Democrat & Sentinel.

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C. D. MURRAY, Editor. D. C. Zahm, Publisher & Proprietor

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1860.

S. M. Pettengill & Co.,

Advertising Agents, 119 Nassau Street, New York, and 10 State street, Boston, are the authorized Agents for the "DEMOCRAT & SENTItection to them all. Its dissolution must NEL," and the most influential and largest circulating Newspapers in the United States and inevitably follow any attempt of Congress or Canadas. They are empowered to contract for us at our LOWEST TERMS.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET FOR PRESIDENT. JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE. OF KENTUCKY.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

GEN. JOSEPH LANE, OF OREGON.

"I will attach myself to no party that does not carry the flag and keep step to the music of the Union."-Rufus Choate.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

ELECTORS AT LARGE. George M. Keim, of Berks County. Richard Vaux, of Philadelphia. DISTRICT ELECTORS.

1. Frederick A. Server, 13. Joseph Lauback, 2. Wm. C. Patterson, 14. Isaac Reckhow, 3. Joseph Crockett, Jr. 15. Geo. D. Jackson, 4. John G. Brenner, 16. John A. Ahl, 17. Joel B. Danner, 5. G. W. Jacoby, 18. Jesse R. Crawford, 6. Charles Kelly, 19. H. N. Lee, 20. Joshua B. Howell, 7. Oliver P. James, 8. David Schall. 9. Joel L. Lightner. 21. N. P. Fetterman, 22. Samuel Marshall. 10. S. S. Barber, 11. Thos. H. Walker, 23. William Book, 12. S. S. Winchester, 124. Byron D. Hamlin, 25. Gaylord Church.

Democratic County Committee.

Augustin Durbin, Chairman. Alleghany-Michael M'Guire, Blacklick-

the National Executive, to render one section the superior of the other. This is the object which Lincoln and his party have in view, and there therefore can be no impropriety in calling them disuniouists. In order to defeat the disunionists, the National men of this State have only one conrse to pursue, and that is to support the Reading Electoral ticket. That ticket is certainly entitled to the support of every democrat in the State; for it was formed by a Convention clothed with ample power to do

61 charlas

unity of Government which constitutes you

liberty which you so highly prize."

words were never uttered. Without the

nion the United States would be, as

so. Its election on next Tuesday will in all probability prevent the election of Lincolu and the triumph of Sectionalism. We hope our friends will vote the ticket without scratching or erasing a single name on it. It is composed of both Breckinridge and Douglas men. Breckinridge is, it is true, our first choice, but if he cannot be elected, we would muchrather of course, see Douglas elected than the Abolitionist Lincoln. Therefore we will vote for the Douglas as well as the Breckinridge electors, and so, we are certain, will every Breckinridge man in the County. More than one half of the electors are Breckinridge men.

next Tuesday, and do your utmost at the polls that we are in the last stage of the conflict

not merely vote yourself, but see, that every Joseph S. Mardis, Cambria-John M'Bride, Jacob Luther, Carrolltown-James democratic vote in your district is polled .--

Black Republican Doctrines.

Below we publish a few extracts from one people is now dear to you. It is justly speeches delivered by several prominent leadso; for it is the main pillar in the edifice of ers of the Black Republican Party and friends your real independence; the support of your of Lincoln and Hamlin. They all embody tranquility at home; your peace abroad; of the doctrines of genuine Abolitionism, and your safety; of your prosperity; of that very foreshadow the policy Mr. Lincoln would pur-Truer sue in the administration of the Government, in the event of his election ou next Tuesday. the Would not such principles if sanctioned and South American Republics now are, incapable encouraged by the National Government soon of protecting themselves from foreign invaresult in a civil war between the Northern and sion, and almost constantly "rent by internal Southern States, and ultimately in the dissodissensions and drenched in fraternal blood." lution of the Union? Fellow citizens are-you It has under the dispensation of a kind Provprepared for such a calamity? We are ceridence, made them the freest the happiest and tain that you are not, and that therefore that most prosperous nation on the face of God's you will oppose Lincoln, and vote the Reading earth, and it can only be preserved by ex-Electoral ticket. tending equal and exact justice and protec-

It his speech in the Senate, March 11, 1850. Mr. Seward said:

"There are constitutions and statutes, codes mercantile and codes civil; but when we are legislating for States, especially when we are founding States, all these laws must be brougt to the standard of the laws of God, and must be tried by that standard, and must stand 'or 8 14 8 fall by it.

