

pursuit of society, mourning upon the broad prairies of the West, [great laughter], would if the Grecian boy existed, be choked forever. He would then find his melodramatic performances close before the fifth act, in a tragedy, which an admiring audience would applaud to the echo. Faithless to their own resolves, faithless to the President's message and proclamation—faithless to their pledges to the army and people, faithless to the memories of the past and the hopes of the future—faithless to the Constitution and the God of their oath—these maddened zealots pursue their work of destruction. A few short months, and even the blacks of America will cease them as their worst enemy. This Congress which ought to be engaged in holding up the hands of the Executive, and in giving aid and counsel in putting down this armed rebellion, has striven to circumvent the plans of the President, by their immature and vindictive bills of confiscation. It has been cooperating away at the vessel, hooping it around with infinite pains, by emancipation, while its bottom, like the tub of Danites, is full of holes and can hold no water.

Wearily in watching its mad designs of revolution—and its crazy crochets of black freedom—and for the preservation of my native State and the North from the black immigration with which it is threatened, I shall go home and ask the ballots to speak in its denunciation. A few months and that expression will be had. On it depends the fate of the Republic. I believe that the people will write the epitaph of this Congress, nearly as Gladstone wrote that of the Coalition Ministry during the Crimean war. Here lies the ashes of the XXXVII Congress. It found the United States in a war of gigantic proportions, involving its very existence.

It was content to wield the sceptre of Power and accept the emoluments of office; and use them to overthrow the political and social system of the country; which it was sworn to protect. It saw the fate of thirty-four white commonwealths in peril; but it babbled of the NEGRO!

It saw patriotic generals and soldiers in the field, under the old flag; It slandered the one, and in the absence of the other, it destroyed his means of labor.

It talked of Liberty to the black, and piled burdens of taxation on white people for schemes utopian. The people launched at it the thunderbolt of their wrath; and its members sought to avoid punishment, by creeping into dishonored political graves! Requiescat!

**Description of Stonewall Jackson.** This noted Rebel chief is everywhere described as a "slow man" intellectually, even dull. Some say he was a tedious professor, and all agree that he has a crooked nose. And yet, if you ask them now what they mean by that, they say they do not know; all they know is that he is as obstinate as a mule, and plucky as a bull dog; which means just nothing of a man whose prime quality is color, quick conclusions, and startling execution; who, as a soldier, is as rapid as he is wary, abounding in surprises, brave almost to rashness, and inventive almost to romance.

**The Losses at Savage's Station.** The battle at Savage's Station was much heavier than that of Peach Orchard. We lost, in addition to our wounded—all of whom fell into the possession of the enemy—from seven hundred to a thousand men, the greater part of whom were killed or wounded. Most of the wounded and all of the killed were left behind, as we had no means of transportation for them, and the exigency of the army would not allow of delay in waiting the tardy movements of the wounded. The enemy lost severely, and several of his caissons were blown up by the effectiveness of our firing. During the several parts of the action we took no less than five hundred prisoners, but were compelled to let them go for the same reason that operated in the case of our wounded.

Democrat and Sentinel.



JAS. S. TODD, Editor & Publisher.

WEDNESDAY JULY 9, 1862.

Democratic Nominations.

- Auditor General, ISAAC SLENKER, of Union County.
Surveyor General, JAMES P. BARR, of Alleghany County.
State Senate, R. L. JOHNSTON, of Ebensburg.
Assembly, C. L. PERSHING, of Johnstown.
Probationary, GEN. JOS. McDONALD, of Ebensburg.
District Attorney, PHIL. S. NOON, of Ebensburg.
Coroner, JAMES SHANNON, of Johnstown.
Commissioner, JOHN CAMPBELL, of Conemaugh Boro.
Auditor, ROBERT LITZINGER, of Blacklick.
Poor House Director, IRVIN RUTLEDGE, of Johnstown.

