chance for an election. I am willing to leave the public to decide between me and my assailants on this point.

But the great complaint of all is, that the majority of the delegation did not vote for Mr. Douglas. This complaint is as unreasonable as anything else that has been said, and only goes to prove that in the ardor of their admiration for Mr. D. certain of his friends are utterly incapable of looking at both sides of the question and judging impartially. We certainly never pretended to be for Mr. Douglas, therefore, no one is deceived. It was perfectly well known when we were elected delegates that we preferred other candidates to Mr. Douglas But it is attempted to find in the large vote received by him a reason—to some a conclusive reason—why we should have abandoned our favorites and gone for Mr. D. Under ordinary circumstances there would be great, if not conclusive, force in this view of the case, and I do not hesitate to say to you, that with auspicious surrroundings, and where the alternatives involved only a choice of men, with about equal chances of success at the polls, it would have influenced my actions to no inconsiderable a degree; but to my mind the surroundings utterly forbade that we should go for Mr. Douglas. As the case then stood, his nomination could have resulted only in utter defeat to himself and the party. You must keep in mind the fact that we did not ballot for a candidate at all until the delegations from eight States and the half of the delegation from Deleware had retired from the Convention, on the ground that they could not stand by the platform of principles as then adopted. Had the Pennsylvania and other delegations yielded at this juncture and nominated Mr. Douglas, everybody knows that the seceding States would forthwith have nominated a Southern candidate, and probably called a Convention of all the Southern States to have ratified that nomination, and thus, sir, the democratic party, that glorious old organization which has done so much to advance the prosperity of our great country, and vindicate the principles of our Republican system of government, would have been shattered into fragments and prostrated probably forever. Whatever I might have done under other circumstances, I thought it my duty—an imperative duty—to the democratic party and the country to stand out against the nomination of Mr. Douglas, as things then stood. Surely the friends of Mr. D. do not seek to nominate him for the glory of the nomination alone. I take it they desire to see him made President, and, in my judgment no act could have more completely precloseed all his chances at this time than to have nominated him in a divided Convention. For myself, I preferred to look rather to the harmony and success of the party than to the nomination of any favorite candidate.

Nor, sir, is it more than just to say that the aggregate vote as recorded in the Convention in favor of Mr. Douglas did not truly reflect the individual preferences of its members; nor did it reflect the choice of the States and all the delegations voted as a unit. Under neither rule could Mr. D. have received half the votes of the Convention. His large vote was, therefore, in some measure, factitious. On the rule of voting *per capita* he would have received from 125 to 128 votes, and by delegations from 130 to 140. This is the most liberal count that can be truthfully made for him. In the New York delegation alone there were fifteen or sixteen delegates who preferred other candidates, and so voted in their caucus meetings, and there was a number in Ohio and Indiana whose individual preferences were not for Mr. D. Yet all of these votes were forced to him by the action of the majority. Now, sir, I will be frank enough to confess to you that, had the large vote of Mr. D. resulted to him under the old rule that prevailed at Baltimore and Cincinnati, I should not think it generous to take this point; but I make it because the rule was changed; and it was the *change of the rule* and *not the individual desire* of the majority that defeated the intention. The Cincinnati rule allowed the majority of each delegation to determine how the vote of the State should be cast—either as a unit or as the individual delegates preferred. The Charleston rule so far changed this law as to take the power from the majority of the several delegations, if not instructed, and give the minority equal rights with the majority. Hence where, as in Pa. and New Jersey, there was a large minority for Mr. D. they were permitted to vote for him while in New York, and in other States the delegations being instructed to vote as a unit, he received the entire number by the decision of a mere majority. Everybody who was at Charleston knows that the friends of Mr. D. greatly rejoiced at the adoption of this rule, and regarded it as a strong point in his favor, as I am sure I did. I am not mistaken about the two rules, for I have read them both within an hour, so that I might state the difference correctly.

Nor will it do, in presenting this case fairly and impartially, to overlook the fact that the fifteen Southern States and the two Pacific States—all that are counted certain for the democratic nominees—except a minority of Missouri and Maryland, and two or three voting delegates elsewhere in the South, were against the nomination of Douglas, and agreed with his friends as to the platform of principles; as did a majority of the delegates from Pennsylvania and New Jersey—two of the hopeful Northern States—leaving Mr. D.'s entire vote in States admittedly republican, with the exception of Indiana and Illinois. It is thus seen how necessary it was to keep the States intact that were against Mr. D., for, without them, and all of them the chances of election are almost hopeless in the end

Under all the circumstances, we united with the majority of the Convention in favor of the adjournment to Baltimore, hoping that better counsels might prevail; that a party might become united, and a nominee be selected with whom we could defeat the black-republican party.

