



C. D. MURRAY, Editor. D. C. Zahm, Publisher & Proprietor. WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY, 13, 1861.

Democratic County Committee.

Augustin Durbin, Chairman. Alleghany—Michael M'Guire, Blacklick—Joseph S. Mardis, Cambria—John M'Brade, Carroll—Jacob Luther, Carrolltown—James Fagan, Chest—Joseph Gill, Chest Springs—Augustine Byrne, Clearfield—William Rainey, Conemaugh—Richard Sanderson, Croyle—William Murray, Ebensburg—Charles D. Murray, Galitzen—David Mills, Jackson—Henry Rager, Johnstown, 1st Ward—Ephraim Buck, 2d Ward—John Cronse, Lewis Luckhardt, 3d Ward—William Winner, 4th Ward—Hugh Maloy, Loreto—William Ryan, Jr., Millville—A. M. Gregg, Richland—Henry Topper, Summerhill—James Burk, Summitville—John Shambaugh, Susquehanna—John Deasar, Taylor—Amos Davis, Washington—Richard White, White—George Walters, Wilmore—M. M. O'Neil, Yoder—Geo. W. Osborn.

TAKE NOTICE.

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to the undersigned for SUBSCRIPTION, ADVERTISING or JOB WORK, will please come forward and settle up their accounts on or before the 20th day of March, 1861. Those neglecting this notice will, after that time, find their accounts in the hands of proper officers for collection. Persons residing out of the County can remit the amount due us (which is \$4) by mail. D. C. ZAHM. Ebensburg, Dec. 26, 1860.

The County Committee.

We respectfully direct the attention of our readers to the proceedings of the Democratic County Committee in another column. The delegates appointed to the Harrisburg Convention, are men who command the confidence of the Democracy of this County, and who will in the Convention, labor zealously for such action, as will tend to restore harmony to the country, and save and strengthen the Union. The course of the State Executive Committee, in calling the Convention, is worthy of the highest commendation. The time has arrived when the Democracy of the Keystone State, should announce their determination to stand by the Union in any event, and their condemnation of the course of Northern Abolitionists and Southern Secessionists. Pennsylvania is emphatically the Keystone of the Federal Arch, and in the eloquent words of Rufus Choate, "we trust in God she may remain in her place of power and of beauty forever." At all events it is the duty of her sons to endeavor to keep her there. If disunion must come, let them be the last to sever the cord that binds the Union together and cast away the precious heritage bequeathed to us by our revolutionary sires. We trust the convention will strongly recommend the holding of a Convention to amend the Constitution. The calling of such a Convention, in the manner directed in the Constitution, would be the first step in the right direction since the commencement of the Secession troubles, and would tend at once to restore confidence to the country.

In order to correct a misapprehension which exists in the minds of some of our friends, we think it right to state, that no proposition for a compromise, was made to the Committee, by the Committee of which John H. Douglas is Chairman.

Although many of the Southern States are opposed to secession, they are all unanimously opposed to coercion. While they think the seceding States have acted rashly, they believe that the grievances of which they complain are real and not imaginary, and they will not calmly stand by and see them compelled at the point of the bayonet to remain in the Union. The first blow struck in the effort to coerce the seceding States, would be the signal for the secession of the border States. Bound together by a tie of common interest and fraternal love, they would at once become a Southern Confederacy, to which in the darkest hour of attempted coercion it might truly be said, "Thy chains as they rattle, thy blood as it runs, But make the more painfully dear to thy sons; Whose hearts like the Young of the desert Bird's nest, Drink love in each life drop that flows from thy breast."

So self evident is this, that even Senator Seward, the father of Black Republicanism, acknowledges that the Union cannot be saved by coercion, and Senator Cameron openly declares himself in favor of the Bigler compromise. Indeed the Republicans of the Hale and Lloyd Garrison School, are now the only advocates of coercion. The demagogue, Williams, who for years has been endeavoring to incite the people of Alleghany county to resist the execution of important decrees of the Supreme Court, is the eloquent advocate of coercion in the State Legislature. A pretty individual truly, to denounce rebellion, and advocate law and order. He evidently does not see himself as others see him.

