

DEMOCRAT AND SENTINEL.

Democrat and Sentinel.



J. S. TODD, Editor & Publisher.

WEDNESDAY MAY 27, 1863.

Democratic Ticket.

CYRUS L. PERSHING, of Johnstown. Register and Recorder. JAMES GRIFFIN, of Johnstown. Treasurer. ISAAC WIKE, of Wilmore. Commissioner. E. GLASS, of Elensburg. Wm. Flattery, of Johnstown. Auditor. P. P. Tierney, of Cambria Tp. Poor House Director. GEO. McCULLOUGH, of Munster Tp.

Mass Meeting.

The Democrats of Cambria county, will hold a Mass Meeting, at the Court House on Tuesday evening, the 21st of June, at the ringing of the bell. All are invited. WILLIAM KITTELL, Chairman Co. Committee.

The Ticket.

We place at the head of our columns the nominations of the Democratic County Convention; and mean to support them with all our heart. Our preference, like those of many others, may not have been gratified; but as it is impossible to please every one, and believing the ticket to have been selected by a Convention having the best interests of the party at heart, we hope the people acting upon the same principle, will forget their preferences and disappointments, in their endeavor to promote the interests of the Democratic party.

We publish the proceedings of the Convention in full, together with their resolutions. We heartily endorse these resolutions, and bespeak for them a careful reading, by all our readers.

The want of room compels us to close our remarks; but we shall speak of the different candidates, more in detail, hereafter.

Mobocracy.

The Huntingdon Monitor office, we are sorry to learn, was "gutted" one day last week, by a mob. This is more of the bitter fruits of Abolitionism. Judge Taylor advised the people of Huntingdon county, to make the atmosphere too warm for Democrats there; and the mob fired by the encouragement of a Judge of our civil courts, "guts" the Monitor office and destroys the private property of a citizen. Does Judge Taylor, whose own property, may yet share the same fate, endorse and give countenance to this lawless proceeding? Will he not only as a citizen, but as a Judge, frown upon this dirty job of demolition, as every law-abiding citizen and lover of Constitutional liberty must do, or does he grin over it, as the first warning of Huntingdon county atmosphere?

We hope the Democrats of Huntingdon county will show their zeal for the cause of Democracy, and their appreciation for the Monitor, by assisting its editor to re-establish that paper in their midst.

SUDDEN DEATH.—We regret to chronicle the death of JOHN V. MYERS of Pittsburg, the Father-in-law of our distinguished townsman, John Fenlon, Esq. The old gentleman was upwards of sixty years of age, and looked hale and hearty when death so suddenly overtook him. He was sitting on a chair, conversing as usual, yesterday evening, when all at once he fainted away; and life became extinct. He had just arrived here from his home in Pittsburg, on a visit to his friends. Dizziness of the heart, was the cause of his death.

Dr. Bedford is in town. Get your teeth filled before it is too late.

The show is coming—see advertisement in another column.

Democratic County Convention.

In accordance with the call of the County Committee, representatives from the different parts of the county, assembled in the Court House, in Elensburg, on Monday, the 25th inst., at 2 o'clock, P. M.

The Convention was brought to order by H. Knikend, Esq., Chairman of the County Committee, P. M'Gough and J. M. Riffl acting as Secretaries. The following named Delegates presented their credentials and took their seats:

Allegheny Tp.—No. 1.—M. Leavy, Geo. Bruce.

Allegheny Tp.—No. 2.—Thos. Bradley, M. J. Smith.

Blacklick Tp.—Joseph S. Mardis, John Ferguson.

Cambria Tp.—Patrick Farren, William Marz.

Cambria Bar.—Daniel M'Donald, Adam Kurtz.

Carroll Tp.—Michael Snyder, D. A. Luther.

Carroll Bar.—Joseph Cole, J. L. Brallier.

Chest Springs.—John E. M'Kenzie, Nicholas Nagle.

Chest Tp.—Joseph Gill, James Kirkpatrick.

Clearfield Tp.—John H. Douglas, Peter M'Gough.

Conemaugh Bar., 1st W'd.—John Campbell, John Cox.

Conemaugh Bar., 2d W'd.—M. Barnes, M. Canery.

Conemaugh Tp.—Wm. Adams, David Farnor.

Croyle Tp.—Michael Keras, J. A. Williams.

Elensburg Bar. West W'd.—John A. Blair, G. C. K. Zahn.

Elensburg Bar. East W'd.—P. S. Noon, Joseph M'Donald.