I do not care to notice what has been said of misunderstandings in our delegation These things are very common on such occasions. Nor do I think we had more than the usual manifestation of feeling I must say, however, that the allegation, that the attempt of a majority to instruct Mr. Wright as a member of the committee on the platform was a trick," is utterly unwarranted Mr. Wright had very frankly and repeatedly declared that he would obey the will of the majority of the delegation on that subject; and I really no more formal or imposing way of expressing that desire could be devised than that of each delegate, over his proper signature, expressing that desire. That was all that was done. That mode was adopted because of the necessity for prompt action, and the difficulty of getting the entire delegation together. I certainly knew of no other reason for that course or of any intended indignity to Mr. Wright. But this is of small moment

I am not for a slave code, and never have been; and nothing I have recently said or done could warrant any such conclusion. I have no patience with men who will not distinguish between an attempt by Congress to establish and maintain the institution of slavery in a Territory, and the duty of maintaining the constitutional rights of citizens and protecting property. The vote in the Senate on Friday last ought to be conclusive on this point. The fifth resolution in the series proposed by Mr. Davis, in which some affect to find the principles of a slave code, was adopted by a vote of thirty-five yeas to two nays; even the republicans were unwilling to vote against a declaration that it is the duty of the government to maintain the rights of property in the Territories; whilst Mr. Brown's resolution, which avowed the doctrines of a slave code, received but three votes.

As to the tariff, I know the wishes of my constituents on that subject; and I shall labor diligently, in season and out of season, with every proper means in my power, to carry out their will; and, failing to get all they desire, I shall endeavor to secure the best measure possible.

Very truly, your ob't serv't,
WM. BIGLER.

D. W. MOORE; Esq , Phila.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

POND'S EXTRACT OF HAMAMELIS, OR PAIN DESTROYER,

Is one of the few domestic remedies which have come into general use and favor, without puffing. It is the product of a simple shrub, harmless in all cases, and as a domestic remedy unequalled. For *Burns, Cuts, Bruises, Soreness, Lameness, Sprains, Rheumatism, Boils, Ulcers, Old Sores and Wounds*, it has not an equal. It is also used, with great success, for *Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia, Sore Throat, Colic, Diarrhœa, Hoarseness*, and other similar troublesome and painful affections, while it promptly arrests all *Hemorrhages*. Hundreds of physicians use it daily in their practice, and give it their unqualified recommendation. Sold by our agents and dealers, and by

F. HUMPHREYS & CO., 562 Broadway,
SOLE PROPRIETORS AND MANUFACTURERS.

NATURE IS THE GREAT PHYSICIAN.—This is now admitted by the medical profession, as a fundamental principle of healing science. It is wisely provided by the human economy, that whenever anything is wrong in the physical system, the natural forces of the body are brought to bare to expel the disease. The great aim, therefore, is to strengthen the natural powers. This has been kept in view by the skillful compounders of DR. J. HOSTETTER'S BITTERS, which operate to give fresh vitality to all the organs of the body. The effect of this medicine upon the stomach, the liver and the kidneys, are prompt and decisive. The patient who is wise enough to quit drugging, and try the BITTERS, soon feels as if he had taken a new lease of life, and as he continues the use of the article, he is overjoyed to find the streams of health coursing through his frame. Let all from whose cheek the bloom has departed, give Dr. J. Hostetter's Celebrated Bitters a trial.

Sold by druggists and dealers generally everywhere. ☞ See advertisement in another column.

DYSPEPSIA! DYSPEPSIA!! DYSPEPSIA!!!—*What is it? How Cured?*—Dyspepsia is our National Disease—weak stomach, feeble digestion, distress after eating, costive habit, bilious condition. How many suffer with it and its attendant symptoms of low spirits, bad taste, coated tongue, obstupified head, and attacks of headache! Yet how few know how to cure it! Generally, because the bowels are constipated, resort is had to cathartics or laxatives. But such a condition was never cured by cathartics, whose only office is to weaken the digestion, and impair the integrity of the entire assimilative system.

But HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC DYSPEPSIA PILLS—a simple medicated sugar pill—have cured hundreds of the worst and most obstinate cases. This is done simply by improving the tone, and restoring the integrity of the digestive organs, from which result, good appetite, regular habits, a clear head, and buoyant spirits. Such a medicine is a gem, and only requires to be known to be appreciated. Price, 25 cents per box, with directions. Six boxes, $1.

N. B.—A full set of HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS, with Book of Directions, and twenty different Remedies, in large vials, morocco case, $5; ditto, in plain case, $4; case of fifteen boxes, and Book, $2. Single boxes, 25 cts and 50 cts.