COUNTY COMMITTEE

- J. K. HITE, of Johnstown Chairman.
Alleghany tp., Patrick Donahue; Blacklick tp., Geo. W. Enfield; Cambria tp., Robert Murray; Croyle tp., Wm. Murray; Carroll tp., Jerome Buek; Carrolltown Boro., Joseph Behr; Chest tp., Joseph Gill; Clearfield tp., John H. Douglass; Chest Springs Boro., Daniel Litzinger; Conemaugh tp., David Farnen; Conemaugh Boro., 1st Ward, John Campbell; Conemaugh Boro., 2d Ward, John Harker; Cambria City Boro., Owen McCaffrey; Ebensburg Boro., East Ward, Thomas McEwen; Ebensburg Boro., West Ward, H. Kunkel; Gallitzin Election District, James McCloskey; Jackson tp., John Singer; Johnstown Boro., 1st Ward, S. H. Smith; Johnstown 2d Ward, Stephen Conwell; Johnstown 3d Ward, Jas. C. Noon; Johnstown 4th Ward, Andrew Yeagly; Johnstown 5th Ward, Daniel Morris; Loroto Boro., Sebastian Fry; Millville Boro., Thomas Scott; Munster tp., James Monahan; Richland tp., Jacob Dammire; Sumnerhill tp., Thomas McConnell; Summitville Boro., Peter Dougherty; Susquehanna tp., John Mangus; Taylor tp., F. D. Barry; Washington tp., John C. Noel; White tp., George Walters; Wilmore Boro., Isaac Wike; Yoder tp., Charles Billestein.

A gloom has been cast over our town and sadness comes to the hearthstone of many families in this neighborhood, with the news of the late battles before Richmond, that many of our noble-hearted young men who went forth in buoyant spirits to fight for their country, are no more. But the reports and rumors are so conflicting and unsatisfactory that we will not venture to put that in print which is uncertain; as yet we have no authentic news touching the company which left this place, as to who is killed or who wounded or taken prisoners. But we will hope that it is not so bad as reported and that many who are supposed lost will turn up again, even they be prisoners in the Southern army. We will mention no names upon mere rumor, as we would rather have no news than to publish that which is doubtful, and send sorrow to the heart of a fond mother while there is yet a hope, but that many of Pennsylvania's sons, alas, have perished in certain, amongst whom is Col. Samuel W. Black, of Pittsburg. The death of this noble and patriotic man comes home to sadden the hearts of many who knew him only to love him. Pennsylvania which has escaped heretofore, has had some of her best blood spilt in the late struggle, and her people already begin to feel the sad calamity of this war. Alas! that such men as Col. Black, who were innocent of the primeval causes of this war, should be the first to be sacrificed in it. The latest news concerning General McCull is that he was wounded and taken prisoner to Richmond, Col. Gallagher of the 11th Regt. was reported wounded and

taken prisoner. Adj. McCoy and Maj. Johns are among the missing. Captain Braly and Lieut. Col. Jackson were killed, all the other officers were missing except Capt. Porter and his two Lieutenants. The 11th Pa. Reserves were placed in front of the battle and suffered severely, but it is supposed that most of them are taken prisoners.

According to customary usages the Republicans met in convention on last Monday and placed in nomination the following ticket: A. A. Barker, of this place, for Congress; Lewis W. Hall for Senator; Jas. Cooper, of Johnstown, for Assembly; W. K. Carr, of Wilmore, for Probationary; John Fisher, of Johnstown, for District Attorney; John Elder, of Chest township, for Commissioner; Wm. Berkstresser, of Susquehanna, for Poor House Director; T. R. Davis, of Jackson tp., for Coroner; C. T. Roberts, of Ebensburg, for Auditor, and E. A. Vickroy, of Johnstown, for County Surveyor. But very little interest was manifested on the occasion, many of the Districts having no representation at all while others were represented by a single Delegate. There are some very clever men on the ticket but it is altogether a mild one and the Democracy of Cambria need not at all now despair of success.