Jackson Tp.—Wm. W. Harris, Henry Hager.

Johnstown, 1st Ward—Hugh Bradley, Miles Moran.

Johnstown 2d W'd.—James Potts, John Crouse.

Johnstown 3d W'd.—R. P. Linton, John Planigan.

Johnstown 4th W'd.—C. W. Crane, Andrew Fragley.

Johnstown 5th W'd.—J. K. Hite, Joseph Kubus.

Loretto Bar.—Patrick Moran, Jas. O'Donnell.

Millyville Bar.—James M'Coy, James M'Goldrick.

Munster Tp.—A. Durbin, Francis Eberly.

Richland Tp.—Jacob Dunmire, Henry Topper.

Summitville.—Peter Dougherty, J. M. Riffl.

Susquehanna Tp.—F. Bearer, J. Manion.

Summerhill Tp.—Peter Summers Edward Lynch.

Taylor Tp.—John White, William Headrick.

Washington Tp.—P. M'Gough, M. M. Adams.

White Tp.—William Flemming, C. Walters.

Wilmore Borough.—Peter Emire, Peter Brown.

Yoder Tp.—John F. Allen, J. S. Strayer.

Gen. Joseph M'Donald was unanimously chosen President of the Convention; and Messrs. P. M'Gough, (Washington Tp.) and James M. Riffl, were appointed Secretaries.

The Convention then proceeded to nominate a candidate for Register and Recorder. James Potts, Esq., presented the name of C. L. Pershing, Esq.; Dr. J. L. Brallier, the name of Henry Scamlan, Esq.; Joseph Gill, the name of Geo. Walters, Esq.; P. M'Gough, the name of M. D. Magellan, Esq.; P. Moran, Dr. D. T. Storm.

The Convention then proceeded to nominate a candidate for Register and Recorder. James Potts, Esq., named James Griffin; John A. Blair, named John E. Scamlan, Esq.; P. M'Gough, Esq., named Michael M'Colgan.

Table of Ballots for the Register and Recorder position. Lists names and their respective vote counts across multiple ballots.

On motion the nomination of Mr. Pershing was declared unanimous.

The Convention then proceeded to nominate a candidate for Register and Recorder. James Potts, Esq., named James Griffin; John A. Blair, named John E. Scamlan, Esq.; P. M'Gough, Esq., named Michael M'Colgan.

Table of Ballots for the Register and Recorder position. Lists names and their respective vote counts across multiple ballots.

The 18th ballot having failed to produce a majority sufficient to elect any of the three candidates, the Convention, upon motion of one of the Delegates, proceeded to the nomination of Treasurer.

The names of Messrs. B. M'Dermitt and Isaac Wike, were presented for the action of the Convention.

Table of Ballots for the Treasurer position. Lists names and their respective vote counts across multiple ballots.

The Convention then proceeded to ballot again for Register and Recorder, as follows:

Table of Ballots for the Register and Recorder position. Lists names and their respective vote counts across multiple ballots.

tion: Peter Dougherty, Esq., Michael Brawley, E. Glass, Jas. Moreland, John Ferguson, John Bearer.

Table of the First Ballot for Register and Recorder. Lists names and vote counts.

The names of Peter Dougherty, James Moreland and John Ferguson were then withdrawn, and the second ballot resulted in the election of Mr. Glass; as follows:

Table of the Second Ballot for Register and Recorder. Lists names and vote counts.

The Convention again, reverted to the voting for Register and Recorder, with the following result:

Table of Ballots for the Register and Recorder position. Lists names and vote counts.

Mr. Scamlan now came forward, and after returning thanks to his friends, withdrew his name from the list of candidates. The additional names of E. R. Dunnegan, Geo. W. Easley, D. A. Luther, John Allen were now added to the list; and the Convention balloted, with the following result:

Table of Ballots for the Register and Recorder position. Lists names and vote counts.

The election of Mr. Griffin, was declared unanimous.

Coroner being next in order, Peter M'Gough, Esq., moved that Wm. Flattery, Esq., be nominated by acclamation, which was confirmed by the Convention.

The following names were presented for Poor House Director: Jacob Fronheiser, Joseph A. Dimond, Patrick Farren, Joseph Christie, John Fleck, Geo. M'Cullough.

Table of the First Ballot for Poor House Director. Lists names and vote counts.

A. Durbin, Esq., moved that George M'Cullough be chosen by acclamation; and the Convention ratified it.

P. S. Noon moved, that Francis P. Tierney, be nominated for Auditor, by acclamation; which was also confirmed by the Convention.