These Remedies, by the single box or case, are sent by mail or express, free of charge, to any address, on receipt of the price. Address

Dr. F. HUMPHREYS & CO.,
No. 462 Broadway, New-York.
Sold by E. J. MILLS, Ebensburg.

WHY WILL YOU DELAY?—Why will you neglect that disease which is taking such deep root and which gives you warning by that hacking cough, that you are fast ripening for eternity? Why encourage that pain in the side, the raising of blood, those night sweats, or that difficult breathing, which silently whisper in your ear that something must be done to save you from the grave of the consumptive? Why act so carelessly by permitting that disease to destroy your health, and hasten you to the tomb from whence no traveler yet returned?

☞ See advertisement of Dr. Morse in another column. Sold by Thomas Devine.

NEW ARRIVAL
AT THE
JOHNSTOWN MARBLE WORKS.

The undersigned begs leave to inform the citizens of Cambria and adjoining counties that he has just received a fresh stock of the finest ITALIAN and other Marbles, at his eitablishment on Franklin street, Johnstown. MONUMENTS, TOMBS, MANTELS, GRAVE STONES, TABLE & BUREAU TOPS, manfuactured of the most beautiful and finest quality of Foreign and Domestic Marble, always on hand and made to order as cheap as they can be purchased in the city, without the addition of carriage.

GRINDSTONES of various grits and sizes, suitable for Farmers and Mechanics, sold either by wholesale or retail.

Prompt attention paid to orders from a distance, and work delivered wherever desired. He invites the public to call and examine his stock, as he feels satisfied he can sell cheap.

For the convenience of persons residing in the east and North of the county, specimens may be seen and orders left with George Huntley, at his Tinware Establishment in Ebensburg.

JOHN PARKE.

Johnstown, June 13, 1860.–1y.

GEO M. REED. Ebensburg. — T. L. HEYER Johnstown
REED & HEYER, Attorneys at Law
Counsel given in the English and German languages.
Office on High Street Ebensburg, Penn's.
Feb. 6, 1856. 1y

50,000 COPIES ALREADY SOLD.
EVERY BODY'S LAWYER AND COUNSELLOR IN BUSINESS,
BY FRANK CROSBY,
Of the Philadelphia Bar.

It Tells You How to draw up partnership papers and gives general forms for agreements of all kinds, bills of sale, leases and petitions.
It Tells You How to draw up Bonds and Mortgages, Affidavits, Powers of Attorney, Notes and Bills of Exchange, Receipts and Releases.
It Tells You The laws for the collection of Debts, with the Statutes of Limitation, and amount and kind of property exempt from Execution in every State.
It Tells You How to make an Assignment properly, with forms for Composition with Creditors, and the Insolvent laws of every State.
It Tells You The legal relations existing between Guardian and Ward, Master and Apprentice, and Landlord and Tenant.
It Tells You What constitute Libel and Slander, and the Law as to Marriage Dower, the Wife's right in Property, Divorce and Alimony.
It Tells You The law for Mechanic's Liens in every State, and the Naturalization Laws of this country, and how to comply with the same.
It Tells You The law concerning Pensions and how to obtain one, and the Pre-Emption laws to Public Lands.
It Tells You The law for Patents, with mode of procedure in obtaining one, with inteferences, Assignments and Table of Fees.
It Tells You How to make your Will, and how to Administer on an Estate, with the law and the requirements thereof in every State.
It Tells You The meaning of Law Terms in general use, and explains to you the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Powers of both the General and State Governments.
It Tells You How to keep out of law, by showing how to do your business legally, thus saving a vast amount of property, and vexatious litigation, by its timely consultation.

Single copies will be sent by mail, postage paid, to every Parmer, every Mechanic, every man of Business, and every body in every State, on receipt of $1.00, or in law style of binding at $1,25

$1000 A YEAR can be made by enterprising men everywhere, in selling the above work, as our inducements to all such are very liberal.

For single copies of the Book, or for terms to agents, with other information, apply to or address JOHN E. POTTER, Publisher,
No. 617 Sansom Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
June 13, 1860.–6m.

WHAT EVERYBODY WANTS.
THE FAMILY DOCTOR: CONTAINING
Simple Remedies, Easily Obtained, for the Cure of Disease in all Forms.
By Professor HENRY S. TAYLOR, M. D.