"The constitution regulates our stewardship; the Constitution devotes the domain to union, to justice, to defence, to welfare, and to liberty. But there is a higher law than the Constitution, which regulates our authority over the domain, and devotes it to the same noble purposes."-App. ty Cong. Globe. 1st. Sess. 31st Cong., pages 263, 265.

Again in a speech in the Senate, March, 858, Mr Seward said:

"The interests of the white race demand the ultimate emancipation of all men. Whether that consumation shall be allowed to take effect, with needful and wise precaution against sudden change and disaster, or be hurried on by violence, is all that remains for you to decide.

Still later, only a few days ago, at Boston he boldly proclaimed:

"What a commentary upon the history man is the fact that eighteen years after the but he governs him by a set of rules altogethdeath of John Quincy Adams, the people have for their standard bearer Abraham Lincoln. confessing the obligations of the higher | EQUAL VOICE IN THE GOVERNMENT law which the Sage of Quiney proclaimed, and that, and that only, is self government." and contending for weal or woe, for life or

death, in the irrepressible conflict between Turn out then, freemen of Cambria, on freedom and slavery. I desire only to say to prevent the triumph of sectionalism. Do before the great triumphal inaugration of this States."

Lincoln's Abolitionism.

Many of the friends of Lincoln are anxous to conceal from the public just now, the fact that he is an Abolitionist, and the advocate of the disgusting doctrine of Negro equality. Instead of writing a long article to prove that he is, we lay before our readers a number of extracts from his published speeches, bearing on the subject, which they can read, and then draw their own conclusions. We think they prove conclusively, that he is an Abolitionist and in favor Negro equality. Candid reader, do you believe that a man entertaining and upholding the sentiments contained in the following extracts, could be safely entrusted with the guardianship of the Union and Constitution of our country? You ccrtainly are not willing that the "irrepressible

conflict" between the North and the South shall be inaugurated, and Negroes raised to an equality with white men. If you are not then do your utmost to defeat Lincoln on next Tuesday. But to the extracts:

On the 16th of October, 1854, Abraham Lincoln delivered a speech at Peoria, Illinois, in which he used the following language:

"What I do say is, that no man is good enough to govern another man without the other's consent. I say this is the leading principle, the SHEET ANCHOR, of American Republicanism. Our Declaration of Independence says:

"We hold these traths to be self evidentthat all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. That to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just power from the consent of the governed."

"I have quoted so much at this time merely to show that according to our ancient faith the powers of Government are derived from the consent of the governed. Now, the relation of master and slave is pro tunto a total violation of this principle. The master is not only governs the slave without his consent, for himself. Allow ALL the governed an Howell's Life of Lincoln, Page 279.

Again, in a speech delivered in Chicago, during the last Presidential election, which we find published in the Illinois State Journal, the State organ of the black republican policy into the Government of the United party of Illinois, on the 16th of September, 1856, Mr. Lincoln said:

PENNSYLVANIA STATE ELEC THE GENESEE FARMER - The November number of the Genesee Farmer is received. Counties-Among its contents may be mentioned, ac-Adams counts of the New York, Ohio, Michigan, Allegheny Iowa and New Hampshire State Fairs; a full Armstrong report of the Evening Discussion at the New Beaver Bedford York State Fair, and a report of the discus-Berks sions at the last meeting of the Western New Blair York Fruit-Grower' Society. Its leading ar-Bradford ticle is on "Fattening Sheep in Winter," fol-Bucks lowed by many other seasonable and interest- Butler Cambria ing articles on agricultural and horticultural subjects. We would again recommend the Centre Genessee Farmer to our readers. It is so Chester cheap that all can afford to take it, even if Clarion they already subscribe for several other agri- Clearfield Clinton cultural papers. It costs only fifty cents a Columbia year, and the publisher offers to send the last Crawford three months of this year free to all who sub- Cumberland scribe now for 1861. Send the fifty cents in Dauphin Deleware stamps, or get one of your neighbors to join with you and send addollar bill, to Joseph Erie Harris, Rochester, N. Y , and take the pa- Favette per for fifteen months. We notice in the Forest present number a list of forty-three subjects Franktin Fulton for Prize Essays. Greene Huntingdon 13 It is a common observation that there

Indiana are more sufferers from debility, among Amer-Jefferson icans, than can be found among any other Juniata Lancaster civilized nation. The reason is obvious. -Lawrence We take too little exercise, and forget the Lebanon wants of the body in the absorbing pursuits Lehigh of business. In all such cases, ordinary med- Luzerne Lycouing icines can do little good. What is required McKean is just such a tonic and invigorator as Dr. Mercer Hostetter has given to the world, in his Mifflin CELEBRATED "BITTERS." The weak Monroe and nervous denizen of the counting house, Montgomery the exhausted toiler upon the shop-board, Montour Northampton and the prostrated student of the midnight Northumberland lamp, have found a wonderful regenerator in Perry the "Bitters," and prefer it no more poeten- Philadelphin er different from those which he prescribes tions, but less efficacious medicines. But it Pike should not be forgotten that the agent which | Potter Schuylkill is so magical in its influence upon a frame Snyder which is merely debiliated, is equally power-Somereet ful in assisting nature to expel the most ter-Sullivan rible forms of disease Who would not give Susquehauna Tioga it a trial? Union Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere. Venango See advertisment in another column. Warren

Augustine Byrne, Clearfield-William Rainey, Conemaugh-Richard Sanderson, Croyle -William Murray, Ebensburg-Charles D. Murray, Galitzen-David Mills, Jackson-Henry Rager, Johnstown, 1st Ward-Ephriam Buck, 2d Ward-John Crouse, Lewis Luckhardt, 3d Ward-William Winner, 4th Ward-Hugh Maloy, Loretto-William Ryan, Jr. Millville-A. M. Gregg, Richland-Henry Topper, Summerhill-James Burk, Summitville-John Sharbaugh, Susquehanna -John Bearer, Taylor-Amos Davis, Wash ington-Richard White, White-George Wal ters, Wilmore-M. M. O'Neil, Yoder-Geo. W. Osborn.

To the Polls.

On next Tuesday, the people of the United States will be required to select a Chie Magistrate, to administer the National Government for four years from the 4th day of next March. The duty is a solemn and important one, and one from the discharge of which no patriotic citizen should shrink. On the proper and constitutional Administration of the Government, the prosperity, nay even the existence of our Nation depends. No one we think will contend, that the Union would long hold together under the administration of a President who looked to a sectional party for support, and to its principles for guidance in the discharge of his duties. The Union was formed for the purpose of promoting the general welfare, and not for the purpose of enabling one section of it to trample on and oppress the other; for the purpose of protecting the rights of Southern as well as Northern men, and not for the purpose of enabling Northern men to carry on an "irrepressible conflict' with the institution of Blavery in the South, & to robb southern men of their property. It can only be preserved by securing to the citizens of all the States their Constitutional rights. Reader, you will doubtless agree with us that all we have thus far said is correct. If so, then we ask you, can you consistently with your sense of duty as an American citizen, as a man, and as a patriot, vote for Abraham Lincoln on next Tuesday. You know that in public speeches he has boldly declared himself in favor of even went so far as to falsely charge Mr. raising negroes to an equality with white men, and that he claims to be the real author of Mr. Seward's "irrepressible conflict doctrine." That doctrine amounts to to this, that there is an irrepressible conflict now going on between the free and the slave States, and that it must end in them all becoming either free or slave States. Is not this equivalent to saying to the people of the Northern States -"there is an irrepresible conflict going on between you and the slave States; the sconer you terminate it by abolishing slavery there and making them free States, the better it will be for you. Trinmph over them now while you