P. S. Noon, Esq., was then chosen Representative Delegate to the Harrisburg State Convention; and R. P. Linton, John Porter and J. S. Todd, were appointed Senatorial Conferees, to meet other Conferees from Blair and Clearfield counties, in Tyrone on the 27th inst., (today) for the purpose of selecting a Delegate to the State Convention.

The following named gentlemen were chosen to be a Standing Committee for Cambria county to transact the business of the Democratic party, until relieved by another Convention:

WILLIAM KITTELL, Chairman. M. M'Guire, John Smith, John Ferguson, John M'Brule, Thomas M'Kernan, Wm. P. Buck, Joseph Cole, Montgomery Douglas, Joseph Gill, E. R. Dunnegan, John Campbell, Michael Berry, Richard Sanders, William Murray, William Kittell, Thomas M'Green, Levin Rutledge, William M'Kee, John A. Barnes, James F. Campbell, A. Kennedy, P. H. Shields, James M'Goy, John Stull, Peter Dougherty, George W. Staib, Joseph A. Dimond, William M'Gough, George Walters, John M'Colgan, George Gasburn.

The following resolutions were then read before the Convention, and were unanimously adopted, with three hearty cheers:

The Democratic party of Cambria county, in County Convention assembled, with a full representation from the people of every Township Borough and Ward in the County, do publish to the country the following declaration of their principles; appealing to the Supreme Ruler of the Universe for the rectitude of our intentions.

We hold the Constitution of our country, in the language of Daniel Webster, to be "The Bond and the only Bond of the Union of these States"; and that in the language of that sacred Instrument, it was adopted to "secure the blessings of Liberty to ourselves and to our posterity."

We hold further, that our national safety, nay, our very national existence depends on a strict and faithful adherence to its provisions; and an equal respect for all the branches of our Government, Executive, Legislative, and Judicial, established by its provisions; and that the encroachments now made and suffered by the Legislative and Executive departments, upon the Judiciary, must be resisted in, and in the version of the liberties of the people.

We hold that no State or States have the Constitutional right to secede from the Union; and that our Government has ample power under the Constitution to quell insurrection and put down rebellion; to punish rebellion wherever it exists; and at the same time to preserve the rights of the citizen where no rebellion exists.

We hold also, that the Constitution as it came from the hands of its framers, and was adopted by the respective States, was intended for the Government of the Union through all time, in prosperity and in adversity,—in peace and in war; and that if in times of peace it was regarded as the chief-anchor of our liberties; for a far stronger reason should we recur to its tried and sacred authority, in the present fearful crisis of our affairs.

So holding, it is by this convention unanimously Resolved:

That we, as a portion of the Sovereign People are unwilling to concede to any power, military or civil, the rights and immunities we have heretofore enjoyed under the Constitution of our country; but have assembled as of old to express in fearless, but respectful terms, our sentiments in regard to our once happy country, in this hour of her distress and humiliation.

Resolved, That we believe that the States to be sovereign except in so far as they have conferred power on the general Government, by the letter and spirit of the Constitution.

Resolved, That "The enumeration in the Constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people;" and that "The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved respectively, or to the people."

Resolved: That "the privilege of the writ of habeas corpus [should] not be suspended, unless in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it;" and, therefore, the arrest of Hon. Clement L. Vallandigham, a citizen of the sovereign State of Ohio, whose neither rebellion nor invasion existed, is a flagrant violation of the Constitution.

Resolved: That "Congress [should] make no laws respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the Freedom of speech, or of the Press; or of the right of the people peaceably to assemble;" Therefore, the act of Congress known as the indemnity act, authorizing the President to do these illegal and unconstitutional acts, and indemnifying him for these heretofore done, is in contravention of the Constitution.

Resolved: That the Constitution provides, that, "the right of the people to keep and bear arms, shall not be infringed;" and any order contravening this provision is unconstitutional.

Resolved, That we appeal to that clause of our Constitution which provides that "the right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrant shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation;" and deny to any power the right to make arrests, otherwise than as provided by the Constitution, in any of the States of this Union, not now in rebellion.

Resolved: That the Constitution has wisely provided, that, "No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise heinous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a Grand Jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the Militia, when in actual service in time of war and public danger;" nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property without due process of law;" and hence the arrest of citizens, in States in which there is no rebellion, contrary to the forms of law, and without process of any kind, are clearly violations of the Constitution.