The illness of the publisher prevented the issuing of a paper from this office last week.

Repeal of the Tax on the Tonnage of the Pennsylvania Rail Road.

On last Tuesday, Mr. Abbott of Philadelphia, introduced into the House of Representatives, a bill for the commutation of the tax on the tonnage of the Pennsylvania R Road. It is quite a literary curiosity, and evidently was not intended by its author to be as clear as the sun at noon-day. We have not time this week to notice a few of its prominent features, but will probably do so in our next issue. Queen Catharine said of Cardinal Wolsey, that his promises were mighty, but his performance nothing, and so it will turn out in the present case with the Pennsylvania Rail Road Company, if they should succeed in forcing this bill through the Legislature. Next Winter their lobby members would again appear at Harrisburg, and secure the passage of a bill repealing all the odious provisions contained in the present bill, which have merely been inserted as temporary arrangements to secure its passage. We hope our readers will not be too hasty in signing petitions in favor of the bill. It is very ingeniously drawn up, and many of its provisions are not exactly what a careless or hasty reader would suppose them to be.

A bill has been introduced into the Legislature for extending the limits of the Borough of Johnstown. It will doubtless become a law. We have not learned what extent of territory is to be taken in Johnstown and the adjoining Towns and Villages if consolidated would make a very respectable sized city. Some enterprising individual should start a daily newspaper there. It would certainly pay.

In compliance with the suggestions of the Legislature of Virginia, Commissioners from several States met in Washington City on the 4th inst., to take into consideration our National difficulties. They set with closed doors. We entertain no doubt they will recommend a plan for restoring quiet to the Country, similar to the Crittenden or Bigler compromise. Whether good will result from their proceedings, time only can tell. Many of them are able and patriotic Statesmen, who are disposed to do all they can for their Country, at this alarming crisis in her history.

Hon. Thaddeus Stevens of this State delivered one of his Abolition speeches in U. S. house of Representatives recently. He believes that no compromise can now be made which will save the Union. He is an Abolitionist of the Lloyd Garrison School. He loves niggers and hates his country.

The Hollidaysburg Register sustains the course of Senator Cameron in endorsing Governor Bigler's compromise bill. The Whig condemns it. Which is the better Republican Organ.

Hon. Alfred B. Greenwood of Arkansas, has been appointed to the vacant Secretaryship of the Interior, by President Buchanan. He is a Georgian by birth, but has long been a resident of Arkansas. He held the office of Commissioner of Indian Affairs at the time of his appointment.

According to the recent census the population of the United States is, 31,647,490. This includes the District of Columbia, and the organized Territories. The population of the States is 31,241,144. The total number of slaves in the Union is 3,909,353. The ratio of representation is 127,216.

The Weather—Last Thursday was decidedly the roughest and coldest day we have encountered this winter. The piercing north west wind which blew without intermission during the day made it almost impossible to travel even a short distance, and drifted the falling snow in a manner that rendered the country roads nearly impassable. During the night the freezing was intense, and in the morning the thermometer stood at 18 degrees below zero. On Sunday morning the snow commenced thawing, and the air became soft and warm. We noticed a beautiful rainbow during the afternoon of that day. A rather remarkable phenomenon at this season of the year. Our climate is so variable, that it is impossible to conjecture how long this mild spell of weather will continue. It is vain to hope that Winter's reign of blast and storm is over.

We are indebted to Hon. Wm. Bigler, for a copy of his truly eloquent speech on the State of the Union, delivered in the United States Senate on the 21st of January. We think it decidedly the ablest of the many able arguments in defence of the Union, delivered in the Senate during its present session. It is an effort which any American Statesman might well be proud to consider as an enduring monument of his abilities and patriotism.

Tomorrow is St. Valentine's day, the day on which every bird chooses her mate. It is also the day for sending missives of friendship and love. Mordecai informs us that the pretty School Mistress has purchased several very handsome Valentines, and that she intends sending us one, accompanied by a piece of original poetry. Good. When it arrives, we'll drink her health at Wissel's in a glass of small beer. Jonathon Oldbuck Jr. your pipe is out.