Fagan, Chest-Joseph Gill, Chest Springs- The battle is not always to the strong, but to the vigilant brave and active. Remember, that our country is now passing through a trying crisis, and one which may possibly decide its fate for weal or wo We implore you, by your love for your country, by your affection for your children, by everything you hold sacred and dear in this world, to go to the Polls on next Tuesday, and labor zealously for the triumph of Democracy and the defeat of sectionalism. If you fail to do so, you will be recreant to your duty as freemen and patriots.

> AT The distinguished scribbler who does the heavy for the Mountaineer, woke up from

his Rip Van Winkle sleep last week, and favored the world with one of those elaborate and stately essays for which he is so justly celebrated. Of course a considerable portion of it is devoted to our benefit, for which our thanks are due, and are hereby tendered. We are always "grateful for small favors, and larger ones in proportion." - He seems to think we have been rather too severe on the "Little Giant" during the present campaign. We do not think that we have. We are not conscious of having misrepresented his views, or of having published anything concerning him that was untrue. Honestly condemning his squatter soverignty doctrine and his course during the campaign, we think it was our right as a public Journalist to say so, and we admit that we have done so more than once in language easily understood. But we are not surprised that for so doing, we have encountered the censure of the selfish Iscariots in this place, who are impudent and insolent enough to set themselves up as the leaders of the Democracy of this county. According to the logic of the Mountaineer scribbler, it was our duty to remain silent while the Douglas Newspapers were everywhere assailing Breckinridge and his friends, and endeavoring to prove that they were disunionists. The Mountaineer was one of the most malignant though not the most efficient of the pack. It

Breckinridge with being a Know Nothing; a charge which we believe no other Douglas paper in the State was mean enough to endorse. Certainly we possessed the same right to assail Mr. Douglas, that the Mountaineer did to assail Mr Breckinridge. With regard to Mr. Lincoln, we think the Democrat de Sentinel turned its attention to him during the campaign more frequently than the Moun

Gov. Chase, of Ohio. in a speech deli ered in Cincinnati. said.

"For myself, I am ready to renew my ledge, and I will venture to speak in behalf of my co-workers, that we will go straight on, without faltering or wavering, until every vestige of oppression shall be erased from the statute books-until the sun, in all his journey, from the utmost eastern horrizon through the mid heaven, till he sinks behind the western bed, shall not behold the foot print of a single slave in all our broad and glorious land." Senator Wilson, of Massachusetts, in his Boston speech in 1855, said

"Send it abroad on the wings of the wind that I am committed, fully committed, committed to the fullest extent, in favor of immediate and unconditional abolition of slavery. wherever it exists under the authority of the Constitution of the United States.'

For the Democrat & Sentinel.

Mr. Editor .- I see by the election returns of Cambria County, that A. C. Mullin is elected to the Legislature, beating three democrats; and I do believe he could have beaten three more of the same party, if they had been in the field. As it is, the three combined only beat him 1637 votes. But if there had been a union of the democrats on either Potts or Magehan, then Allick would have made a poor show. But I will agree that he would have beaten G. N. Smith single handed. So could Ben Taylor, the Blackest Republican we have in our township. So it is traitors always receive their reward. OLDBUCK.

N. B. You will perceive by my writing, that I am very nervous, I was so scared at the State returns that I have not got over it yet. The above is from one of the oldest democrats and most respectable citizens of our county. It contains infinitely more Truth than Poetry.