It Tells You How to attend upon the sick, and how to cook for them; how to prepare Drinks, Poultices, &c., and how to guard against infection from Contagious Diseases.
It Tells You Of the various diseases of Children, and gives the best and simplest mode of treatment during Teething, Convulsions, Vacination, Whooping-cough, Measles, &c.,
It Tells You The symptoms of Croup, Cholera Infantum, Colic, Diarrhœa, Worms, Scalled Head, Ringworm, Chicken-pox, &c., and gives you the best remedies for their cure.
It Tells You The symptoms of Fever and Ague, and Bilious, Yellow, Typhus, Scarlet and other Fevers, and gives you the best and simplest remedies for their cure.
It Tells You The symptoms of Influenza, Consumption, Dyspepsia, Asthma, Dropsy, Gout, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Erysipelas, &c., and gives you the best remedies for their cure.
It Tells You The symptoms of Cholera Morbus, Malignant Cholera, Small-pox, Dysentery, Cramp, Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys and Liver, and the best remedies for their cure.
It Tells You The symptoms of Pleurisy, Mumps, Neuralgia, Apoplexy, Paralysis, the various Diseases of the Throat, Teeth, Ear and Eye, and the best remedies for their cure.
It Tells You The symptoms of Epilepsy, Jaundice Piles, Rupture, Diseases of the Heart, Hemorrhage, Venereal Diseases, and Hydrophobia, and gives the best remedies for their cure.
It Tells You The best and simplest treatment for Wounds, Broken Bones and Dislocations, Sprains, Lockjaw, Fever Sores, White Swellings, Ulcers, Whitlows, Boils, Scurvy, Burns and Scrofula.
It Tells You Of the various diseases of Women, of Childbirth, and of Menstruation; Whites, Barrenness, &c., &c., and gives the best and simplest remedies for their cure.

The work is written in plain language, free from medical terms, so as to be easily understood, while its simple recipes may soon save you many times the cost of the book. It is printed in a clear and open type; is illustrated with appropriate engravings, and will be forwarded to your address, neatly bound and postage paid, on receipt of $1,00.

$1000 A YEAR can be made by enterprising men everywhere, in selling the above work, as our inducements to all such are very liberal.

For single copies of the Book, or for terms to agents, with other information, apply to or address, JOHN E. POTTER, Publisher,
No. 617 Sansom Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
June 13, 1860.–6m.

THE CAMPAIGN OF 1860.
GOODS AT CITY PRICES.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity, that he has just returned from the Eastern Cities with a large and well assorted stock of the latest styles of

SPRING and SUMMER
READY MADE CLOTHING

for MEN and BOYS. Also, a large assortment of HATS and CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES and Gentlemens' FURNISHING GOODS, to which he invites all visiting Johnstown to call and see him at the CLOTHING DEPOT, No. 2, Corner of Clinton and Main Streets. He feels confident that persons wishing to purchase any articles in his line will save the expenses of the journey by calling to see him.

A. JELENKO.

Johnstown, April 25, 1860.–tf.

NOTICE.

THE subscribers wish to inform their customers and the public generally, being that erroneous reports has been circulated that we should not do any work this summer, we expect to commence CARDING about the first of July next, we shall then cheerfully and to the utmost of our ability accommodate all who may favor us with their custom.

JONES & YENNER.

Ebensburg, June 6, 1860.–28–3t°

D. FOSTER. Greensburg. — P. S. NOON, Ebensburg.
FOSTER & NOON,
HAVING associated themselves for the practice of the Law in Cambria county, will attend to all business intrusted to them. Office on Cololonade Row;" Ebensburg
Oct. 7, 1857.

M. D. MAGEHAN·
Attorney at Law, Ebensburg, Pa.
OFFICE No. 2, "Colonnade Row," near the Court House.
December 7, '54 —1y

J. C. NOON,
Attorney at Law, Ebensburg, Pa,
OFFICE IN COLONADE ROW.
Nov. 11, 1857:1.t

Iron City College

Cheapest! Best!! Largest!!!
$35.00

Pays for Tuition in Single and Double Entry Book-Keeping, Writing, Commercial Arithmetic and Lectures.
Board 8 weeks $29, Stationary $7, Tuition $35, entire expenses $62.

Usual time to complete a full course, from 6 to 10 weeks. Every Student, upon graduating, is guaranteed to be competent to manage the Books of any Business, and qualified to earn a salary from.

$500 to $1000

Students enter at any time—No Vacation—Review at pleasure.

First Premiums for best Business Writing for 1859. received at Pittsburg, Philadelphia and Ohio State Fairs. Also, at the principal Fairs of the Union for the past four years.

☞ Ministers' Sons received at half price.
For Circulars, Specimens and Embellished View of the College, inclose five letter stamps to
F. W. JENKINS, Pittsburg, Pa.
Jan. 4, 1860. Aug. 11, 1858,–2y.

MAGNIFCIENT ENGRAVING OF CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS AND HIS CREW.

This Beautiful Engraving was designed by RUBENS, one of the most celebrated artists that ever lived; the cost of the original design and plate being over $800, size 22 by 29 inches.