We had the pleasure of being present at a Pic-Nic Celebration of the anniversary of our Independence, upon the Summit of the Alleghenies given by the ladies of Summitville. We could not have enjoyed ourself better; every thing passed off in an orderly and becoming manner, the attendance was large, and every amusement and convenience were provided; a sumptuous dinner was served up, at the usual hour, when about five hundred persons feasted upon the luxuries set before them. After dinner, while the Martial Band played some of our National airs, an organization was formed, by the citizens, for the purpose of having the Declaration of Independence read and Orations delivered. Daniel Christie was elected President and John Smith, Henry Hughes, Thos. O'Brien, Richard Sharp, James Farren, Peter Dougherty, Bernard Smith, Sebastian Heid and John Lydick were chosen Vice Presidents; Samuel McGough was appointed Secretary, after which our humble self was called upon to read the Declaration of Independence, which being done, the audience was addressed by Messrs. Jas. Smith, of Gallitzin, and M. D. Magehan, Esq., of Ebensburg. The speeches being over, dancing was then made the order of the day. We cannot help complimenting the vocal music discoursed by the ladies on that occasion, whose enchanting voices were echoed and the patriotic notes of the Star Spangled Banner might have been heard to come back and blend with the first sound.

**DROWNED.**—The body of a man, recognized as that of Evan Evans, who, it appears, has been missing for some days, was found floating in the Canal near Johnstown. Esquire Flattery held an inquest over his remains, and a verdict of accidental drowning was rendered, although great suspicions were entertained of some foul play, as the coat of the deceased was missing and his pantaloons pockets were turned inside out, but no marks of violence were found upon his person, nor any circumstances by which the suspicion could be fixed upon any one.

**KILLED.**—THOMAS THOMAS, a miner, and an employee of the Cambria Iron Co., was killed in one of the mines by the explosion of a blast. An inquest was held over the body of the deceased, by Esquire Jeffreys, and the verdict of the jury was, "killed by the premature discharge of a blast." The deceased was a well-known man, aged about 25 years; he leaves a wife whom he married about ten months ago.

**ACCIDENT.**—John Thomas, a carpenter of this place, while engaged in raising a barn the other day in the country, was forced to jump from the upper story to escape being struck with a heavy timber which had slipped and was falling toward him, he did not light upon the ground fair but fell on one of his arms, dislocating the wrist and splintering the bone; other injuries were sustained, but are not serious.

**MARRIED.**—In this place, by REV. M. J. MITCHELL, Mr. Wm. MAITZ, of Cambria township, to Miss HENRIETTA DENNY, of Carroll township.

"Fitly matched be man and wife, No pleasure's wanting to their life." Again are two loving hearts made happy, and we are glad to announce that our young friend has secured to himself one of earth's best possessions—a loving wife. We wish them much pleasure and may they long bask in the sunshine of honeymoon happiness; and, may they "By sweet experience know That marriage, rightly understood, Gives to the tender and the good A paradise below."

We invite the attention of our readers to the Resolutions, in another column, passed by the Democratic Convention at Harrisburg. They are fearless and patriotic and embody the principles of the party; we endorse them most heartily, and are glad to hear the Democracy of Pennsylvania speak; it is time that the people should be aroused to action to roll back the waves of fanaticism which are threatening the freedom of our country.

Notice of the St. Augustine Celebration came too late for this week's issue, it will be published in our next.

Owing to the crowded state of our columns this week, some original matter has been excluded.

In accordance with the call of the State Central Committee, Delegates from the several Districts met at Harrisburg. The utmost harmony prevailed throughout and after the Convention was organized and other business attended to the following resolutions were unanimously adopted: WHEREAS, The American Constitution was ordained and established by our fathers, in order to form a more perfect Union, establish justice, ensure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to posterity.

Resolved, 1st. That the only object of the Democratic party is the restoration of the Union as it was, the preservation of the Constitution as it is.

Resolved, 2nd. That to the end that the Union be restored, and the Constitution and laws enforced throughout its whole extent, we pledge our hearty and unqualified support to the Federal Government in the energetic prosecution of the existing war.

Resolved, 3rd. That the true and only object of the war is to restore the Union and enforce the laws. Such a purpose alone is worthy the awful sacrifice which it costs us of life and treasure; with such a purpose alone can we hope for success. And those who from sectional feeling or party or private motives would give any other direction to the efforts of our armies are unjust and unworthy to be entrusted with power, and would cause all our exertions, extraordinary and unparalleled as they are, to prove futile in the end.

Resolved, 4th. That we justly view with alarm the reckless extravagance which prevails some of the departments of the Federal Government, and that a return to rigid economy and accountability is indispensable to arrest the systematic plunder of the public treasury by favored partisans, and that in view of the recent startling developments of frauds and corruptions at the Federal metropolis and throughout the country that we hold an entire change of administration to be imperatively demanded.