Sworn in .- James Cooper, Esq., our newly elected County Commissioner, was sworn into office on last Monday. He is universally spoken of by those who know him, as an upright and intelligent business man, and we therefore entertain no doubt, that he will make an excellent officer. Mr. Bearer whose term of office has just expired, was a model officer, and was justly popular with all who transacted business with him. He has hosts of friends in every section of the county, who will not soon forget him.

Amalgamation .- The Black Republican and Douglas members of the Oregon Legislature, fused and elected a Douglas man and a Black Republicrn U. S. Senators. The Douglas men of Oregon seem to entertain extraordiuary love for Democracy!

The Black Republicans boast that they can carry this county, for Lincoln & Hamlin, by a handsome majority. Democrats, will you allow them to do so? We are certain you will

visitor saw the lady take a live frog from a jar | the time of his arrest. The ab your country, and roll up a majority of at very should be put in course of ultimate extinction. I do say so now, however; so there and swallow him whole, without chewing. be paid for his arrest and con least 600 for the Reading electoral ticket. ism, we do not know what is. It is prepos Her daughter also did the same. Jail in this Commonwealth need be no longer any difficulty about that ## We last week stated that the Store of C. 8N3 terous to suppose that the Union would sur-It may be written down in the great speech.' Literary. Mrs. Fromald in Johnstown, was a short time vive for a single month the open attempt to Another Contested Election .-- Mr. Jewett, "I have always hated slavery, I think, as October 31, 1860.-49-St* The following question has been selected enforce this incendiary doctrine of Lincoln since. burglariously entered, and robbed of a Democrat, who was defeated for Congress in much as any abolitionist-I have been an old MEDICINAL for special debate at the Hall of the Ebensand Seward. As Lincoln is its avowed advo- large amount of valuable goods. We have the sixteenth district of Ohio, by thirty-two line whig;-I have always hated it; but I burg Literary Association, on Friday even-WINE, BRANDY, GIN. WINI votes, intends to contest the election on the cate, it is but reasonable to presume that he since learned that Charles Watson, formerly have always been quiet about it until this new ing, November 2nd, 1860. e., just received and for sale at ground that a number of colored persons vowould endeavor to carry it out in the admin- barkeeper at the Logan House in this place, era of the introduction of the Nebraska bill Resolved, That sound is an entity, and not ted for his competitor, Mr. Cutler, the Rebegan. I always believed that everybody was istration of the Government, if elected Pres- has been arrested on the charge of having a body. Ebensburg, Oct. 17, 1860.-47-3 publican candidate. against it, and that it was in course of ulti-Affirmative. ident. Certainly then neither he nor his par- committed the offence. It seems he had sold Negative. THRESHING MACHINE mate extinction." David H. Roberts, Esqr., Dr. John M. Jones, -The Philadelphia Ledger states that the ty can have any claims to the support of the several of the stolen articles throughout the Dr. Geo. R. Lewis. Rob't A. McCoy, Esqr., Grand Jury has found a true bill against William Birely for the substitution of false #3 The Commissioners on last Monday, THE undersigned offers for sal country, and that others were found in his National and Union loving men. Robert A McCoy has been appointed to appointed R. A. M'Coy, Esq., their Clerk William Birely for the substitution of false Machine, four Horse Power, in Pread a selection on the above mentioned even- for the ensuing year, and H. C. Devine Esq. election returns in the county for member of be sold very low and on easy term Robert A McCoy has been appointed to General Washington in his farewell ad- possession. He will of course undergo a JAMES J. ing. dress to his fellow countryman, said: "The hearing at December Court. Mercantile Appraiser, Both excellent ap- | Congress in the First distirct of Pennsylva-GEO. W. OATMAN, Secretary. pointments, nia

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. .