The Philadelphia *Daily News*, says, "the mere nominial sum asked for the engraving, is a sufficient inducement for persons to purchase, without the additional Gift."

SCHEDULE OF GIFTS

To be given to the purchasers. For full particulars, send for a Bill.

1 cash	$5,000	5 cash	$309
1 cash	3,000	10 cash	300
1 cash	2,000	10 cash	250
1 cash	1,500	10 cash	200
1 cash	1,000	10 cash	100
1 cash	500	10 cash	50
1 cash	500	1000 cash	5000
4 cash	300	2000 cash	5000

Together with a great variety of other valuable Gifts, varying in value from 50 cts to $25.

Any person enclosing in a letter $1 and five 3 cent Postage Stamps (to pay for postage and Roller) shall receive, by return of mail, the magnificient Engraving of Christopher Columbus, (and one of these valuable Gifts as per Bill.)

Address all orders for Bills or Engravings to
P. S. HERLINE & CO.,
Box 1812, Philadelphia, Pa.
Philadelphia, May 23, 1860.–3m.

NEW GOODS FOR SPRING & SUMMER.

Just received, and for sale at reduced prices, a full supply of Staple and Fancy Goods, consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres, Sattinetts, Jeans, Tweeds, and a large variety of other summer wear for men and boys.

200 pieces of Prints, Ginghams, Lawns and other Fancy Dress Goods.

Brown and Bleached Muslins, Checks and Fancy Shirtings, Flannels, Stella, Cashmere, and Merino Shawls, Hoisery, Gloves, Notions,
MADE UP CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES, All Wool Carpetings, Hemp and Cotton do. at from 15 to 28 cents per yard, Floor Oil Cloths,
QUEENSWARE—STONE AND EARTHEN WARE,
GROCERIES—DRUGS & MEDICINES,
HARDWARE AND CUTLETY,
Linseed and Whale Oils, Window Glass, Paints, Varnish and Turpentine.

Fish, Salt, Flour, Iron, Nails and Steel, Manilla and Hemp Ropes, of different sizes, Cotton Yarns, Carpet Chains, &c., &c., all of which will be sold at the *very lowest* prices.

E. HUGHES.

Ebensburg, May 9, 1860.–tf.

MANSION HOUSE,
JOHNSTOWN, Pa.

THE undersigned respectfully announce to the old patrons of the above Hotel, that, having refitted and refurnished it throughout, they are prepared to entertain guests comfortably and in good style.

☞ A good Hack will be at the Railroad Station on the arrival of every train, for the purpose of carrying passengers, *free of charge*, to the Hotel.

BOARD PER DAY, $1.00.

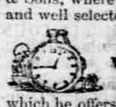
The Stage for Somerset, and other points in that direction, departs from the Mansion House every morning (Sunday excepted.)

METZGAR & CO.

Johnstown, May 2, 1860.–tf.

HARD TO BEAT.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity that he is still engaged in the WATCH and JEWELRY business, at the old stand of Stahl & Roberts, immediately opposite the Store of E. Shoemaker & Sons, where he always keeps on hand a large and well selected stock of



CLOCKS,
WATCHES, JEWELRY,
FANCY NOTIONS, &c.,

which he offers to the public a shade lower than they can be purchased elsewhere. He invites the citizens to call in and examine his stock.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, JEWELRY and MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, repaired in the best manner and warranted.

J. STAHL.

Ebensburg, April 18, 1860.–tf.

IN TOWN.

THE undersigned begs leave to announce to the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity, that he has opened a Saddlery and Harness Manufactory, and that he will Manufacture and keep constantly on hand every article in his line of business, such as *SADDLES, BRIDLES, WHIPS, &c.* Articles manufactured cheap to order. He invites the public to call and examine articles of his manufacture, confident they will command the approbation of Competent Judges. By manufacturing none but the best of articles, and selling cheap, he hopes to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage.

Terms Cash or approved country produce.

N. B. All kinds of HIDES taken in exchange for work.

JOHN E. CONNELL.

Ebensburg, April 25, 1860.–tf.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned, by the Register of Cambria County on the Estate of Conrad Rager, late of Jackson township, Cambria County, dec'd All persons knowing themselves indebted to said Estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said Estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HARRISON KINKEAD, Adm'r.

May 30, 1860.–27–6.

ABRAHAM KOPELIN,
Attorney at Law—Johnstown
OFFICE on Clinton Street, a few doors north of the corner of Main and Clinton.
April 28, 1858.

D. MOTT'S CHALYBEATE RESTORATIVE PILLS OF IRON.

An aperient and stomachic preparation of IRON purified of Oxygen and Carbon by combustion in Hydrogen. Sanctified by the highest Medical Authorities, both in Europe and the United States, and prescribed in their practice

The experience of thousands daily proves that no preparation of Iron can be compared with it. Impurities of the blood, depression of vital energy, pale and otherwise sickly complexions indicate its necessity in almost every conceivable case.