Resolved: That the Constitution further provides that, "In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial by an impartial jury of the State and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall previously have been ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; and all arrests and proceedings, in peacetime States, contrary to these provisions are in derogation of the constitutional rights of the citizen and fatal to constitutional liberty.

Resolved, That we hold the Constitution not to be a "fair weather" instrument; but the Magna Charta of the citizen, his chart in sunshine and in storm—in war and in peace;—and anything that cannot be preserved under its provisions, is not worth preserving.

Resolved, That we, in common with the Democratic masses of the North, implore the authorities of the nation, to cease their assaults upon the rights of the free people of the North, to bring their war measures back to that condition which fanaticism compelled them to depart from; and in the future, to prosecute it for the restoration of the "Constitution as it is, and the Union as it was."

Resolved, That nothing less will satisfy the Democrats than a Union of the thirty four States, under the Constitution, as they were before the rebellion commenced.

Resolved, That in the language of our fathers, citizens of Syracuse, New York we protest against the seizure, trial, and sentence pronounced upon Clement L. Vallandigham, and against all similar seizures, trials, and decrees, as subversive of the fundamental principles of American liberty; as tending to universal anarchy and disorder; and as inaugurating a reign of terror and despotism forbidden by the very charter by which government here exists; as a public declaration and example on the part of the federal authorities, that the Constitution having ceased to bind them, has ceased to bind allegiance to them; and, as leading necessarily to the disturbance of our peace and to probable collisions, involving ruin alike to our country, our institutions, ourselves and our posterity; and in this belief we but discharge our duty as citizens in demanding that the federal authorities revoke the sentence so unwarrantedly pronounced against Vallandigham; that it restore him to his family and home, and to the freedom of Ohio, and that it refrain from all similar proceedings in future, to the end that alike the people and the Government may be preserved from further injury.

Resolved, That we deem the only salvation of our country to depend on a restoration of the Democratic party to power; a party whose principles had conducted our country to the summit of greatness; and to whose past history we proudly refer, as containing all that is proud and glorious in the career of a once happy country.

Resolved: That the Democratic party are now, as they ever have been, opposed to all secret political organizations, no matter by what specious name they may have been known, as dangerous to the liberties of the people; and are unalterably opposed to all such whether known as Knights of the

Golden circle, Union Leagues, Know-Nothing or Jacobin Clubs.

Resolved: That our sincerest thanks are tendered to our gallant soldiers who have distinguished themselves on the battle field of the nation; and no opinions of ours on the manner in which the war has been conducted, or the purposes for which it is now prosecuted, shall ever prevent the Democracy of Cambria county from awarding them the meed of praise which is so justly their due.

Resolved: That we welcome home, with the sincerest feelings of regard for their patriotism and bravery, the gallant Cambrians now returning from the field of strife; and sympathize with those whose friends have fallen in defence of the flag of our common country.

Resolved: That the course of William A. Wallace, our Senator, and Cyrus L. Pershing our Representative, merits and receives our earnest commendation.

Resolved: That the wanton destruction of the Monitor Printing Press at Huntingdon, is but another evidence of the madness and folly inaugurated in high places; and we tender the Democracy of Huntingdon our sympathy for the outrage to which they have been subjected.

On motion the Convention adjourned to meet no more.

We are glad to contradict the information we received in reference to the death of Lieut. Peter Kaylor. He is not dead as was supposed, but was severely wounded. He is now at home among his friends; but how long he intends remaining, we cannot say. The following letter will better explain the cause of the mistake.

CAMP OF THE 28th PENNA. VOL. NEAR AQUA CREEK, May 17.

FRIEND TODD:—In my letter of the 9th of May I forwarded a list of killed, wounded and missing of Company F, in which the name of Lieut. Peter Kaylor appeared as killed. I am happy to correct the statement in his case, he having since arrived from the battle field among those brought to this side of the Rappahannock by our ambulances. He was left on the field when we fell back the last time, he was reported as dead by several who saw him fall, they believing him dead, secured his sword and brought it off the field, but it appears he was only in an insensible state owing to the loss of blood from his wounds, he having been wounded in the left side and arm severely but not dangerous, he is now in the 12th Corps Hospital at this place.

The news of his being among the living was received with feelings of gratitude and pleasure by every member of the company, for he has always proved himself a soldier both in camp and on the field.

Yours, &c. A. J. W.

CAMP OF THE 28th PENNA. VOL. NEAR AQUA CREEK, May 9.