The Southern Convention composed of delegates from seceding States now in session at Montgomery Alabama, has appointed Hon. Jefferson Davis President, and Hon. Alexander H. Stephens a devoted friend of Senator Douglas Vice President of what is styled the Southern Confederacy.

Meeting of the Democratic County Committee.

In pursuance of the call of the chairman, the members of the Democratic County Committee met at the Court House in the borough of Ebensburg, on Monday the 11th day of February, A. D., 1861, Augustin Durbin in the chair. On motion, Charles D. Murray was appointed Secretary. On motion the Committee proceeded in accordance with the call of the State Executive Committee to appoint a Senatorial delegate to represent this Senatorial district in the State Convention to be held in Harrisburg on the 21st inst. Whereupon, William Murray, of Croyle Township, was unanimously selected as said delegate. On Motion, M. M. Adams, Jacob Luther, and Richard White were unanimously appointed Representative delegates to represent the Democracy of Cambria in said Convention.

On motion of C. D. Murray it was unanimously Resolved, That the course pursued by the Hon. William Bigler, during the present session of Congress, has elevated him in the admiration, and fixed him in the hearts of the Democracy of Cambria. His compromise plan recently submitted to the consideration of the U. S. Senate meets our unqualified approbation.

Resolved, That we believe that love is the corner-stone of the edifice which upholds the Union, and that it cannot be preserved by coercion. The border Slave States are anxious for its preservation. We are willing and anxious that they shall be met in a conciliatory spirit, and that the olive branch shall be held out to the seceding States.

On motion adjourned. A. DURBIN, President. C. D. MURRAY, Secretary.

The Republicans of our borough on last Thursday evening, placed in nomination the following ticket to be supported by the party at the election on next Friday. Constable. George W. Brown, Burgess, David J. Evans, Town Council, E. J. Mills, E. Roberts, Evan Griffith, Wm. D. Davis, John J. Evans, School Directors, Hugh Jones, David J. Jones, Judge of Election, Mesach Thomas, Inspector, Robert Evans, Assessor, Richard T. Davis, Assistant Assessors, Clinton R. Jones, Edward J. Evans. We see by hand-bills stuck up around town, that the Democracy will place in nomination a ticket, this evening. If a good ticket is nominated it can be elected.

The oil fever is raging in this place. At least two companies will commence boring on the property of T. B. Moore, in Blacklick township in the Spring. It is said the signs of oil are highly favorable, and that all engaged in the enterprise are confident of success.

The Rev. J. C. Flecher gave us last evening, a brilliant lecture on the religion, customs and people of Brazil. Seldom have we witnessed anything more than the picture he laid before his audience of that exuberant garden of the tropics laden with its strange variety of fruits and flowers, teeming with perpetual harvest for the hand of man. Surely that country must be the garden of the world, and if its people had the enterprise which moves this Yankee Nation, imagination could not set a bound to the results they would produce there. As relevant to this comparison the Reverend gentleman stated that the best Remedies employed there for the diseases to which they are subject, are invented and supplied to them by our own well known countryman, Dr. J. C. Ayer of Lowell Mass and that not the people only, but the priesthood and the court of the Emperor down, have constant recourse in sickness to the remedies of this widely celebrated American Chemist—Lodge, Boston.

The "Farmer and Gardener," as also the "American Bee Journal," for February, are received. The former, in addition to its usual embellishments, contains a finely engraved frontispiece of the celebrated Farmer's Market, of Philadelphia, the finest edifice of its kind in the world. In addition to this it is filled to repletion with the most useful and seasonable reading. The American Bee Journal comes to us with all the promises made in the first number fulfilled. As this is the only Journal of its class in the United States, and as it is not only printed in the most unexceptionable manner, but edited with marked ability, it cannot fail to succeed. The publishers, desirous of introducing these two valuable works, offer them both together with a prepaid copy of a handsome Premium Book, for the trifling sum of One Dollar and Fifty Cents; or, either one of them and a Premium Book for One Dollar. This is certainly cheaper than any other publications of the same size and character in the United States.

Specimen numbers are furnished with out charge, by the publishers, A. M. Spangler & Co., No. 25 North Sixth Street, Philadelphia.