Resolved, 5th. That the party fanaticism or crime, whichever it may be called, that seeks to turn the slaves of the Southern States loose to overrun the North and enter into competition with the white laboring masses, thus degrading and insulting their manhood, by placing them on an equality with negroes in their occupation, is insulting to our race and merits a most emphatic and equalized condemnation.

Resolved, 6th. That we denounce Northern Abolitionism and Southern Secession as the co-operating sources of our present calamities—alike treasonable to the Constitution and inimicable to the Union. The only way to a restored Union and a respected Constitution with returning peace and prosperity is through the overthrow of both.

Resolved, 7th. The Democracy of Pennsylvania is equally opposed to all sectional legislation and geographical parties, which base their hopes for continued success on the agrarianism of emancipation and hypercritical philanthropy, abolition because neither is known to the Constitution, and both are intended to aid disunion and subvert the Constitution and to prevent the restoration, unity, peace and concord among States and people.

sively for the white race; that the negro race are not entitled to ought or not to be admitted to political or social equality with the white race, but that it is our duty to treat them with kindness and consideration, as an inferior and dependent race; that the right of the several States to determine the position and duties of the race is a sovereign right, and the pledges of the Constitution require us, as loyal citizens, not to interfere therewith.

Resolved, 10th. That Congress has no power to deprive any person of his property for any criminal offence, unless that person has been first duly convicted of the offence by the verdict of a jury; and that all acts of Congress like those lately passed by the House of Representatives, which assume to forfeit or confiscate the estates of men for offences of which they have not been convicted upon due trial by jury, are unconstitutional, and lead to oppression and tyranny. It is no justification for such acts that the crimes committed in the prosecution of the rebellion are of unexampled atrocity; nor is there any such justification as State necessity known to our Government or laws.

Resolved, 11th. That the Constitution and Union and the laws must be preserved and maintained in all their proper and rightful supremacy and that the rebellion now in arms against them must be suppressed and put down, and that it is our duty to use all Constitutional measures necessary and proper to that end.

Resolved, 12th. That the soldiers composing our armies merit the warmest thanks of the nation. Their country called, and nobly did they respond. Living, they shall know a nation's gratitude; wounded, a nation's care, and dying, they shall live in our memories, and monuments shall be raised to teach posterity to honor the patriots and heroes who offered their lives at their country's altar. Their widows and orphans shall be adopted by the nation, to be watched over, and cared for as objects truly worthy a nation's guardianship.

The Convention then proceeded to ballot for the offices of Auditor and Surveyor Generals. Hon. Isaac Slenker, of Union County, received the unanimous nomination for Auditor General, and Jas. P. Barr, of Alleghany, was unanimously nominated for Surveyor General.

We copy the following notice of this excellent institution from the Pittsburg Gazette of the 3d inst.

**PITTSBURG FEMALE COLLEGE.**—The Seventh Annual Catalogue of the Pittsburg Female College has just been laid upon our table by the President, Rev. I. C. Pershing. We confess that we have examined its contents with a degree of satisfaction amounting almost to pride, as we have marked the fact that we have in our midst one of the most vigorous, well managed and successful institutions in the land. We question much whether one in ten, even of our own citizens, has any real conception of the status the college has reached, or the grand and glorious work it is to-day accomplishing. The recent commencement, at which nineteen young ladies received their degrees, gave evidence not only of woman's capabilities, but also of the superior facilities afforded by the college for their development. The entire commencement was a brilliant success and reflected the highest honor on all concerned.

As an evidence of the prosperity of the college we need but state the fact that the attendance the past year reached the large number of two hundred and forty-eight, gathered from nine States. In order to accommodate the constantly increasing number of pupils, an addition has been made to the Faculty, which now numbers fifteen. Most of the old teachers remain. Among the new ones are Miss Marlin C. Dole, a lady of large experience, and for some time a teacher in the celebrated school at Mount Holyoke, Mass.; and Miss Fannie A. Fish, who has earned such an enviable reputation in our community. The utmost care is taken in the selection of teachers, and the present Faculty will compare favorably with any in the country.

