S BUCHU. HELMBOLD'S BUCHU. THE ONLY KNOWN REMEDY FOR

DIABETES, Irritation of the Neck of the Bladder, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Catarrh of the Bladder, Strangury or Painful Urination. For these diseases it is truly a sovereign remedy, and too much cannot be said in its praise. A single dose has been known to relieve the most urgent symptoms. Are you troubled with that distressing pain in the small of the back and through the hips? A teaspoonful a day of Helmbold's Buchu will relieve you.

Physicians and Others PLEASE NOTICE. I make no secret of ingredients. Helmbold's Extract Buchu is composed of Buchu, Cubebs, and Juniper Berries, selected with great care, prepared ruzoo and according to rules of PHARMACY AND CHEMISTRY. These ingredients are known as the most valuable Diuretics afforded. A DIURETIC is that which acts upon the kidney. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU ACTS GENTLY, Is pleasant in taste and odor, free from all injurious properties, and immediate in its action.

FOR THE SATISFACTION OF ALL, See Medical Properties contained in Dispensatory of the U. S., of which the following is a correct copy. BUCHU.—Its odor is strong, diffusible, and somewhat aromatic, its taste bitterish, and analogous to that of mint. It is given chiefly in complaints of the Urinary Organs, such as Gravel, Chronic Catarrh of the Bladder, Mucoid Irritation of the Bladder and Urethra, Diseases of the Prostate, and Retention of the Incontinence of Urine, from a loss of tone in the parts concerned in its excretion. It has also been recommended in Dyspepsia, Chronic Rheumatism, Cutaneous Affections, and Dropsy.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION, See Professor Dozsch's valuable works on the Practice of Medicine. See Rempe's made by the celebrated Dr. Plisson, of Philadelphia. See any and all Standard works on Medicine. From the Largest Manufacturing Chemist IN THE WORLD.

I am acquainted with H. T. Helmbold; he occupied the drug store opposite my residence, and was successful in conducting the business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise. WM. WRIGHTMAN, (Formerly of Powers & Wrightman,) Manufacturer of Chemicals, North and Brown Sts., Philadelphia.

[From the Phila. Ev. Bulletin, March 10.] We are gratified to hear of the continued success, in New York, of our townsmen, Mr. H. T. Helmbold, Druggist. His store, next to the Metropolitan Hotel, is 28 feet front, 230 feet deep, and five stories high. It is certainly a grand establishment, and speaks favorably of the merit of his articles. He retains his Office and Laboratory in this city, which are also model establishments of their class. The proprietor has been induced to make this statement from the fact that his remedies, although advertised, are GENUINE PREPARATIONS. And, knowing that the intelligent refrain from using anything pertaining to Quackery, or the Patent Medicine order—most of which are prepared by self styled Doctors, who are too ignorant to read a physician's simple prescription, much less competent to prepare pharmaceutical preparations. THESE PARTIES RESORT to various means of effecting sales, such as copying parts of advertisements of popular remedies, and finishing with certificates. The Science of Medicine stands SIMPLE, PURE, and MAJESTIC,—having Fact for its Basis, Induction for its Pillar, Truth alone for its Capital. A WORD OF CAUTION. Health is most important; and the afflicted should not use an advertised medicine, or any remedy, unless its contents or ingredients are known to others besides the manufacturer, or until they are satisfied of the qualifications of the party so offering.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparations. FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU, FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA, AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH. Established upwards of Sixteen Years. PREPARED BY H. T. HELMBOLD. Principal Depots. HELMBOLD'S DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE, 594, Broadway, N. Y. AND EHLMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT, No. 104 South Tenth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Nov. 30, 1865. [1y.]