THE CLOSING YEARS OF LIFE are often rendered wretched ailments which are trifling in themselves and easily cured if taken in time. Affection of the liver, stomach and other organs concerned digestion, are the most frequent. They naturally make the sufferer nervous, irritable and complaining, and relatives and friends are for to bear the brunt of their ill-humor. The use of Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters will prove an efficient remedy for this evil. It will not only strengthen the physical organization, but entirely cure the complaint. The first physicians in the country are loud in their praise of this preparation. Another recommendation of the Bitters is that it is so palatable to the taste that it may be used even as a beverage.

Sold by all druggists.

The following is the call issued by the Democratic State Executive Committee, for a Democratic State Convention to be held in Harrisburg on the 21st inst. The business which will demand the attention of the Convention, is fully set forth in the call: Democratic State Convention.

The Democratic State Executive Committee of Pennsylvania, at a meeting held in the city of Harrisburg, on the 20th ultimo, unanimously resolved to elicit the views of the "Old Keystone" in reference to the present terrible crisis of our National affairs.

We are in the midst of a revolution brought about by the teachings of an Anti-Constitutional party, a party sectional in its principles. Six of our sister sovereign States have already withdrawn from the Federal Union, and others threaten speedily to follow. The Democratic party, ever faithful to the Constitution and the laws, seriously deprecates this deplorable condition of our common and beloved country. The peril now impending is the natural result of a departure from the true Constitutional doctrines steadfastly maintained by the Democratic organization for the past sixty years, and can only be removed by the re-establishment of those ancient and time honored principles. It is not necessary to recall the glories of the past—it is only necessary to be reminded of the dangers of the present. Whatever the future may have in store for the American people—whether peace shall continue within our borders, or our land be rent with fraternal strife—it now becomes the solemn and imperative duty of the Democratic party, the only true conservator of the Union, the Constitution, and "the equality of the States," to give a full expression of opinion upon the dangers which threaten Constitutional liberty, and menace the rights of all the States of this confederacy. Therefore, in accordance with the unanimous recommendation of the Democratic State Executive Committee, the Democracy of Pennsylvania are earnestly invited to send three delegates for each Senator, and three delegates for each Representative, to be chosen in such manner and at such time as may be deemed proper, to meet in general State Convention at Harrisburg, at three o'clock p. m., on Thursday, the 21st day of February, A. D., 1861, to take into consideration the present distracted and divided state of the country, "to restrain threatened sectional violence, and to aid in re-constructing the federative system on a basis of perpetuity."

By order of the Committee. WILLIAM H. WELSH, Chairman.

Harrisburg, February 1, 1861.

Fever and Ague. A case of Eight Months' Standing cured by BERRHAYES HOLLAND BITTERS. Michael Kelly, No. 117 Seventh, near Grant Street, says: "Last July, while running on the river, on a cotton-boat plying between Natchez and New Orleans, I was taken with Fever and Ague. For eight long months I suffered with this dreadful disease. The greater part of this time I was unable to work, and spent at least fifty dollars for different medicines, but found no relief. Three weeks ago, one of my friends insisted upon my trying Berhaves Holland Bitters, saying that a cure was guaranteed. After taking it for one week, I must state, I was a sound man. I have been at work now for two weeks, and have had no return of the Chills and Fever whatever."

I certify that the above statement is true. THOMAS ADAMS. Diamond House, or at R. Chester's Gothic Hall.

We direct our readers to the new Advertisements.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

POND'S EXTRACT OF HAMAMELIS, OR PAIN DESTROYER. Is one of the few domestic remedies which have come into general use and favor, without puffing. It is the product of a simple shrub, harmless in all cases, and as a domestic remedy unequalled. For Burns, Cuts, Bruises, Scalds, Lameness, Sprains, Rheumatism, Blisters, Ulcers, Old Sores and Wounds, it has not an equal. It is also used, with great success, for Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia, Sore Throat, Colic, Diarrhoea, Hoarseness, and other similar troublesome and painful affections, while it promptly arrests all Hemorrhages. Hundreds of physicians use it daily in their practice, and give it their unqualified recommendation. Sold by our agents and dealers, and by F. HUMPHREYS & CO., 562 Broadway, SOLE PROPRIETORS AND MANUFACTURERS.