Innoxious in all malladies in which it has been tried, it has proved absolutely curative in each of the following complaints, viz:

In Debility, Nervous Affections, Emaciation, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Incipient Consumption, Scrofulous Tuberculosis, Salt Rheum, Mismenstruation, Whites, Chlorosis, Liver Complaints, Chronic Headaches, Rheumatism, Intermittent Fevers, Pimples on the Face, &c.

In cases of General Debility, whether the result of acute disease, or of the continued diminution of nervous and muscular energy from Chronic complaints one trial of this restorative has proved successful to an extent which no description nor written attestation would render credible. Invalids so long bed-ridden as to have become forgotton in their own neighborhoods, have suddenly re-appeared in the busy world as if just returned from a protracted travel in a distant land. Some very signal instances of this kind are attested of female Sufferers, emaciated victims of apparent marasmus, sanguineous exhaustion, critical changes, and that complication of nervous and dyspeptic aversion to air and exercise for which the physician has no name.

In Nervous Affections of all kinds, and for reasons familiar to Medical men, the operation of this preparation of Iron must necessarily be salutary, for, unlike the old oxides, it is vigorously tonic, without being exciting and overheating, and gently, regularly aperient, even in the most obstinate cases of costiveness without ever being a gastric purgative or inflicting a disagreeable sensation.

It is this latter property, among others which makes it so remarkably effectual and permanent a remedy for *Piles*, upon which it also appears to exert a distinct and specific action, by dispersing the local tendency which forms them.

In Dyspepsia innumerable as are its causes, a single box of these Chalybeate Pills has often sufficed for the most habitual cases, including the attendant *costiveness*.

In unchecked Diarrhœa, even when advanced to Dysentary, confirmed emaciating and apparently malignent, the effects have been equally decisive and astonishing.

In the local pains, loss of flesh and strength, debilitating cough, and remittent hectic, which generally indicates Incipient Consumption, this remedy has allayed the alarm of friends and physicians, in several very gratifying and interesting instances.

In Scrofulous Tuberculsis, this medicated iron has had far more than the good effect of the most cautiously balanced preparations of idione, without any of their well known liabillities.

The attention of females cannot be too confidently invited to this *remedy* and *restorative*, in the caces peculiarly affecting them.

In Rheumatism, both Chronic and inflamatory—in the latter, however, more decidedly—it has been invariably well reported, both as alleviating pain and reducing the swellings and stifness of the joints and muscles.

In Intermittent fevers it must necessarily be a great remedy and energetic restorative, and its progress in the new settlements of the West will probably be one of high renown and usefulness.

No remedy has ever been discovered in the whole his tory of medicine, which exerts such prompt, happy and fully restorative effects. Good appetitee, complete digestion, rapid acquisition of strength, with an unusual disposition for active and cheerful exercise, immediately follow its use.

Put up in neat flat mettal boxes containing 50 pills, price 50 cents per box; for sale by druggists and dealers. Will be sent free to any address on receipt of the price. All letters, orders, ect., should be addressed to

R. B. LOCKE, & Co., General Agents.
20 Cedar St., N. Y. May, 30,1860:1y.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION. PHILADELPHIA.

A Benevolent Institution established by special Endowment, for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic Diseases, and especially for the Cure of Diseases of the Sexual Organs.

MEDICAL ADVICE given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon, to all who apply by letter with a description of their condition, (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.,) and in case of extreme poverty, Medecines furnished free of charge.

VALUABLE REPORTS on Spermatorrhœa, and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the NEW REMEDIES employed in the Dispensary, sent to the afflicted in sealed letters envelopes, free of charge. Two or three Stamps for Postage will be acceptable.

Address, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. By order of the Directors

EZRA D. HEARTWELL, *President.*
GEO. FAIRCHILD, *Secretary.*
Feb. 8, 1860.—1y.

WAR IN MEXICO.
D. J. EVANS & SON,

HAVE this day received from the East, and are now offering to the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity a well selected assortment of

MENS' and BOYS' CLOTHING,

Also, a large lot of DRY GOODS, consisting in part of the following articles, viz:
SATINS, VELVETS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, DOE SKINS, SATINETTS, TWEEDS, JEANS, FLANNELS, MUSLINS, DRESS GOODS of every style,
NOTIONS.
a large lot of BOOTS & SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, BONNETS, TRUNKS, CARPET SACKS, STATIONARY, HARDWARE, GROCERIES, FISH, SALT, &c., &c.,
together with such other articles as are usually kept in a country store, which they will dispose of very low for cash or country produce.