"That central idea, in our political opinion at the beginning was, and until recently continued to be, the equality of men. And, although it was always submitted patiently to. whatever inequality there seemed to be as a matter of actual necessity, its constant workng has been a steady progress towards the PRACTICAL EQUALITY OF ALL MEN. "Let past differences as nothing be; and, with steady eye on the real issue, let us reinaugurate the good old central ideas of the Republic. We can do it. The human heart

is with us; God is with us. We shall again he able not to declare that all the States, as citizens, are equal, but renew the broader. better declaration, including both these and much more, that all men are created equal.' Yet, again, in his speech at Chicago on the 10th of July, 1858, Mr. Lincoln said:

"I should like to know if, taking the old disastrous results. It is purely vegetable Declaration of Independence, which delares that all men are equal upon principle, and making exceptions to it, where will it stop? If one man says it does not mean a negro, chy not another say it does not mean some other man? If that declaration is not the truth, let us get the statute book in which we find it and tear it out. Who is so bold as to do it? If it is not true, let us tear it out! (Cries of "No, no!") Let us stick to it then, let us stand firmly by it then. * * * Let us discard all this quibbling about this man and the other man-this race and the other race being inferior, and therefore they must be placed in an inferior position-discarding the standard that we have left us. Let us dis card all these things, and unite as one people throughout this land, until we shall once more stand up declaring that all men are created equal. * * * * I leave you, hoping that the lamp of liberty will burn in your posoms until there shall no longer be a doubt that all men are created free and equal."

We believe Mr. Lincoln claims to be the author of the "irrepressible conflict," idea .-At least, we find him giving it utterance in his speech at Springfield, Illinois, on the 17th. June 1858. We quote from the volume of debates between Lincoln and Douglas, page 1. Mr. Lincoln said:

"We are now far in the fifth year since I was initiated with the avowed object and confident promise of putting an end to slavery agitation. Under the operation of that policy, that agitation has not only ceased, but has constantly augmented. In my opinion, it will not cease until a crisis shall have been reached and passed. "A house divided against itself cannot stand." I believe this Government cannot endure permanently half slaves and half free. I do not expect the Union to be dissolved; I do not expect the house to fall; but I do expect it will cease to be devided. It will become all one thing or ail the other. Either the opponents of slavery will arrest the further spread of it, and place it where the public mind shall rest in the belief that it is in the course of altimate

extinction, or its advocates will push it forward till it shall become alike lawful in all the States, old as well as new, North as well as South.

(see Debates, page 15,) Mr. Lincoln, in reply to some strictures on his Springfield speech

over you." If this is not practical abolition- ago, when he was a Know Nothing.

A Great Medicine for Females.

cous system, and false vigor to the muscles;

but this relief has been succeeded by a depres

sion and prostration greater than before; and

the repeated attempts of invalids to build

themselves up by these false remedies, have

finally ended in destroying what little vital

organization was left. But in using "Bor-

haves Holland Bitters," you will find no such

compound, prepared on strictly scientific prin-

fluence, every nerve and muscle receives new

The Hall Franklin Expedition.

A letter has been received at New London

from Captain Allen, of the ship Black Eagle,

dington, of the George Henry, at Cumber-

and Inlet, about the last week in August, at

which time Mr. Hall, the enterprising Cin-

cinnatian, who went out to discover traces of

Sir John Franklin, was quite well. He had

the misfortune, however, to lose his Esqui-

crew on arrival, to stay by the ship all win-

The Indians in the Western Territo-

ries are becoming troublesome. From Ari-

zona we learn that a company of Apacha In-

dians had made an assault upon Fort Breek-

inridge, and carried off a number of horses

and cattle. The attack was sudden and un-

expected, but in the affray, several Indians

were killed. The attack is considered as a

bold one on the part of the Apachas, and

while the military are endeavoring to repress

the disorders, there is a general opinion ex-

pressed that the Indians are driven to their

acts of violence by the unjust policy of the

whites. When the fort was attacked there

A Novel Remedy for Consumption .- A

were but fifteen soldiers in the garrison.

ed crew, to push on his journey.