FOR SORE, WEAK, INFLAMED EYES AND EYELIDS.—A true specific, an invaluable remedy has been at last discovered. Dr. Humphreys argues that these affections invariably result from a constitutional disease, of which the local affection is only the outward manifestation. Hence, Humphreys' Specific Homoeopathic Ophthalmic Pills are only taken internally, and yet cure the worst forms of obstinate sore eyes and eyelids, which have resisted all other treatment. All cases of sore and inflamed eyes and eyelids, or falling, weak, or defective sight, will be promptly benefited, and the cure of the worst cases is only a question of time.

Price, 50 cents, with directions. N. B.—A full set of HUMPHREYS' HOMOEOPATHIC SPECIFICS, with Book of Directions, and twenty different Remedies, in large vials, morocco case, \$5; ditto, in plain case, \$4; case of fifteen boxes, and Book, \$2. Single boxes, 25 cts and 50 cts. These Remedies, by the single box or case, are sent by mail or express, free of charge, to any address, on receipt of the price. Address Dr. F. HUMPHREYS & CO., No. 462 Broadway, New-York. Sold by E. J. MILLS, Ebensburg.

Worms.—In a quantity of corrupted matter, there is always to be found a nest of worms. They cannot, neither will they stay anywhere else. Weak stomach and bowels are subject to them, as they have not sufficient power to digest their food. Hence a large heap of matter is lodged, and worms must be the result. A few doses of these pills will disturb them in their nest and drive them out of the system. It should be remembered, that an occasional dose when in health, especially after taking cold, will prevent the disease from forming in the body.

See advertisement of Dr. Morse in another column. Sold by Thomas Devine.

LIST OF CAUSES set down for trial at a Court of Common Pleas to be held at Ebensburg, on the first Monday (being the 4th day) of March next.

FIRST WEEK. Wm. Carr & Co. vs Palmer et al. John M'Keage & Co vs Moyer. Wm. Williams Jr vs Ebbens'g & O R H Co. M'Manney guar. &c vs Palmer et al. Lloyd & Hill vs

SECOND WEEK. Peat et al vs John Murray. Moore et al vs Fisher. George vs Moyer. Penn R. R. Co. vs Durban. Paul vs Riddle & Rorebaugh. Rex et al vs Paul. Newkirk et al vs King et al. Cohn & Ramsey vs Roberts. M'Farlan & Co vs Lytle et al. Smith vs Sweeney. Orner vs Thomas. Richardson et al vs Holmann. Peles vs Locoming Insuranc' Co. M'Laughlin et al vs Fremant et al. Moyer for use vs Tiley. Collins vs Glass. Weakland vs Luther. Jones vs Moore. Moyer for use vs Tiley. Roberts vs Fete et al. Rubitz vs Fete et al. Hollowood vs Locoming In. Co. Campbell vs Beasley. Hartzell vs Neff & Weil. Diver vs Scott. Same vs Same. Rainey vs Ivory. Metz for use vs Dimond. Shambaugh & Co vs Edwards Adm'r.

JOS. McDONALD, Proth'y. Proth'y Office, Ebensburg, Feb. 11, 1861.

LICENCE NOTICE.

THE following Petitions for Licence have been filed in this office, and will be presented to the next Court of Quarter Sessions, viz: TAVERN LICENCE.

John Ott, Millville Borough, Michael M'Hugh, Munster township, Thomas J. Davis, Johnstown, George Kurtz, Millville Borough, Henry Fritz, David Metzgar, Peter Ryan, J. M. J. Glass, James J. McElroy, Joseph Shoemaker, Joseph Cole, Anthony Kuntz, Henry Pester.

QUART LICENCE. Richard Jolly, Johnstown, J. L. M'Atier, Dr. J. E. Maugher, Stephen Litzendorf, William Varner, A. Bangraff Henry Litzendorf.

JOS. McDONALD, Clk. Q. S. Clerks Office, Ebensburg, February, 13, 1861-6c

Notice.