☞ The Tailoring business will be carried on in all its branches, all work will be done in short notice and on the most reasonable terms.

Ebensburg, Feb. 1, 1860.–10–tf.

THIS WAY.

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE A large and slpendid Assortment of American Pocket Knives. (Every knife warranted,) by

GEORGE HUNTLEY.

August, 10. 1859. 3t.

☞ JOB WORK OF ALL KINDS DONE AT THIS OFFICE ON SHORT NOTICE AND AT REASONABLE PRICES.

Humphreys' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC REMEDIES for the People.

HEAR WHAT THE PEOPLE SAY.

The undersigned having used Professor HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC HOMOEOPATHIC REMEDIES in our families with the most satisfactory results, and having full confidence in their genuineness, purity, and efficacy, cheerfully recommend them to all persons who wish to have safe, reliable, and efficacious remedies at hand for private or domestic use.

The Rev. Wm. Hosmer, editor of "The Northern Independent," Auburn, N. Y.; the Rev. E. H. Cressey, D.D., Rector of St. Peter's Church, Auburn, N. Y.; the Rev. B. I. Ives, Chaplain of the Auburn State Prison; the Rev. Spencer M. Rice, Rector, New-Bedford, Mass.; the Rev. Allen Steele, New-York Conference; the Rev. Samuel Nichols, East-Genesee Conference, N. Y.; the Rev. P. S. Pratt, Dorset, Vt.; the Rev. John E. Robie, Buffalo; A. C. Hart, Esq., Utica, N. Y.; the Hon. Neal Dow, Portland, Me.; the Hon. Schuyler Colfax, South-Bend, Ind.; the Hon. George Humphreys, N. Y.; Henry D. Cook, Esq., Editor of The Ohio State Journal, Columbus, Ohio; the Hon. R. H. Graham, Moline, Ill.; the Hon. Thomas J. Chase, Monticello, Fla.; the Hon. Joseph Benedict, Utica, N. Y.; Wm. Bristol, Esq., Utica, N. Y.; A. S. Pond, Esq., Utica, N. Y.; James Plunkett, Esq., Nashville, Tenn.

LIST OF SPECIFIC REMEDIES.

No. 1.—For Fever, Congestion, and Inflammation.
No. 2.—For Worm Fever, Worm Colic, Wetting the Bed.
No. 3.—For Colic, Crying, Teething, and Wakefulness of Infants.
No. 4.—For Diarrhea, Cholera Infantum, and Summer Complaints.
No. 5.—For Colic, Griping, Dysentery, or Bloody Flux.
No. 6.—For Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Vomiting.
No. 7.—For Coughs, Colds, Influenza, and Sore Throat.
No. 8.—For Tooth-ache, Face-ache, and Neuralgia.
No. 9.—For Headache, Vertigo, Heat and Fulness of the Head.
No. 10.—DYSPEPSIA PILLS—For Weak and Deranged Stomach, Constipation, and Liver Complaint.
No. 11.—FOR FEMALE INFIRMITIES, Scanty, Painful, or Suppressed Periods.
No. 12.—For Leucorrhea, Profuse Menses, and Bearing Down of Females.
No. 13.—For Croup, Hoarse Cough, Bad Breathing.
No. 14.—SALT RHEUM PILLS—For Erysipelas, Eruptions, Pimples on the Face.
No. 15.—RHEUMATIC PILLS.—For Pain, Lameness, or Soreness in the Chest, Back, Loins, or Limbs.
A.—For Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, Old Mismanaged Agues.
P.—For Piles, Blind or Bleeding, Internal or External.
O.—For Sore, Weak, or Inflamed Eyes and Eyelids; Falling, Weak, or Blurred Sight.
C.—For Catarrh, of long standing or recent, silent with obstruction or profuse discharge.
W. C.—For Whooping Cough, abating its violence and shortening its course.

In all acute diseases, such as Fevers, Inflammations, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Croup, Rheumatism, and such eruptive diseases as Scarlet Fever, Measles, and Erysipelas, the advantage of giving the proper remedies promptly is obvious, and in all such cases the specifics act like a charm. The entire disease is often arrested at once, and in all cases the violence of the attack is moderated, the disease shortened, and rendered less dangerous.

Coughs and Colds, which are of such frequent occurrence, and which so often lay the foundation of diseased lungs, bronchitis and consumption, may all be at once cured by the Fever and Cough Pills.

In all chronic diseases, such as Dyspepsia, Weak Stomach, Constipation, Liver Complaints, Piles, Female Debility, and Irregularities, old Headaches, Sore or Weak Eyes, Catarrh, Salt Rheum, and other old eruptions, the case has specifics whose proper application will afford a cure in almost every instance. Often the cure of a single chronic difficulty, such as Dyspepsia, Piles or Catarrh, Headache or Female Weakness, has more than paid for the case ten times over.