We are pleased to learn from President Pershing that an effort is now making to put up an addition to the building. The design is to add 40 feet to the Chmp-4, divide the second story into a Library and Reading-room, and also a Hall for the Brooding Association, and devote the entire third story to the purposes of an Art Gallery and Cabinet. The design is a noble one, and we trust it will be carried out.

The next term will commence on Tuesday, September 2d. We need hardly urge upon our readers to patronize the College. If fine buildings, thorough equipment, a very large and able Faculty, and earnest devotion to the work christian education, can give claims to patronage, then has the college claims which are second to none. We advise our readers to send for a catalogue.

Fulton applied steam to the great practical uses of the age; Morse has brought Galvanism to be the daily servant of millions of men. Newton unravelled the mazes of the stars, and made their motions the mariner's guide on the trackless ocean. What these men have done

in their departments, Dr. Ayer does in medicine. He turns the great discoveries in Science and Physics to use in the cure of disease, and makes the occult theories of the great chemists available to the wants of every day life. His medicines for the low price at which they are sold, bring within the reach of every man the best wisdom and best skill of modern times.—Wilmington, Del. Statesman.

A "BIG THING" IN FRUIT CANS.—Frank Hay has contracted with one of his workmen for the manufacture of a thousand of his self-sealing fruit cans. This might seem to the casual observer like a hazardous business enterprise when we take into account the price for an unprecedented fruit crop this year and the fact that he last year sold five hundred on a short crop, and to supply the demand, there is no reason to doubt that he will sell the above large number this year. He has sold a thousand in the last two years, and has sold more had he been allowed up the demand. The contract has been commenced, and persons wanting the make of Fruit Cans can be supplied by calling at his establishment on Canal street, opposite the weighlock.—Journal Tribune.

THE CAPTURE OF VICKSBURG.—The capture of Vicksburg the Mississippi has been opened and navigation resumed through to New Orleans. A large number of refugees have arrived the last boat who are running to the E. J. Mills & Co., and are supplying themselves from his fine stock of goods. We would advise all others to go and likewise.

We refer our readers to the advertisements in this week's paper, by persons wishing to purchase real estate, low figure would do well to read Official Court Sales by Messrs. Kittell, Clark and Campbell.

We intended to lay before our readers this week, the balloting in our Democratic County Convention, but have to defer them for want of room.

The following spirited address issued by Gen. McClellan to his army the Fourth of July:

**HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, Camp near Harrisburg, July 4th 1862.** Soldiers of the Army of the Potomac! Your achievements of the last year have illustrated the valor and valor of the American soldier. Attacked by superior forces, and without loss of your fortifications, you have succeeded in saving your line of operations by a hazardous movement, always regarded as the most hazardous of military expeditions. You have saved all your material, all your trains, and all your guns, except a few lost in battle, taking in return great numbers from the enemy.

Upon your march you have been assailed day after day with desperate attacks by men of the same race and nationality as yourselves, and you have skillfully repulsed and led.

Under every disadvantage of position and in every conflict, benten back your ranks with enormous slaughter.

Your conduct ranks you among the celebrated armies of history. No one will now question that you may always with pride say, "I belong to the Army of the Potomac." You have reached this new stage of complete organization and unimpeded spirit.

The enemy may at any time return. We are prepared to meet them, have personally established your line. Let them come, and we will encounter them to a final defeat. Your Government is strengthening with the resources of a great people. On this, our nation's birthday, we declare to our foes, who are rebels against the best interests of mankind, that the army shall enter the capital of the Confederacy. That our Nation's Constitution shall prevail, and that Union, which can alone insure our peace and external security to each State, must and shall be preserved, cost what may in time, treasure or blood. (Signed) GEO. B. MCCLELLAN, Major-General Commanding. Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of John W. Bell, late of Washington township, Cambria County, deceased, has been granted to the undersigned by the Register of said County, and persons indebted to said estate will make immediate payment and those who have claims against said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement. MARGARET WHEAT, Adm'r. Portage, June 11, 1862.—27-61. WALTER BELL, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. SUMMITVILLE, CAMBRIA COUNTY, PA. Office at the Summit Mansion House. [11] June, 1862 [200]