NOTICE.—To the Creditors of the Huntingdon, Cambria and Indiana Turnpike Road Company. The Court of Huntingdon county, at January term 1861, directed to be paid to Creditors, one and a half per cent. on their claims, on which former dividends have been declared, which I will pay on the presentation of their certificates of deposit, by themselves or their agents.

JOHN S. ISETT, Sequestrator. Spruce Creek, Jan. 30, 1861-10-31.

Notice.

THAT an application has been made to the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria County for the incorporation of "THE GERMAN WORKMENS SOCIETY," to be located at Johnstown, by petition filed in this office on the 8th day of January instant, and if no sufficient reason is shown to the contrary, the said Court will on the fourth day of March next decree and declare the "German Workmens Society" a corporation or body politic in law.

JOSEPH McDONALD, Proth'y. Prothonotary's office, Ebensburg, January 23, 1861-9-31.

Notice.

THE first and final account of Cyrus L. Perry, acting Assignee of E. A. Vickroy, was filed in this office on the 10th day of January instant, and will be presented for confirmation and allowance to the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria County, on Monday the 4th day of March next.

JOSEPH McDONALD, Proth'y. Prothonotary's Office, Ebensburg, January 23, 1861-9-31.

Notice.

THAT the "EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN Congregation at Johnstown" have filed their petition in the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria County, praying the Court leave to add "certain articles and conditions" to their Charter of Incorporation. The Court having read and examined the "articles and conditions," direct the Prothonotary to make publication pursuant to Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of 13th October 1860. The prayer of the Petitioners will be granted by the Court on the 4th day of March next, if no sufficient reason be shown to the contrary.

JOSEPH McDONALD, Proth'y. Prothonotary's Office, Ebensburg, January 23, 1861-9-31.

W. M. GORMLY & CO., WHOLESALE GROCERS, NO. 271 LIBERTY ST., (DIRECTLY OPPOSITE EAGLE HOTEL.) PITTSBURG, PA.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE and well selected stock of SUGARS, TOBACCOES, TEAS, CIGARS, MOLASSES, SPICES, SYRUPS, BROWN, COFFEE, OLIVE, RICE, SOAP, WAX, TANNERS' BL. CARB. & LARD OIL, SODA, INDIGO, MOULD DIPPED, & STAR CANDLES, FLOUR, SEEDS, BACON, DRY BEEF, IRON, NAILS, BUCKETS, WASH BOARDS, HEMP & MANNELLA ROPE, HEMP & MANNELLA BED CORD, GREASE, CHEESE, MESS PORK, COD FISH, GLASS, BROOMS, TUBS.

Sec. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c. All of which, together with all articles generally found in the

GROCERY TRADE, will be sold at the LOWEST MARKET RATES The attention of Country Merchants is respectfully invited.

Pittsburg, Nov. 7, 1860-2m.

NOTICE.

Whereas my wife BARRARA has left my bed and board without any just cause or provocation I hereby notify all persons not to harbor or trust her on my account as I will pay no debts contracted by her.

JOHN BAKER. February 13, 1861-3t

BLANK SUMMONS AND EXECUTIONS FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE

DR. GEORGE C. K. ZAHM, TREASURER of the Poor House, in account with the Directors of the Poor House, Cambria County.

1860 To orders on hand at last settlement. \$122.00

Feb. 1st To amount of check from James J. Kaylor on the Carlisle Deposit To County orders issued as per Warrants of Directors as follows: \$200.00

July 26 To County orders 200.00

Dec. 3 To " " 200.00

Jan. 19 To " " 100.00

Balance due Treasurer, 100.00

GEORGE C. K. ZAHM, Treasurer 1860 By balance due Treasurer at last settlement, 400.00

By amount paid on outstanding set's prior to Jan. 1st 1860, 240.00

Interest on same, 240.00

Amount paid Groceries, 20.00

" Flour and Meal, 20.00

" Grain, 20.00

" Hay, 20.00

" Stock for Farm, 20.00

" Provisions, 20.00

" Beef and Pork, 20.00

" Merchandise, 20.00

" Labor on Farm, 20.00

" House Servants, 20.00

" Stewart, 20.00

" Physician in part, 20.00

" Outdoor Puppers, 20.00

" Medical Attendance, 20.00

" Constable's fees, 20.00

" Justice's fees, 20.00

" Printing, 20.00

" Coal, 20.00

" Soap, 20.00

" Coffins, 20.00

" Lightning rods, 20.00

" Removing Papers, 20.00

" Incidentals & Repairs, 20.00

Treasury Salary, 20.00

We the undersigned Auditors of Cambria County respectfully report that we have audited, checked and adjusted the accounts of the Poor House of employment of said county with George C. K. Zahm Treasurer of said Poor House agree with the law, and do find a balance in his said Treasury on the 28th day of January of 1861, of \$17.75. Given under our hands this 28th day of January, A. D. 1861.