FRIEND TODD:—For the information of many of our readers who have friends in the 28th, I forward for publication a list of the casualties of Company "F" during the battles of May 2nd and 3rd at Chancellorsville. Va. Our Regiment opened the ball by having a brisk skirmish with the enemy at a place called Wildness, on the 3rd of April having caused the enemy to withdraw we moved forward, and joined our Division made a reconnaissance on the Plank road in the direction of Fredericksburg. General Geary having command at this point, caused two batteries to be placed in position; they opened upon the rebels but without sufficient effect to hold them in check, our regiment was ordered up to support the batteries, and with our assistance the batteries compelled the enemy to fall back. Our regiment was placed in line of battle, the right of the regiment resting on the Plank road, during the night of the 1st, we were engaged in throwing up breastworks. We maintained this position during the entire battle of May 2d and 3d, and when not actually engaged were subject to a severe fire from the enemy's batteries.

I will not trespass on your time or space by going into details but will state that the 28 P. V. were the last regiment leaving the field on Sunday May 3d; the regiment went into action with about 350 men and lost 101 killed wounded and missing.

The following are the casualties of our company. (F) We went into action with 51 men and 2 commissioned officers.

KILLED. 1st Lieut. Peter Kaylor, private John Lane.

WOUNDED. 1st Sergt. Mathew Kelly, [since commissioned 2d Lieut.] left knee, Corporal Jonathan Rupert, right side, James P. Kenedy, left side slightly, James P. Winterson, left arm, privates Patterson Rupert, left arm, John McCune, left arm amputated, Elias McKee, right arm, Thomas McKenna, back slightly, Abraham Shana, Head slightly, Thomas McDade, not known.

MISSING. Corporal John V. McComer, Privates John O'Harris, Charles F. Bean, Isaac Cunningham, George H. Hornbeck.

The boys are all well and express their willingness to meet the enemy soon.

Yours &c. A. J. W.

At a recent fox hunt, not far from London, a fox, being hard pressed ran into a cottage, and clearing at a bound the fire, with a pot on it, scrambled up the chimney. He was killed immediately afterward by the hounds.

Fruit but... A telegram dated yesterday... The President's sentence of Vallandigham... confinement in Fort Warren... from Louisville on the... where he will be detained... Rosecrane, who, under... will deliver him into the... Bragg? The various... sentence to be passed... of the New Tyranny... habeat come to an... the final act described... administration, since the... court martial, has vacillated... between an injudicious... of its decision, the appeals... and the settled impulse... stretch out, the arms of... strike down, in the person... the head and front of... offending—the fences... national right—when... divans of despotism... duration of its power... between the dead of... an many goodly... it feels from the free... From first to last its... has not been respecting... of multitudinous... and wavering as... offered for a time to... friends who may... instigate its crimes. ... with a courage bew... despatches near his... line reached the... martial, glorified... the eleven feet of... big out of the reach... private object of... long him through a... southern leader, to... army of men who... bitterest... The principle... violence is not less... sentence of Mr. Vallandigham... would have been... humbled citizens of... to whose protection... to valid. The... only man who... more comprehensive... test. It is the arena... dead in the face of... strongly set in... steadily the entire... safety of the State. ... violence impudently... son, or even the... of self-interest, which... punishment visited on... too palpable in its... in its method, to... in its very... are its power... tate at nothing when... rages ravages the... humanity and insures... engendered by... make a mockery of every... now holds dear, and... imposing promises of... The indictment upon... nance in this case... self not a single... constituted law, the... is without a precedent... tory of the misuse of... institutions—an immense... bond of miserable... dent of place and power... in the use of power... sion, which, in the... only bids the hour of... al resistance.

So unseemly is despotism... of such men that it... die of its own debasement... has been its consistent... career has been marked by... cowardice and hesitation... four such men more than... pity the madness which... tently against the ultimate... disfigurement. The last... have tried at length upon... the people is unexampled, so... and feature. It is meant to... aptitude there is to-day in... greater oppressions is con... the morrow. It was a... against law and order; a... directly at the rights of person... us by all the usages of our... and history. On whom it... matters little, save that to... be stricken how uncertain is... any humble citizen whom the... ces of the administration may... single out to crush and... insatiate but self-destroying...

COTTON SPECULATIONS.—The... the Nashville Union saw a... the balance-sheet of a transac... the, covering four hundred... The net profits amounted to... forty thousand dollars.

NOTICE. Letters of Adm... the estate of Susan Glass, late of... Cambria county, have been g... subscriber, by the Register of... county. All persons indebted to... will make payment; and all... claims against the same will... proven for settlement.

E. GLASS.

May 27, 1863-64.