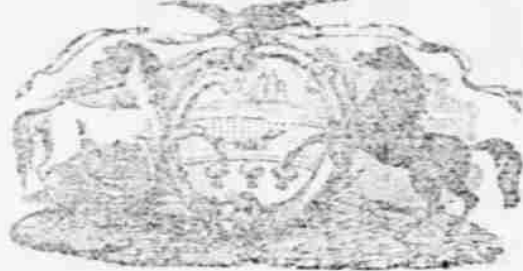


ter retribution falls on the land of the oppressor.

To avenge our grievances, and to supply the scourge inflicted on us, our must be an offensive as well as a defensive warfare.

Democrat and Sentinel.



C. D. MURRAY, Editor. James S. Todd, Publisher.

WEDNESDAY MARCH 12, 1862

Our Representative.

Cambria is represented in the present Legislature, by a son of whom she has just reason to feel proud.

This struggle will be prolonged until the North feels the horrors of warfare. Teach them what the desolation of the fireside means.

Invade their country; subvert the abundant fruits of their tillage and their manufactures; press into service their vehicles of transportation and support our armies at their expense.

Such a war would thrill the South from the Potomac to the Rio Grande. Every heart would swell with joy; every eye beam with delight.

The rebel's ears would be forgotten, and a new scene dazzle his vision, and the banner of his pride, now dropping from active fields of glory, would be borne aloft to gain imperishable honors in its country's cause.

THE NEW TAX BILL.

The new tax bill provides for duty on spirituous liquors at 15 cents a gallon; ale and beer \$1 per barrel; stem or leaf tobacco 3 cents per pound; to add when manufactured 6 cents, and on cigars 5.10 and 20 cents per pound, according to value; on land and linned oil, 5 cents per gallon; refined coal oil 10 cents a gallon; gas per 1,000 cubic feet 25 cents; bank note paper 5 cents per pound; writing paper 20 cents per pound; printing paper 3 mills per pound; soap 5 mills per pound; salt 4 cents per hundred pounds.

The bill also provides for the appointment by the President of a commissioner of internal revenue with a salary of 5,000 dollars. His office is to be in the Treasury Department with a suitable number of clerks.

After carefully scrutinizing his course during the present session, the only act with which the Harbinger correspondent of the Alleghenian can find fault, is that of his having opposed the reduction of the Common School month to 20 days.

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Mordecai Announceth himself a candidate for Congress, and defineth his position.

It will be seen by the following letter, that our venerable friend Mordecai, has fallen from grace so far, as to become a candidate for office. This we deeply regret.

MORDECAI, March 10th 1862. In compliance with the solicitations of a large number of friends, and still larger number of those who are not my friends, I have after due deliberation, determined to announce myself to the people as a candidate for Congress at the next general election.

You know, my dear friend, I'm not much of a politician, but all I can do is to write a letter, and let the people judge for themselves.

By the way, Charley, what do you think of the President's recent message to Congress? It's a grand thing, and I'm sure you'll be proud of it.

Who refused a man before he axed her? And now let us come down fairly and squarely to the slavery question—for that, Charley, is emphatically the question.

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white man, and if a runaway slave a great deal better. Of course I go in for emancipation. Turn the niggers loose; arm and encourage them to murder their masters.

And now that I have defined my position, what do you think of it? I don't know what you may think of it, but I believe it's bound to win.

The publication of my views will lead to the slavery question, and it is a question which will probably excite the imagination of our country.

By the way, Charley, what do you think of the President's recent message to Congress? It's a grand thing, and I'm sure you'll be proud of it.

Must we but weep o'er days now blest? Must we but blush? Our fathers bleed; Earth render up from out thy breast, A remnant of thy Spartan dead.

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The editor of the Alleghenian took occasion last week, in a lengthy article to define his "position" with regard to the slavery question.

We have never heard Mr. Barker say that the fugitive slave law is an ability, and has asserted more than once in this county, that a Negro is as good as a white man.

C. D. MURRAY, Esq.—Dear Sir:—I have been reading with interest the Democrat and Sentinel, and also in the Alleghenian, in respect to Mr. A. A. Barker.

By the way, Charley, what do you think of the President's recent message to Congress? It's a grand thing, and I'm sure you'll be proud of it.

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MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT CONCERNING THE ABOLITION OF SLAVERY.

"Fellow Citizens of the Senate and of the House of Representatives—I recommend to you a joint resolution, by your bodies, which shall be substantially as follows:

Resolved, That the United States do not cooperate with any State which adopts the gradual abolition of slavery.

The leaders of the existing movement entertain the hope that the Government will be forced to acknowledge the fallacy of some part of the modified resolution, and that the slave States North and South will then state the Union for which we stand, being already gone, would be the same with the Southern States.

The point is, we want all the States to be free, and we want the Government to be free, and we want the Union to be free.

In the more liberal of January, my member of Congress, with the aid of the Senate, reported to the House a resolution which was adopted by a large majority.

Let us be true to the Union, and let us be true to the people. Let us be true to the Union, and let us be true to the people.

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