J. F. STULL, Auditor. T. J. NELSON, Auditor. J. S. RHEY, Auditor.

Outstanding Debts Due By Poor House.

Amount of outstanding debts due prior to Jan. 1st, 1860, \$100.00

Outstanding debts due for 1860, \$100.00

Due Treasurer at settlement 20th day of January, A. D. 1861, \$100.00

Total, \$300.00

Products of Poor House Farm

28 Tons of Hay, 300 bushels small corn, 800 bushels oats, 200 " ears Corn, 550 " Potatoes, 25 " Onions, 58 " Buckwheat, 100 " Carrots, 22 " Tomatoes, 700 lbs of Pork, slaughtered 3252 lbs Pork killed, 370 " Mutton do 2890 pounds of Calves

Articles on Hand

2 Horses, 780 pounds of Beef, 20 Head Horn Cattle, 29 " Pigs, 18 Head of Sheep, 29 " Bucks, 16 " of Hogs, 29 tons of Potatoes, 18 Bbls of Flour, 10 bu. Beans, 2000 lbs Pork, 1 bu. Sugar, 250 " Beef, 350 lbs Potatoes, 40 " Tea, 1200 Head of Cattle, 200 " Lamb, 8 Barrels Soap, 10 bushels Beets, 20 bushels Corn

Articles Made by Inmates in the House

22 Dresses, 56 Pair Pants, 32 Aprons, 23 " Gowns, 32 Chimneys, 15 Bountaballs, 16 Bonnets, 34 Hats, 15 Caps, 14 Shirts, 15 Sacks, 86 Pillows, 11 Skirts, 13 Bolsters, 77 Pair Socks, 12 Pair Petticoats, 29 " Stockings, 6 " Banners, 25 " Drawers, 200 lbs Canvas, 140 Shirts, 670 " Butter, 10 Children's Dresses 900 gals Soap, 16 Boys Shirts,

Number of Inmates Admitted during the Year 1860.

No. Admitted during said year, Remaining in the House January 29, 1860, Bury in the House during 1860, Remaining of last year, Died during 1860, Discharged do, Absconded do, Bonaud out, Remaining Jan. 29, 1861, Of this number there are 47 males, and 2 females. Number of Inmate, 8; blind 2; Numbr of blind, " Out-door Puppers, " Meals given to destitute Travelers, Given under our hands this 28th day of January, A. D. 1861.

M. MAGUIRE, J. F. Stull, J. J. Hornier, Ebensburg, Feb. 13, 1861.

WINTER GOODS. WHOLESALE & RETAIL

JUST RECEIVED AND NOW OFFERING large and complete assortment of GOODS for the season, consisting in part of PRINTS, GINGHAMS, COBURGS, MODINA CLOTHS, DE LANES, CASHMERE, FRENCH MERINOS, MARINO PLAIDS, SATINETS, CASHMERE, JEANS, TWEEDS, FLANNELS, BROWN & BL. LINNS, TICKINGS, SHAWLS, BLANKETS, CARPET OIL CLOTHS, CARPET YARNS, COTTON YARNS, WHOLESALE GLOVES, HOSIERY, NOTIONS, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, READY MADE CLOTHING, 50 CASES BOOTS & SHOES. The above have been bought with cash figures, and will be sold at REDUCED PRICES. E. HUBBARD. November 7, 1860.

WANTED

100,000 feet good Cherry Boards, 100,000 " " " Poplar Plank, 100,000 " " " 1 in Poplar Plank, 100,000 " " " Ash Boards, 100,000 " " " clear Pine Boards, for which part or all