ciples, after the manner of the celebrated

Westmoreland Hundreds of stimulants have been invent-Wayne ed and sold, purporting to be specific in the York various diseases and derangements to which the delicate form of woman render her subject. The result of all these stimulants has been to impart momentary activity to the ner

5,322 262,396 Total 230.312Curtin's maj. 32,084 SPECIAL NOTICES

Washington

POND'S EXTRACT OF HAMAMO PAIN DESTROYER Is one of the few domestic in

TION-OFFICIAL

Cartin

2.773

15,879

3,474

2,682

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have come into general use and offing. It is the product of a armless in all cases, and as a do unequalled. For Burns, Cuts, Br-Lumeness, Sprainz, Eleumatism, Old Sover and Wounds, it has not is also used, with great success, f-Headache, Neuralgia, Sore Throat, hora, Hourseness, and other similar and painfal affections, while it pr Holland Professor Boerhave. Under its in- all Hemorrhager. Hundreds of in daily in their practice, and give it t ied recommendation. Sold by our strength and vigor, appetite and sleep return, dealers, and by

and finally, perfect health. F. HUMPHREYS & CC., 502 SOLE PROPRIETORS AND MANU See advertisement in another column.

ERUPTIONS, SALT RHEUM, ER

It is now generally admitted that seases depend upon some internal tional cause, and that to use wathes in which he says that he saw Captain Rud- for them is a sure way to injure th only to drive in, not to cure the Humphreys' Specific Homeop Pills are a true specific for all They cure Salt Rheum, Barber as, Pimples on the face. Rings Rash, by curing the cause upon pend, and by restoring the skin maux guide and companion, Cud-la-Jut, who calth and purity. Thus, not only died of gallopping consumption three days enred, but the softness and beaut plexion restored. Price, 25 cents p before making the land. Mr. Hall projects a recilous. Six boxes. \$1.

boat journey towards Bosthea and King Wil-N. B .- A full set of HUMPHREYS' liams Land, and it was his intentention, if he Specifics, with Book of Directions found any difficulty in making up his boats lifferent Remedies, in large vials, \$5; ditto, in plain case, \$4; case of ter, inurring himself to the climate, and learn and Book, \$2. Single bexes, 25 t These Remedies, by the single ing the language and habits of the Esquisent by mail or express, free of maux, then, early in the spring, with a pickaddress, on receipt of the price.

Dr. F. HUMPHREIS No. 462 Broadway.

Sold by E. J. MILLS, Ebensland

WORMS .- In a quantity of com ere is always to be found a no They cannot, neither will they else. Weak stomach and bowels them, as they have not sufficient their food. Hence a large heap lodged, and worms must be the doses of these pills will disturb th and drive them out of the system remembered, that an occasional calth, especially after taking of the disease from forming in the be See advertisement of Dr. Me column. Sold by Thomas Devine

\$10 REWARD

writer in the Norwalk (O.) Reflector, descri-THE above reward will be paid taineer did. Touching our democracy, all we of RICHARD T. SHERER. Attend the Election. bes a visit which he paid last month to a lady at Toledo, Ohio, who takes six live frogs have to say is that we never in any instance. the custody of the undersigned. ing arrested on a warrant iss as a remedy for consumption. She was recvoted for a candidate for any National, State In his tenth-of-July speech at Chicago, monwealth. He is about 5 commended to do it by an Englishman, who or County office, who was not the nomince of high, badly marked in the face said he was cured in that way. In six weeks hair very black and wears a go the Party. Can our neighbor say as much. this singular medicine has restored her from or Shuck maker by trade, form have the power, lest they hereafter triumph It is not likely he done some five or six years not. Attend the election, give one day to a state of great weakness to strength. The "I did not even say that I desired that sladelphia, but was working in In-Constable of Jackson Township, Ca LEMMON'S DECO Machine, four Horse Power, in good Cambria twp., Oct. 31, 1851.-19-1