PRICE.

Case of 30 vials complete, in morocco, and Book.....$5
Case of 20 vials, and Book, plain.....4
Case of 15 numbered boxes, and Book.....3
Case of 6 boxes, numbered, and Book.....1
Single numbered boxes, with directions.....25 cents.
Single lettered boxes, with directions.....50 cents.
Large case of 2 oz. vials, for planters and physicians...$15

ALSO SPECIFICS.

FOR ASTHMA OR PHYSICK.—Oppressed, Difficult, Labored Breathing, attended with Cough and Expectoration. Price, 50 cents per box.

FOR EAR DISCHARGES AND DEAFNESS.—Discharges from the Ear, the result of Scarlet Fever, Measles, or Mercurials. For Noises in the Head, Hardness of Hearing, and Ringing in the Ears, and Earache. Price, 50 cents per box.

FOR SCROFULA.—Enlarged Glands, Enlarged and Inflamed Tonsils, Swellings and Old Ulcers, Scrofulous Cachexy of Children. Price, 50 cents per box.

FOR GENERAL DEBILITY.—Physical or Nervous Weakness. Either the result of Sickness, Excessive Medication, or Exhausting Discharges. Price, 50 cents per box.

FOR DROPSY.—Fluid Accumulations, Venous Swellings, with Scanty Secretions. Price, 50 cents per box.

FOR SEA-SICKNESS.—Deathly Sickness, Vertigo, Nausea, Vomiting. Sickness from riding or motion. Price, 50 cents per box.

FOR URINARY DISEASES.—For Gravel, Renal Calculi, Difficult, Painful Urination, Diseases of the Kidneys. Price, 50 cents per box.

FOR SEXUAL DEBILITY.—Involuntary Discharges and Consequent Prostration and Debility, Bad Results of Evil Habits. The most successful and efficient remedy known, and may be relied upon as a cure. Price, with full directions, $1 per box.

Persons who wish to place themselves under the professional care, or to seek advice of Prof. HUMPHREYS, can do so, at his office 562 Broadway, daily from 8 A.M. to 8 P.M. or by letter.

OUR REMEDIES BY MAIL.

Look over the list; make up a case of what kind you choose, and inclose the amount in a current note or stamps by mail to our address, at No. 562 Broadway, New-York, and the medicine will be duly returned by mail or express, free of charge.

AGENTS WANTED.—We desire an active, efficient Agent for the sale of our Remedies in every town or community in the United States. Address Dr. F. HUMPHREYS & Co.
No. 562 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

For sale in Ebensburg, by E. J. MILLS.
May 2, 1860.–1y.

NEW JEWELRY STORE.

THE undersigned has just returned from the East with a large and splendid stock of

CLOCKS, WATCHES, Jewelry, Musical Instruments, NOTIONS, &c., &c.

which he offers to the people of this vicinity at very low figures. Call and see for yourselves, no charge for exhibiting goods. Trusting to receive a fair portion of patronage, he will endeavor to merit the same. Room opposite Thompsons Hotel.

N. B.—CLOCKS, WATCHES, JEWELRY ACCORDEONS, &c., repaired in the best manner and warranted.

C. T. ROBERTS.

April 11, 1860.–3m.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!
NEW GROCERY STORE.

THE undersigned would respectfully beg leave to inform the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity, that he has just received, at his store room, one door West of Davis & Lloyd's Store, a large and fresh lot of Groceries, which he offers for sale cheap for Cash or country Produce, his stock consists in part of the following articles, viz: –

SUGAR. COFFEE. TEA. MOLASSES, TOBACCO. SEGARS. CHEESE, FISH. BACON. AND THE BEST OF FLOUR AND CORN MEAL.

He also keeps on hand a large and well selected Stock of School Books and Stationary, Notions &c, all very cheap.

He hopes by strict attention to business to merit and receive a full share of public patronage, as he feels satisfied his stock is good and he will sell as cheap as any other house in town Call and see.

EVAN E. EVANS.

Ebensburg, Aug. 17, 1859. tf.

JOHN SBARBAUGH,
Justice of the Peace, Summittville, Pa.
ALL BUSINESS INTRUSTED TO HIS care will be promptly attended to. He will also act as Auctioneer at Public Sales whenever his services in that capacity are required.
April 28, 1858:24

C. D. MURRAY,
Attorney at Law, Ebensburg, Pa.
OFFICE OPPOSITE CRAWFORD'S HOTEL.
[mar17,1858

JACKSON & CLARK,
SURGEON DENTISTS, JOHNSTOWN, PA.